Direct comparison of methionine restriction with leucine restriction on the metabolic health of

C57BL/6J mice.

Emma K. Lees¹,², Ruth Banks¹, Chelsea Cook¹, Sophie Hill¹, Nicola Morrice¹, Louise Grant¹, Nimesh

Mody¹ & Mirela Delibegovic^{1*}

¹Institute of Medical Sciences, School of Medical Sciences, University of Aberdeen, Aberdeen, UK

² School of Health Sciences, Liverpool Hope University, Liverpool, UK

*Corresponding author:

Professor Mirela Delibegović

Address: Institute of Medical Sciences, School of Medical Sciences, University of Aberdeen,

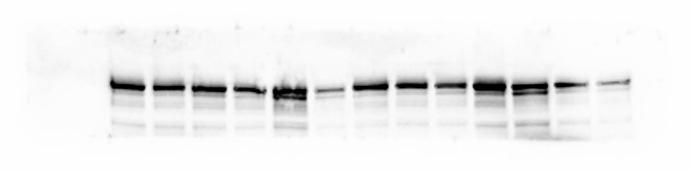
Foresterhill, Aberdeen, AB25 2ZD, UK.

Tel: +44 1224 437587

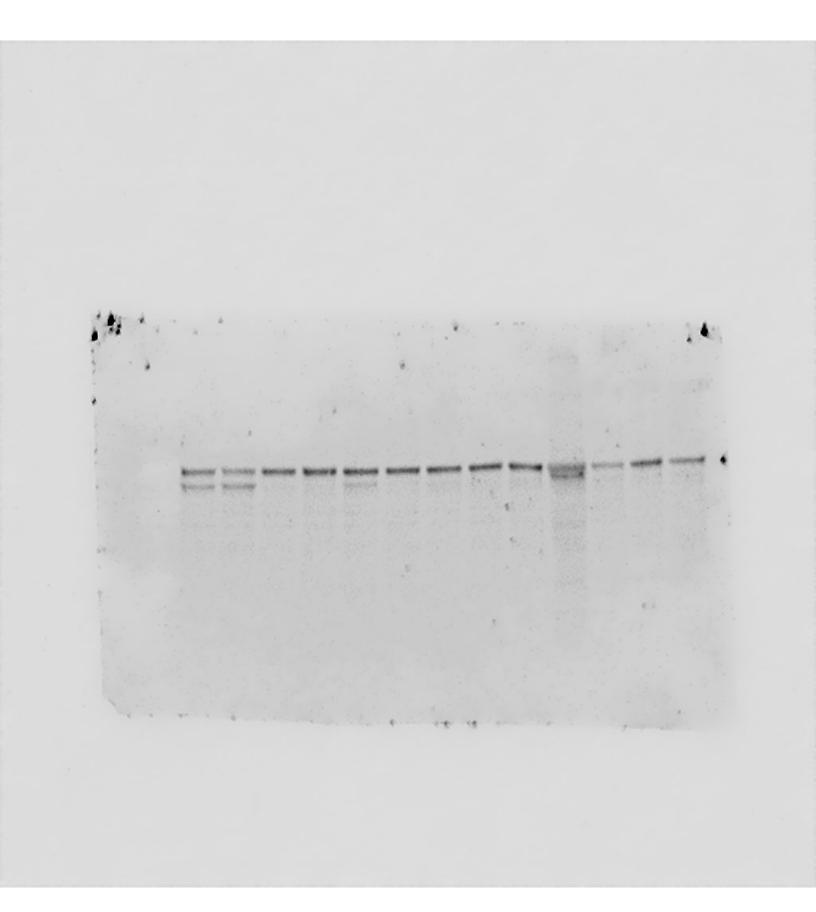
Fax: +44 1224 437465

Email: m.delibegovic@abdn.ac.uk

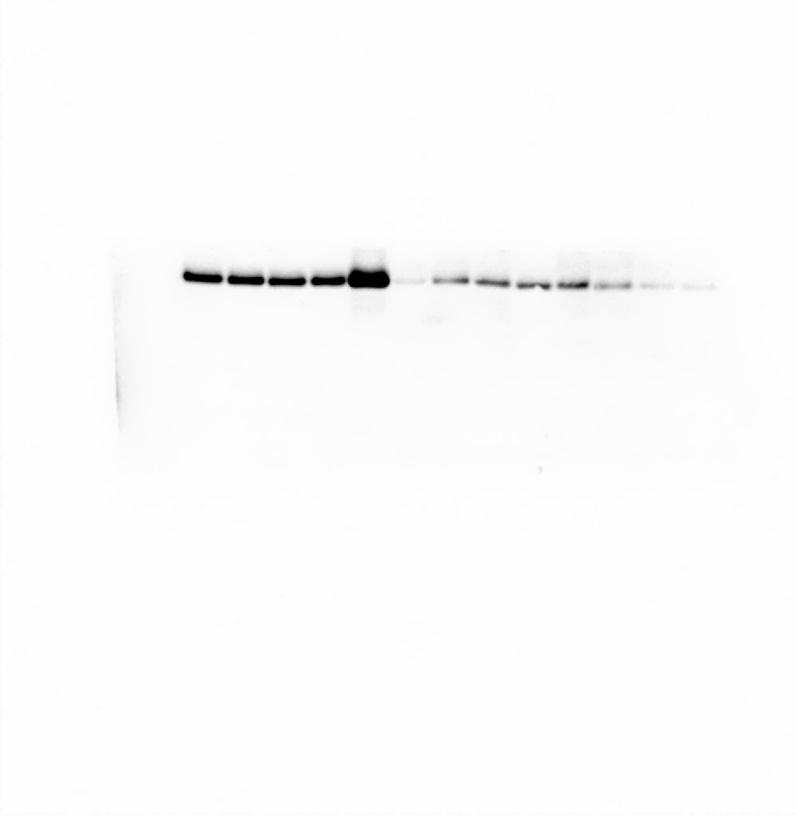
Supplementary western blot data

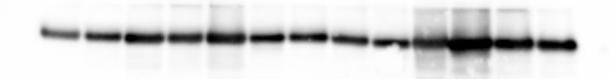


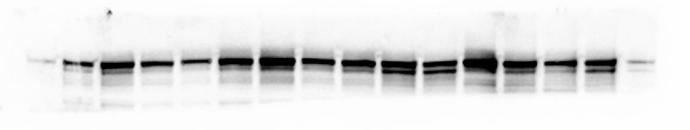


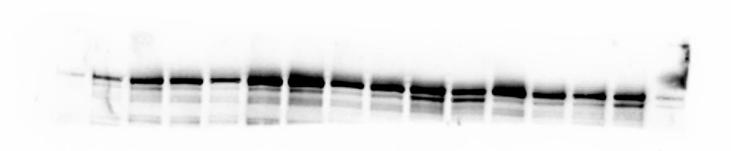


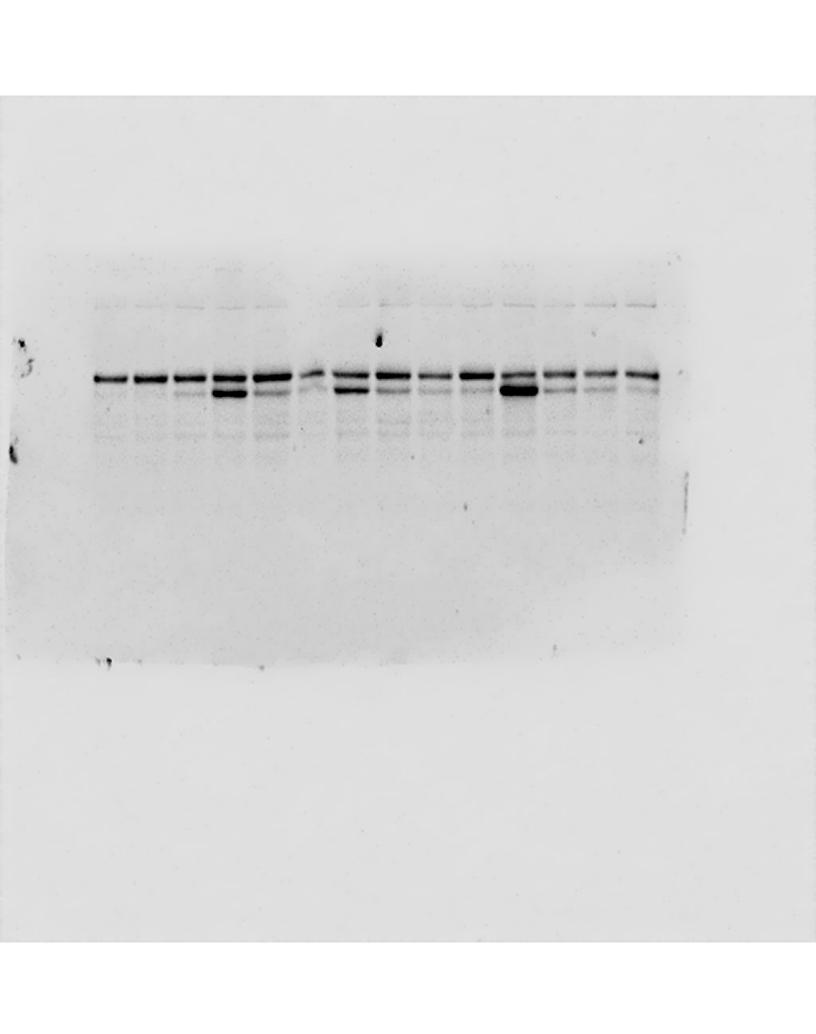




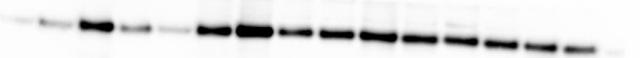


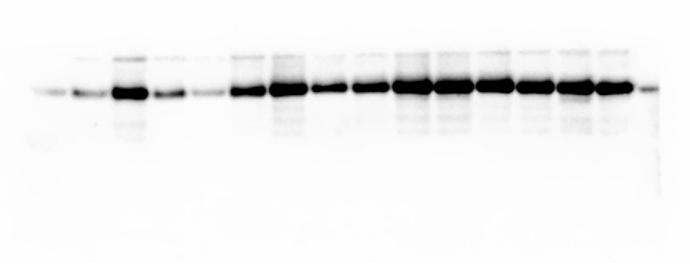


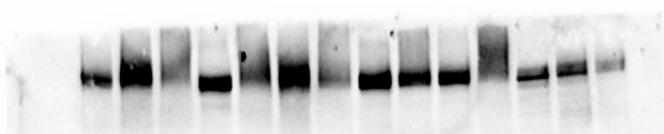


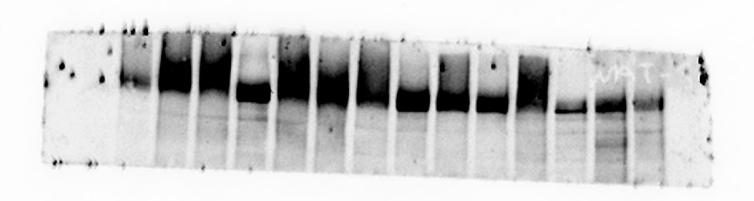


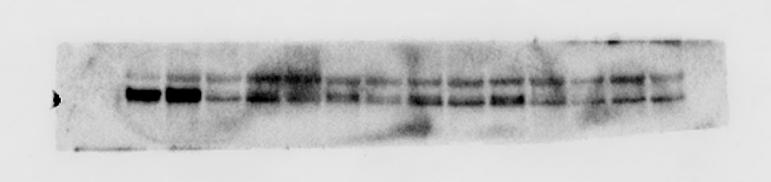


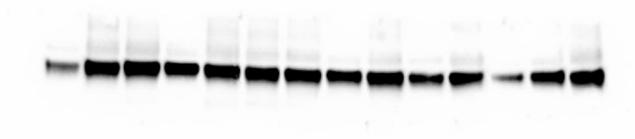


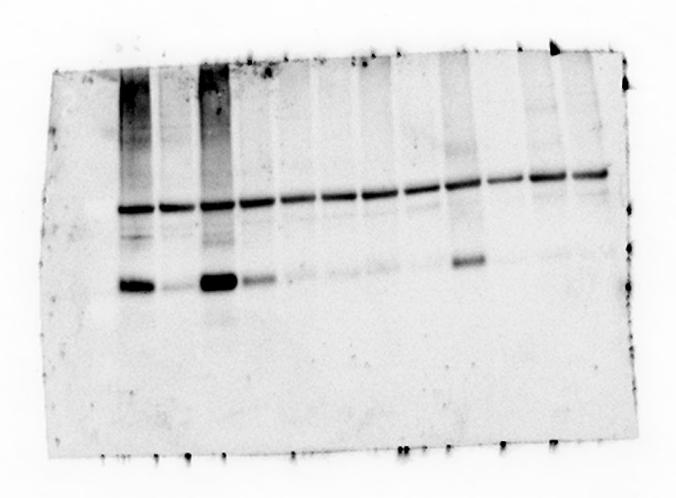


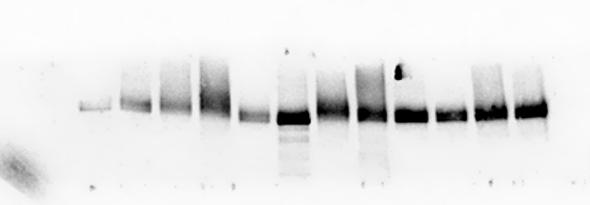


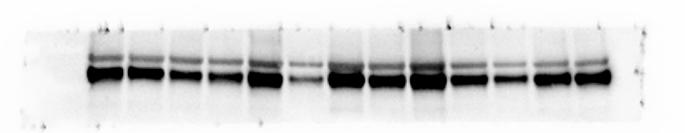


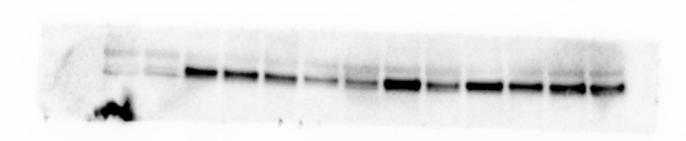


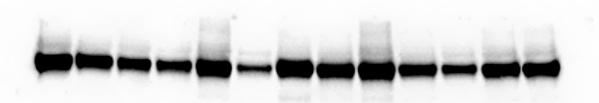












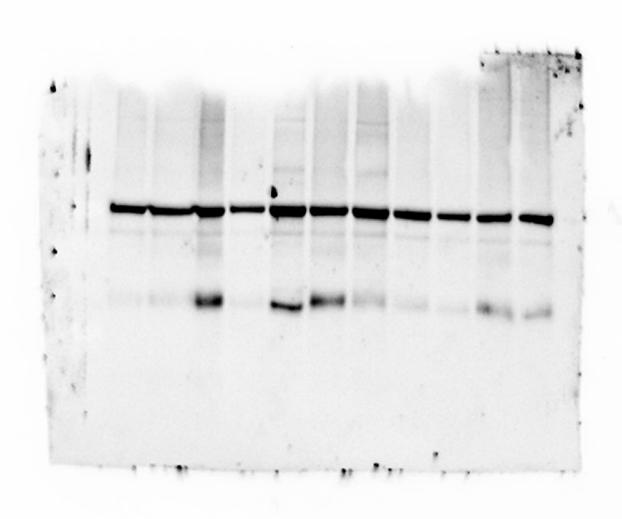


Figure legend

First two bands on every blot are control samples and were taken off for final figures as were not run as part of the analysis.

Hepatic insulin signalling in mice on MR (n = 4), LR (n = 4) and control (n = 3-4) diet. Data were analysed as fold change relative to control-fed mice. Insulin signalling was assessed by administering either saline (154 mmol/l NaCl) or high dose of insulin (10 mU/g body weight) via i.p. injection after a 5 h fast. Levels of phosphorylated and total mTOR, Akt and S6 were measured my immunoblotting. Immunoblots were normalised to total protein for saline condition and insulin-stimulated condition. Significance was calculated by two-tailed Student's t-test. ^{a,b}Means with letters that differ denote significance at level of P < 0.05. Data are represented as mean \pm SEM. White bars, control-fed mice; grey bars, LR-fed mice; black bars, MR-fed mice.

- 1 p-mTOR saline
- 2 Total mTOR saline
- 3 pAkt saline
- 4 Total Akt saline
- 5 pS6 saline
- 6 Total S6 saline
- 7 p-mTOR insulin
- 8 Total mTOR insulin
- 9 pAkt insulin
- 10 Total Akt insulin
- 11 pS6 insulin
- 12 Total S6 insulin

Epididymal WAT insulin signalling in mice on MR (n=4), LR (n=4) and control (n=3-4) diet. Insulin signalling was assessed by administering either saline (154 mmol/l NaCl) or high dose of insulin (10 mU/g body weight) via i.p. injection after a 5 h fast. Levels of phosphorylated and total mTOR, Akt and S6 were measured my immunoblotting. Immunoblots were normalised to total protein for saline condition and insulin-stimulated condition. Data were analysed as fold change relative to control-fed mice. Significance was calculated by two-tailed Student's t-test. ^{a,b} Means with letters that differ denote significance at level of P < 0.05. Data are represented as mean \pm SEM. White bars, control-fed mice; grey bars, LR-fed mice; black bars, MR-fed mice.

- 13 p-mTOR saline
- 14 Total mTOR saline
- 15 pAkt saline
- 16 Total Akt saline
- 17 pS6 (lower band) and Total S6 (higher band) saline
- 18 p-mTOR insulin
- 19 Total mTOR insulin
- 20 pAkt insulin
- 21 Total Akt insulin
- 22 pS6 (lower band) and Total S6 (higher band) insulin