

1 **Supplemental Material**

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3 **Colonization habitat controls biomass, composition, and metabolic activity of attached**
4 **microbial communities in the Columbia River hyporheic corridor**

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15 Supplemental Text 1-2

16 Supplemental Figures S1-S11

17 Supplemental Tables S1-S6

Supplemental Text 1 – Analytical Methods

DOC measurement. Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) was determined with a Shimadzu combustion carbon analyzer TOC-Vcsh with ASI-V auto sampler. DIC was removed in the instrument by acidification of the sample with 2M HCl (Fisher) with a 5 minute sparging time. The sample was then injected into the furnace set to 680 °C. Organic carbon standards were made from potassium hydrogen phthalate solid, (Acros Organics). The calibration range for the DOC determinations was from 0.10 to 10 mg C L⁻¹.

ATP biomass assay. ATP content was used as a measure of microbial biomass in the reactors. The methods employed were adapted from those reported in Graham et al. (11), using the Promega Glomax 20/20 Luminator with Bactiter-Glo Microbial Cell Viability Assay (Promega). Approximately 0.5 g of wet sand sample was mixed with 0.5 mL of sterile (autoclaved) 20 mM EDTA (Fluka) in 2 mL Nalgene Cryogenic Vials (Thermoscientific) and stored at -20°C. Samples were returned to room temperature prior to analysis and measured after 5 min incubation with Bactiter-Glo reagent and 25 µL of 0.4M MgCl₂. Standard curves were prepared with Adenosine 5'-triphosphate magnesium salt (Sigma) in 20 mM EDTA and ranged from 0 – 10 nM.

Resazurin reduction assay. Resazurin reduction assays were conducted with samples from the microcosms as a measure of aerobic respiratory activity (12). The methods employed were adapted from those reported in Graham et al. (11). Assays were started by adding approximately 2.5 g of wet sand to 100 µl of 30 µM resazurin and 2.5 mL of feed stock solution to vials, gently mixing and then incubating at room temperature in the dark on an angle at 50 rpm. After 48 hr the vials were weighed and 3 mL of acetonitrile (ACN) (HPLC Grade, Fischer Chemical) was added. After ACN addition, vials were sealed, vortexed, and reweighed before being placed in a

sonicator bath for 10 min. After sonication, vials were put back on the 50 rpm shaker. After a 1 hr extraction time, vials were vortexed and the sand was allowed to settle. The screw cap was removed and 5 mL of extract was passed through a 17 mm, 0.22 μm Teflon syringe filter (Thermoscientific) into pre-labeled 12 mL glass amber vials and stored at 4°C. The extraction vial with the remaining sand was dried at 75 °C for 72 hr then weighed to obtain dry sand weight. Fluorescence emission maxima for resazurin (630 nm) and resorufin (585 nm) were measured on resazurin sample extracts using a Horiba Fluorolog 3 fluorimeter. Resazurin reduction extracts were analyzed in quartz cuvettes and diluted 1:1 with ACN:ARW when above the calibration range. Fluorescence intensity was quantified by comparison to standards of resazurin ranging from 0 to 1.0 μM (Sigma) and resorufin ranging from 0 to 0.2 μM (Sigma) prepared in ACN:ARW (1:1).

Linear mixed modeling. Linear mixed model (LMM) analysis was used to determine the influence of sand type, feed stock solution, and time on biomass and respiration values in the reactors. The LMM analysis was implemented using packages lme4 and lmerTest in the R statistical package (30). Additional R packages ggplot, tidyR, dplyr, and viridis were also used (1, 5, 8, 10, 31, 32). Implementation included an adaptation of the original linear fit equation to use the final time point from each experiment to calculate the modeled intercepts; this allowed for comparison of the final status of the reactors based on the fitted model intercept. For the cross feed biomass LMM, both three-way and four-way interactions were significant. In all other cases three-way and four way-factor interactions were not significant and were therefore removed from the models. Biomass data for the two replicate cross feeding experiments (CF1 and CF2) were consistent and were modeled together. Due to the presence of a handful of CF1 respiration data points that were close to the detection limit, separate models were required for the CF1 and CF2

respiration data. Pair wise comparisons were performed using standard t-test on the difference between the log of the final time point for the two reactors being compared.

DNA extraction, sequencing and processing. Samples from replicate reactor types at each time point were pooled for DNA extraction. This approach was required to obtain sufficient DNA for 16S rRNA gene sequencing. DNA was extracted from the pooled materials as described in Graham et al. (11). DNA extracts were amplified using the universal 16S rRNA gene primers (515F-806R) described in Caporaso et al. (4), adapted for the Illumina MiSeq platform by adding nine extra bases in the adapter region of the forward amplification primer that support paired-end sequencing. The reverse amplification primer contained a twelve base barcode sequence. Each 25 µL PCR reaction contained 12 µL of MoBio PCR Water (Certified DNA472 Free), 10 µL of 5 Prime HotMasterMix (1x), 1 µL of forward primer (5 µM concentration, 200 pM final), 1µL Golay Barcode Tagged Reverse Primer (5 µM concentration, 200 pM final), and 1µL of template DNA. The conditions for PCR were: 94°C for 3 min to denature DNA, with 35 cycles at 94°C for 45 s, 50°C for 60 s, and 72°C for 90 s; with a final extension of 10 min at 72°. Amplicons were quantified using PicoGreen (Invitrogen) and a plate reader. Appropriate volumes of PCR product from each sample were then pooled so that each sample was represented with an equal amount of product. This pool was cleaned using the UltraClean® PCR Clean-Up Kit (MoBIO), and quantified using the Qubit (Invitrogen). After quantification, the molarity of the pool was determined and diluted to 2 nM, denatured, and then diluted to a final concentration of 6.7 5pM with a 10% PhiX spike for sequencing on the Illumina MiSeq.

The 16S rRNA gene amplicon sequences were processed in QIIME 1.8.0. (3). First, the function split_libraries_fastq.py was used to demultiplex the fastq-formatted sequences, with a Phred quality cutoff of 20. To identify chimeras the function identify_chimeric_seqs.py was used

to call USEARCH v6.1 with ‘non_chimera_retention’ set to ‘intersection.’ After removing identified chimeras (with function filter.fasta.py) the function pick_open_reference_otus.py was used to call USEARCH v6.1, pick operational taxonomic units (OTUs), and generate the associated phylogeny (97% similarity) using the SILVA (Release 111) database. The number of reads per library (107 total) ranged from ca. 13,000 to 125,000, with a mean of $51,726 \pm 28,079$. The software package Primer (version 7.0) was used for non-metric dimensional scaling (NMDS) analysis of microbial community composition, and for analysis of similarity (ANOSIM) comparisons of community composition among different reactor treatments.

Supplemental Text 2 – Comparative analysis of Proteobacterial and non-Proteobacterial taxa in the colonized sand reactors

Proteobacteria. Several basic patterns were evident within the dominant Proteobacterial classes. For the *Alphaproteobacteria* (ca. 9 to 28 % of all Proteobacteria), there was considerable variation among sand types across the three experiments, but in general the dominant taxa were heterotrophs (15) from the *Hyphomicrobiaceae*, *Hyphomonadaceae*, *Rhodospirillaceae*, *Rhodobacteraceae*, and *Sphingomonadaceae*. Similarly, for all sand types the *Betaproteobacteria* (ca. 27 to 65 % of all Proteobacteria) were dominated by the heterotrophic families *Comamonadaceae*, *Methylophilaceae*, *Oxalobacteraceae*, and *Rhodocyclaceae*. Likewise, the *Gammaproteobacteria* (ca. 12 to 34 % of all Proteobacteria) were dominated by a common group of heterotrophic taxa from the *Alteromonadaceae*, *Coxiellaceae*, *Moraxellaceae*, *Piscirickettsiaceae*, *Pseudomonadaceae*, *Sinobacteraceae*, and *Xanthomonadaceae*.

By far the largest distinction among Proteobacteria across sand type was the much higher abundance of *Deltaproteobacteria* in RBS and PZS, both initially and throughout the incubation experiments (Figure 8). Across all sand types and time points, *Deltaproteobacteria* accounted for 2-3 % of total *Proteobacteria* in GWS, 14-17 % for RBS, and 7-11 % for PZS (Table 3). For GWS, the dominant families were *Bdellovibrionaceae* (and the related family OM27, 24) and *Haliangiaceae*, which represent gram-negative, obligate predators of other gram-negative bacteria (26); and bacteriolytic- and non-cellulolytic-type myxobacteria (9), respectively. Although these families (along with other myxobacteria and predatory families such as *Myxococcaceae* and *Bacteriovoracaceae*; Tables S2-S4) were present in RBS and PZS, *Deltaproteobacteria* in these two sand types also contained significant numbers of anaerobic fermentative and respiratory taxa such as *Syntrophobacteraceae* (16) and *Geobacteraceae* (25).

Syntrophobacteraceae accounted for 1-2 % of total Proteobacteria in RBS and PZS, whereas *Geobacteraceae* were ca. 10-fold more abundant in RBS (1-2 %) compared to PZS (ca. 0.1 %). It is also significant that the majority (60-70 %) of the unclassified *Deletproteobacterial* families in RBS and PZS (3-8 % of total Proteobacteria) were from in the order *Myxococcales*, which includes a wide variety of heterotrophic taxa, including the well-known anaerobic respiratory family *Anaeromyxobacteraceae* (28, 33).

Non-Proteobacteria. Several broad trends in the dominant non-Proteobacterial taxa were also evident (Table 3). The abundance of *Bacteroidetes* and *Nitrospirae* was consistent across all three sand types. Although there were differences in the distribution of families within the *Bacteroidetes* (Tables S4-S6), in general the dominant ones (e.g. *Chitinophagaceae*, *Flavobacteriaceae*, *Saprospiraceae*, as well as unassigned (at the family level) organisms from class *Sphingobacteria*, order *Sphingobacterales*, which includes the genus *Sphingobacterium*) are all metabolically versatile heterotrophs known to occupy soil, aquatic, sewage sludge, and compost habitats (2, 17, 19). For the phylum *Nitrospirae*, organisms from the nitrite-oxidizing genus *Nitospira* (6) accounted for 1-2 % of total reads and for more than 80% of all reads in the phylum. Similarly, *Crenarchaeota* from the families *Cenarchaeaceae* or *Nitrososphaeraceae* (class *Thaumarchaeota*), both of which include aerobic ammonium-oxidizing organisms (21) were detected in each of the sand types at ca. 2-4 % of all reads.

In contrast to *Bacteroidetes*, *Nitrospirae*, and the *Crenarchaeota*, organisms from the *Acidobacteria*, *Planctomycetes*, and *Verrumicrobia* phyla were several-fold more abundant in RBS and PZS compared to GWS (Table 3). The *Acidobacteria* were dominated by families within classes *Chloracidobacteria* and *Acidobacteria*, which have been identified in soil habitats and are known for their ability to degrade plant and microbial polysaccharides (2, 23, 27). The

Planctomycetes taxa were affiliated with the *Gemmataceae*, *Isosphaeraceae*, *Pirellulaceae*, and *Planctomyctaceae* families, all of which are aerobic heterotrophic budding bacteria with unique intracellular compartmental (organelle) structures (18, 22). The *Verrumicrobia* were dominated by taxa related to cultivated and uncultivated organisms from classes *Opitutae*, *Pedosphaerae*, *Spartobacteria*, and *Verrucomicrobiae*. Organisms within these families are mainly aerobes common in soils or other organic-rich environments (e.g. 7, 13, 14, 20, 29, 34).

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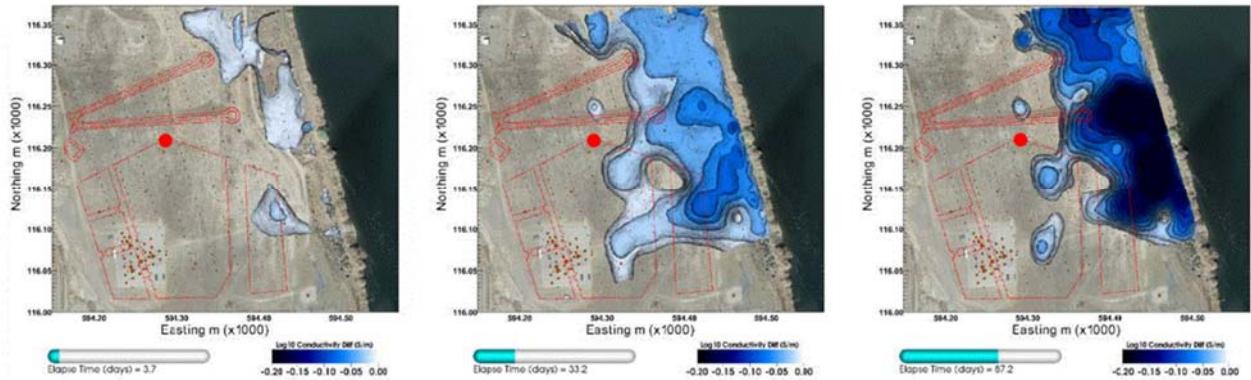


Figure S1. The varying stages of river water intrusion at the Hanford Area 300 site (modified from Figs. 11 and 12 in Johnson et al., 2015, *Water Resour. Res.*, 51, doi:10.1002/2014WR016129; used by permission). Darker blue coloration shows decrease in conductivity associated with higher DOC in river water. Elapsed time shown for a period of approximately 54 days. The red dot shows the location of groundwater well 2-32, from which water was obtained for the experiments reported in this paper.

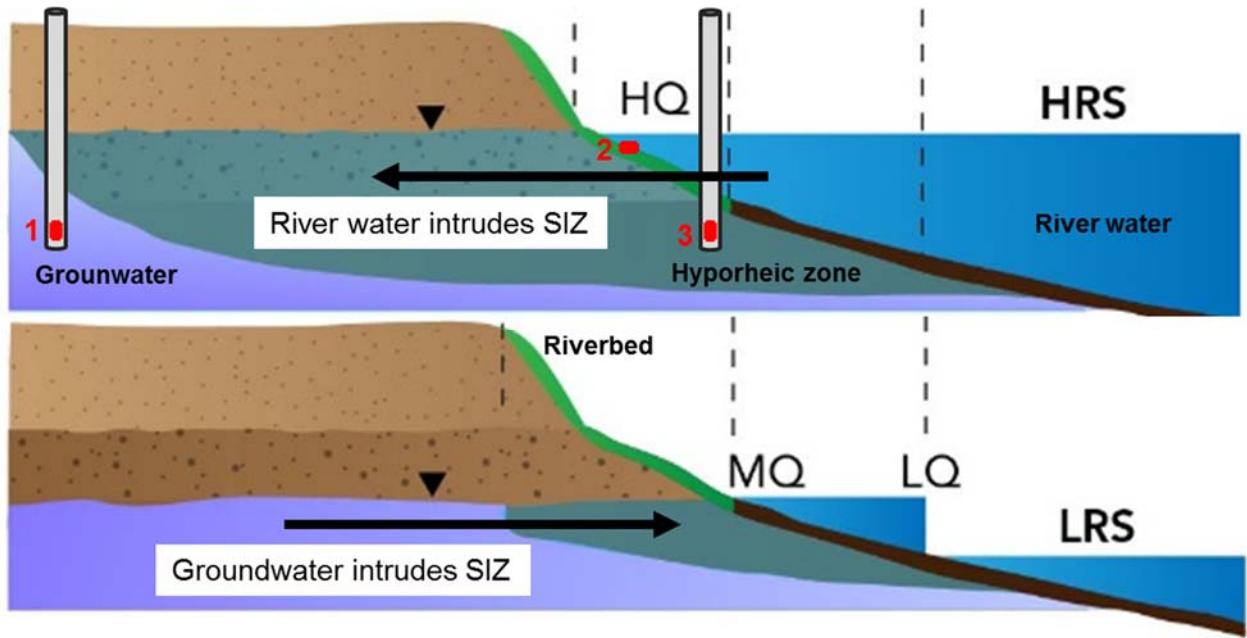
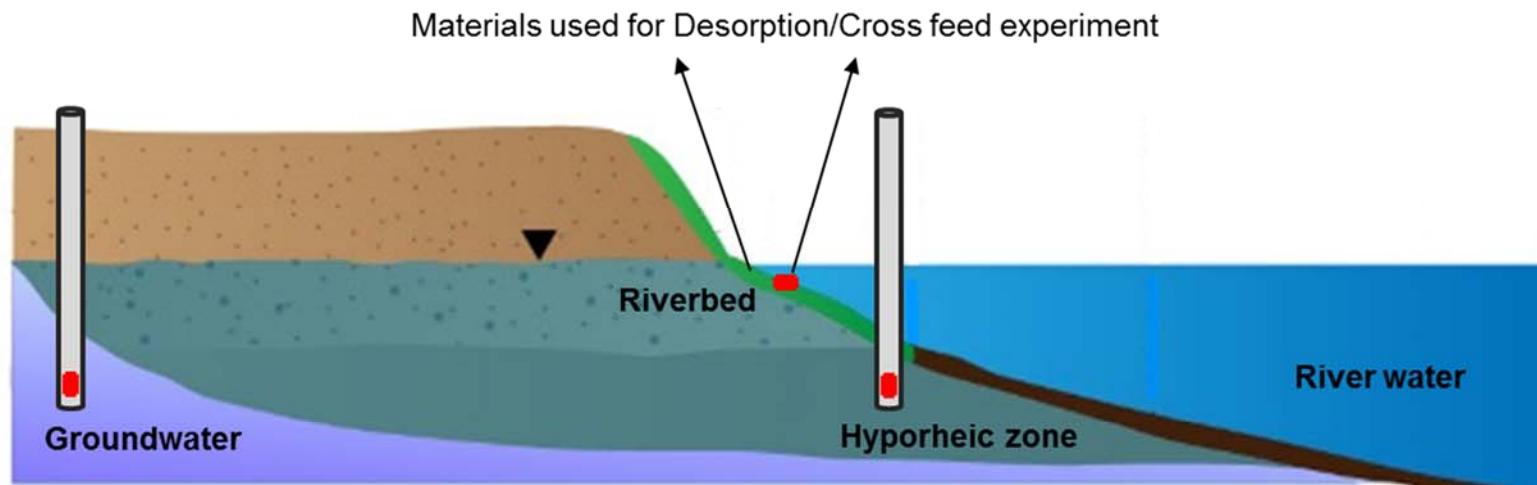


Figure S2. Diagrammatic representation of river stage driven hydrological dynamics within the Hanford 300 Area SIZ. During high river stage (HRS), large river water-groundwater exchange (HQ) takes place during river water intrusion into the SIZ, whereas during low river stage (LRS), medium (MQ) or low (LQ) river water-groundwater exchange takes place and net groundwater release into the SIZ may take place. The red dots correspond to the three habitats examined in this study (1 = groundwater; 2 = riverbed; 3 = hyporheic zone piezometer).



Cross feed experiments 1 and 2:

Step 1: Incubate sand packs (red ovals) *in situ* within groundwater, riverbed, and hyporheic zone environments for 6 weeks to allow for microbial colonization.

Step 2: Expose the different colonized sand materials to either (1) filter-sterilized groundwater, (2) filter-sterilized river water, or (3) autoclaved (DOC-free) artificial groundwater and/or artificial river water.

Desorption/Cross feed experiment:

Step 1: Incubate sand packs (red ovals) *in situ* within groundwater, riverbed, and hyporheic zone environments for 6 weeks to allow for microbial colonization.

Step 2: Collect “desorbed” DOC from either riverbed sediment or riverbed colonized sand packs.

Step 2: Expose the different colonized sand materials to either (1) filter-sterilized river water, (2) filtered-sterilized “desorbed” DOC from riverbed sediment, (3) filtered-sterilized “desorbed” DOC from riverbed colonized sand packs, or (4) autoclaved (DOC-free) artificial river water.

Figure S3. Conceptual explanation of the cross feeding and desorption/cross feeding experiments. See Materials and Methods for details.



Figure S4. Photos of near-shore riverbed environment at the Hanford 300 Area. (A) View from the north side of the Columbia River, illustrating the location of piezometer T3. (B) Close up of the riverbed gravel layer. (C) A large, periphyton-coated gravel stone. (D) Close up of the periphyton-coated gravel stone, illustrating the presence of abundant photosynthetic biomass. The inset in (D) shows periphyton material loosely-associated with the gravel stone.

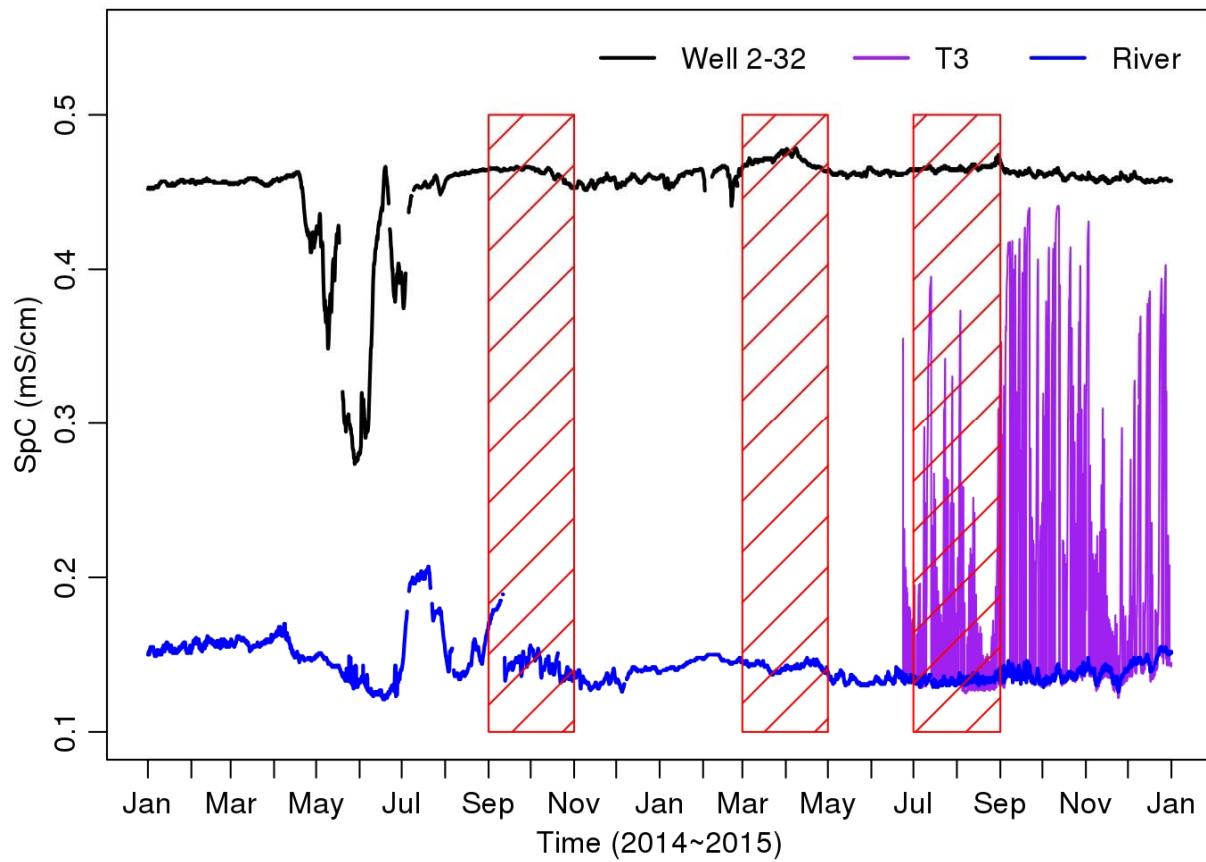


Figure S5. Specific conductivity (SpC) of groundwater well 2-32, piezometer T3, and river water during 2014-2015 (data for piezometer T3 are available only the second half of 2015). Results are hourly measurements from a data logger connected to an *in situ* conductivity probe. The hatched orange rectangles indicate the times of *in situ* sand pack deployment. The frequent variation in piezometer fluid SpC indicates extensive river water-groundwater mixing.

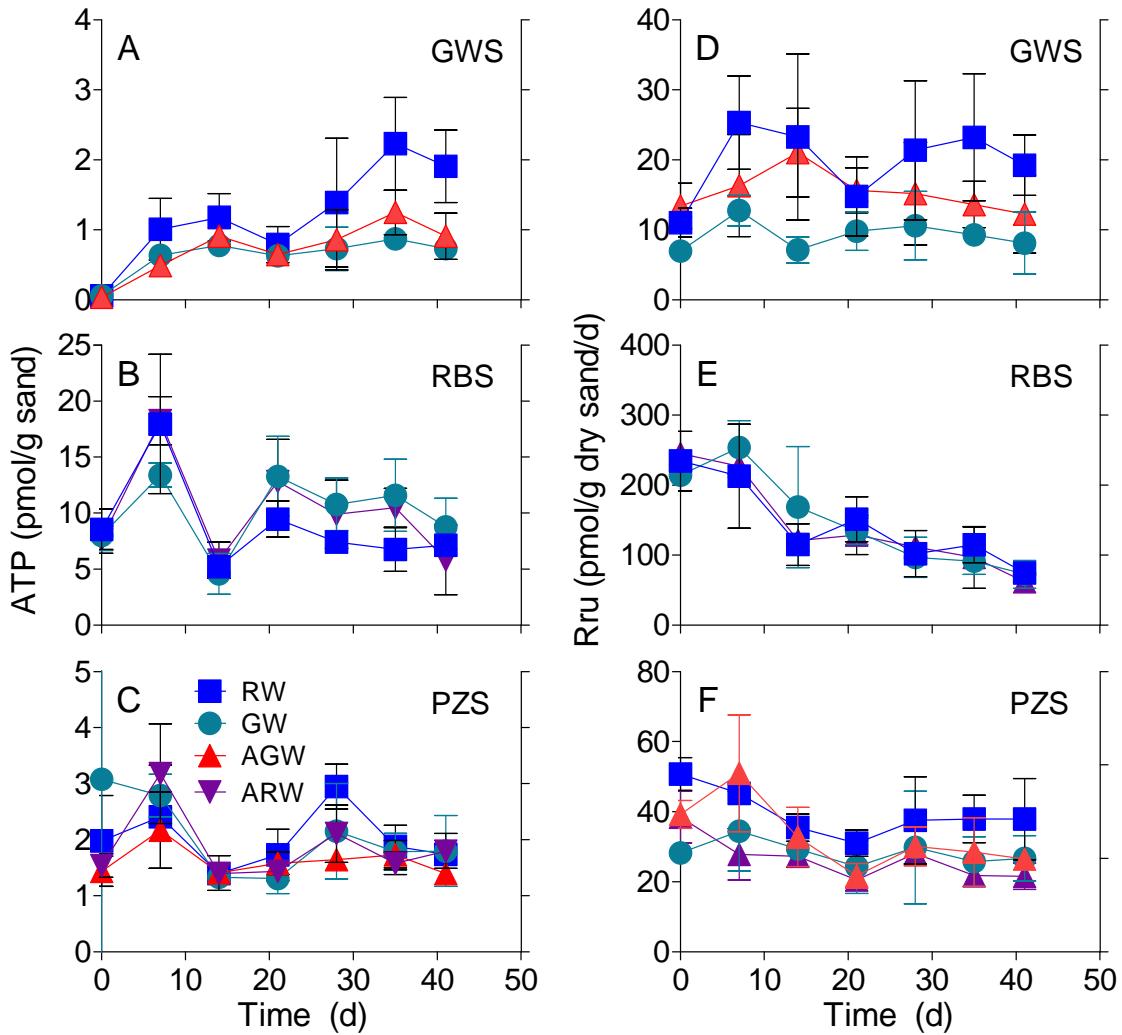


Figure S6. ATP content and rates of resazurin transformation to resorufin for the groundwater (A, D), riverbed (B, E), and piezometer (C, F) sand colonized reactors for Cross feed experiment 2. Each data point shows the mean \pm SD or range of triplicate or duplicate

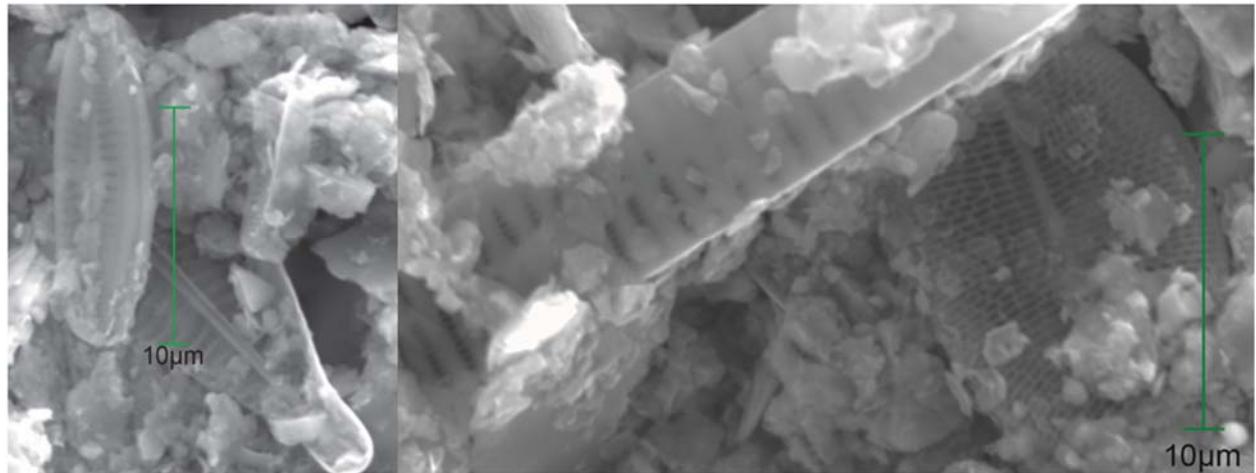


Figure S7. SEM images of diatom frustules in RBS material.

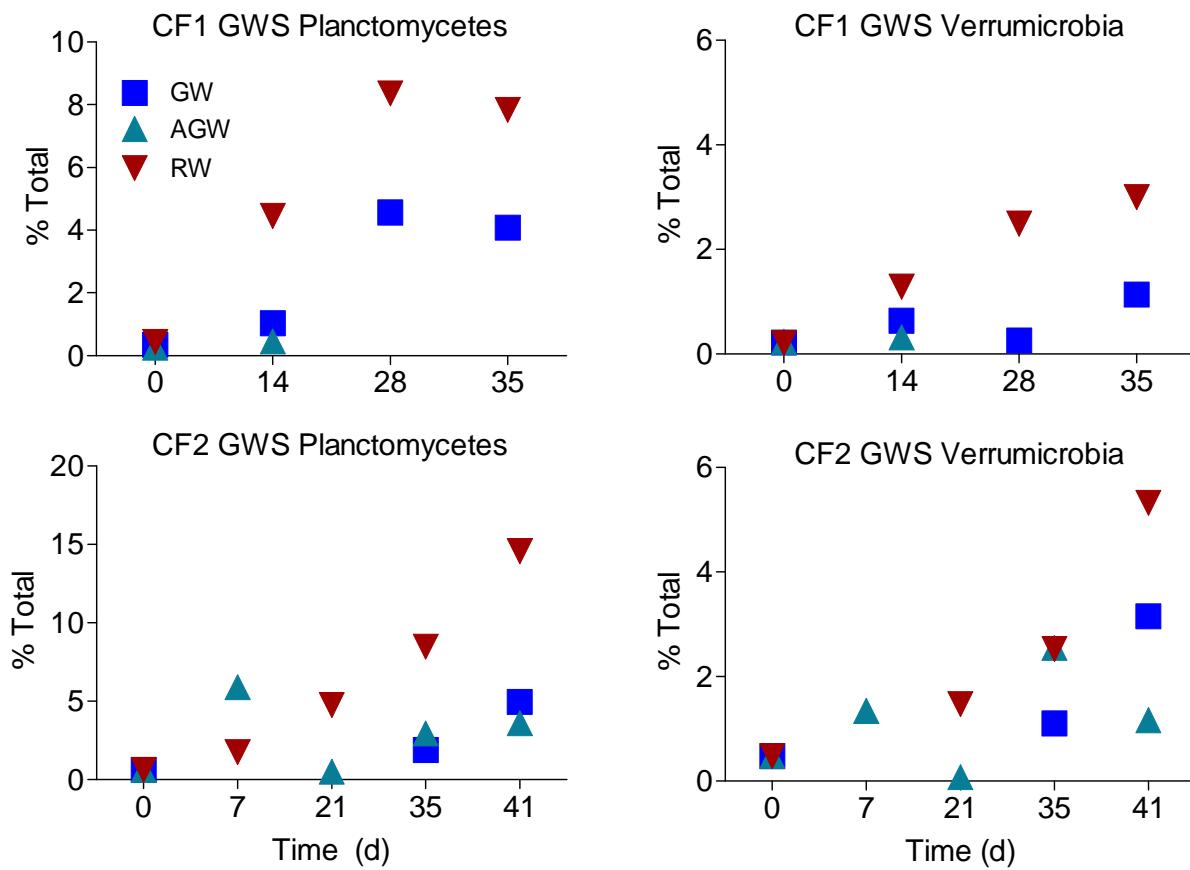


Figure S8. Relative abundance of *Planctomycetes* and *Verrumicrobia* in the CF1 and CF2 GWS reactors exposed to different fluid types (GW, AGW, or RW). Each symbol represents results from a single 16S rRNA gene amplicon library.

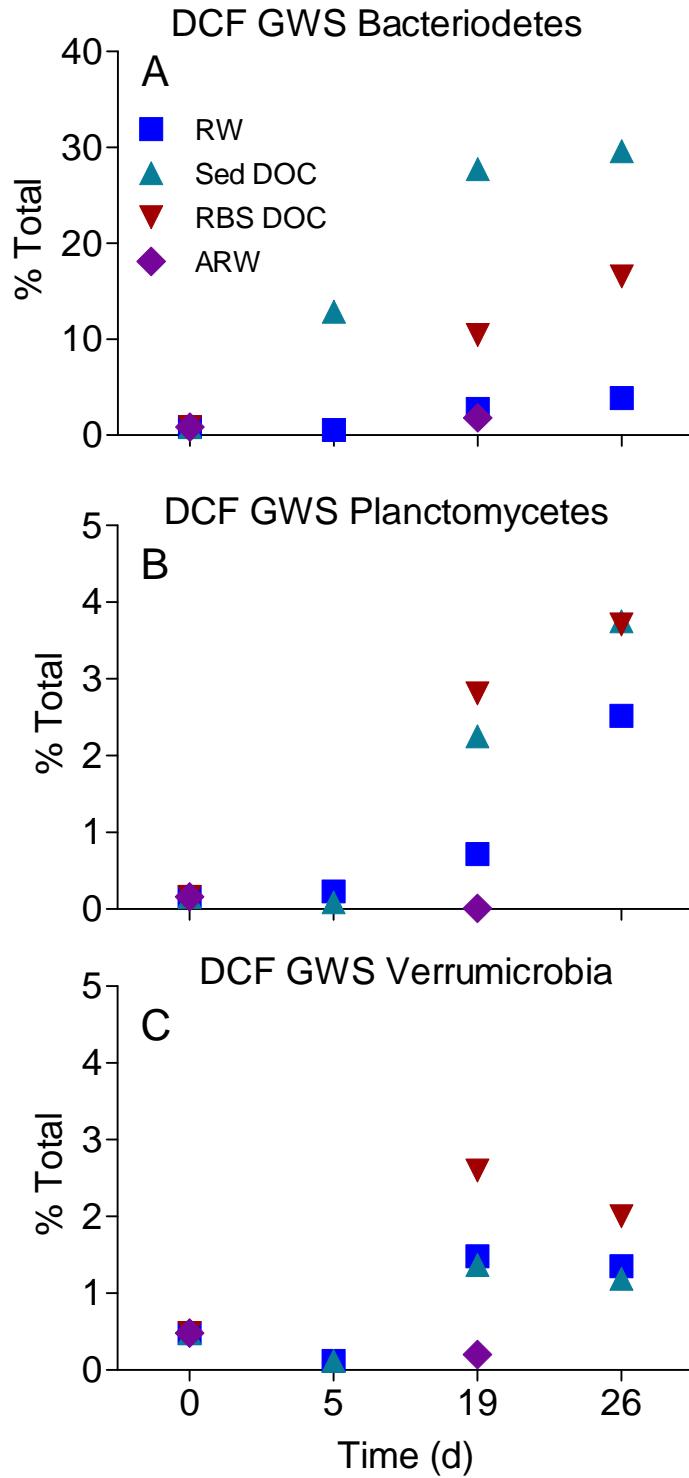


Figure S9. Relative abundance of *Bacteroidetes* (A), *Planctomycetes* (B), and *Verrumicrobia* (C) in the DCF GWS reactors exposed to different fluid types (RW, Sed DOC, RBS DOC, or ARW). Each symbol represents results from a single 16S rRNA gene amplicon library.

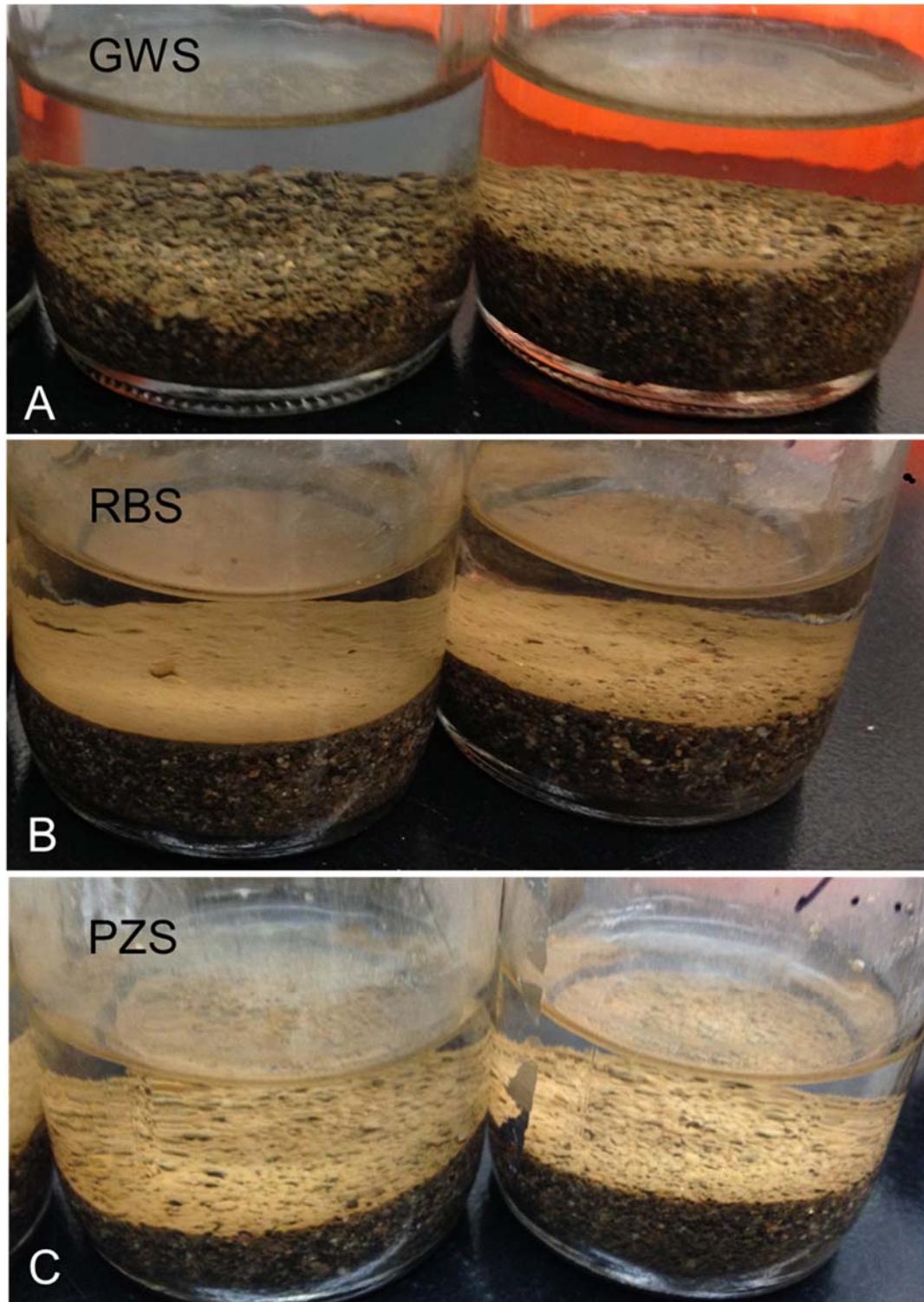


Figure S10. Photos of GWS, RBS, and PZS reactors at the start of CF1. Note the presence of fine-grained materials on the surface the RBS, which are less abundant in the PZS and absent from the GWS.

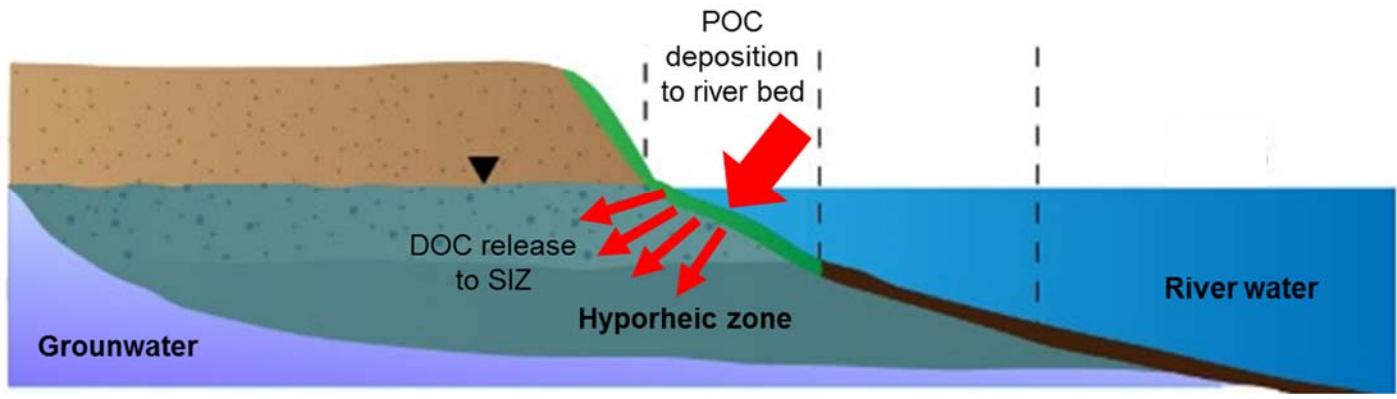


Figure S11. Conceptual illustration of a key biogeochemical implication of this study, i.e. the potential for hydrologically-driven input of labile POC in the form of river water and/or periphyton photosynthetic biomass into the riverbed, and for subsequent flux of DOC derived from that biomass into the HC.

Table S1. Pairwise reactor comparison for the cross feeding experiments. Only comparisons that were significant at $P < 0.05$ are shown (all other comparisons were not significant).

Treatment Comparison	Parameter	Value	Difference	p
CF1 GWS+AGW	Biomass ^a	0.53	0.20	0.0409
	CF1 GWS+GW	0.33		
CF2 RWS+GW	Biomass	9.75	2.88	0.0307
	CF2 RWS+RW	6.87		
CF2 GWS+RW	Biomass	1.62	0.87	2.99E-06
	CF2 GWS+GW	0.75		
CF2 GWS+RW	Biomass	1.62	0.68	0.0009
	CF2 GWS+AGW	0.94		
CF1 RWS+ARW	Respiration ^b	316.23	130.02	0.0374
	CF1 RWS+RW	186.21		
CF2 GWS+RW	Respiration	38.02	21.04	5.36E-06
	CF2 GWS+GW	16.98		
CF2 GWS+AGW	Respiration	26.30	9.32	0.0133
	CF2 GWS+GW	16.98		
CF2 GWS+RW	Respiration	38.02	11.72	0.0326
	CF2 GWS+AGW	26.30		
CF2 PZS+RW	Respiration	70.79	25.09	0.0127
	CF2 PZS+ARW	45.71		

^a Units = pmol/g sand

^b Units = pmol/g sand/48 hr

Table S2. Pairwise comparisons for the desorption/cross feeding experiment. Only comparisons that were significant at $P < \sim 0.05$ are shown (all other comparisons were not significant).

Treatment Comparison	Parameter	Value	Difference	p
GWS+RW	Biomass ^a	0.66	0.37	0.0064
	GWS+ARW	0.29		
GWS+Sed DOC	Biomass	0.60	0.32	0.0138
	GWS+ARW	0.29		
GWS+RBS DOC	Biomass	0.51	0.22	0.0571
	GWS+ARW	0.29		
GWS+ Sed DOC	Respiration ^b	89.13	51.97	0.0021
	GWS+RW	37.15		
GWS+RBS DOC	Respiration	91.20	54.05	0.0015
	GWS+RW	37.15		
PZS+ARW	Respiration	97.72	45.24	0.0253
	PZS+RW	52.48		
PZS+Sed DOC	Respiration	109.65	57.17	0.0098
	PZS+RW	52.48		
PZS+RBS DOC	Respiration	120.23	67.75	0.0038
	PZS+RW	52.48		

^a Units = pmol/g sand

^b Units = pmol/g sand/48 hr

Table S3. Shannon and Simpson diversity indices for GWS, RBS, and PZS in the cross feeding experiments.

Experiment	Shannon Index			Simpson Index		
	GWS	RBS	PZS	GWS	RBS	PZS
CF1	4.44	7.34	6.80	0.0407	0.0027	0.0076
CF2	4.97	7.47	6.83	0.0237	0.0024	0.0067
DCF	4.21	7.17	6.73	0.0545	0.033	0.0064

Table S4. Relative abundance of families within the major Proteobacterial classes and select non-Proteobacterial phyla in CF1. For a given sand type, the number of OTU hits for each family was summed across all water types and divided by the total number of hits for the corresponding phylum. Only families that comprised $\geq 0.1\%$ of the phylum are shown. The notations p_, c_, o_, and f_ refer to phylum, class, order, and family, respectively.

Taxa		Taxa		Taxa	
p_Proteobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Proteobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Proteobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c_Alphaproteobacteria	17.407	c_Alphaproteobacteria	28.080	c_Alphaproteobacteria	32.021
f_Unclassified	3.155	f_Unclassified	8.941	f_Unclassified	12.211
f_Aacetobacteraceae	2.993	f_Rhodobacteraceae	5.373	f_Sphingomonadaceae	4.265
f_Aurantimonadaceae	1.870	f_Sphingomonadaceae	4.819	f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	3.614
f_Beijerinckiaceae	1.661	f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	4.142	f_Rhodobacteraceae	3.492
f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	1.555	f_Rhodospirillaceae	1.717	f_Rhodospirillaceae	2.458
f_Brucellaceae	1.488	f_Hyphomonadaceae	0.717	f_Phyllobacteriaceae	2.144
f_Caulobacteraceae	1.484	f_Phyllobacteriaceae	0.695	f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	0.961
f_Erythrobacteraceae	1.034	f_Caulobacteraceae	0.455	f_Hyphomonadaceae	0.951
f_Holosporaceae	0.654	f_Methylocystaceae	0.275	f_Caulobacteraceae	0.642
f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	0.579	f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	0.231	f_Rhizobiaceae	0.626
f_Hyphomonadaceae	0.298	f_Aacetobacteraceae	0.199	f_Aacetobacteraceae	0.219
f_Methylobacteriaceae	0.249	f_Rhizobiaceae	0.129	f_Pelagibacteraceae	0.132
f_Methylocystaceae	0.225			f_Methylocystaceae	0.107
c_Betaproteobacteria	46.058	c_Betaproteobacteria	24.176	c_Betaproteobacteria	30.194
f_Comamonadaceae	22.621	f_Unclassified	12.340	f_Methyphilaceae	11.837
f_Methyphilaceae	18.323	f_Comamonadaceae	4.631	f_Comamonadaceae	7.552
f_Rhodocyclaceae	2.753	f_Methyphilaceae	2.518	f_Unclassified	7.416
f_Unclassified	1.051	f_Alcaligenaceae	1.636	f_Rhodocyclaceae	2.109
f_Oxalobacteraceae	0.651	f_Rhodocyclaceae	1.620	f_Oxalobacteraceae	0.464
f_Nitrosomonadaceae	0.268	f_Oxalobacteraceae	0.594	f_Alcaligenaceae	0.395
f_Hydrogenophilaceae	0.179	f_Neisseriaceae	0.282	f_Neisseriaceae	0.170
f_Gallionellaceae	0.105				
c_Deltaproteobacteria	2.157	c_Deltaproteobacteria	13.804	c_Deltaproteobacteria	6.960
f_Unclassified	0.909	f_Unclassified	5.921	f_Unclassified	2.653
f_OM27	0.772	f_Syntrophobacteraceae	2.373	f_Syntrophobacteraceae	1.240
f_Bdellovibrionaceae	0.228	f_Geobacteraceae	0.986	f_Haliangiaceae	0.790
f_Haliangiaceae	0.113	f_Haliangiaceae	0.668	f_Bdellovibrionaceae	0.496

		f__Myxococcaceae	0.583	f__OM27	0.462
		f__JTB38	0.566	f__JTB38	0.380
		f__Bdellovibrionaceae	0.426	f__Cystobacterineae	0.264
		f__Desulfuromonadaceae	0.296	f__Nannocystaceae	0.113
		f__Desulfobulbaceae	0.260		
		f__OM27	0.250		
		f__Polyangiaceae	0.246		
		f__MND4	0.243		
		f__NB1-i	0.200		
		f__Cystobacterineae	0.180		
		f__Bacteriovoracaceae	0.158		
		f__Desulfovibraceae	0.112		
c_Gammaproteobacteria	34.331	c_Gammaproteobacteria	32.945	c_Gammaproteobacteria	30.456
f_Pseudomonadaceae	27.772	f_Sinobacteraceae	7.775	f_Pseudomonadaceae	10.695
f_Sinobacteraceae	2.499	f_Xanthomonadaceae	7.408	f_Unclassified	2.982
f_Unclassified	1.007	f_Unclassified	4.248	f_Sinobacteraceae	2.641
f_Alteromonadaceae	0.471	f_Piscirickettsiaceae	3.574	f_Xanthomonadaceae	2.310
f_Moraxellaceae	0.278	f_Coxiellaceae	2.673	f_Ectothiorhodospiraceae	2.030
f_Legionellaceae	0.259	f_Pseudomonadaceae	2.032	f_Moraxellaceae	1.715
f_Coxiellaceae	0.255	f_Marinicellaceae	1.235	f_Alteromonadaceae	1.332
f_Chromatiaceae	0.253	f_OM60	1.000	f_Piscirickettsiaceae	1.143
f_Oleophilaceae	0.213	f_Legionellaceae	0.699	f_Coxiellaceae	1.023
f_Xanthomonadaceae	0.121	f_125ds10	0.518	f_125ds10	0.920
		f_Moraxellaceae	0.504	f_Marinicellaceae	0.785
		f_Crenotrichaceae	0.390	f_Legionellaceae	0.380
		f_HTCC2089	0.248	f_OM60	0.341
				f_HTCC2188	0.229
				f_HTCC2089	0.103
p_Acidobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Acidobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Acidobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c_Chloracidobacteria	46.481	c_Chloracidobacteria	39.80261	c_Chloracidobacteria	29.080
f_Ellin6075	42.640	f_Ellin6075	33.66153	f_Ellin6075	25.325
f_Unclassified	3.828	f_Unclassified	6.12575	f_Unclassified	3.748
c_Acidobacteria-6	44.881	c_Acidobacteria-6	40.29668	c_Acidobacteria-6	46.767

f_mb2424	30.869	f_Unclassified	25.13737	f_Unclassified	31.242
f_Unclassified	13.527	f_mb2424	7.94873	f_mb2424	8.656
f_RB40	0.485	f_RB40	7.20822	f_RB40	6.869
c_Holophagae	5.204	c_Holophagae	2.66255	c_Holophagae	1.173
f_Holophagaceae	5.204	f_Holophagaceae	2.65665	f_Holophagaceae	1.096
c_Sva0725	0.459	c_Sva0725	3.98439	c_Sva0725	4.347
f_Unclassified	0.459	f_Unclassified	3.98439	f_Unclassified	4.347
c_RB25	0.406	c_RB25	2.94201	c_RB25	4.308
f_Unclassified	0.406	f_Unclassified	2.94201	f_Unclassified	4.308
c_iii1-8	0.223	c_iii1-8	4.16598	c_iii1-8	3.140
f_Unclassified	0.223	f_Unclassified	4.13414	f_Unclassified	3.134
p_Bacteroidetes	GWS % of Phylum	p_Bacteroidetes	RBS % of Phylum	p_Bacteroidetes	PZS % of Phylum
c_Saprospirae	19.111	c_Saprospirae	49.964	c_Saprospirae	32.061
f_Unclassified	0.000	f_Saprospiraceae	36.402	f_Chitinophagaceae	21.943
f_Saprospiraceae	1.829	f_Saprospiraceae	12.597	f_Saprospiraceae	9.656
f_Chitinophagaceae	17.282	f_Unclassified	0.965	f_Unclassified	0.463
c_Flavobacteriia	45.843	c_Flavobacteriia	20.249	c_Flavobacteriia	25.117
f_Flavobacteriaceae	26.054	f_Flavobacteriaceae	18.139	f_Flavobacteriaceae	17.745
f_Cryomorphaceae	19.781	f_Cryomorphaceae	2.096	f_Cryomorphaceae	7.354
c_Sphingobacteriia	15.951	c_Sphingobacteriia	15.139	c_Sphingobacteriia	22.377
f_Unclassified	15.934	f_Unclassified	15.044	f_Unclassified	22.284
c_Cytophagia	3.855	c_Cytophagia	11.823	c_Cytophagia	18.890
f_Cytophagaceae	3.839	f_Cytophagaceae	11.539	f_Cytophagaceae	18.726
		f_Amoebophilaceae	0.263		
c_Bacteroidia	7.612	c_Bacteroidia	1.780	c_Bacteroidia	0.402
f_Marinilabiaceae	4.574	f_Unclassified	1.392	f_Unclassified	0.174
f_Unclassified	1.870	f_SB-1	0.193		

f_Rikenellaceae	0.931				
f_S24-7	0.237				
p_Cyanobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Cyanobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Cyanobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c_Chloroplast	7.419	c_Chloroplast	94.049	c_Chloroplast	71.560
o_Streptophyta	5.906	o_Stramenopiles	93.168	o_Stramenopiles	69.791
o_Stramenopiles	1.513	o_Chlorophyta	0.634	o_Chlorophyta	1.084
		o_Streptophyta	0.232	o_Streptophyta	0.561
f_Unclassified	7.419	f_Unclassified	93.499	f_Unclassified	70.700
		f_Chlamydomonadaceae	0.537	f_Chlamydomonadaceae	0.785
c_ML635J-21	88.335	c_ML635J-21	2.142	c_ML635J-21	19.039
f_Unclassified	88.335	f_Unclassified	2.142	f_Unclassified	19.039
c_4C0d-2	4.237	c_4C0d-2	2.103	c_4C0d-2	5.729
f_Unclassified	4.237	f_Unclassified	2.103	f_Unclassified	5.729
		c_Synechococcophycideae	1.325	c_Synechococcophycideae	3.469
		f_Synechococcaceae	1.141	f_Synechococcaceae	3.411
p_Nitroapiraea	GWS % of Phylum	p_Nitroapiraea	RBS % of Phylum	p_Nitroapiraea	PZS % of Phylum
c_Nitrospira	100.000	c_Nitrospira	100.000	c_Nitrospira	100.000
f_Nitrospiraceae	98.408	f_Nitrospiraceae	89.446	f_Nitrospiraceae	92.481
f_0319-6A21	0.628	f_0319-6A21	7.919	f_0319-6A21	6.713
f_Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	0.597	f_Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	2.287	f_Leptospillaceae	0.327
f_Unclassified	0.322	f_FW	0.323	f_Unclassified	0.265
				f_Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	0.214
p_Planctomycetes	GWS % of Phylum	p_Planctomycetes	RBS % of Phylum	p_Planctomycetes	PZS % of Phylum
c_Planctomycetia	92.642	c_Planctomycetia	89.916	c_Planctomycetia	78.868
f_Planctomycetaceae	67.862	f_Gemmataceae	34.411	f_Gemmataceae	31.293
f_Gemmataceae	18.651	f_Pirellulaceae	33.514	f_Pirellulaceae	26.308
f_Pirellulaceae	5.609	f_Planctomycetaceae	16.059	f_Planctomycetaceae	16.834
f_Isosphaeraceae	0.415	f_Isosphaeraceae	5.143	f_Isosphaeraceae	3.870

f__Unclassified	0.104	f__Unclassified	0.788	f__Unclassified	0.563
c__Phycisphaerae	1.564	c__Phycisphaerae	4.352	c__Phycisphaerae	4.648
f__Unclassified	0.585	f__Unclassified	4.331	f__Unclassified	4.590
f__Phycisphaeraceae	0.978				
c__OM190	3.535	c__OM190	2.587	c__OM190	8.005
f__Unclassified	3.535	f__Unclassified	2.587	f__Unclassified	8.005
c__BD7-11	1.349	c__BD7-11	0.557	c__BD7-11	4.027
f__	1.349	f__	0.557	f__	4.027
c__vadinHA49	0.163	c__vadinHA49	0.929	c__vadinHA49	2.359
f__Unclassified	0.163	f__Unclassified	0.929	f__Unclassified	2.359
p_Verrumicrobia	GWS % of Phylum	p_Verrumicrobia	RBS % of Phylum	p_Verrumicrobia	PZS % of Phylum
c_Pedosphaerae	75.022	c_Pedosphaerae	34.924	c_Pedosphaerae	61.473
f_Ellin517	44.158	f_auto67_4W	15.616	f_Unclassified	24.152
f_Unclassified	19.356	f_Unclassified	12.522	f_auto67_4W	13.660
f_R4-41B	4.762	f_R4-41B	2.629	f_Ellin517	12.132
f_auto67_4W	3.219	f_Ellin515	2.209	f_R4-41B	6.592
f_Pedosphaeraceae	0.772	f_Ellin517	0.833	f_Ellin515	1.425
f_Ellin515	0.639	f_Pedosphaeraceae	0.168	f_Pedosphaeraceae	1.050
c_Spartobacteria	4.277	c_Spartobacteria	19.842	c_Spartobacteria	7.239
f_Chthoniobacteraceae	4.277	f_Chthoniobacteraceae	19.827	f_Chthoniobacteraceae	7.239
c_Verrucomicrobiae	5.732	c_Verrucomicrobiae	31.255	c_Verrucomicrobiae	10.073
f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	5.732	f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	31.255	f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	10.073
c_Opitutae	14.683	c_Opitutae	6.408	c_Opitutae	16.440
f_Opitutaceae	14.683	f_Opitutaceae	6.237	f_Opitutaceae	16.224
		f_Cerasicoccaceae	0.105	f_Cerasicoccaceae	0.182
c_Verruco-5	0.132	c_Verruco-5	3.042	c_Verruco-5	1.366

f__Unclassified	0.132	f__Unclassified	3.030	f__Unclassified	1.355
c__Methylacidiphilae	0.154	c__Methylacidiphilae	1.897	c__Methylacidiphilae	2.133
f__Unclassified	0.154	f__Unclassified	1.885	f__Unclassified	2.049
p_Crenarcheaota	GWS % of Phylum	p_Crenarcheaota	RBS % of Phylum	p_Crenarcheaota	PZS % of Phylum
c__Thaumarchaeota	100.000	c__Thaumarchaeota	99.975	c__Thaumarchaeota	99.984
f__Cenarchaeaceae	95.667	f__Cenarchaeaceae	86.344	f__Cenarchaeaceae	95.610
f__Nitrososphaeraceae	3.298	f__Nitrososphaeraceae	13.403	f__Nitrososphaeraceae	2.168
f__SAGMA-X	1.035	f__SAGMA-X	0.228	f__SAGMA-X	2.156

Table S5. Relative abundance of families within the major Proteobacterial classes and select non-Proteobacterial phyla in CF2. For a given sand type, the number of OTU hits for each family was summed across all water types and divided by the total number of hits for the corresponding phylum. Only families that comprised $\geq 0.1\%$ of the phylum are shown. The notations p_, c_, o_, and f_ refer to phylum, class, order, and family, respectively.

Taxa		Taxa		Taxa	
p_Proteobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Proteobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Proteobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c_Alphaproteobacteria	20.411	c_Alphaproteobacteria	22.694	c_Alphaproteobacteria	24.836
f_Unclassified	5.079	f_Unclassified	7.657	f_Unclassified	7.991
f_Sphingomonadaceae	2.196	f_Rhodobacteraceae	3.849	f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	3.382
f_Caulobacteraceae	2.115	f_Sphingomonadaceae	3.174	f_Rhodobacteraceae	2.976
f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	1.934	f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	2.574	f_Sphingomonadaceae	2.667
f_Rhodospirillaceae	1.901	f_Rhodospirillaceae	2.436	f_Rhodospirillaceae	2.492
f_Rhodobacteraceae	1.449	f_Hyphomonadaceae	1.531	f_Hyphomonadaceae	1.664
f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	1.412	f_Phyllobacteriaceae	0.334	f_Phyllobacteriaceae	0.913
f_Phyllobacteriaceae	1.362	f_Aacetobacteraceae	0.255	f_Rhizobiaceae	0.763
f_Beijerinckiaceae	1.168	f_Caulobacteraceae	0.245	f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	0.704
f_Hyphomonadaceae	1.150	f_Methylocystaceae	0.132	f_Caulobacteraceae	0.456
f_Methylobacteriaceae	0.175	f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	0.114	f_Aacetobacteraceae	0.221
f_Aacetobacteraceae	0.132			f_Pelagibacteraceae	0.187
f_Rhizobiaceae	0.107			f_Methylocystaceae	0.115
c_Betaproteobacteria	64.742	c_Betaproteobacteria	32.082	c_Betaproteobacteria	48.173
f_Comamonadaceae	36.658	f_Comamonadaceae	11.035	f_Methylophilaceae	17.652
f_Rhodocyclaceae	12.638	f_Unclassified	7.746	f_Comamonadaceae	16.960
f_Methylophilaceae	11.723	f_Rhodocyclaceae	6.556	f_Unclassified	6.134
f_Unclassified	1.830	f_Methylophilaceae	3.832	f_Rhodocyclaceae	5.753
f_Hydrogenophilaceae	0.968	f_Oxalobacteraceae	0.884	f_Oxalobacteraceae	0.526
f_Oxalobacteraceae	0.659	f_Neisseriaceae	0.711	f_Neisseriaceae	0.348
		f_Alcaligenaceae	0.385	f_Alcaligenaceae	0.229
		f_Nitrosomonadaceae	0.141		
c_Deltaproteobacteria	3.018	c_Deltaproteobacteria	17.268	c_Deltaproteobacteria	10.948
f_Unclassified	1.780	f_Unclassified	7.726	f_Unclassified	5.084
f_OM27	0.695	f_Syntrophobacteraceae	1.937	f_Syntrophobacteraceae	1.859
f_Haliangiaceae	0.202	f_Geobacteraceae	1.260	f_Haliangiaceae	0.790
f_Bdellovibrionaceae	0.162	f_Haliangiaceae	0.933	f_Bdellovibrionaceae	0.716

		f__Myxococcaceae	0.757	f__OM27	0.411
		f__Bdellovibrionaceae	0.710	f__JTB38	0.368
		f__Polyangiaceae	0.692	f__Cystobacterineae	0.322
		f__OM27	0.620	f__Polyangiaceae	0.264
		f__JTB38	0.333	f__Myxococcaceae	0.217
		f__Bacteriovoracaceae	0.290	f__Nannocystaceae	0.204
		f__NB1-i	0.263	f__Bacteriovoracaceae	0.192
		f__MND4	0.227	f__Geobacteraceae	0.137
		f__Cystobacterineae	0.158	f__MND4	0.122
		f__Nannocystaceae	0.150		
		f__Desulfobulbaceae	0.125		
		f__Entotheonellaceae	0.114		
c__Gammaproteobacteria	11.746	c__Gammaproteobacteria	27.104	c__Gammaproteobacteria	15.743
f__Pseudomonadaceae	3.301	f__Pseudomonadaceae	5.911	f__Sinobacteraceae	2.906
f__Unclassified	2.485	f__Xanthomonadaceae	3.500	f__Unclassified	2.698
f__Alteromonadaceae	1.466	f__Sinobacteraceae	3.131	f__Coxiellaceae	1.578
f__Sinobacteraceae	1.253	f__Unclassified	2.800	f__Xanthomonadaceae	1.301
f__Moraxellaceae	1.052	f__OM60	2.112	f__OM60	1.196
f__Coxiellaceae	0.494	f__Piscirickettsiaceae	2.021	f__Piscirickettsiaceae	1.082
f__Oleophilaceae	0.409	f__Coxiellaceae	1.914	f__Marinicellaceae	0.928
f__Chromatiaceae	0.381	f__Moraxellaceae	1.411	f__Pseudomonadaceae	0.894
f__Piscirickettsiaceae	0.334	f__Marinicellaceae	1.226	f__Moraxellaceae	0.654
f__211ds20	0.162	f__Alteromonadaceae	0.668	f__Alteromonadaceae	0.604
		f__125ds10	0.546	f__125ds10	0.502
		f__Aeromonadaceae	0.413	f__HTCC2089	0.274
		f__HTCC2089	0.399	f__Legionellaceae	0.248
		f__Legionellaceae	0.177	f__HTCC2188	0.239
		f__Crenotrichaceae	0.148	f__Crenotrichaceae	0.106
		f__Chromatiaceae	0.131		
p_Acidobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Acidobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Acidobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c__Chloracidobacteria	28.734	c__Chloracidobacteria	34.223	c__Chloracidobacteria	33.659
f__Unclassified	16.795	f__Ellin6075	21.949	f__Ellin6075	23.417
f__Ellin6075	11.938	f__Unclassified	12.274	f__Unclassified	10.242

c__Acidobacteria-6	54.426	c__Acidobacteria-6	32.994	c__Acidobacteria-6	37.981
f_mb2424	41.943	f_Unclassified	20.427	f_Unclassified	23.648
f_Unclassified	10.168	f_mb2424	7.054	f_mb2424	7.278
f_RB40	2.315	f_RB40	5.507	f_RB40	7.056
c__Holophagae	1.316	c__Holophagae	10.919	c__Holophagae	1.561
f_Holophagaceae	1.316	f_Holophagaceae	10.669	f_Holophagaceae	1.471
		f_Unclassified	0.249		
c__Sva0725	0.272	c__Sva0725	3.267	c__Sva0725	3.992
f_Unclassified	0.272	f_Unclassified	3.267	f_Unclassified	3.992
c__RB25	0.318	c__RB25	4.724	c__RB25	6.784
f_Unclassified	0.318	f_Unclassified	4.724	f_Unclassified	6.784
c__iii1-8	1.226	c__iii1-8	2.717	c__iii1-8	1.430
f_Unclassified	1.226	f_Unclassified	2.717	f_Unclassified	1.430
c__AT-s54	1.226	c__AT-s54	1.008	c__AT-s54	1.774
f_Unclassified	1.226	f_Unclassified	1.008	f_Unclassified	1.774
p_Bacteroidetes	GWS % of Phylum	p_Bacteroidetes	RBS % of Phylum	p_Bacteroidetes	PZS % of Phylum
c_Saprosirae	54.813	c_Saprosirae	52.803	c_Saprosirae	41.912
f_Saprosiraceae	45.558	f_Chitinophagaceae	36.950	f_Chitinophagaceae	27.282
f_Chitinophagaceae	9.255	f_Saprosiraceae	14.805	f_Saprosiraceae	13.812
		f_Unclassified	1.048	f_Unclassified	0.818
c_Sphingobacteriia	8.249	c_Sphingobacteriia	14.876	c_Sphingobacteriia	25.613
f_Unclassified	8.018	f_Unclassified	14.698	f_Unclassified	25.327
f_Sphingobacteriaceae	0.231	f_Sphingobacteriaceae	0.126	f_Sphingobacteriaceae	0.169
c_Cytophagia	9.503	c_Cytophagia	14.775	c_Cytophagia	21.380
f_Cytophagaceae	9.486	f_Cytophagaceae	14.484	f_Cytophagaceae	20.926
f_Cyclobacteriaceae	0.008	f_Amoebophilaceae	0.123	f_Flammeovirgaceae	0.281
				f_Amoebophilaceae	0.101
c_Flavobacteriia	17.694	c_Flavobacteriia	14.344	c_Flavobacteriia	9.002
f_Cryomorphaceae	14.237	f_Flavobacteriaceae	12.012	f_Cryomorphaceae	6.296
f_Flavobacteriaceae	3.440	f_Cryomorphaceae	2.281	f_Flavobacteriaceae	2.653

c__Bacteroidia	6.599	c__Bacteroidia	2.660	c__Bacteroidia	0.961
f__Unclassified	5.642	f__Unclassified	1.667	f__Unclassified	0.428
f__S24-7	0.685	f__Rikenellaceae	0.273	f__S24-7	0.311
f__VC21_Bac22	0.107	f__S24-7	0.264		
		f__Porphyromonadaceae	0.187		
		f__SB-1	0.126		
p_Cyanobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Cyanobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Cyanobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c__Chloroplast	16.614	c__Chloroplast	89.501	c__Chloroplast	80.722
o__Stramenopiles	11.378	o__Stramenopiles	88.365	o__Stramenopiles	77.300
o__Streptophyta	4.843	o__Chlorophyta	0.864	o__Chlorophyta	2.237
o__Chlorophyta	0.394	o__Streptophyta	0.172	o__Streptophyta	0.664
				o__Cryptophyta	0.255
				o__UA01	0.166
f__Unclassified	16.614	f__Unclassified	88.863	f__Unclassified	79.116
		f__Chlamydomonadaceae	0.604	f__Chlamydomonadaceae	1.384
			0.034	f__Trebouxiophyceae	0.221
c__ML635J-21	82.087	c__ML635J-21	4.460	c__ML635J-21	8.703
f__Unclassified	82.087	f__Unclassified	4.460	f__Unclassified	8.703
c__4C0d-2	0.394	c__4C0d-2	3.549	c__4C0d-2	6.677
f__Unclassified	0.394	f__Unclassified	3.549	f__Unclassified	6.677
c__Synechococcophycideae	0.394	c__Synechococcophycideae	1.232	c__Synechococcophycideae	3.410
f__Synechococcaceae	0.394	f__Synechococcaceae	0.753	f__Synechococcaceae	3.200
		f__Unclassified	0.218	f__Unclassified	0.111
		f__Pseudanabaenaceae	0.168		
p_Nitroapiraea	GWS % of Phylum	p_Nitroapiraea	RBS % of Phylum	p_Nitroapiraea	PZS % of Phylum
c__Nitrospira	100.000	c__Nitrospira	100.000	c__Nitrospira	100.000
f__Nitrospiraceae	95.983	f__Nitrospiraceae	95.802	f__Nitrospiraceae	94.855
f__0319-6A21	0.057	f__0319-6A21	3.349	f__0319-6A21	2.491
f__Unclassified	2.942	f__Unclassified	0.000	f__Unclassified	2.226
f__Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	0.820	f__Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	0.554	f__Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	0.277
f__Leptospirillaceae	0.198	f__Leptospirillaceae	0.047		
		f__FW	0.248		

p_Planctomycetes	GWS % of Phylum	p_Planctomycetes	RBS % of Phylum	p_Planctomycetes	PZS % of Phylum
c_Planctomycetia	77.789	c_Planctomycetia	72.329	c_Planctomycetia	74.614
f_Planctomycetaceae	59.399	f_Gemmataceae	28.807	f_Gemmataceae	28.560
f_Gemmataceae	15.045	f_Pirellulaceae	27.892	f_Pirellulaceae	27.072
f_Pirellulaceae	2.623	f_Planctomycetaceae	13.418	f_Planctomycetaceae	16.021
f_Unclassified	0.713	f_Isosphaeraceae	1.402	f_Isosphaeraceae	2.345
		f_Unclassified	0.810	f_Unclassified	0.617
c_Phycisphaerae	1.359	c_Phycisphaerae	8.292	c_Phycisphaerae	7.373
f_Phycisphaeraceae	0.409	f_Unclassified	8.178	f_Unclassified	7.231
		f_Phycisphaeraceae	0.114	f_Phycisphaeraceae	0.141
c_OM190	4.999	c_OM190	7.244	c_OM190	7.591
f_Unclassified	4.999	f_Unclassified	7.244	f_Unclassified	7.591
c_BD7-11	8.164	c_BD7-11	1.937	c_BD7-11	2.864
f_Unclassified	8.164	f_Unclassified	1.937	f_Unclassified	2.864
c_vadinHA49	7.204	c_vadinHA49	3.052	c_vadinHA49	3.722
f_Unclassified	7.204	f_Unclassified	3.052	f_Unclassified	3.722
p_Verrumicrobia	GWS % of Phylum	p_Verrumicrobia	RBS % of Phylum	p_Verrumicrobia	PZS % of Phylum
c_Pedosphaerae	55.756	c_Pedosphaerae	46.661	c_Pedosphaerae	55.233
f_Ellin517	17.455	f_Unclassified	17.181	f_Unclassified	21.533
f_Unclassified	15.524	f_auto67_4W	15.751	f_auto67_4W	17.364
f_R4-41B	10.968	f_R4-41B	4.210	f_R4-41B	6.342
f_Ellin515	7.749	f_Ellin517	3.374	f_Ellin517	3.924
f_auto67_4W	2.426	f_Ellin515	2.304	f_Ellin515	2.412
f_Pedosphaeraceae	0.545	f_Pedosphaeraceae	1.735	f_Pedosphaeraceae	1.985
c_Spartobacteria	7.081	c_Spartobacteria	13.830	c_Spartobacteria	12.223
f_Chthoniobacteraceae	7.081	f_Chthoniobacteraceae	13.830	f_Chthoniobacteraceae	12.211
c_Verrucomicrobiae	5.447	c_Verrucomicrobiae	15.806	c_Verrucomicrobiae	12.729
f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	5.447	f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	15.806	f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	12.729
c_Opitutae	30.775	c_Opitutae	16.358	c_Opitutae	17.976
f_Opitutaceae	30.255	f_Opitutaceae	15.487	f_Opitutaceae	17.657

f__Cerasicoccaceae	0.396	f__Cerasicoccaceae	0.774	f__Cerasicoccaceae	0.242
f__Unclassified	0.124				
		c__Verruco-5	3.634	c__Verruco-5	1.689
		f__Unclassified	3.615	f__Unclassified	1.684
c__Methylacidiphilae	0.891	c__Methylacidiphilae	2.014	c__Methylacidiphilae	1.729
f__Unclassified	0.891	f__Unclassified	1.914	f__Unclassified	1.627
p_Crenarcheaota	GWS % of Phylum	p_Crenarcheaota	RBS % of Phylum	p_Crenarcheaota	PZS % of Phylum
c_Thaumarchaeota	100.000	c_Thaumarchaeota	100.000	c_Thaumarchaeota	99.974
f_Cenarchaeaceae	99.328	f_Cenarchaeaceae	98.328	f_Cenarchaeaceae	97.745
f_Nitrososphaeraceae	0.493	f_Nitrososphaeraceae	1.532	f_Nitrososphaeraceae	1.206
f_SAGMA-X	0.179	f_SAGMA-X	0.140	f_SAGMA-X	1.023

Table S6. Relative abundance of families within the major Proteobacterial classes and select non-Proteobacterial phyla in DCF. For a given sand type, the number of OTU hits for each family was summed across all water types and divided by the total number of hits for the corresponding phylum. Only families that comprised $\geq 0.1\%$ of the phylum are shown. The notations p_, c_, o_, and f_ refer to phylum, class, order, and family, respectively.

Taxa		Taxa		Taxa	
p_Proteobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Proteobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Proteobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c_Alphaproteobacteria	8.777	c_Alphaproteobacteria	24.927	c_Alphaproteobacteria	31.361
f_Unclassified	1.868	f_Unclassified	6.983	f_Unclassified	12.153
f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	1.526	f_Rhodobacteraceae	6.023	f_Sphingomonadaceae	4.906
f_Sphingomonadaceae	1.099	f_Sphingomonadaceae	5.376	f_Rhodobacteraceae	4.543
f_Phyllobacteriaceae	0.731	f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	2.560	f_Hyphomicrobiaceae	3.527
f_Rhodospirillaceae	0.729	f_Rhodospirillaceae	1.010	f_Rhodospirillaceae	2.250
f_Rhodobacteraceae	0.702	f_Hyphomonadaceae	0.787	f_Phyllobacteriaceae	0.915
f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	0.575	f_Caulobacteraceae	0.648	f_Caulobacteraceae	0.880
f_Caulobacteraceae	0.491	f_Phyllobacteriaceae	0.428	f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	0.817
f_Beijerinckiaceae	0.377	f_Bradyrhizobiaceae	0.331	f_Rhizobiaceae	0.336
f_Methylobacteriaceae	0.167	f_Aacetobacteraceae	0.211	f_Hyphomonadaceae	0.333
f_Hyphomonadaceae	0.141	f_Rickettsiaceae	0.111	f_Erythrobacteraceae	0.193
f_Rhizobiaceae	0.134			f_Aacetobacteraceae	0.192
c_Betaproteobacteria	56.867	c_Betaproteobacteria	26.499	c_Betaproteobacteria	36.519
f_Comamonadaceae	27.178	f_Comamonadaceae	10.821	f_Comamonadaceae	12.791
f_Methylophilaceae	19.440	f_Unclassified	8.704	f_Methylophilaceae	11.614
f_Rhodocyclaceae	5.270	f_Rhodocyclaceae	2.288	f_Unclassified	6.287
f_Oxalobacteraceae	3.590	f_Methylophilaceae	1.716	f_Rhodocyclaceae	2.594
f_Unclassified	0.728	f_Oxalobacteraceae	1.392	f_Oxalobacteraceae	2.156
f_Hydrogenophilaceae	0.456	f_Alcaligenaceae	0.778	f_Alcaligenaceae	0.270
f_Neisseriaceae	0.109	f_Neisseriaceae	0.166	f_Nitrosomonadaceae	0.188
				f_Neisseriaceae	0.186
				f_Hydrogenophilaceae	0.142
c_Deltaproteobacteria	3.014	c_Deltaproteobacteria	14.104	c_Deltaproteobacteria	7.807
f_OM27	1.586	f_Unclassified	6.188	f_Unclassified	3.133
f_Bdellovibrionaceae	0.787	f_Geobacteraceae	1.556	f_Syntrophobacteraceae	1.249
f_Unclassified	0.558	f_Syntrophobacteraceae	1.472	f_Haliangiaceae	0.626
		f_OM27	0.750	f_Nannocystaceae	0.495

		f_Polyangiaceae	0.633	f_OM27	0.470
		f_Myxococcaceae	0.561	f_Bdellovibrionaceae	0.408
		f_Haliangiaceae	0.552	f_JTB38	0.274
		f_JTB38	0.416	f_Bacteriovoracaceae	0.184
		f_Nannocystaceae	0.311	f_Myxococcaceae	0.176
		f_Bdellovibrionaceae	0.305	f_Geobacteraceae	0.140
		f_Desulfobulbaceae	0.250	f_Polyangiaceae	0.136
		f_Desulfuromonadaceae	0.211	f_MND4	0.122
		f_Bacteriovoracaceae	0.186		
		f_Desulfobacteraceae	0.178		
		f_MND4	0.147		
		f_Syntrophaceae	0.144		
c_Gammaproteobacteria	31.310	c_Gammaproteobacteria	33.941	c_Gammaproteobacteria	24.021
f_Pseudomonadaceae	26.094	f_Xanthomonadaceae	13.810	f_Pseudomonadaceae	3.857
f_Legionellaceae	1.561	f_Sinobacteraceae	5.302	f_Unclassified	2.985
f_Coxiellaceae	0.824	f_Unclassified	4.253	f_Sinobacteraceae	2.898
f_Sinobacteraceae	0.683	f_Coxiellaceae	3.184	f_Xanthomonadaceae	2.724
f_Unclassified	0.659	f_Piscirickettsiaceae	2.000	f_Moraxellaceae	2.318
f_Moraxellaceae	0.554	f_OM60	1.135	f_Coxiellaceae	1.905
f_Alteromonadaceae	0.355	f_Marinicellaceae	1.055	f_Alteromonadaceae	1.264
f_Oleophilaceae	0.228	f_Pseudomonadaceae	0.937	f_Piscirickettsiaceae	1.074
f_Chromatiaceae	0.162	f_HTCC2089	0.479	f_Legionellaceae	0.833
		f_Legionellaceae	0.412	f_Marinicellaceae	0.766
		f_Crenotrichaceae	0.315	f_HTCC2188	0.568
		f_125ds10	0.310	f_Colwelliaceae	0.504
		f_Moraxellaceae	0.205	f_Crenotrichaceae	0.424
		f_Chromatiaceae	0.134	f_125ds10	0.415
		f_Alteromonadaceae	0.116	f_Ectothiorhodospiraceae	0.399
				f_OM60	0.296
				f_HTCC2089	0.199
				f_Methylococcaceae	0.177
p_Acidobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Acidobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Acidobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c_Chloracidobacteria	19.055	c_Chloracidobacteria	38.590	c_Chloracidobacteria	26.250
f_Ellin6075	15.773	f_Ellin6075	33.469	f_Ellin6075	22.928
f_Unclassified	3.283	f_Unclassified	5.115	f_Unclassified	3.315

c_Acidobacteria-6	75.661	c_Acidobacteria-6	39.903	c_Acidobacteria-6	51.451
f_mb2424	62.503	f_Unclassified	23.386	f_Unclassified	31.995
f_Unclassified	12.597	f_mb2424	9.061	f_mb2424	11.779
f_RB40	0.560	f_RB40	7.456	f_RB40	7.677
c_Holophagae	0.587	c_Holophagae	5.004	c_Holophagae	1.811
f_Holophagaceae	0.587	f_Holophagaceae	4.907	f_Holophagaceae	1.803
c_Sva0725	0.107	c_Sva0725	2.445	c_Sva0725	3.538
f_Unclassified	0.107	f_Unclassified	2.445	f_Unclassified	3.538
c_RB25	0.347	c_RB25	2.703	c_RB25	5.548
f_Unclassified	0.347	f_Unclassified	2.703	f_Unclassified	5.548
c_iii1-8	0.107	c_iii1-8	4.328	c_iii1-8	2.008
f_Unclassified	0.107	f_Unclassified	4.328	f_Unclassified	2.008
c_AT-s54	0.187	c_AT-s54	3.013	c_AT-s54	2.135
f_Unclassified	0.187	f_Unclassified	3.013	f_Unclassified	2.135
p_Bacteroidetes	GWS % of Phylum	p_Bacteroidetes	RBS % of Phylum	p_Bacteroidetes	PZS % of Phylum
c_Saprospirae	3.259	c_Saprospirae	38.642	c_Saprospirae	25.135
f_Chitinophagaceae	2.392	f_Chitinophagaceae	25.800	f_Chitinophagaceae	19.740
f_Saprospiraceae	0.867	f_Saprospiraceae	11.929	f_Saprospiraceae	4.833
		f_Unclassified	0.912	f_Unclassified	0.562
c_Bacteroidia	0.186	c_Bacteroidia	2.034	c_Bacteroidia	0.560
f_S24-7	0.110	f_Unclassified	1.641	f_Unclassified	0.483
		f_SB-1	0.165		
c_BME43		c_BME43	0.336	c_BME43	
		f_Unclassified	0.336		
c_Cytophagia	0.905	c_Cytophagia	15.801	c_Cytophagia	14.494
f_Cytophagaceae	0.905	f_Cytophagaceae	15.354	f_Cytophagaceae	14.337
		f_Flammeovirgaceae	0.252		
		f_Amoebophilaceae	0.103		

c_Flavobacteriia	91.760	c_Flavobacteriia	30.164	c_Flavobacteriia	49.247
f_Flavobacteriaceae	88.526	f_Flavobacteriaceae	28.085	f_Flavobacteriaceae	45.549
f_Cryomorphaceae	3.235	f_Cryomorphaceae	2.060	f_Cryomorphaceae	3.693
c_Sphingobacteriia	2.821	c_Sphingobacteriia	12.702	c_Sphingobacteriia	10.044
f_Unclassified	2.684	f_Unclassified	12.597	f_Unclassified	9.914
f_Sphingobacteriaceae	0.137	f_Sphingobacteriaceae	0.105	f_Sphingobacteriaceae	0.130
		c_VC2_1_Bac22	0.129		
		f_Unclassified	0.129		
p_Cyanobacteria	GWS % of Phylum	p_Cyanobacteria	RBS % of Phylum	p_Cyanobacteria	PZS % of Phylum
c_Chloroplast	6.150	c_Chloroplast	94.874	c_Chloroplast	83.913
o_Stramenopiles	4.513	o_Stramenopiles	93.952	o_Stramenopiles	81.304
o_Streptophyta	1.548	o_Chlorophyta	0.509	o_Chlorophyta	1.901
		o_Streptophyta	0.342	o_Streptophyta	0.397
f_Unclassified	6.061	f_Unclassified	94.442	f_Unclassified	82.264
f_Chlamydomonadaceae	0.088	f_Chlamydomonadaceae	0.301	f_Chlamydomonadaceae	0.896
		f_Trebouxiophyceae	0.129	f_Trebouxiophyceae	0.751
c_ML635J-21	93.584	c_ML635J-21	2.640	c_ML635J-21	3.713
f_Unclassified	93.584	f_Unclassified	2.640	f_Unclassified	3.713
c_4C0d-2	0.176	c_4C0d-2	0.509	c_4C0d-2	8.071
f_Unclassified	0.176	f_Unclassified	0.509	f_Unclassified	8.071
		c_Synechococcophycideae	1.133	c_Synechococcophycideae	3.833
		f_Synechococcaceae	0.765	f_Synechococcaceae	3.593
		f_Chamaesiphonaceae	0.200	f_Pseudanabaenaceae	0.157
		f_Pseudanabaenaceae	0.115		
p_Nitroapiraea	GWS % of Phylum	p_Nitroapiraea	RBS % of Phylum	p_Nitroapiraea	PZS % of Phylum
c_Nitrospira	100.000	c_Nitrospira	100.000	c_Nitrospira	100.000
f_Nitrospiraceae	98.972	f_Nitrospiraceae	92.435	f_Nitrospiraceae	94.491
f_Unclassified	0.673	f_Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	3.603	f_0319-6A21	4.503
f_0319-6A21	0.337	f_0319-6A21	3.430	f_Thermodesulfovibrionaceae	0.711
		f_FW	0.519	f_Leptospirillaceae	0.134

p_Planctomycetes	GWS % of Phylum	p_Planctomycetes	RBS % of Phylum	p_Planctomycetes	PZS % of Phylum
c_Planctomycetia	87.615	c_Planctomycetia	86.321	c_Planctomycetia	81.278
f_Planctomycetaceae	62.160	f_Gemmataceae	32.375	f_Gemmataceae	32.886
f_Gemmataceae	23.707	f_Pirellulaceae	30.186	f_Pirellulaceae	24.020
f_Pirellulaceae	1.277	f_Planctomycetaceae	19.411	f_Planctomycetaceae	19.787
f_Unclassified	0.296	f_Isosphaeraceae	3.806	f_Isosphaeraceae	4.191
f_Isosphaeraceae	0.174	f_Unclassified	0.543	f_Unclassified	0.394
c_Phycisphaerae	1.696	c_Phycisphaerae	4.520	c_Phycisphaerae	4.015
f_Phycisphaeraceae	1.594	f_Unclassified	4.480	f_Unclassified	3.977
f_Unclassified	0.102				
c_OM190	9.575	c_OM190	4.275	c_OM190	8.080
f_Unclassified	9.575	f_Unclassified	4.275	f_Unclassified	8.080
c_BD7-11	0.674	c_BD7-11	0.443	c_BD7-11	1.943
f_Unclassified	0.674	f_Unclassified	0.443	f_Unclassified	1.943
c_vadinHA49	0.102	c_vadinHA49	2.220	c_vadinHA49	2.655
f_Unclassified	0.102	f_Unclassified	2.220	f_Unclassified	2.655
p_Verrumicrobia	GWS % of Phylum	p_Verrumicrobia	RBS % of Phylum	p_Verrumicrobia	PZS % of Phylum
c_Pedosphaerae	84.460	c_Pedosphaerae	28.738	c_Pedosphaerae	56.901
f_Ellin517	60.278	f_auto67_4W	13.156	f_Unclassified	18.968
f_R4-41B	14.969	f_Unclassified	6.912	f_auto67_4W	18.620
f_Unclassified	5.710	f_R4-41B	5.389	f_R4-41B	6.868
f_Pedosphaeraceae	0.802	f_Ellin515	1.805	f_Ellin517	6.269
f_auto67_4W	0.432	f_Ellin517	0.501	f_Ellin515	1.725
		f_Pedosphaeraceae	0.216	f_Pedosphaeraceae	0.483
c_Spartobacteria	2.114	c_Spartobacteria	12.169	c_Spartobacteria	8.017
f_Chthoniobacteraceae	2.114	f_Chthoniobacteraceae	12.162	f_Chthoniobacteraceae	8.017
c_Verrucomicrobiae	2.407	c_Verrucomicrobiae	50.963	c_Verrucomicrobiae	21.837
f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	2.407	f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	50.963	f_Verrucomicrobiaceae	21.837
c_Opitutae	10.988	c_Opitutae	5.495	c_Opitutae	8.750
f_Cerasicoccaceae	6.049	f_Opitutaceae	5.398	f_Opitutaceae	7.671
f_Opitutaceae	4.877			f_Cerasicoccaceae	1.032

		c__Verruco-5	1.427	c__Verruco-5	1.535
		f__Unclassified	1.423	f__Unclassified	1.522
		c__Methylacidiphilae	0.529	c__Methylacidiphilae	1.505
		f__Unclassified	0.525	f__Unclassified	1.462
p_Crenarcheaota	GWS % of Phylum	p_Crenarcheaota	RBS % of Phylum	p_Crenarcheaota	PZS % of Phylum
c_Thaumarchaeota	100.000	c_Thaumarchaeota	99.693	c_Thaumarchaeota	99.974
f_Cenarchaeaceae	82.768	f_Cenarchaeaceae	54.506	f_Cenarchaeaceae	91.898
f_Nitrososphaeraceae	14.883	f_Nitrososphaeraceae	45.126	f_Nitrososphaeraceae	4.102
f_SAGMA-X	2.350			f_SAGMA-X	3.859
				f_Unclassified	0.115