

Genome-wide comparative analysis of H3K4me3 profiles between diploid and allotetraploid cotton to refine genome annotation

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Supplementary figures and tables

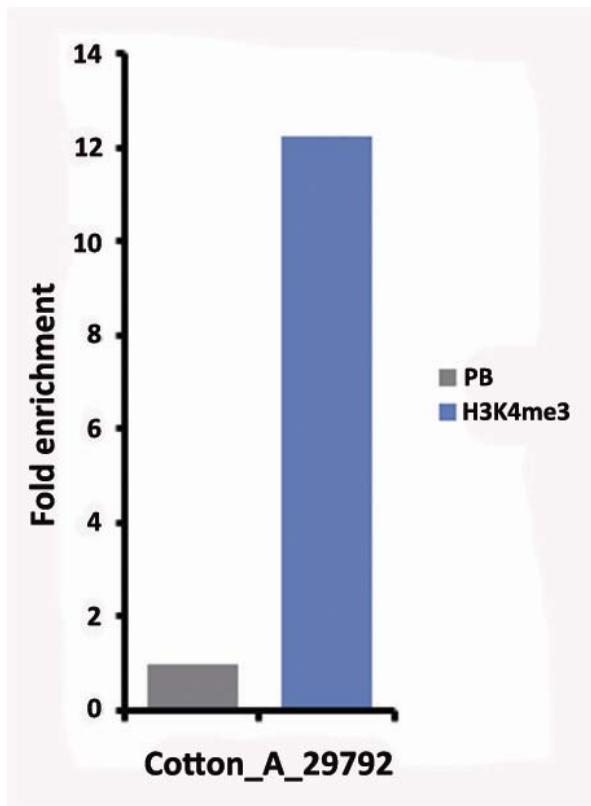


Fig. S1. Results of ChIP-qPCR validation.

Primers are designed using the sequence of the annotated *G. arboreum* gene Cotton_A_29792 (EUKARYOTIC ELONGATION FACTOR 5A-1) which has an enriched H3K4me3 peak.

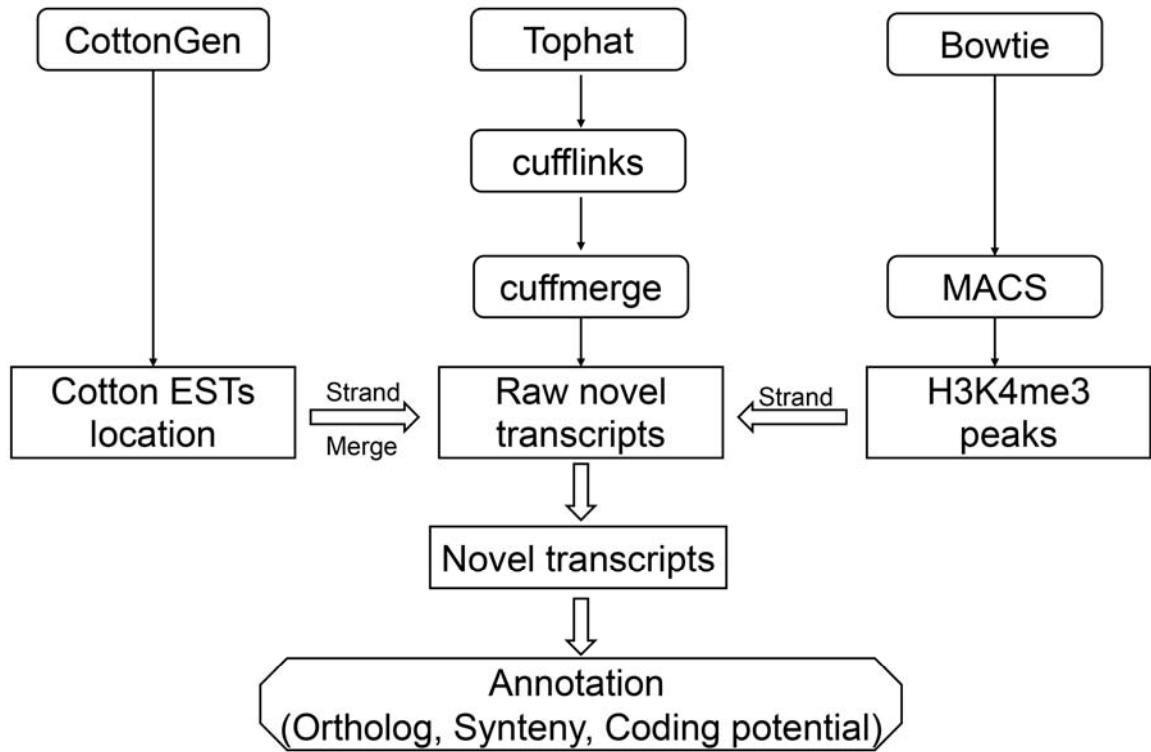


Fig. S2. Protocol for novel transcript identification.

An integrative method for epigenomics profiling and new transcript identification of diploid cotton *G. arboreum* and polyploid cotton *G. hirsutum*. The details are described in the methods section.

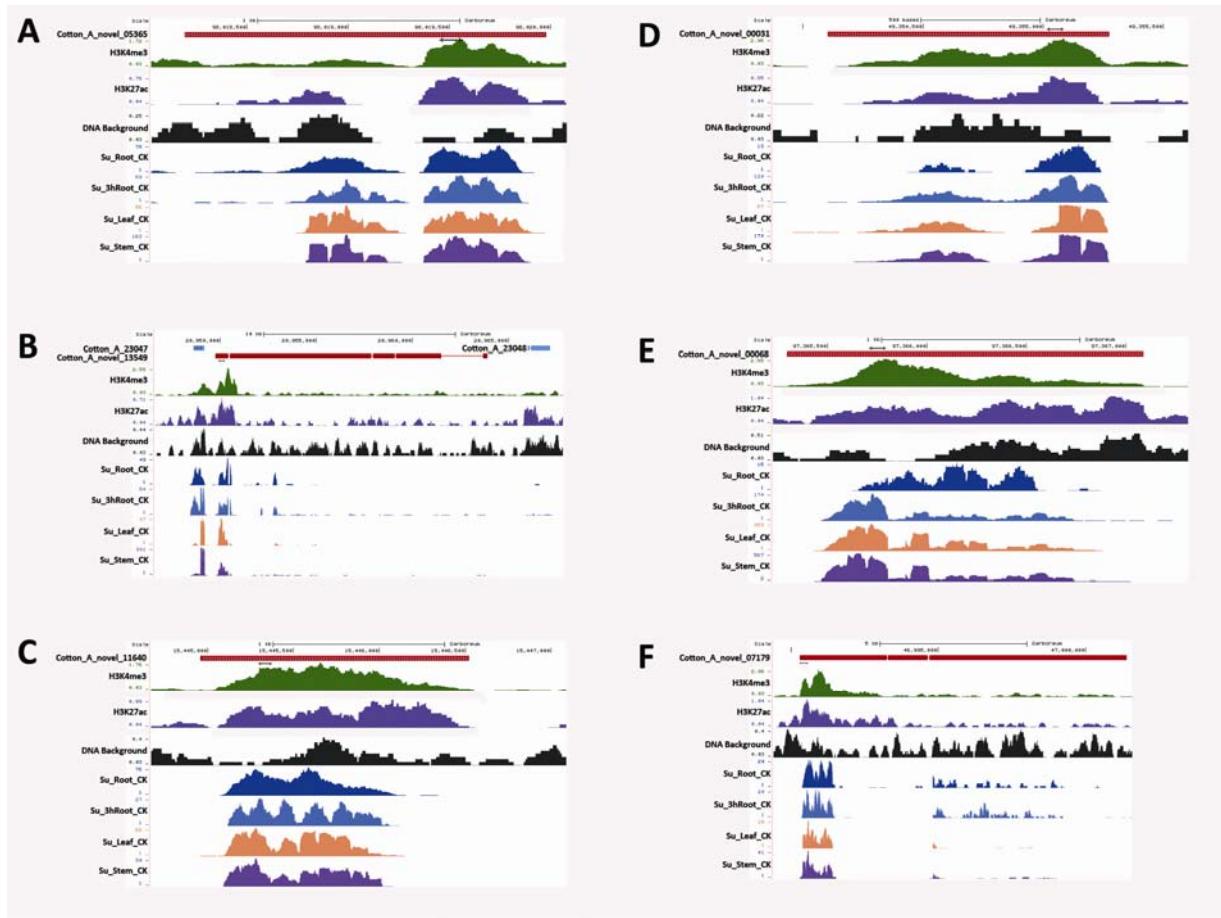


Fig. S3. Profiles of six selected transcripts.

Six screen-shots of the UCSC Genome Browser showing the epigenomic maps of six novel genes were selected from the newly identified transcripts. The first track shows the 5' and 3' primer sequences we used in the RT-PCR experiments. The second track shows the new transcript locations. The third track is the H3K4me3 histone modification situation in wig format. The last four tracks show the RNA-seq expression level with our own in-house data. (A) The UCSC Genome Browser screen-shot of Cotton_A_novel_05365. (B) The UCSC Genome Browser screen-shot of Cotton_A_novel_13549. (C) The UCSC Genome Browser screen-shot of Cotton_A_novel_11640. (D) The UCSC Genome Browser screen-shot of Cotton_A_novel_00031. (E) The UCSC Genome Browser screen-shot of Cotton_A_novel_00068. (F) The UCSC Genome Browser screen-shot of Cotton_A_novel_07179.

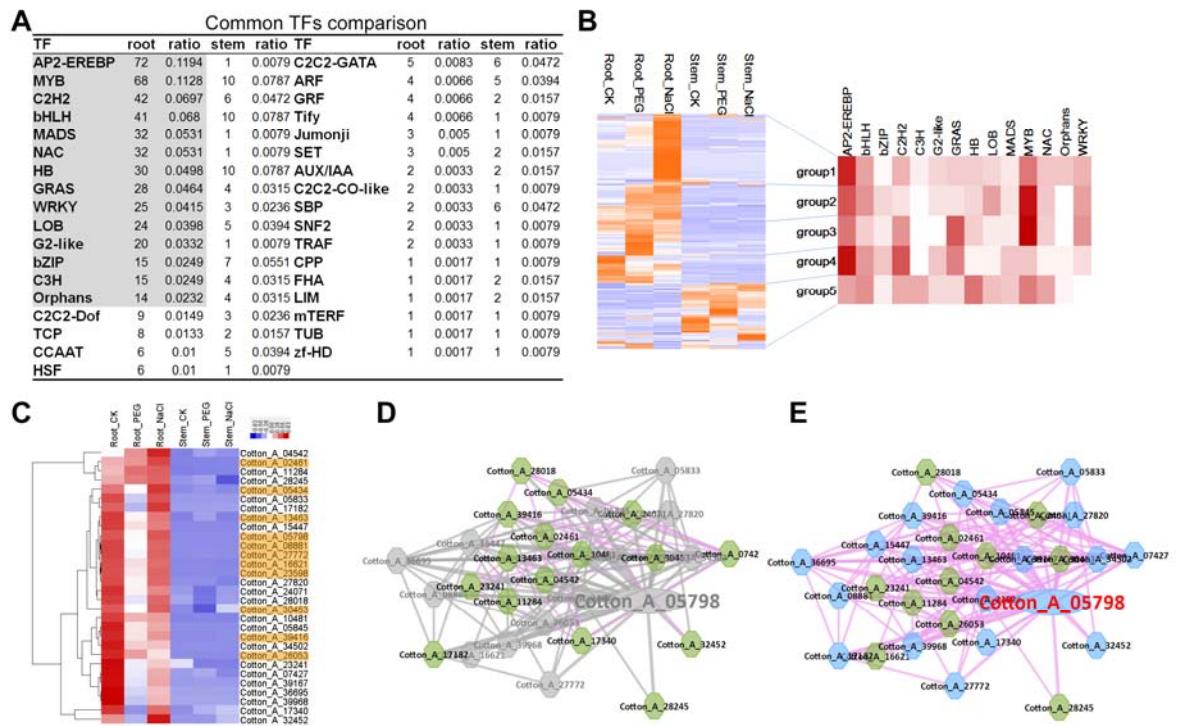


Fig. S4. Modularized comparison of differential histone modification between tissues.

(A) The table displays 603 TFs with root-up modification and 127 TFs with stem-up modification. The columns, titled ‘root’ or ‘stem’ summarize the total members in the corresponding TF families. The ratio column shows the distribution of each TF family (e.g., 0.1194=72/603). (B) The left heatmap shows the TFs highlighted in (A) clustered into 5 groups based on their expression profiles. The right heatmap exhibits the distribution of TF families in each group. Specifically, AP2 family members appear most and bZIP family members appear least in group1. (C) A clustered expression heatmap of 30 genes in the positive co-expression network of Cotton_A_05798. A total of 11 genes highlighted in orange have root-up H3K4me3 modification. (D-E) The expression view result of 30 genes in the positive co-expression network of Cotton_A_05798. A pink line links positive co-expression gene pairs. Grey and green nodes are unexpressed and expressed genes in stem tissue (D). Blue nodes are genes that were down-regulated in root tissue after PEG treatment (E).

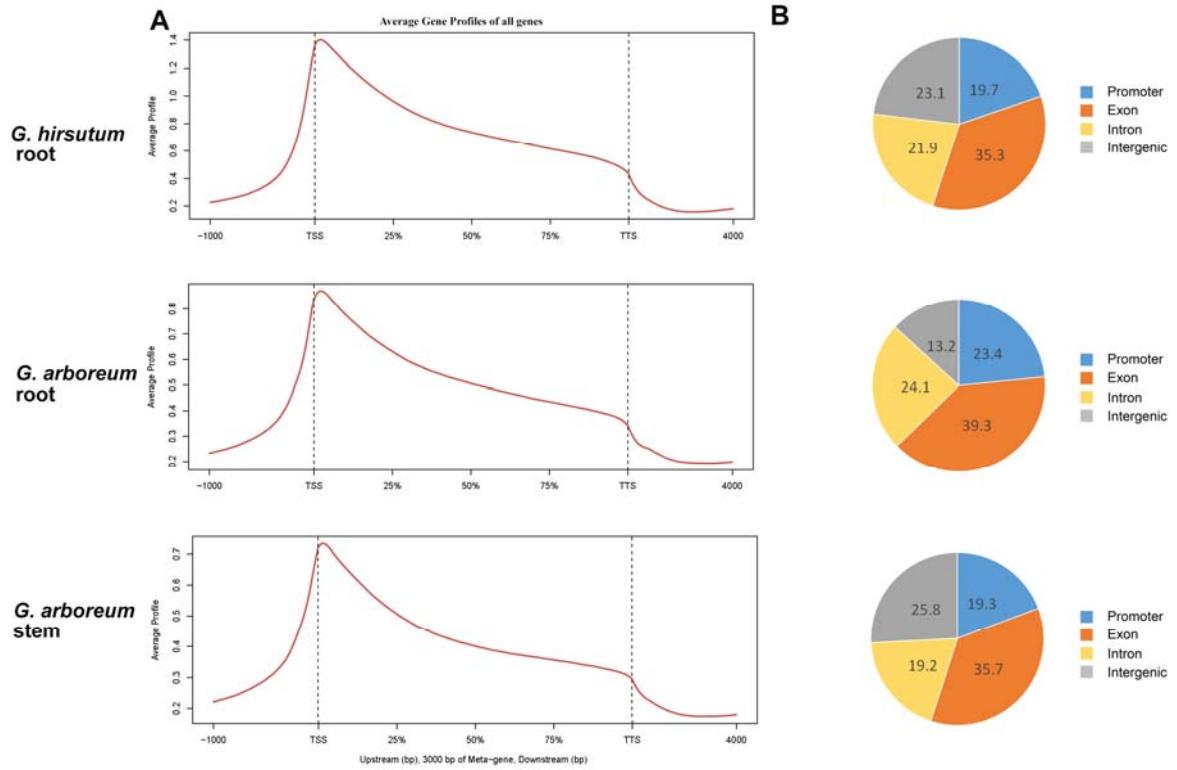


Fig. S5. H3K4me3 distribution in the newest genome annotation.

(A) The average novel and known gene profiles of H3K4me3 in cotton root and stem were generated from CEAS software using normalized sequencing read density. The gene body was divided into three equal parts to standardize different gene lengths, and the 1 kb upstream and 4 kb downstream region were also included for profile generation. (B) The distribution of H3K4me3 histone modification within 4 main gene regions of known and novel genes in root and stem tissues of *G. arboreum* and root tissue of *G. hirsutum*.

Table S1. Detailed information of RNA-seq data of cotton.

Samples	Reference
Detailed information of RNA-seq data of <i>G.arboreum</i>	
Su_Stem_CK(Pair-end)	
Su_Root_CK(Pair-end)	Xueyan Zhang et al. 2013
Su_Leaf_CK(Pair-end)	
Su_3hRoot_CK(Pair-end)	
Pub_Fiber_10dpa(Single-end)	Cotton Functional Genomics project, 2004
Pub_Fiber_20dpa(Single-end)	
Pub_Leaf_CK(Single-end)	M-J Yoo et al. 2013
Pub_Seeds_10dpa(Single-end)	
Pub_Seeds_20dpa(Single-end)	Simon Renny-Byfield et al. 2014
Pub_Seeds_30dpa(Single-end)	
Pub_Seeds_40dpa(Single-end)	
Pub_Seedling_5h(Single-end)	
Pub_Seedling_15h(Single-end)	Tao Tao et al. 2013
Pub_Seedling_30h(Single-end)	
Detailed information of RNA-seq data of <i>G.hirsutum</i>	
calycle_1(single_end)	SRR1695180
calycle_2(single_end)	
cotyledon_120h_1(single_end)	SRR1695167
cotyledon_120h_2(single_end)	
fiber_25dpa_1(single_end)	SRR1695194
fiber_25dpa_2(single_end)	
leaf_1(single_end)	SRR1695175
leaf_2(single_end)	
ovule_35dpa_1(single_end)	SRR1695190
ovule_35dpa_2(single_end)	

petal_1(single_end)	SRR1695177
petal_2(single_end)	
pistil_1(single_end)	SRR1695179
pistil_2(single_end)	
root_1(single_end)	SRR1695173
root_2(single_end)	
seed_10h_1(single_end)	SRR1695162
seed_10h_2(single_end)	
stamen_1(single_end)	SRR1695178
stamen_2(single_end)	
stem_1(single_end)	SRR1695174
stem_2(single_end)	
torus_1(single_end)	SRR1695176
torus_2(single_end)	

Table S2. A list of PCR primer used in this study.

Target	Forward	Reverse
25S rRNA	CAGTACGAATACGAACCGTG	CAATGATAGGAAGAGCCGAC
Cotton_A_novel_05365	GGCATAACAGTGGTGATTG	ATTCCCTTCTCCGTTGCTTT
Cotton_A_novel_13549	TCAAACCCACTGACCATTCA	GGTGGATGCTGATCGAAGAT
Cotton_A_novel_11640	CCTTCTCTGCAACTCGCTTC	GAGGCGCTATGTCTCCTTGG
Cotton_A_novel_00031	ACACGACGGGTTCAAAGAA	CCATTTCGAGCTCTTTGG
Cotton_A_novel_00068	CAACCCAAAACCCAGAGTGT	TACCTCTTGTCCCCGTTG
Cotton_A_novel_07179	GCCAGAGTAGGCTCATCACC	ATCTTGCTCAGCGGTGCTAT
Cotton_A_29792	AGACACCACTTGAAACCCG	CTGCTGAGGGTAGGTTTGG

Table S3. Annotation table of all newly identified transcripts of cotton.
(in additional excel file)

Table S4. Annotation table of all retrieved lost genes.
(in additional excel file)

Table S5. GTF format of novel transcripts in *G. arboreum*.
(in additional gff file)

Table S6. GTF format of novel transcripts in *G. hirsutum*.
(in additional gff file)