Appendix Evaluation of a Personalized, Web-Based Decision Aid for Lung Cancer Screening Lau et al.

Appendix Table 1. Question-Specific Knowledge Scores^a

	Before [n (%)]			After [n (%)]			
	True	False	Total	True	False	Total	- n-voluo
Ouestion 1. Factors that increase chances of developing lung	Thuc	Taise	score	True	Taise	score	<i>p</i> -value
cancer include:			3.77 (0.95)			4.67 (1.05)	< 0.001
Smoking	59 (100%)	0		60 (100%)	0		-
Family history	45 (76%)	14 (24%)		55 (92%)	5 (8%)		0.006
Flu	22 (37%)	38 (63%)		18 (30%)	42 (70%)		0.42
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	40 (67%)	20 (33%)		51 (85%)	9 (15%)		0.007
Age	29 (48%)	31 (52%)		45 (75%)	15 (25%)		< 0.001
Alcohol	45 (75%)	15 (25%)		32 (54%)	27 (46%)		0.004
Question 2. Possible benefits of lung cancer screening are:			1.95 (0.77)			2.7 (0.56)	< 0.001
It can cure cancer.	13 (22%)	47 (78%)		8 (13%)	52 (87%)		0.18
It lowers your chances of dying from lung cancer.	48 (80%)	12 (20%)		57 (95%)	3 (5%)		0.01
It lowers your chances of developing lung nodules.	38 (63%)	22 (37%)		7 (12%)	53 (88%)		< 0.001
Question 3. Possible harms of lung cancer screening include:			1.2 (0.99)			2.23 (1)	< 0.001
You may find some things in your lungs that are not cancer buy would need an extra test to check.	t 43 (72%)	17 (28%)		51 (85%)	9 (15%)		0.08
You may need to get an extra test which can cause complications.	17 (28%)	43 (72%)		44 (73%)	16 (27%)		< 0.001
There are no harms associated with screening.	48 (80%)	12 (20%)		21 (35%)	39 (65%)		< 0.001
Question 4. ^c Indicate whether the following individuals would be eligible for screening based on their age. Select yes for eligible, no for ineligible, or unsure. They all meet the smoking	3		0.52 (0.21)			0.75 (0.25)	< 0.001
status and pack-year criteria.	F1: - : - -	I	0.52 (0.21)	F1: - :1.1 -	1	0.75 (0.25)	< 0.001
45	Eligible	ineligible		Eligible	Ineligible		. 0. 001
45 years old	57 (95%)	3 (5%)		25 (42%)	35 (58%)		< 0.001
55 years old	50 (83%)	10 (17%)		54 (90%)	6(10%)		0.39
60 years old	52 (87%)	8 (13%)		54 (90%)	6 (10%)		0.73
95 years old	40 (67%)	20 (33%)		23 (38%)	37 (62%)		< 0.001

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	Before [n (%)]			After [n (%)]			
			Total			Total	
	True	False	score ^b	True	False	score	<i>p</i> -value
Question 5. What percentage of lumps found on your lungs by the CT screening is NOT going to be cancer?							
More than 90%	5 (8%)			35 (58%	6)		< 0.001
50-60%	7 (12%)			7 (12%)		
10-20%	8 (13%)			7 (12%)		
Less than 5%	3 (5%)			4 (7%))		
Don't know/Not sure	37 (62%)			7 (12%)		

^a Figures corresponding to the correct responses per question are bolded. Each correct response is assigned a score of 1. Incorrect responses also include those who responded "Unsure".

^b The mean total score is reported with the corresponding standard deviation in parentheses.

^c Question 4 was weighted to have a total score of 1.

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	Eligible for	· screening ^b	Not eligible for screening		
			(n=	-49)	
Overtiens	Before	After	Before	After	
Questions	N (%)	N (%)		
1) Which option do you prefer right now in terms of lung cancer screening?					
I prefer to screen	7 (70%)	9 (90%)	31 (63.27%)	20 (40.82%)	
I prefer not to screen	0	1 (10%)	7 (14.29%)	26 (53.06%)	
Unsure	3 (30%)	0	11 (22.45%)	3 (6.12%)	
2) If getting CT screening was free for you,					
would you get screened? (Yes)	11 (100%)	11 (100%)	46 (93.88%)	34 (69.39%)	
Concordance using 1) ^c	7 (70%)	9 (90%)	7 (14.29%)	26 (53.06%)	
Concordance using 2)	11 (100%)	11 (100%)	3 (6.12%)	15 (30.61%)	

Appendix Table 2. Comparing Two Measures of Concordance^a

^a Boldface indicates statistical significance (p<0.001) for outcome of interest, concordance.

^b n=10 for those eligible for lung cancer screening in question 1), whereas n=11 for question 2). ^c Figures for "Concordance using 1)" are quoted in text. "Concordance using 2)" is provided as an alternative for comparison.