

Supplementary Information Materials and Methods

Bacterial strains and growth conditions

Bacterial strains and plasmids used in this study are listed in [SI Appendix, Table S3](#). *P. aeruginosa* strains were grown in or on tryptone soy broth (TSB), lysogeny broth (LB) or Vogel-Bonner medium (VBM) at either 25°C or 37°C with the addition of agar as required. *E. coli* strains were grown in or on LB, TSB, nutrient yeast broth NYB or terrific broth (TB) at 37°C with the addition of agar as required. Media was supplemented with antibiotics where appropriate, *P. aeruginosa*: streptomycin 2000 µg/ml, carbenicillin 50-300 µg/ml, irgasan 25 µg/ml, tetracycline 50-150 µg/ml and gentamycin 40-100 µg/ml or *E. coli*: streptomycin 50 µg/ml, ampicillin 50-100 µg/ml, tetracycline 15 µg/ml and kanamycin 50 µg/ml).

DNA manipulation

DNA isolation was performed using the PureLink Genomic DNA mini kit (Life Technologies). Isolation of plasmid DNA was carried out using the QIAprep spin miniprep kit (Qiagen). Primers used are shown in [SI Appendix, Table S4](#) (Sigma). DNA fragments were amplified with either KOD Hot Start DNA Polymerase (Novagen) or standard Taq polymerase (NEB) as described by the manufacturer with the inclusion of Betaine (Sigma) or DMSO (Sigma). Restriction endonucleases were used according to the manufacturer's specifications (Roche). DNA sequencing was performed by GATC Biotech. *P. aeruginosa* deletion mutants were constructed as described previously using 500 bp homologous regions and confirmed with external primers ([SI Appendix, Table S4](#)) (1). *amrZ* (PA14_20290) was amplified to construct a C-terminal V5 tag version (from pETDEST42 (Life Technologies)) and ligated into pMMB67HE. For protein purification *amrZ* was amplified and ligated into pET29a in frame with the sequence encoding a C-terminal His₆ tag. The DNA encoding the

C-terminus of VgrG4b (612-808 aa) was synthesised by Invitrogen GeneArt and subcloned into pET28a to construct pET28a-*vgrG4b*. For protein purification *hcp3* was amplified, digested and ligated into pET28a in frame with a His₆ tag. The coding regions of *tssB1*, *tssB2* and *tssB3* were amplified from *Pseudomonas* genomic DNA, *cfp* was amplified from pSEVA237C (de Lorenzo lab collection), 'superfolder' GFP (*sfgfp*) was amplified from mini-CTX-*gfp* (2) using KOD Hot Start DNA polymerase (Novagen). C-terminal fusions of each *tssB* gene with the respective fluorophore were generated by overlapping PCR (*cfp* and *sfgfp*) or by direct in-frame cloning (*venus*) in pME6032 (3).

Transposon mutagenesis and screening

Transposon mutagenesis was performed using pBT20 as outlined in (4). Briefly PA14*tssB2tc::lacZ* and SM10 λ *pir* pBT20 were grown overnight on LB plates, PA14 was then incubated at 43°C for 2 hr to inactivate the restriction system. Bacteria were collected, suspended, OD₆₀₀ measured and cells were mixed 1:2, spot plated on LB plates to enable conjugation and incubated. Cells were collected, re-suspended and diluted before being spread plated onto LB agar containing 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl β -D-galactopyranoside (X-Gal) (Invitrogen), irgasan and gentamycin plates and incubated up to 4 days. Individual colonies were monitored for increased or decreased X-gal colour development twice daily. Transposon mutants of interest were isolated, grown, spot plated and confirmed via galactosidase assay essentially as previously described (5). Transposon insertion sites were mapped via arbitrary PCR (4).

T6SS competition assays

Competition assays were performed as per (6, 7) except that Top10 pRL662-*gfp* or DH5 α pCR2.1 were used as the prey strains. Briefly overnight cultures were mixed 1:1 and spotted

on LB agar plates for 5 hr. LB agar contained 1 mM IPTG or 1% Arabinose if induction of pAmrZ or pJN105*tssB2-cfp* was required. Spots were recovered, suspended, serially diluted and spotted on to LB, LB X-gal, LB gentamycin and/or PIA plates respectively to enable colony counts as required.

Secretion assays

For secretion assays *P. aeruginosa* strains were grown overnight in TSB and subcultured to OD₆₀₀ 0.1 and grown at 37°C or 25°C for 6 or 24 hr, respectively (or as otherwise indicated) with agitation. Culture supernatants were prepared as previously described using trichloroacetic acid precipitation (8). An OD₆₀₀ equivalent of 0.1 or 1 of cell lysate and supernatant protein samples, respectively were loaded on to SDS-PAGE gels for analysis by western blotting.

Protein Purification

BL21 Star (λ DE3) pAmrZ-His₆ cells were sub-cultured to an OD₆₀₀ 0.1 in one litre of NYB and grown at 37°C to an OD₆₀₀ 0.7 prior to induction with 1 mM IPTG for 5 hours. Cells were then harvested and frozen at -80°C. The frozen pellet was thawed on ice, suspended in 30 ml of buffer (20 mM Imidazole, 50 mM Tris, 500 mM NaCl) supplemented with cOmplete, EDTA-free protease inhibitor cocktail (Roche) and egg white lysozyme (Sigma) was added to 1 mg/ml and incubated for 45 min prior to probe sonication. The soluble fraction was separated by centrifugation at 18000g for 45 minutes at 4°C and then passed through a syringe driven 0.45 μ m filter. Clarified extract was applied to Ni²⁺-NTA columns (Hi-Trap, GE Healthcare) using an ÄKTA Prime. The column was washed with 10-15 column volumes of buffer before switching over to the elution buffer (500 mM Imidazole, 50 mM Tris, 500 mM NaCl). The sample was assessed for purity using SDS-PAGE gels and coomassie

staining and the band corresponding to AmrZ-His₆ confirmed with western blot analysis (See Fig. S10). The sample was then diluted into buffer (50 mM Tris, 500 mM NaCl) and quantification was performed using a Pierce BCA protein assay kit following the manufacturer's instructions and using BSA as standards. *E. coli* B834 (DE3) carrying pET28a-*vgrG4b*, along with *E. coli* BL21 (λDE3) harbouring pET28a-*hcp3* were grown in terrific broth, induced and harvested. The frozen pellet was suspended in buffer supplemented with cOmplete, EDTA-free protease inhibitor cocktail (Roche) prior to disruption by French press. Clarified extract was applied to Ni²⁺-NTA columns (Hi-Trap, GE Healthcare) using an ÄKTA Prime for purification.

Western blot analysis

SDS-PAGE and western blotting were performed as described in (6). Briefly, proteins were resolved in 8% (VgrGs, RpoB), 12% (PldA, PldB, RpoB) or 15% (Hcps, TssBs and AmrZ) gels using the Mini-PROTEAN system (Bio-Rad) by electrophoresis and transferred to nitrocellulose membrane (GE Healthcare). Membranes were blocked in 5% milk (Sigma) in Tris-buffered saline pH 8 with 0.1% Tween-20 (TBST) prior to incubation with primary antibodies. Monoclonal antibodies were used at the following dilutions: anti-RNA polymerase (Biolegend) at 1:5000, anti-beta lactamase (Bla) (GeneTex International Corporation) at 1:1000 and anti-V5 (ThermoFisher) at 1:5000. Polyclonal primary antibodies described previously were used at a dilution of 1:1000. These include anti-Hcp1 (8), anti-Hcp2 (9), anti-TssB1 (10), anti-TssB2 (9), anti-VgrG2a and anti-VgrG2b (11). The polyclonal anti-VgrG4b and anti-Hcp3 antibodies were also used at 1:1000. Membranes were washed with TBST before incubation with HRP-conjugated secondary antibodies (Sigma) at a dilution of 1:5000. All monoclonal primary antibodies required anti-mouse secondary antibodies, whereas the polyclonal antibodies all required anti-rabbit secondary antibodies.

Signals were detected using the Novex ECL HRP Chemiluminescent substrate (ThermoFisher) or the Luminata Forte Western HRP substrate (Millipore) using a LAS-3000 Fuji Imager. ECL detection and a white light image of the ladder were taken on a Fuji LAS-3000, separately. Adobe Photoshop was used to adjust the brightness/contrast of the tiff images prior to overlaying and merging of the two layers using the multiply tool followed by merge layers.

Antibody Production

Custom Anti-VgrG4b antibodies were raised against the purified C-terminus of VgrG4b (612-808) with Eurogentec following their immunisation protocols. Antibodies against purified full-length Hcp3 protein was raised similarly.

Electrophoretic mobility shift assays

Electrophoretic mobility shift assays (EMSA) were performed as previously described (8, 9). Using the previous published controls (8, 9). Each reaction contained 40 mM NaCl, 4 mM Tris, 4 mM MgCl₂ (pH 8.0), 4% glycerol (W/V), 100 mg/ml BSA (non-specific protein control), 150 ng/μl poly-deoxy-inosinic-deoxy-cytidylic acid (d[(I-C)]) (Sigma) (non-specific DNA control), 5 nM ³²P-labeled DNA probe and purified AmrZ in the nM range. The 10 μl reactions were incubated at room temperature for 20 min prior to the addition of 2 μl of native loading dye and loading of the entire sample. Reactions were analysed on 4% (w/v) native polyacrylamide gels run at 200 V for 22 minutes prior to drying. Gels were visualised on a Typhoon FLA7000 Phosphorimager (GE Healthcare).

Real Time PCR

Overnight cultures were subcultured in TSB, grown to early exponential phase and harvested in RNAlater (Ambion). RNA was isolated using TRIzol extraction and purified using the Qiagen RNeasy Mini kit (Qiagen) followed by DNase digestion using PureLink DNase Set (Invitrogen). Purified RNA was stored at -80°C in nuclease-free water. cDNA was synthesised from 200 ng of RNA using SuperScript III Reverse Transcriptase (Invitrogen) and random hexamers (Applied Biosystems) according to the manufacturer's protocol. Real time PCR was performed with Fast SYBR Green Master Mix (Applied Biosystems) or KiCqStart SYBR Green qPCR ReadyMix (Sigma) on an Applied Biosystems StepOnePlus Real-Time PCR machine. The primers used for amplification are shown in [SI Appendix, Table S4](#). Real-time analysis was performed on RNA from three independent cultures in duplicate and quantification of *rpoD* gene expression served as an internal control. The relative expression ratios were calculated using the delta-delta method relative to PA14 wild-type or PA14*rsmA* pMMB as indicated.

Microscopy Procedure

Strains for visualizing coexpression of multiple T6SS systems *in situ* were as follows: PA14*rsmA*, PA14*rsmA* H123 and PA14*rsmA* H13 A2tl (H2-) with combinations of fluorescent fusions pME6032*tssB1-venus*, pJN105*tssB2-cfp*, pJN105*tssB3-cfp* and/or pMMB67*tssB3-sfgfp* ([SI Appendix, Table S3, S4](#)). *P. aeruginosa* strains for microscopy were grown overnight in TSB with appropriate antibiotic(s) at 37°C , then diluted to an $\text{OD}_{600} = 0.1$ in 10 ml fresh TSB plus appropriate antibiotic(s) and grown to $\text{OD}_{600} = 0.3$ at 25°C . Plasmid expression was induced with IPTG (50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$) for strains containing pME6032 or pMMB67HE plasmids, or with arabinose (1%) for strains containing pJN105 plasmids. Cells growing exponentially ($\text{OD}_{600} = 0.8-1.0$) were harvested by centrifugation (8000 *g*, 3 min) and resuspended in PBS to a final OD_{600} of 10 units. One microliter of resuspended culture

was spotted on a glass-bottomed dish (Ibidi 35 mm μ -dish) and covered with a 1% PBS agarose pad. Cells were imaged using a Zeiss Axiovert 200 inverted microscope fitted with Hamamatsu Flash 4 (2048x2048 pixel) camera for fast low-light imaging, a pE4000 CoolLed Led Illumination source and a 100x 1.4 objective. A 500 nm LED was used to excite TssB1-Venus with an exposure time of 1000 ms using a YFP filter; a 435 nm LED was used to excite TssB2-CFP and TssB3-CFP with exposure times of 300 ms and 100 ms respectively using a CFP filter; and finally, a 500 nm LED was used to excite TssB3-sfGFP with an exposure time of 300 ms using a GFP filter. The LED and dichroic filter sets were selected based upon the spectral profiles for each fluorophore to ensure optimised excitation and emission settings were used for each of the relevant co-expressed fluorescent fusions.

Image analysis

Microscopy images were analysed in Fiji (10). The Bleach Correction plugin was used on time-lapse image series (15). To determine the number of cells across all fields to be analysed the background was subtracted from brightfield DIC images using a filtered Gaussian blur image with Sigma (radius) = 20 and the 'Image Calculator' Fiji tool. Huang segmentation was then used within the 'Threshold' tool to select all the cells in each field, with the tool 'Analyse Particles' finally used to quantify the number of cells in each field. The range used for 'Analyse Particles' was set at 30-infinity pixels, to ensure that small areas of background brightfield particles (i.e. not cells) were excluded. The number of cells counted by this automated method was initially manually checked on a subset of images to ensure the process was a true reflection of the number of cells present in all subsequent analyses. The number of cells containing foci was then counted manually by using the 'Multi-Point' tool in Fiji. At least 10 separate randomly selected fields of view were analysed for each fluorescent fusion

in PA14*rsmA* which contained between 185 276 and 319 440 total cells or in PA14*rsmA* H123 or PA14*rsmA* H1H3 A2tl (H2-) which contained between 31 666 and 68 208 total cells.

Bioinformatics and statistical analysis

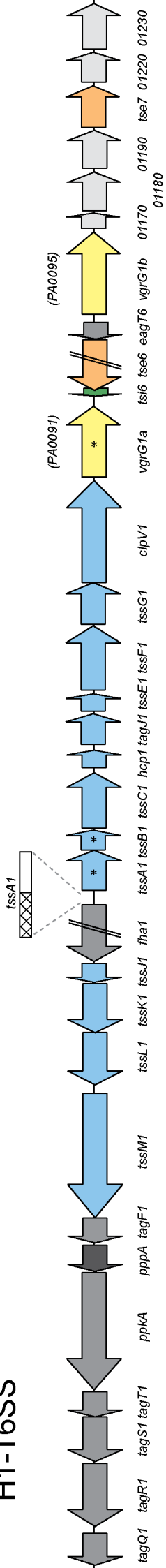
DNA sequences were retrieved from the Pseudomonas Genome Database (16). Binding motifs were investigated using Mfold (17), FUZZNUC (EMBOSS) and BPROM. DNA and amino acid sequence searches were executed using SMART, InterPsoScan, Pfam and BLAST. Statistical analysis was performed using GraphPad Prism version 5 as indicated in the text.

Additional references

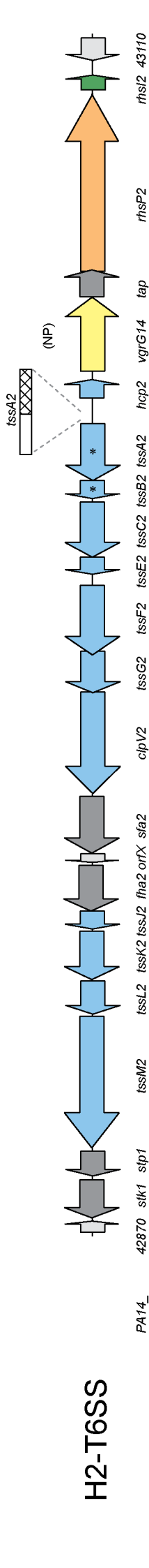
1. Vasseur P, Vallet-Gely I, Soscia C, Genin S, & Filloux A (2005) The pel genes of the Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAK strain are involved at early and late stages of biofilm formation. *Microbiology* 151(Pt 3):985-997.
2. Hoang TT, Kutchma AJ, Becher A, & Schweizer HP (2000) Integration-proficient plasmids for Pseudomonas aeruginosa: site-specific integration and use for engineering of reporter and expression strains. *Plasmid* 43(1):59-72.
3. Valentini M, Laventie BJ, Moscoso JA, Jenal U, & Filloux A (2016) Correction: The Diguanilate Cyclase HsbD Intersects with the HptB Regulatory Cascade to Control Pseudomonas aeruginosa Biofilm and Motility. *PLoS genetics* 12(11):e1006473.
4. Kulasekara HD (2014) Transposon mutagenesis. *Methods in molecular biology (Clifton, N.J.)* 1149:501-519.

5. Miller JH (1992) *A short course in bacterial genetics: a laboratory manual and handbook for Escherichia coli and related bacteria* (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY).
6. Hachani A, Allsopp LP, Oduko Y, & Filloux A (2014) The VgrG proteins are "A la carte" delivery systems for bacterial type VI effectors. *The Journal of biological chemistry*.
7. Hachani A, Lossi NS, & Filloux A (2013) A visual assay to monitor T6SS-mediated bacterial competition. *Journal of visualized experiments : JoVE* (73):e50103.
8. Jones CJ, *et al.* (2014) ChIP-Seq and RNA-Seq reveal an AmrZ-mediated mechanism for cyclic di-GMP synthesis and biofilm development by *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. *PLoS pathogens* 10(3):e1003984.
9. Xu B & Wozniak DJ (2015) Development of a Novel Method for Analyzing *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Twitching Motility and Its Application to Define the AmrZ Regulon. *PloS one* 10(8):e0136426.
10. Schindelin J, *et al.* (2012) Fiji: an open-source platform for biological-image analysis. *Nature methods* 9(7):676-682.
11. Miura K RC, Hiner M, Schindelin J, Rietdorf J. (2012) ImageJ Plugin CorrectBleach V2.0.2.
12. Winsor GL, *et al.* (2016) Enhanced annotations and features for comparing thousands of *Pseudomonas* genomes in the *Pseudomonas* genome database. *Nucleic acids research* 44(D1):D646-653.
13. Zuker M (2003) Mfold web server for nucleic acid folding and hybridization prediction. *Nucleic acids research* 31(13):3406-3415.

H1-T6SS



H2-T6SS



H3-T6SS

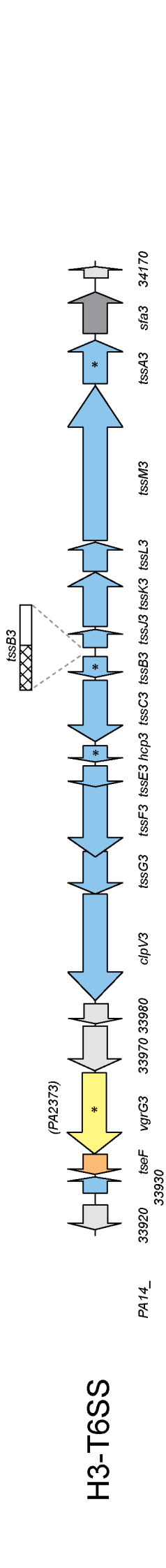
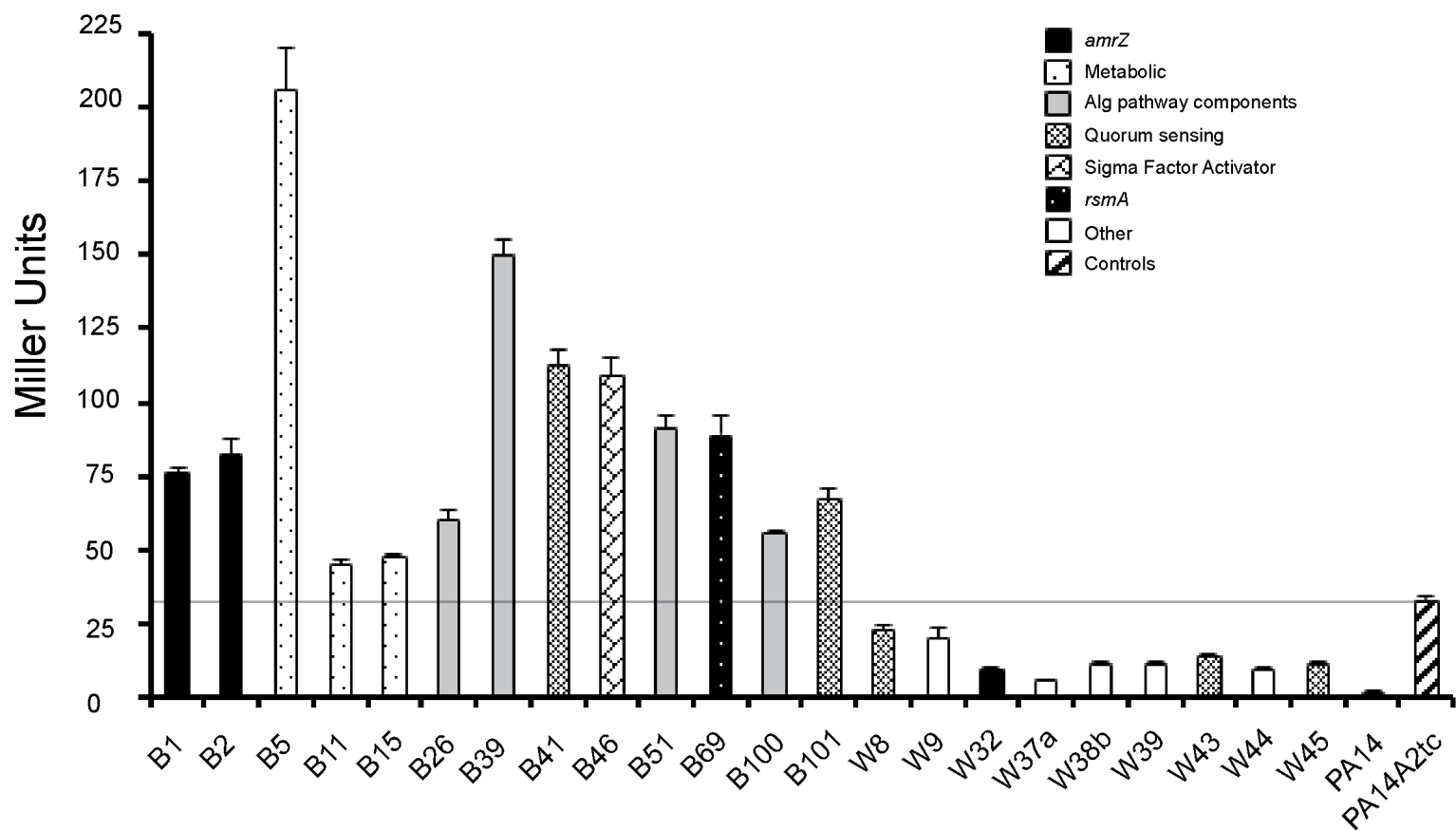


Figure S1

5 kb

A



B

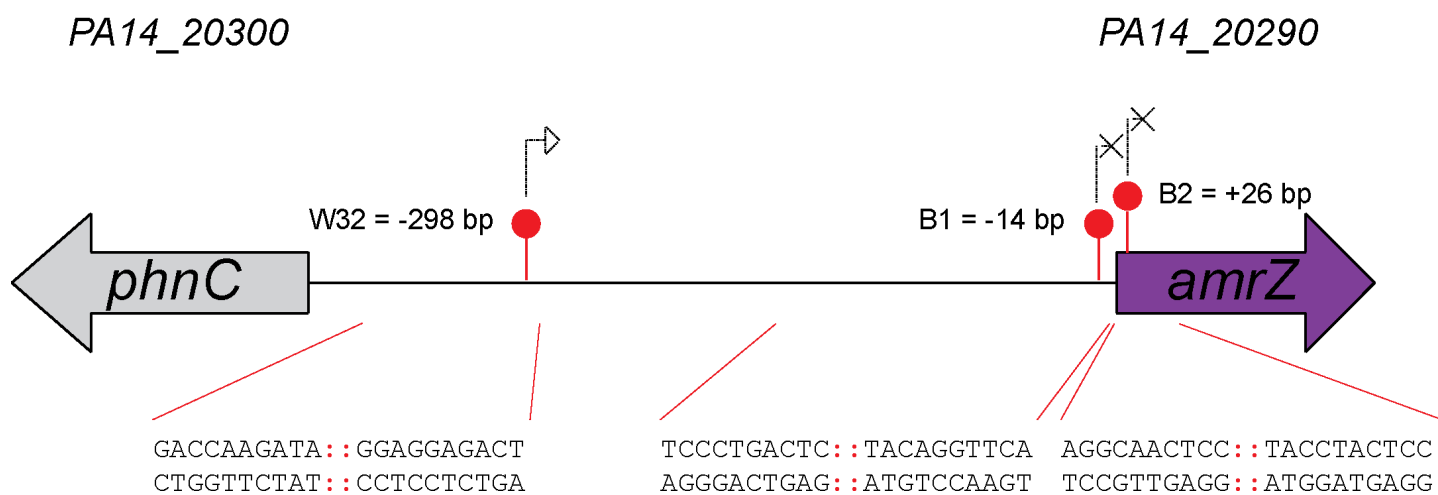


Figure S2

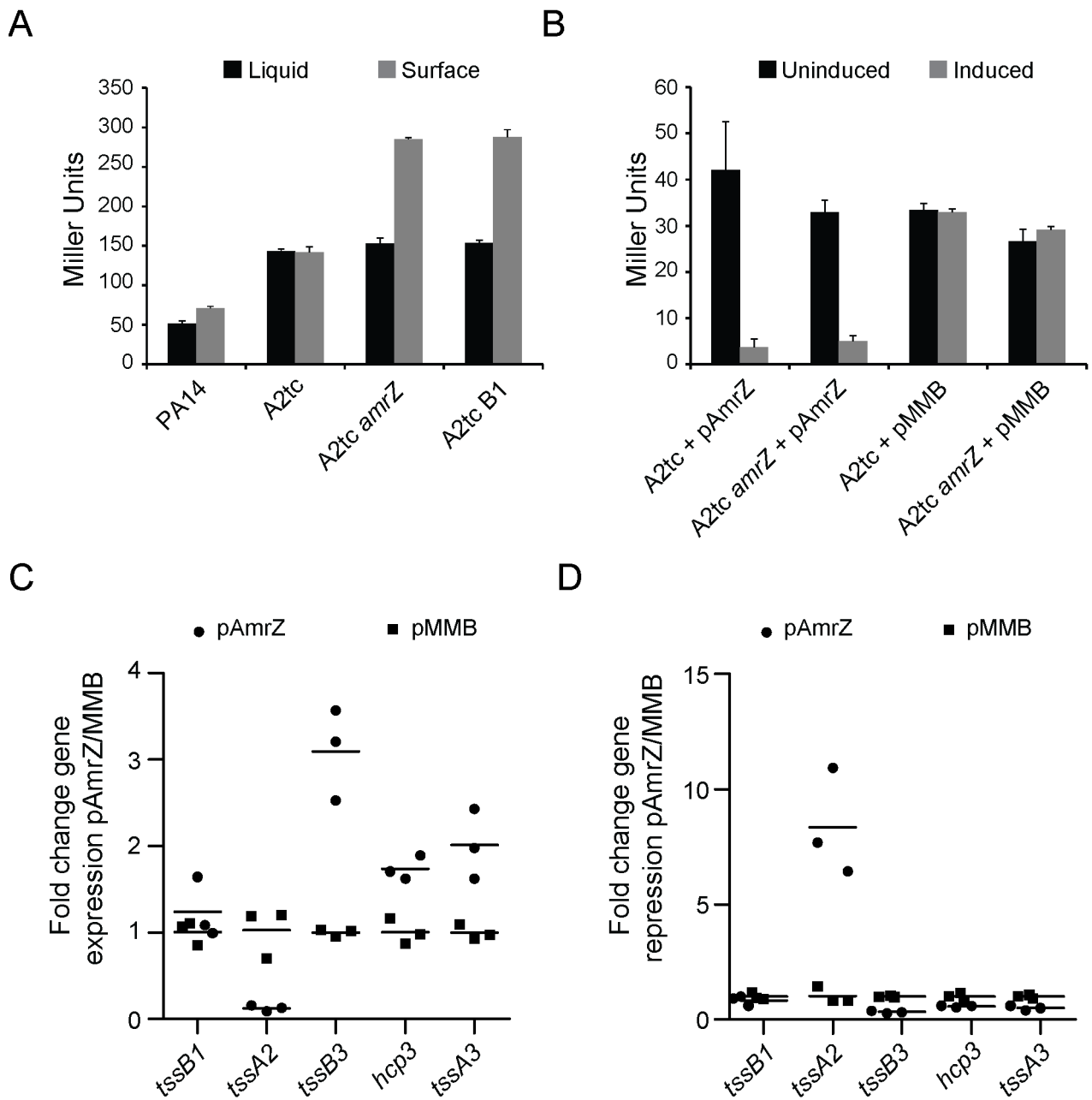


Figure S3

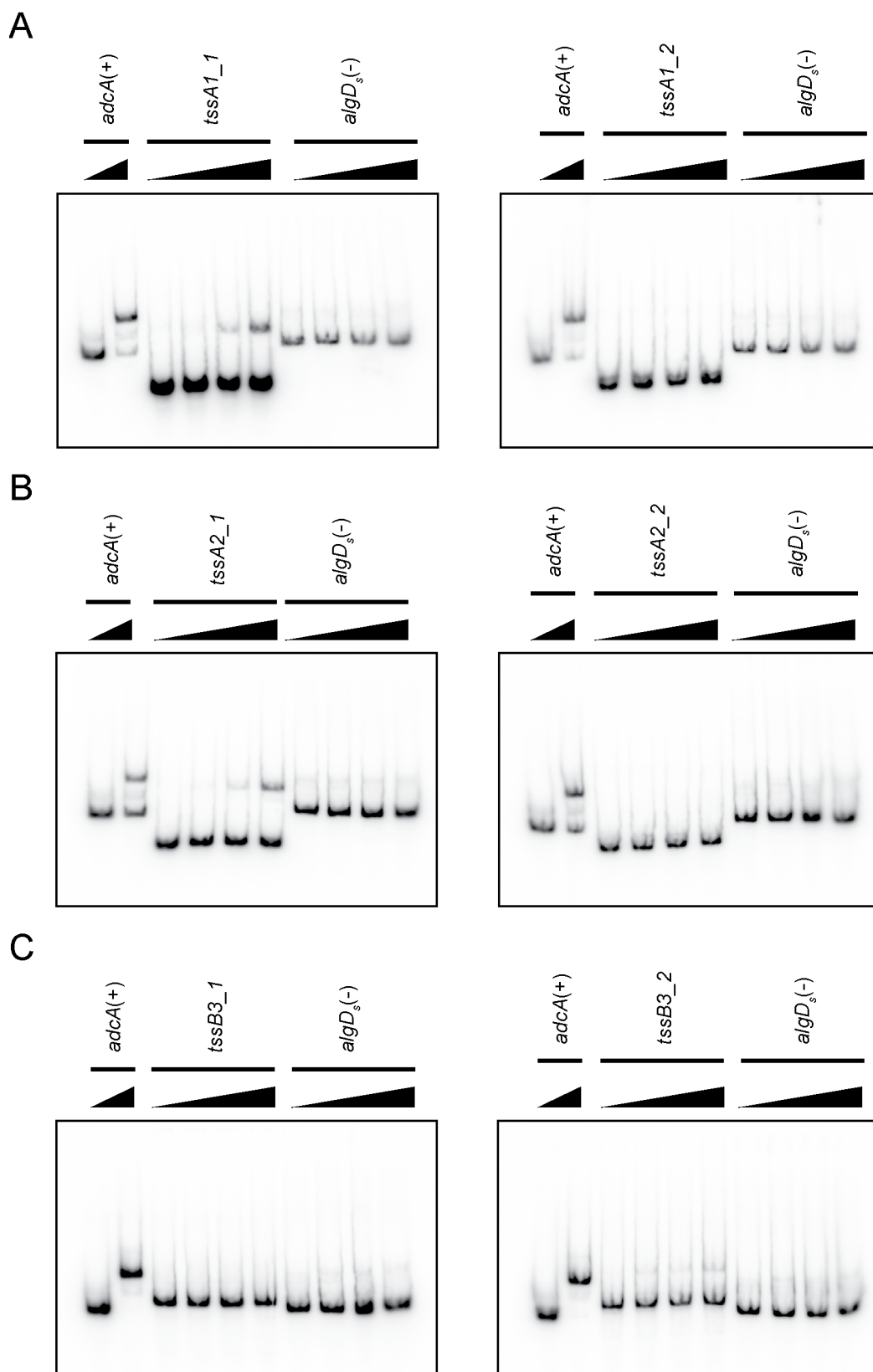
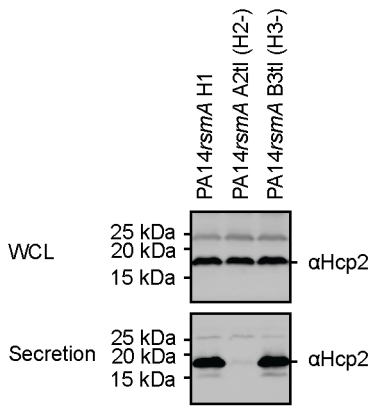
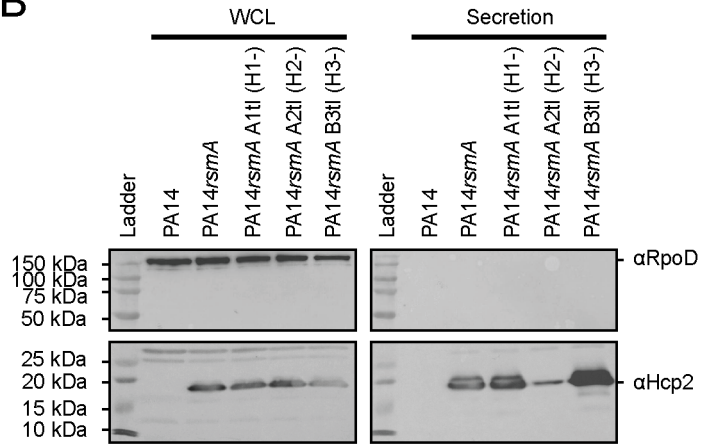
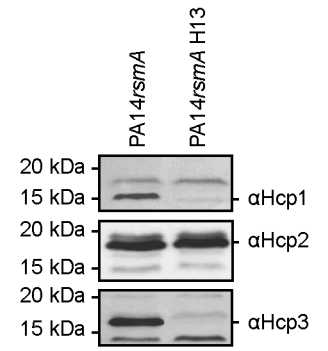


Figure S4

A**B****C****Figure S5**

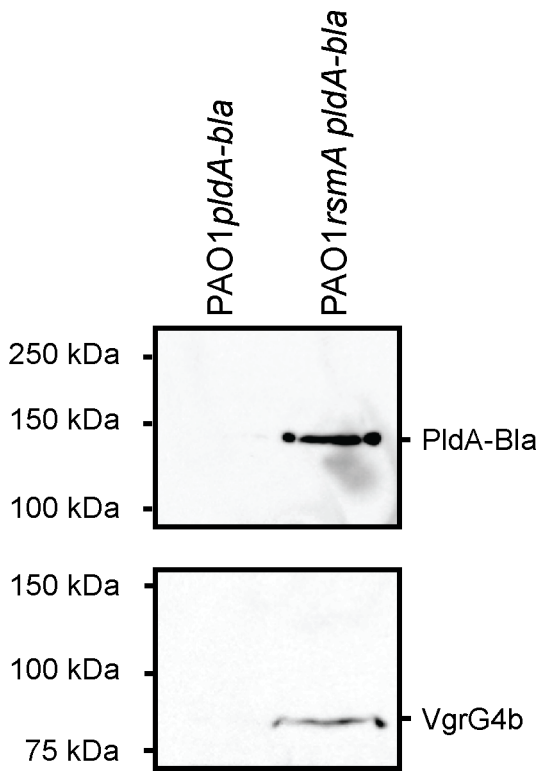
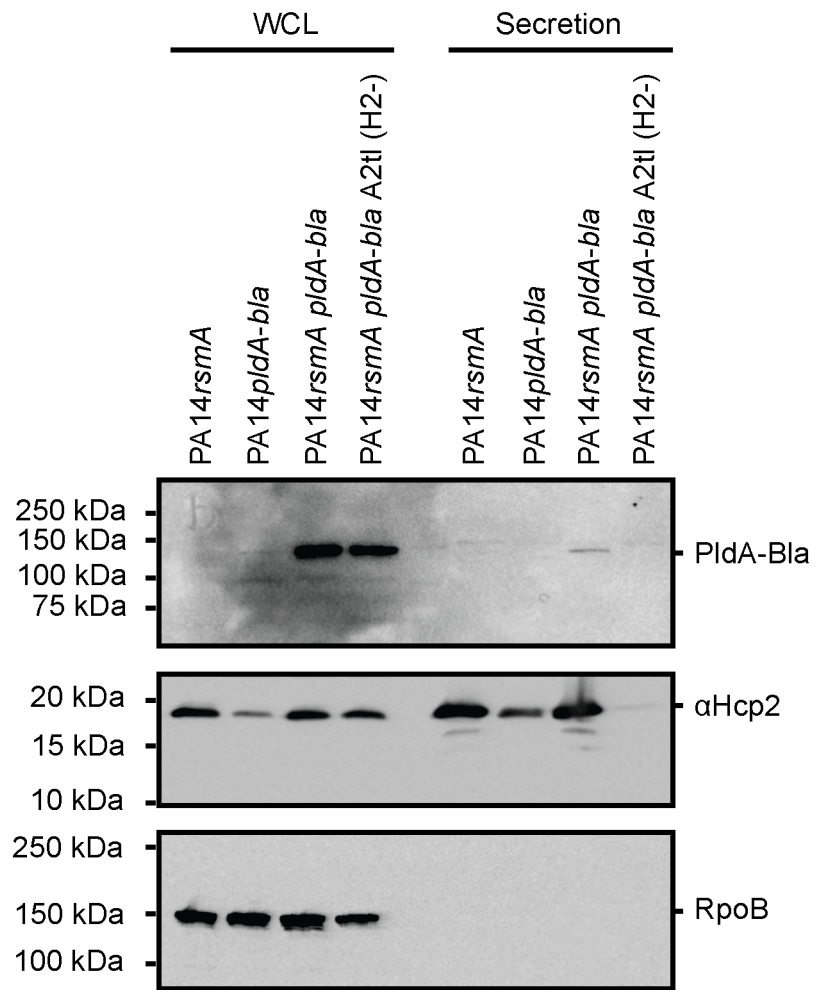
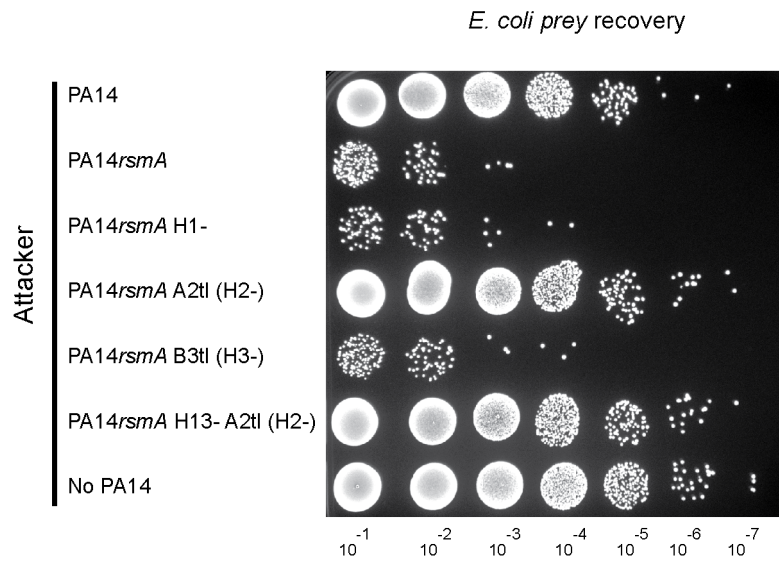
A**B**

Figure S6

A



B

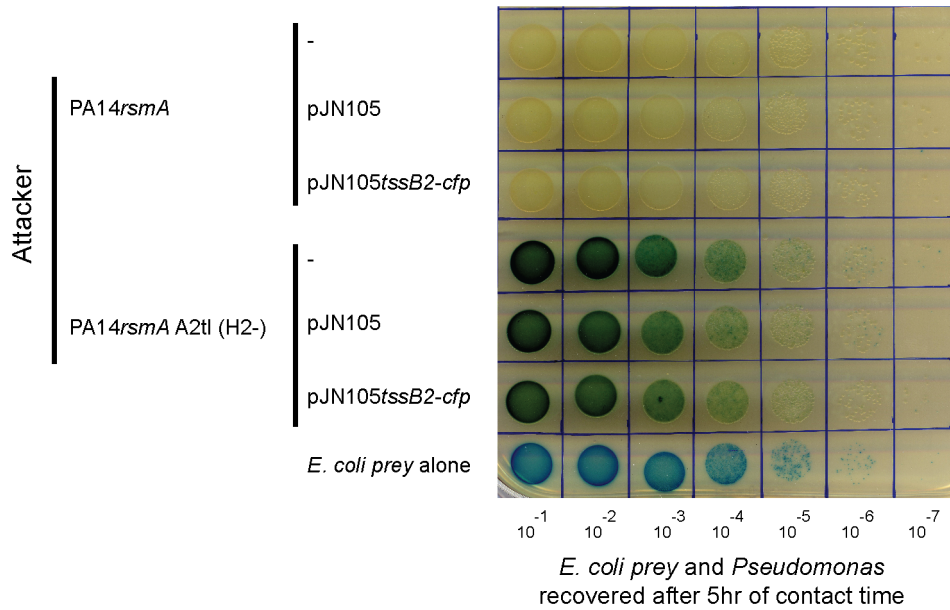


Figure S7

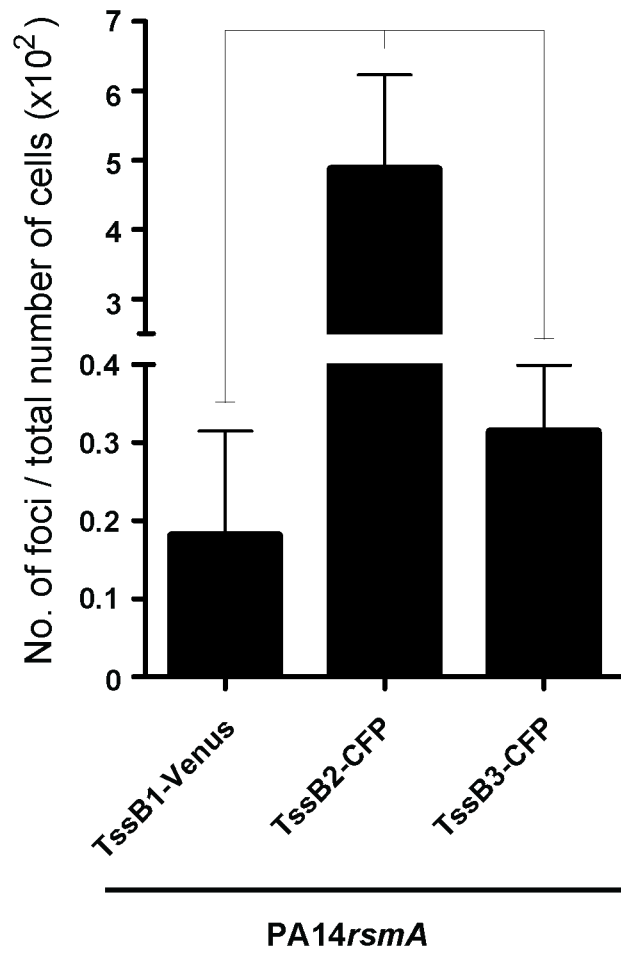
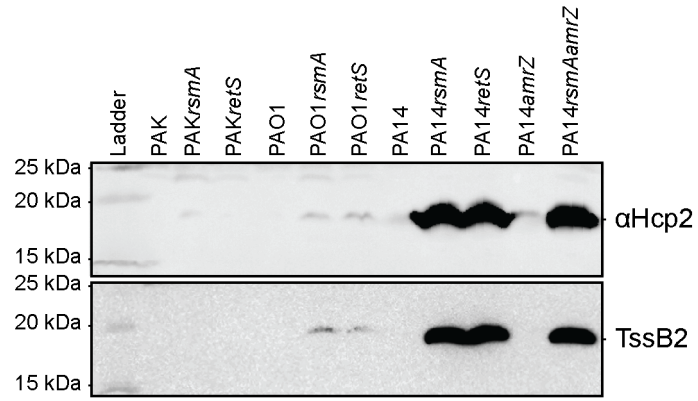


Figure S8

A



B

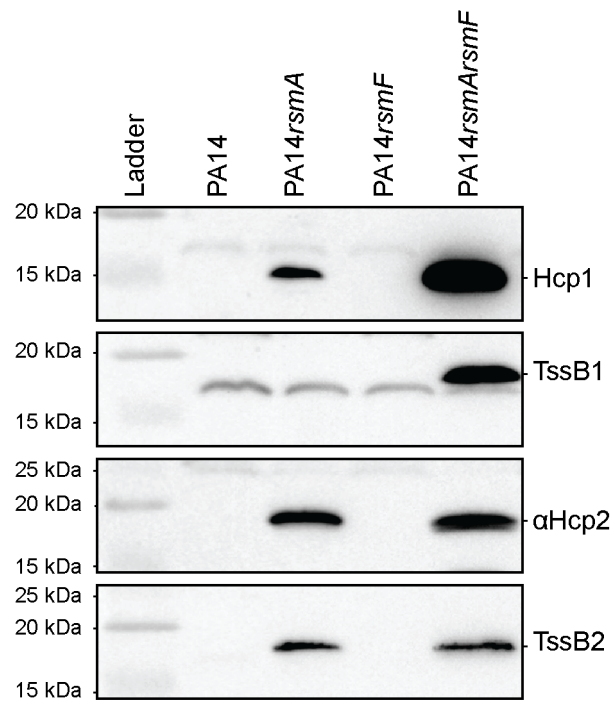


Figure S9

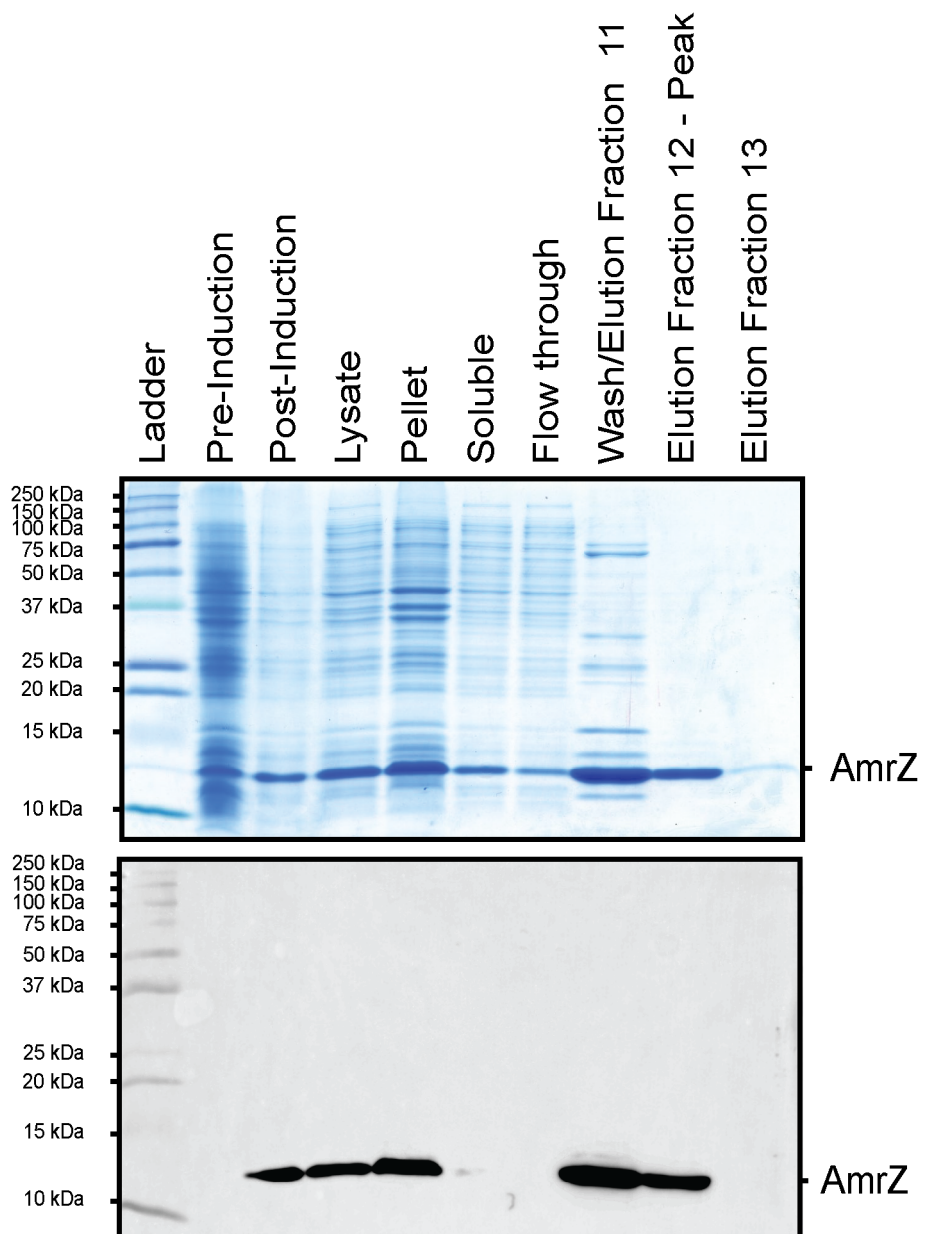


Figure S10

Supplementary Figures Legends

Fig. S1. Schematic representation of *P. aeruginosa*'s T6SS and *vgrG* clusters from PA14. Gene names or numbers are indicated below each gene cluster. PAO1 gene numbers are indicated above each cluster for the *vgrG* encoding genes for reference (NP = not present). Colored genes indicated T6SS structural components (blue), *vgrGs* (yellow), toxin/immunity pairs (orange/green), other known T6SS genes (dark grey) and not currently associated with the T6SS in light grey. Genes checked via qRT-PCR are indicated by an asterisk. Schematic of upstream regions used for AmrZ binding assays are shown and hashed region indicates the sub-fragment bound by AmrZ.

Fig. S2. Expression of the H2-T6SS gene cluster in selected PA14 transposon mutants. (A) Level of β -galactosidase activity of the A2tc transcriptional fusion in selected mutants are shown. Mutants have been grouped as described in the key. (B) Location of transposon insertion in proximity to *amrZ* (*PA14_20290*). Insertion mutants B1 (14 bp upstream of gene) and B2 (26 bp into gene), which may prevent AmrZ expression (indicated by dotted cross), resulted in increased expression of A2tc. In contrast, insertion mutant W32 (298 bp upstream of *amrZ*) which may increase read through of *amrZ* (indicated by dotted arrow) resulted in reduced expression of A2tc.

Fig. S3. AmrZ inversely regulates the H2- and H3-T6SS. (A) AmrZ is a negative regulator of the H2-T6SS. Deletion of *amrZ* relieves repression of *tssA2* when grown on agar plates. Beta-galactosidase assay was performed on PA14, PA14A2tc, PA14A2tc *armZ* and PA14A2tc B1 grown in either liquid LB or on LB plates. (B) Beta-galactosidase assay showing that overexpression of AmrZ represses transcription of *tssA2* (A2tc) which is absent in the uninduced or vector only (pMMB67HE). Strains were grown in liquid culture. (C) AmrZ represses the H2-T6SS (*tssA2*) but activates the H3-T6SS (*tssB3*, *hcp3* and *tssA3*). qRT-PCR was performed on PA14*rsmA* overexpressing *amrZ* (pAmrZ) and compared to vector control (pMMB). Scatter plot of fold change gene

expression with mean (N = 3). Statistical analysis was performed on the $\Delta\Delta\text{CT}$ values (ANOVA Bonferroni post-test *tssB1* $P > 0.05$, $P < 0.05$ for all other genes). (D) Fold gene repression of data shown in C.

Fig. S4. Dissection of AmrZ binding sites. EMSA was performed using sub fragments of the DNA probes used in figure 3; (A) *tssA1_1*, *tssA1_2*, (B) *tssA2_1*, *tssA2_2* and (C) *tssB3_1*, *tssB3_2*. In all cases AmrZ only binds to one of the sub fragments from each upstream region. Each reaction contains 5 nM ^{32}P -labelled DNA and increasing concentrations of purified AmrZ. In all cases, positive (*adcA*) or negative (*algD_s*) controls were used as previously published (18, 19). See also Fig. S1 for schematic of AmrZ binding fragments used in this study.

Fig. S5. The H2-T6SS is functional in a *rsmA* mutant and Hcp2 depends upon this system for secretion. (A) Hcp2 is only faintly detectable when the H2-T6SS is disrupted (PA14*rsmA* A2tl (H2-)) but is still secreted when either the H1-T6SS is deleted (PA14*rsmA* H1-) or the H3-T6SS is disrupted (PA14*rsmA* B3tl (H3-)) after 5 h of growth from an OD_{600} of 0.1 at 37 degrees. (B) Hcp2 is drastically reduced when the H2-T6SS is disrupted (PA14*rsmA* A2tl (H2-)) but is still secreted when either the H1-T6SS is deleted (PA14*rsmA* H1-) or the H3-T6SS is disrupted (PA14*rsmA* B3tl (H3-)) after 8 h of growth from an OD_{600} of 0.1 at 37 degrees. RNA polymerase (RpoB) is used as a lysis control. (C) Deletion of the H1-T6SS cluster including *hcp1* and the H3-T6SS cluster including *hcp3* does not diminish the level of protein detected with the anti-Hcp2 antibody.

Fig. S6. PldA and VgrG4b are expressed in a *rsmA* mutant. (A) Western blot analysis using anti-TEM to detect PldA-Bla expression, or anti-VgrG4b shows enhanced expression of both proteins in PAO1*rsmA* at 25°C. (B) Deletion of *rsmA* enables PldA secretion. Western blot analysis using anti-TEM to detect PldA-Bla expression shows expression in a PA14*rsmA* mutant at 25°C and secretion in a H2-T6SS-dependent manner (A2tl (H2-)). Anti-RNA polymerase (RpoB) is used as a lysis control and anti-Hcp2 as a control for H2-T6SS activity.

Fig. S7. *P. aeruginosa* H2-T6SS dependent killing of *E. coli*. (A) Serial dilution of the 1:1 bacterial mix including *E. coli* GFP+ and the PA14 attackers as listed. *E. coli* is recovered significantly less when co-incubated with PA14*rsmA* as compared to PA14 and the killing is specifically H2-T6SS dependent as it is not alleviated in either the H1- or H3-T6SS mutants. (B) H2-T6SS killing assays demonstrating that the H2-T6SS is as functional in PA14*rsmA* as PA14*rsmA* carrying either pJN105 or pJN105*tssB2-cfp*. *P. aeruginosa* strains were mixed individually with *E. coli* DH5 α carrying pCR2.1 which expresses β -galactosidase. *Pseudomonas* strains were grown in the presence of arabinose 1% prior to the killing assay and arabinose 1% was included in the LB agar for the 5 h contact time to enable constant expression of TssB2-CFP. Recovered bacteria were diluted and spotted on X-gal plates. The level of blue color indicates survival of *E. coli* when the H2-T6SS is disabled (PA14*rsmA* A2tl).

Fig. S8. Significantly more H2-T6SS (TssB2-CFP) foci were observed than either H1-T6SS (TssB1-Venus) or H3-T6SS (TssB3-CFP) foci. Quantification of relative numbers of TssB1-Venus, TssB2-CFP and TssB3-CFP foci present in PA14*rsmA* after induction. Cells were grown at 25°C until the OD reached 0.3, at which point expression of the fluorescent fusions was induced by addition of IPTG or arabinose, with cells being harvested during mid-exponential phase and imaged directly. The mean number of foci per total PA14*rsmA* cells + SEM is represented based upon at least 40 separate fields

of view captured over two independent days. Total numbers of cells analysed were 284 985 for TssB1-Venus, 185 276 for TssB2-CFP and 319 440 for TssB3-CFP. Statistical analyses were performed using a one-way ANOVA with multiple comparisons (Tukey) comparing all 3 samples ($P < 0.005$).

Fig. S9. Differential expression of T6SSs (A) Western blot analysis of regulator mutants showing higher levels of expression of H2-T6SS components in PA14 mutants compared to the same mutants in PAK or PAO1. Bacteria were grown at 37°C. (B) Western blot analysis showing that strong expression of the H1-T6SS components Hcp1 and TssB1 requires the double *rsmArsmF* mutant. H2-T6SS components have enhanced expression in an *rsmA* mutant but no additional expression was observed in the *rsmArsmF* mutant.

Fig. S10. Representative blot for the purification of AmrZ used in EMSAs. (A) Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE gel and (B) western blot using anti-His antibody to detect AmrZ-His₆. Fraction 12 and 13 were used for EMSAs.

Table S1. Location of Transposon insertion in mutants with altered transcription of *tssA2tc*

Table S2. Identification of putative AmrZ binding sites upstream of *tssA1*, *tssA2* and *tssB3*

Table S3. Strain and Plasmid List

Table S4. Primer List

Table S1: Location of Transposon insertion in mutants with altered transcription of *tssA2tc*

Mutant code	Site of integration	Gene inserted into/near	PAO1	Gene name	Description
B1	1747943	PA14_20290/PA14_20300	PA3385/PA3384	<i>amrZ(algZ)/phnC</i>	Upstream of DNA binding protein (alginate and motility regulator Z), ABC phosphonate transporter ATP-binding protein
B2	1747903	PA14_20290	PA3385	<i>amrZ(algZ)</i>	DNA binding protein (alginate and motility regulator Z)
B5	5789115	PA14_64940/PA14_64950	PA4917/PA4918	<i>pncA</i>	NAD biosynthetic process/Nicotinamidase
B11	3920247	PA14_44030	PA1583	<i>sdhA</i>	Insertion in Succinate dehydrogenase (A subunit), effect likely on <i>sdhB</i> (B subunit)
B15	3923546	PA14_44070	PA1580	<i>gltA</i>	Citrate synthase <i>cisY</i>
B26	5143772	PA14_57760	PA4446	<i>algW</i>	AlgW protein, Alginate pathway
B39	1469468	PA14_17140	PA3649	<i>mucP</i>	Putative membrane-associated zinc metalloprotease
B41	7316	PA14_00060	PA0005	<i>lptA</i>	Putative acyltransferase (lysophosphatidic acid acyltransferase activity)
B46	3824444	PA14_42990	PA1661	<i>tssG2</i>	T6SS component of H2-T6SS, effect may be on PA14_42970 <i>sfa2</i>
B51	1470367	PA14_17140	PA3649	<i>mucP</i>	Putative membrane-associated zinc metalloprotease
B69	4660539	PA14_52570	PA0905	<i>rsmA</i>	Regulator of secondary metabolism (carbon storage regulator)
B100	4826929	PA14_54430/PA14_54450	PA0762/PA0761	<i>algU/nadB</i>	Sigma factor AlgU/AlgT/σ22 / L-aspartate oxidase
B101	4085470	PA14_45960	PA1430	<i>lasR</i>	Transcriptional regulator LasR
W8	1651112	PA14_19120	PA3477	<i>rhIR(sdiA)</i>	RhIR: sdiA acylhomoserine lactone dependent transcriptional regulator
W9	6310464	PA14_70850	PA5368	<i>pstC</i>	ABC transporter/permease
W32	1748225	PA14_20290/PA14_20300	PA3385/PA3384	<i>amrZ(algZ)/phnC</i>	Upstream of DNA binding protein (alginate and motility regulator Z), ABC phosphonate transporter ATP-binding protein
W37a	3675920	PA14_41200/PA14_41210	PA1803/PA1804	<i>lon/hupB</i>	Lon protease/DNA-binding protein HU, effect likely on <i>hupB</i>
W38b	6263767	PA14_70270	PA5322	<i>dut</i>	Deoxyuridine 5'-triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase, effect likely on downstream gene AlgC
W39	2022161	PA14_23310	PA3164	unknown	EPSP synthase/prephenate dehydrogenase
W43	4571514	PA14_51430/PA14_51440	PA0996/PA0995	<i>pqsA/ogt</i>	PqsA probable coenzyme A ligase/ methylated-DNA-protein-cysteine methyltransferase
W44	5604286	PA14_62810	PA4747	<i>secG</i>	Preprotein translocase subunit SecG, effect on downstream gene(s) encoding tRNA or transcription elongation/initiation factors
W45	1651117	PA14_19120	PA3477	<i>rhIR(sdiA)</i>	RhIR: SdiA acylhomoserine lactone dependent transcriptional regulator

Table S2: Identification of putative AmrZ binding sites upstream of *tssA1*, *tssA2* and *tssB3*

Gene	Predicted AmrZ site?	Bp from ideal	3' end relative to ATG (bp)	Strand relative to gene	Location	Putative Site CAAATTGCCATCA	In Sub fragment
<i>tssA1</i>	Yes	5	-156	-ve		CACAACGCCACTA	<i>tssA1_1</i>
<i>tssA1</i>	Yes	5	-110	+ve	Overlapping predicted -35	AATTTTGCCAACC	<i>tssA1_2</i>
<i>tssA1</i>	Yes	5	-86	+ve	Overlapping predicted -10	CCGATATTCATCA	<i>tssA1_2</i>
<i>tssA2</i>	Yes	1	-265	+ve	Close to predicted -35	CAAATGGCCATCA	<i>tssA2_1</i>
<i>tssA2</i>	Yes	4	-243	-ve	Overlapping predicted -10	GCTATAGCCATCA	<i>tssA2_2</i>
<i>tssB3</i>	Yes	4	-436	-ve		CCAATCGCGAGCA	<i>tssA3_1</i>
<i>tssB3</i>	Yes	5	-231	+ve	Close to predicted -35	AGAATTTCCGACA	<i>tssA3_2</i>

Note: Fragment in red text is bound by AmrZ in *SI appendix*, Fig. S4.

Table S3: Strain and Plasmid list

Strain/Plasmid	Relevant Characteristics
E. coli	
DH5α	<i>F' endA1 glnV44 thi-1 recA1 relA1 gyrA96 deoR nupG purB20 φ80dlacZΔM15 Δ(lacZYA-argF)U169, hsdR17 (r_K⁻m_K⁺), λ</i>
Top10	<i>F' mcrA Δ(mcr-hsdRMS-mcrBC) φ80lacZΔM15 ΔlacX74 nupG recA1 araD139 Δ(ara-leu)7697 galE15 galK16 rpsL(Str^R)endA1 λ</i>
CC118λpir	Host strain for pKNG101 replication; Δ(ara leu) <i>araD ΔlacX74 galE galK -phoA</i> 20 thi-1 <i>rpsE rpoB argE</i> (Am) <i>recA</i> 1 Rfr λpir
SM10λpir	Host strain for pKNG101 replication; <i>thi-1 thr leu tonA lacY supE recA::RP4-2-Tc::Mu λpir</i> , KmR
BL21 Star (DE3)	<i>F' ompT hsdS_B(r_B⁻ m_B⁻) gal dcm rne131</i> (λDE3)
B834 (λDE3)	<i>F' ompT hsdS_B(r_B⁻ m_B⁻) gal dcm met</i> (λDE3)
1047	Host strain for pRK2013
P. aeruginosa	
PA14	Wild type
PAO1	Wild type
PAK	Wild type
PA14 A1tl	PA14tssA1 : <i>lacZ</i> tl (tssA1 <i>lacZ</i> translational fusion (PA14_00990))
PA14 A2tc	PA14tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tc (tssA2 <i>lacZ</i> transcriptional fusion (PA14_43050))
PA14 A2tl	PA14tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tl (tssA2 <i>lacZ</i> translational fusion (PA14_43050))
PA14 B3tl	PA14tssB3 : <i>lacZ</i> tl (tssB3 <i>lacZ</i> translational fusion (PA14_34070))
PA14 A1tl rsmA	PA14tssA1 : <i>lacZ</i> tl rsmA deletion mutant (Also referred to as PA14rsmA A1tl (H1-))
PA14 A2tl rsmA	PA14tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tl rsmA deletion mutant (Also referred to as PA14rsmA A2tl (H2-))
PA14 B3tl rsmA	PA14tssB3 : <i>lacZ</i> tl rsmA deletion mutant (Also referred to as PA14rsmA B3tl (H3-))
PA14 A2tc amrZ	PA14tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tc amrZ deletion mutant
PA14rsmA	PA14rsmA (PA14_52570) deletion mutant
PA14amrZ	PA14amrZ (PA14_20290) deletion mutant
PA14rsmAamrZ	PA14rsmA (PA14_52570) and amrZ (PA14_20290) deletion mutant
PA14rsmF	PA14rsmF (PA14_68470) deletion mutant
PA14rsmArsmF	PA14rsmA and rsmF deletion mutant
PA14rsmA H1-	PA14rsmA and H1-T6SS (<i>tagQ1-vgrG1b</i>) deletion mutant
PA14rsmA H13-	PA14rsmA, deletion of H1-T6SS (<i>tagQ1-vgrG1b</i>) and H3-T6SS (<i>tssB3-clpV3</i>)
PA14rsmA H13- A2tl (H2-)	PA14 rsmA A2tl, deletion of H1-T6SS (<i>tagQ1-vgrG1b</i>) and H3-T6SS (<i>tssB3-clpV3</i>)
PA14rsmA H123-	PA14rsmA, deletion of H1-T6SS (<i>tagQ1-vgrG1b</i>), H2-T6SS (<i>tssA2-clpV2</i>) and H3-T6SS (<i>tssB3-clpV3</i>)
PA14 hcp3v5	PA14 hcp3v5 (PA14_34030)
PA14rsmA hcp3v5	PA14rsmA hcp3v5
PA14rsmA hcp3v5 B3tl (H3-)	PA14rsmA B3tl (H3-) hcp3v5
PA14pldB-bla	PA14 <i>pldB</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PA14rsmA pldB-bla	PA14rsmA deletion mutant, <i>pldB</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PA14 pldA-bla	PA14 <i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PA14rsmA pldA-bla	PA14rsmA <i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PA14rsmA pldA-bla A2tl (H2-)	PA14rsmA <i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PAO1rsmA	PAO1rsmA deletion mutant
PAO1rsmA tssB2 (H2-)	PAO1rsmA tssB2 (H2-) deletion mutant
PAO1 pldA-bla	PAO1 <i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PAO1rsmA pldA-bla	PAO1rsmA <i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PAO1rsmA pldA-bla tssB2 (H2-)	PAO1rsmA tssB2 (H2-) <i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase
PAO1rsmA pldA-bla vgrG4b	PAO1rsmA <i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase, deletion of <i>vgrG4b</i> (PA3486)
PAKrsmA	PAKrsmA deletion mutant
PAKretS	PAKretS deletion mutant
PAO1rsmA	PAO1rsmA deletion mutant
PAO1retS	PAO1retS deletion mutant
PA14retS	PA14rsmA deletion mutant
Plasmids	
pCR-BluntII-TOPO	Blunt cloning vector, ZeoR/KmR
pKNG101	Suicide vector, <i>sacB</i> , StrR
pRK2013	Tra+, Mob+, KmR
pRL662-gfp	Broad host range vector derived from pBBR1MCS-5 expressing GFP, GmR
pBT20	For mariner transposon mutagenesis, GmR/AmpR
pKNG101-tssA1 : <i>lacZ</i> tl	tssA1 : <i>lacZ</i> tl (PA14_00990) translational fusion, StrR
pKNG101-tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tc	tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tc (PA14_43050) transcriptional fusion, StrR
pKNG101-tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tl	tssA2 : <i>lacZ</i> tl (PA14_43050) translational fusion, StrR
pKNG101-tssB3 : <i>lacZ</i> tl	tssB3 : <i>lacZ</i> tl (PA14_34070) translational fusion, StrR
pKNG101-rsmA	rsmA (PA14_52570) mutator, StrR
pKNG101-amrZ	amrZ (PA14_20290) mutator, StrR
pKNG101-pldA-bla	<i>pldA</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase, StrR
pKNG101-pldB-bla	<i>pldB</i> fusion with Bla Beta Lactamase, StrR
pKNG101-H1-T6SS	H1-T6SS (PA0070-PA0095) mutator, StrR
pKNG101-H2-T6SS	H2-T6SS (PA1656-PA1662) mutator, StrR
pKNG101-tssB2	tssB2 (PA14_43040) mutator, StrR
pKNG101-H3-T6SS	H3-T6SS (PA2365-PA2371) mutator, StrR
pKNG101-retS	retS (PA14_64230) mutator, StrR
pKNG101-hcp3v5	hcp3 (PA14_34030) mutator for addition of v5 tag, StrR
pKNG101-vgrG4b	vgrG4b (PA3486) mutator, StrR
pET28a	Expression vector, KmR
pET28a-vgrG4b (612-808)	Sequence encoding the C-terminus of <i>vgrG4b</i> (PA3486) was synthesised by Invitrogen GeneArt and subclone pET28a, KmR
pET28a-hcp3	pET28a-hcp3 (PA2367) cloned in frame with a His6 tag, KmR
pMMB67HE	Broad host range expression vector with <i>tac</i> promoter (MCS HindIII-EcoRI), AmpR
pAmrZv5	pMME67HE-amrZ (PA14_20290) amplified with a V5 tag, AmpR
pET29a	Expression vector, KmR
pAmrZhis	pET29a-amrZ (PA14_20290) cloned in frame with a His6 tag, KmR
pME6032::VenusC	Broad host range expression vector, for fusion of Venus at C-terminus IPTG induction, TetR
pME6032tssB1-venus	Strain expressing TssB1-Venus (PA0083) under IPTG induction, TetR
pJN105	Broad host range expression vector, araC-PBAD cassette cloned in pBBR1MCS-5, GmR
pJN105tssB2-cfp	Strain expressing TssB2-CFP (PA1657) under arabinose induction, GmR
pJN105tssB3-cfp	Strain expressing TssB3-CFP (PA2365) under arabinose induction, GmR
pMMB67HEtssB3-sfgfp	Strain expressing TssB3-GFP (PA2365) under IPTG induction, AmpR
pSEVA237C	Cloning vector with pBBR1 ORI containing <i>cfp</i> coding region, KmR
mini-CTX-gfp	Plasmid for integration of <i>gfp</i> fusions into the <i>att</i> site of the <i>P. aeruginosa</i> chromosome, TetR
pCR2.1	Constitutive expression of β-Galactosidase, self ligated, AmpR/KmR

Table S4: Primer List

Primer list	Name	Oligonucleotide Sequence (5'-3')	Description
Fusions H1			
OAL3541	tsaA1_Left_screening	TGAGTAGTACACCCCGTCGG	tsaA1_Left_screening (PA14_00990)
OAL3542	tsaA1_R_Right F	TGGTCTGGTCAAAAATAACTAGCGGGCCGCGGGCCAAAG	Right pool amplification of tsaA1 (PA14_00990) transcriptional/translational fusion
OAL3543	tsaA1_R_Right R	GGCGCCGGGGGGGGTCTTATGCTCCCTCATG	Right pool amplification of tsaA1 (PA14_00990) transcriptional/translational fusion
OAL3544	tsaA1_right_screening	TGGTCTGGTCCGGGGTGGTGG	tsaA1_right_screening (PA14_00990)
OAL3545	tsaA1_F_Left_U	GGCGGGGATCGCTGGCGAGAGCCAGCTGTGG	Right pool amplification of tsaA1 (PA14_00990) translational fusion
OAL3546	tsaA1_L_Left_U	GACGGCCAGTAACTCCGTAATATGTCAGGTCAGGATCTCCATATCATCG	Right pool amplification of tsaA1 (PA14_00990) translational fusion
Fusions H2			
OAL1574	tsaA2_F_Left_Lc	GGCGGGATCATCGGAGAGAGCGCTGACGTTGG	Left pool of 500 bp for tsaA2 (PA14_43050) transcriptional fusion: BamHI site for pKNG101
OAL1575	tsaA2_R_Left_RBS_Lc	TCATTATAATACCTCTAGTAGACAGAGATCCAGCTCCGGCCAGCAAA	Left pool of 500 bp for tsaA2 (PA14_43050) replacement LacZ with 21 bases from the RBS region pQ50
OAL1576	tsaA2_Left_screening_Lc	TAGCTCTAAATCGTGTGG	tsaA2_Left_screening_transcriptional fusion (PA14_43050)
OAL1549	tsaA2_F_Right	TGGTCTGGTCAAAAATAAGGCTCGCCCTCAATCTCAAGGAAGA	Right pool of 500 bp for tsaA2 (PA14_43050) replacement with LacZ
OAL1550	tsaA2_R_Right	GGCGGGGGCTCTGCTTCTTGGCTAGGGGGTGG	Right pool of 500 bp for tsaA2 (PA14_43050) replacement with LacZ: Small site
OAL1539	tsaA2_Right_screening	CGATGATCGTCTGAGAAAT	tsaA2_Right_screening (PA14_43050)
OAL1546	tsaA2_F_Left	GGCGGGATCTCATGCTCGTITTTGAATGA	Left pool of 500 bp for tsaA2 (PA14_43050) replacement with LacZ: BamHI site
OAL1548	tsaA2_R_Left	GACGGCCAGTAACTCCGTAATATGTCAGGTCAGGATCTCCATATCATCG	Left pool of 500 bp for tsaA2 (PA14_43050) replacement with LacZ
OAL1538	tsaA2_Left_screening	CTAAACAATCTCTGCGCAGTG	tsaA2_Left_screening (PA14_43050)
Fusions H3			
OAL1556	tsaB3_F_Right	CATTACCGTTGGTCTGGTGTCAAAAATAACCTCTCCGGAGAAGCCGCC	Right pool of 500 bp for tsaB3 (PA14_34070) replacement with LacZ
OAL1557	tsaB3_R_Right	GGCGGGGGCTCGTGGAACTGTTCACTGCTGA	Right pool of 500 bp for tsaB3 (PA14_34070) replacement with LacZ: Small site
OAL1552	tsaB3_Right_screening	CCAGAGACTCTTGGAGTGG	tsaB3_Right_screening (PA14_34070)
OAL1553	tsaB3_F_Left	GGCGGGATCATGCTGACCACTCGCATTTCC	Left pool of 500 bp for tsaB3 (PA14_34070) replacement with LacZ: BamHI site
OAL1555	tsaB3_R_Left	GACGGCCAGTAACTCCGTAATATGTCAGGTCAGGATCTCCATATCATCG	Left pool of 500 bp for tsaB3 (PA14_34070) replacement with LacZ
OAL1551	tsaB3_Left_screening	AATCCCTCGAATGGAATGCTG	tsaB3_Left_screening (PA14_34070)
LacZ			
OAL1544	LacZ_ATG_F	ATGACCATGATACCGGATTC	Amplification of entire lacZ gene from mini-CTX-lacZ
OAL1573	LacZ_ATG_F_RBSpQF50	TCTAGTACGAGGATTAATAATGACCATGATACGGATTAC	Amplification of entire lacZ gene from mini-CTX-lacZ with RBSpQF50
OAL1545	LacZ_Stop_R	TTATTTTGAACACAGACC	Amplification of entire lacZ gene from mini-CTX-lacZ
OAL1540	lacZ_R_screening	GTGGTGAAGCGGATTAAGT	lacZ_R_screening
OAL1541	lacZATG+100-3	GGGGGATGTCGCAAGGGATTAAG	lacZATG+100-3 lacZ R screening
OAL1542	lacZ_F_screening	ACGGTTCCTATGGGGATT	lacZ F screening
Identification of Tn			
OAL1795	Rnd1-ARB1-Pa-5'	GGCCACGGCTCGACTGATACNNNNNNNNNAG	Round 1 arbitrary primers transposon identification
OAL1796	Rnd1-ARB2-Pa-5'	GGCCACGGCTCGACTGATACNNNNNNNNNAG	Round 1 arbitrary primers transposon identification
OAL1797	Rnd1-ARB3-Pa-5'	GGCCACGGCTCGACTGATACNNNNNNNNNAG	Round 1 arbitrary primers transposon identification
OAL1798	Rnd1-ARB4-Pa-5'	GGCCACGGCTCGACTGATACNNNNNNNNNAG	Round 1 arbitrary primers transposon identification
OAL1799	Rnd1-TnM20	TATAATGTGGAAATGTGACGGG	BT20 transposon specific primer: Rnd1-TnM20 round 1 arbitrary primers
OAL1800	Rnd2-ARB	GGCCACGGCTCGACTGATAC	Round 2 common primer which hybridizes in to round 1 round 2 arbitrary primers
OAL1801	Rnd2-TnM20	ACAGGAACGACTCTAGAGG	For pBT20 transposon
Gene Deletion rsmA			
OAL2276	Primer 1 rsmA_F_Left	ATATAGGCCCCCTCAAGTCTCGGGCCGATC	Primer 1 rsmA deletion mutant
OAL2277	Primer 2 rsmA_R_Left	TGACGCCGAATACAGATCTTCTCT	Primer 2 rsmA deletion mutant
OAL2278	Primer 3 rsmA_F_Right	ATCTGATTCGCGGTCAACGCCCGCA	Primer 3 rsmA deletion mutant
OAL2279	Primer 4 rsmA_R_Right	ATATACCGGGCAACTGATCTTCTGCTCG	Primer 4 rsmA deletion mutant
OAL2280	Primer 5 rsmA_F_Screen	GTGAGTTCGCGCCAGTACAC	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of rsmA
OAL2281	Primer 6 rsmA_R_Screen	CTTCTGATTCGGGCACTCAGG	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of rsmA
Gene Deletion amrZ			
OAL2335	Primer 1 amrZ_F_Left	ATATAGGCCCCCGGGTGGTACAGGTTGAAGT	Primer 1 amrZ/algZ (PA14_20290) deletion mutant
OAL2336	Primer 2 amrZ_R_Left	TCAGCCCTGGGGCGATCATGAC	Primer 2 amrZ/algZ (PA14_20290) deletion mutant
OAL2337	Primer 3 amrZ_F_Right	ATGCGCCACAGGGTGGAGCGGAG	Primer 3 amrZ/algZ (PA14_20290) deletion mutant
OAL2338	Primer 4 amrZ_R_Right	ATATACCGGGGGCGGACACTCAGATG	Primer 4 amrZ/algZ (PA14_20290) deletion mutant
OAL2339	Primer 5 amrZ_F_Screen	TGGGTCAGGGGGGGGGGATG	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of amrZ/algZ (PA14_20290)
OAL2340	Primer 6 amrZ_R_Screen	CCGTAGCCGAGAGGTGTGTG	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of amrZ/algZ (PA14_20290)
Gene Deletion rsmF			
OAL2339	Primer 1 rsmF	ATGATGGCCCGCTCGAGTGGAGCTGATTGAGGC	Primer 1 rsmF gene deletion
OAL2340	Primer 2 rsmF	CAACTCGTGAACCACTTCCGCGT	Primer 2 rsmF gene deletion
OAL2341	Primer 3 rsmF	ATGGGTTTCAGAGGAGTGAAGACGGCAGC	Primer 3 rsmF gene deletion
OAL2342	Primer 4 rsmF	ATATCGATCTCAAGTGGTTCGGCCGCTG	Primer 4 rsmF gene deletion
OAL2343	Primer 5 rsmF	GGCCGCACTGACAGAGATG	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of rsmF
OAL2344	Primer 6 rsmF	TGATGTCGCGCTTGTTC	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of rsmF
Gene Deletion H1-			
OAL862	Primer 1 H1-T6SS	ATGGTCAACGATCGAGCTGGAG	Primer 1 deletion of H1-T6SS cluster (tagQ1-vgrG1b)
OAL863	Primer 2 H1-T6SS	TCAGTCTGAAGGCTGATGGCTGGCTG	Primer 2 deletion of H1-T6SS cluster (tagQ1-vgrG1b)
OAL864	Primer 3 H1-T6SS	TCAGGCTCTGAAGTGGAGGCGGGCA	Primer 3 deletion of H1-T6SS cluster (tagQ1-vgrG1b)
OAL865	Primer 4 H1-T6SS	GGTGGCTCAACAGTCTCAATGTC	Primer 4 deletion of H1-T6SS cluster (tagQ1-vgrG1b)
OAL866	Primer 5 H1-T6SS	ATCAGCTGACCACTCGACGAC	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of H1-T6SS cluster (tagQ1-vgrG1b)
OAL867	Primer 6 H1-T6SS	AGAACGGCTTGAAGGGAAAGAACT	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of H1-T6SS cluster (tagQ1-vgrG1b)
Gene Deletion H2-			
OAL996	Primer 1 H2-T6SS	GACTGGTGAATCTCTGAAAC	Primer 1 deletion of H2-T6SS cluster (tsaA2-clpV2)
OAL997	Primer 2 H2-T6SS	TCAGGCAACGCTCTCTCTGGGGC	Primer 2 deletion of H2-T6SS cluster (tsaA2-clpV2)
OAL998	Primer 3 H2-T6SS	AGAGGCGCTTCTCGCTGAGTGGTGC	Primer 1 deletion of H2-T6SS cluster (tsaA2-clpV2)
OAL999	Primer 4 H2-T6SS	CAACACGGTATAGGGTTTGG	Primer 1 deletion of H2-T6SS cluster (tsaA2-clpV2)
OAL1000	Primer 5 H2-T6SS	GAATGTTAAGATATTCATGGGAC	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of H2-T6SS cluster (tsaA2-clpV2)
OAL1001	Primer 6 H2-T6SS	TCGAGCAGAGGGTCTCGCACTCCGG	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of H2-T6SS cluster (tsaA2-clpV2)
Gene Deletion H3-			
OAL1002	Primer 1 H3-T6SS	ATTTCCGATATGTTGAAACAT	Primer 1 deletion of H3-T6SS cluster (tsaB3-clpV3)
OAL1003	Primer 2 H3-T6SS	TGCTGATCAGAGCGGACTGACGAT	Primer 2 deletion of H3-T6SS cluster (tsaB3-clpV3)
OAL1004	Primer 3 H3-T6SS	CTGGCTCTGATCAGATCAACTCT	Primer 3 deletion of H3-T6SS cluster (tsaB3-clpV3)
OAL1005	Primer 4 H3-T6SS	TGTAATGACCAATAAATAGTCTA	Primer 4 deletion of H3-T6SS cluster (tsaB3-clpV3)
OAL1006	Primer 5 H3-T6SS	AACCTGCGGATGTCGGGGGATC	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of H3-T6SS (tsaB3-clpV3)
OAL1007	Primer 6 H3-T6SS	CTGACAGTCTCCCTGGCTTAAAGCGG	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of H3-T6SS (tsaB3-clpV3)
hcp3 VS fusion			
OAL2784	Primer 1 Hcp3	GTCAGTGGATGGATGGATCTTCTGATTTCCGGAGGACAT	Primer 1 VS insertion to Hcp3 in PA14
OAL2785	Primer 2 Hcp3	GAGCAGGAGGAGAGGATAGGATAGGCTTACCTTGACCACTGGTGGCGG	Primer 2 VS insertion to Hcp3 in PA14
OAL2786	Primer 3 Hcp3	TATCCCTAACCTCTCTCGTCTGATCTACGTAGCGGGCGGCAAGCTC	Primer 4 VS insertion to Hcp3 in PA14
OAL2787	Primer 4 Hcp3	ATGGCGAAGCTGAGGAGCTGTTGGCTTGTGTCAGTAAAGGATAGGCGAGGATCAG	Primer 4 VS insertion to Hcp3 in PA14
OAL2788	Primer 5 Hcp3	AGGAAGCTGAGGCTGATG	Primer 5 screening for VS insertion to Hcp3 in PA14
OAL2789	Primer 6 Hcp3	AACCTTCAGGAGAGCTCGAC	Primer 6 screening for VS insertion to Hcp3 in PA14
Gene Deletion tssB2			
OAL1596	Primer 1 tssB2_F_Left	GGCGGGATCCGGATCAGGCTCCATGCTATG	Primer 1 tssB2 gene deletion
OAL1597	Primer 2 tssB2_R_Left	TCAGGCGCTTTGGCCATCGGTTTTTC	Primer 2 tssB2 gene deletion
OAL1598	Primer 3 tssB2_F_Right	ATGGCCAAAGAGCGCTGAGCCACCTCT	Primer 3 tssB2 gene deletion
OAL1599	Primer 4 tssB2_R_Right	GGCGGGGGCTCGGAGCACTATTGATGACG	Primer 4 tssB2 gene deletion
OAL1594	Primer 5 tssB2_screening	CAGCGATGGGGAAAGTCAAA	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of tssB2
OAL1595	Primer 6 tssB2_screening	TCTGCCACTTGGGCAATGC	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of tssB2
pIdA-bla fusion			
OAL2618	pIdA 5' up	ACCGACAGATCTAGCTGCA	External of pIdA-Bla shuttle up
OAL2619	Linker 5' up	AAGCTGCGCAGAGGGGACGGCT	pIdA w/o STOP + overhang vgrG2b-linker, R
OAL2614	Linker 3' up	AGCCTGCGCTGCTGATG	pIdA w/o STOP + overhang vgrG2b-linker, R
OAL2615	bla up 5'	CCCTTTTACCAGTCTTAATCAAGT	bla + overhang downstream of pIdA, F
OAL2616	bla up 3'	CATTGGTAAAGGGTTTGTAGG	bla + overhang downstream of pIdA, F
OAL2760	bla down 3'	TCATGTGGATGTTCTTCCACCAATG	bla & RBS of tIsa, R
OAL2761	bla down 5'	ATCGCACATGAAMAGGGTTTGTAT	bla & RBS of tIsa, F
OAL2899	tIsa down 3'	TACCTTGGACTTTGGGATG	Cloning whole tIsa after pIdA-Bla shuttle
OAL2900	tIsa external down 3'	CAGATAAAGCCGATGGTGC	External downstream of pIdA-Bla shuttle
pIdB-bla fusion			
OAL3206	Primer 1	CAAGATCGAGGCTCGAAG	Primer 1 PIdB-Bla fusion
OAL3212	Primer 2	GTCAAAATCTTAGCGTGGAGCGGCGGCGCTGGAA	Primer 2 PIdB-Bla fusion
OAL3213	Primer 3	GCATGCTCAGTCCAGCGTACCAATGCTTAATCAG	Primer 3 PIdB-Bla fusion
OAL3209	Primer 4	ACAGAGAGCGCCCAAGTGC	Primer 4 PIdB-Bla fusion
OAL3210	Primer 5	ATGACTGGCGGAAAGCGGG	Primer 5 PIdB-Bla fusion
OAL3211	Primer 6	ACGGCGGAGATGGCTTTT	Primer 6 PIdB-Bla fusion
OAL3247	Primer 7 pIdB-bla PA14	CTTCAAGGCTGGCGGCTCCACCGTAAGATTTGAC	Primer 7 Primer to amplify upstream region for pIdB-bla PA14
OAL3248	Primer 8 pIdB-bla PA14	CTGATTAAGGCTGTGATAGCGGTGACTGAGGACTGC	Primer 8 Primer to amplify downstream region for pIdB-bla PA14
Gene Deletion vgrG4b			
OAL800	Primer 1 VgrG4b	CCACGCCACTGAGGTC	Primer 1 vgrG4b gene deletion
OAL801	Primer 2 VgrG4b	CGCAGCAACTGTGAACACTGCTGTC	Primer 2 vgrG4b gene deletion
OAL802	Primer 3 VgrG4b	ATGTTCAAGTCTGGTGGAAAGGCGACC	Primer 3 vgrG4b gene deletion
OAL803	Primer 4 VgrG4b	ATAGCGATCGGGTGTCT	Primer 4 vgrG4b gene deletion
OAL804	Primer 5 VgrG4b	GCCTACGCACTCTCTCGA	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of vgrG4b
OAL805	Primer 6 VgrG4b	GGCCTAGCAGGCTCAGGCTG	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of vgrG4b
Gene Deletion of retS			
OAL1893	Primer 1 retSLeIF	GGCCGACTGTCCCTGATGATGACAAAGAGCGG	Primer 1 retS gene deletion
OAL1894	Primer 2 retSLeIF	TCAGGAGGCGCTACCCAGCGGAAGTCC	Primer 2 retS gene deletion
OAL1895	Primer 3 retSRightF	GTGTACGGCTCTGAGGAGCGGAC	Primer 3 retS gene deletion
OAL1896	Primer 4 retSRightR	CGCGCACTAGTGCATGCGTCTGGGCTG	Primer 4 retS gene deletion
OAL1897	Primer 5 retS Screening F	GAGGAGGCGAATGCTGCTGATG	Primer 5 screening for deletion mutant of retS
OAL1898	Primer 6 retS Screening R	TGCTCAGCTGTGCGCTG	Primer 6 screening for deletion mutant of retS
AmrZ			
OAL2649	amrZ_F_pMM	GCTAATCATAGTAAGGAGGAAATTAACCTGCGCCCACTGAAACGAACTCTACCT	Forward primer RBS with XbaI site for cloning into pMMB67HE
OAL2650	amrZ_R_pMM	GCTAAGATCTCCAGTGAATCGAGCAGGAGAGGATAGGATACCGGCTGGCGCAGCTCCGCA	Reverse primer VS tag with BamHI site
AmrZhis			
OAL2807	AmrZ_F_his	GTCATCATGCGCCCACTGAACAGGCAACTCTACT	Primer to amplify AmrZ and cut with NdeI for cloning into pET29a
OAL2808	AmrZ_R_his	ACTGACTCGAGTGGCGCGCGGCTGGCGCAGCTCCGCA	Primer to amplify AmrZ and cut with XhoI for cloning into pET29a
Hcp3his			
OAL3577	hcp3_F_his	GAGCATATGGATGATCACTTCTGATTC	Primer to amplify hcp3 and cut with NdeI for cloning
OAL3578	hcp3_R_his	AAGATGACTCACTGACCAACTGGTGG	Primer to amplify hcp3 and cut with BamHI for cloning
Primers for EMSA			
OAL2979	algD111_EMSA	CAACGGCCGGAATCTTCT	algD, negative control AmrZ binding assay
OAL2980	algD112_EMSA	TAGTTCGCTCAATGAAGTCAAG	algD, negative control AmrZ binding assay
OAL2981	adaA_FAM_F_EMSA	CGTACTGCTGCAACAAG	PA4843 positive control AmrZ binding assay
OAL2982	adaA_R_EMSA	GGCTTCTTCTGGCTCTC	PA4843 positive control AmrZ binding assay
OAL2985	tsaA1_F	TCTTTAAAGATTTCCGATCTGC	tsaA1F promoter region to test AmrZ binding
OAL2986	tsaA1_R	CTCACCTTCTGTTAAGATCC	tsaA1F promoter region to test AmrZ binding
OAL2988	tsaA2_F	GGAACTCACTGTGCTGCTTAT	tsaA2F promoter region to test AmrZ binding

OAL2989 tssA2_R CCCTCTTGGGAATTTCTCTATC
 OAL3088 tssB3_F CGACTCGTGAAGCTGCCCGGGG
 OAL2991 tssB3_R CCTCTGGTGGTCACTGGGGAC
 OAL3091 algB6B CGCATCGAGCTTCTCTGA
 OAL3092 algB6B TTCACTGCATTCGGCTCTGT
 OAL3093 algD71 ACGCTGCTCTGCAAGTCATG
 OAL3094 algD73 ACCAACTGATGGCTTCTCGG
 OAL4016 tssA1amrZ75R TGCCGAAGGCTTCTCAA
 OAL4017 tssA1amrZ93F TGCCCAAGAATTTTGCACAC
 OAL4022 tssA2amrZ83R GCATCTGATGGCAATTTGGAA
 OAL4023 tssA2amrZ110F GTTATATGGCTATAGCCAAGC
 OAL4024 tssB3amrZ200R TGGATGTGCCGCCGCCGCA
 OAL4025 tssB3amrZ200F GGGTACGCGCTGCAACTGAC
RT PCR
 OAL2134 vgrG2a F TTGACACCGTTCATGA
 OAL2135 vgrG2a R GTCATCAGTTGACACACC
 OAL536 vgrG2b F GGAGCCGGGAAGCACTT
 OAL537 vgrG2b R AGGCTTCCCGAATCTGTT
 OAL3042 vgrG6 F GGCATTGGTCGAGAGAAAC
 OAL3043 vgrG6 R TCAGTGGCGATCGTTTT
 OAL3030 vgrG5 F AGCCTATCCCGCAGAGAT
 OAL3031 vgrG5 R CGTAGAGCGATACGGTTG
 OAL3034 vgrG4b F GTCCAGGTAAGGAGCACAA
 OAL3035 vgrG4b R TTCGATAGTCAGCGCTGTG
 OAL2136 tle4(tpIe) F CAATCTGTTTGTGCGAAGA
 OAL2137 tle4(tpIe) R GCTGACGATGTTTCCAGTC
 OAL3038 tle3 F TCTACTACCGCGAGATTC
 OAL3039 tle3 R CCGCGTCTCTTGATATAT
 OAL3044 PA14_69520 F CGAATACCGCATGACAGAG
 OAL3045 PA14_69520 R GGTACGGGGAAAGCCAGTT
 OAL3032 pldB(tle5b) F ACATCAAGCCGCTGATCAAT
 OAL3033 pldB(tle5b) R AAGCCCAAGTGTGATGTT
 OAL3036 pldA(tle5a) F CCTCCAGAAAGCACTCA
 OAL3037 pldA(tle5a) R AAGAGTGGACCCCTGAT
 OAL1029 tssB1 F GCCTCAAGTCCAGCAAGCT
 OAL1030 tssB1 R GAAGTCTCCATGCTCGAA
 OAL511 tssA2 F GGTGACCTGGCCCTCTAC
 OAL512 tssA2 R GATGATCTCCACCAATGTC
 OAL3048 tssB3 F GTACCGACGACAGCTGGAC
 OAL3049 tssB3 R GGAGCTCTCTCTCGATG
 OAL3028 hcp3 F GATCATGCTCTTACGCTCT
 OAL3029 hcp3 R TTGTGGAAGTTCAGCGACG
 OAL3046 tssA3 F TGGAAAGTCTGCTGGAACC
 OAL3047 tssA3 R CGAGCTCTCTGCTGCTCT
 OAL4035 tssA1 F CTGCTGCAGACACCTC
 OAL4036 tssA1 R GATAGACGCCCTCCACAT
 OAL4037 tssB2 F GCCAAGAGAGGCTCGGTAG
 OAL4038 tssB2 R CTTCAACGGGATGTTGATT
 OAL3022 vgrG3 F CGCAGAGTCTGGATGTAAG
 OAL3023 vgrG3 R CCACCTGAGCTGATGTT
 OAL820 rpoD F AGCCGTCGACAGGATAC
 OAL821 rpoD R TCCCATGCTGTCATGATG

Microscopy plasmids
pME6032tssB1-venus
 OAL2946 5' tssB1 GCGAGCTGATGGAAGCACTACCAC
 OAL2947 3' tssB1 GGGGTACCGCGCTCGGCTGCTGTC
pN105tssB2-CFP
 OAL3403 5' tssB2 GGGCCCGGGTCAATCTCAAGGAGAAAAGCC
 OAL3404 3' tssB2 TCCTCTCTGCTGCTGCGGGCTCTGGGAGGGG
pN105tssB3-CFP
 OAL3405 5' tssB3 GCGCCCGGGTTCATGGAGTCAAGCCG
 OAL3406 3' tssB3 TCCTCTCTGCTGCTGCGGGCTGCTGCTCGCC
 OAL3439 CFP_linker_f_new GCAGGACGAGGAGGAGGATGGTGAAGGGGCA
 OAL3440 CFP_linker_r_new GCGCGTCTAGATTACTTATACAGCTGCTCATGCC
pMMB67HtssB3-GFP
 OAL3260 tssB3_3'GFP_F GCATCGGAGTCAAGCCG
 OAL1586 5'3'GFP GCAGGACGAGGAGGAGGATGCTGTAAGGCGAAGAA
 OAL1687 3'3'GFP CCTAGTCACTACTATACAGCTC

tssA2R promoter region to test AmrZ binding
 tssB3R promoter region to test AmrZ binding
 tssB3R promoter region to test AmrZ binding
 algB negative control for AmrZ binding assay longer fragment
 algB negative control for AmrZ binding assay longer fragment
 algB positive control for AmrZ binding assay longer fragment
 algB positive control for AmrZ binding assay longer fragment
 Use with OAL2985 to amplify a 75 bp fragment with 1 putative amrZ binding site
 Use with OAL2986 to amplify a 94 bp fragment with 2 putative amrZ binding site
 Use with OAL2988 to amplify a 82 bp fragment with 1 putative amrZ binding site
 Use with OAL2989 to amplify a 110 bp fragment with 1 putative amrZ binding site
 Use with OAL3088 to amplify a 200 bp fragment with 1 putative amrZ binding site
 Use with OAL2991 to amplify a 200 bp fragment with 1 putative amrZ binding site
 qRT-PCR (PA14_44900/PA1511)
 qRT-PCR (PA14_44900/PA1511)
 qRT-PCR vgrG2b (PA14_03220/PA0262)
 qRT-PCR vgrG2b (PA14_03220/PA0262)
 qRT-PCR vgrG6 (PA14_69550)
 qRT-PCR vgrG6 (PA14_69550)
 qRT-PCR vgrG5 (PA14_67230/PA5090)
 qRT-PCR vgrG5 (PA14_67230/PA5090)
 qRT-PCR vgrG4b (PA14_18985/PA3486)
 qRT-PCR vgrG4b (PA14_18985/PA3486)
 qRT-PCR tle4 (PA14_44910/PA1510)
 qRT-PCR tle4 (PA14_44910/PA1510)
 qRT-PCR tle3 (PA14_03200/PA0260)
 qRT-PCR tle3 (PA14_03200/PA0260)
 qRT-PCR putative toxin next to vgrG6 in PA14 (PA14_69520)
 qRT-PCR putative toxin next to vgrG6 in PA14 (PA14_69520)
 qRT-PCR pldB (PA14_67220/PA5089)
 qRT-PCR pldB (PA14_67220/PA5089)
 qRT-PCR pldA(tle5a) (PA14_18970/PA3487)
 qRT-PCR pldA(tle5a) (PA14_18970/PA3487)
 qRT-PCR tssB1 (PA14_01010/PA0083)
 qRT-PCR tssB1 (PA14_01010/PA0083)
 qRT-PCR tssA2 (PA14_43050/PA1656)
 qRT-PCR tssA2 (PA14_43050/PA1656)
 qRT-PCR tssB2 (PA14_34070/PA2365)
 qRT-PCR tssB2 (PA14_34070/PA2365)
 qRT-PCR hcp3 (PA14_34030/PA2367)
 qRT-PCR hcp3 (PA14_34030/PA2367)
 qRT-PCR tssA3 (PA14_34140/PA2360)
 qRT-PCR tssA3 (PA14_34140/PA2360)
 qRT-PCR tssA1 (PA0082/PA14_00990) 100 bp
 qRT-PCR tssA1 (PA0082/PA14_00990) 100 bp
 qRT-PCR tssA1 (PA1656/PA14_43050) 96 bp
 qRT-PCR tssA1 (PA1656/PA14_43050) 96 bp
 qRT-PCR vgrG3 (PA2373/PA14_33960) 114 bp
 qRT-PCR vgrG3 (PA2373/PA14_33960) 114 bp
 qRT-PCR rpoD (housekeeping gene)
 qRT-PCR rpoD (housekeeping gene)

Cloning tssB1 into pME6032-Cterm-venus
 Cloning tssB1 into pME6032-Cterm-venus
 To amplify tssB2 (PA1657) with a linker to generate overlapping product with CFP linker
 To amplify tssB2 (PA1657) with a linker to generate overlapping product with CFP linker
 To amplify tssB3 (PA2365) with a linker to generate overlapping product with CFP linker
 To amplify tssB3 (PA2365) with a linker to generate overlapping product with CFP linker
 Generation of C-term CFP fusion with linker using pSEVA237C as template
 Generation of C-term CFP fusion with linker using pSEVA237C as template
 5' tssB3 coding region to fuse with sfGFP
 5' primer sfGFP with linker
 3' primer sfGFP