

S3 Table. Critical Appraisal of a Randomized Controlled Trial Reporting RSV Epidemiology in Older Adults With Chronic Cardiopulmonary Disorders

Reference	RSV Testing Method	Question Focused	Sample Size	Separate Older Age Group	Random Assignment	Adequate Concealment	Double Blind	Treatment Groups Similar at Start	Only Between-Group Difference is Standard, Reliable Outcome Measures	Percentage of Dropouts	ITT Analysis	SC vs. MC	Comparable Per-Site Results
Falsey et al. [1]	Real-time, nested RT-PCR	Yes	Large	Yes	Yes	Can't say	Yes	Yes	Yes	Year 1, 16% Year 2, 90%	Yes	MC	Can't say

ITT = intention to treat; MC = multicenter; RSV = respiratory syncytial virus; RT-PCR = reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction; SC = single center.

Reference

1. Falsey AR, Walsh EE, Capellan J, Gravenstein S, Zambon M, Yau E, et al. Comparison of the safety and immunogenicity of 2 respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) vaccines—nonadjuvanted vaccine or vaccine adjuvanted with alum—given concomitantly with influenza vaccine to high-risk elderly individuals. *J Infect Dis.* 2008; 198 (9): 1317-1326.