

Supplementary Material:

Title: Wfs1- deficient rats develop primary symptoms of Wolfram syndrome: insulin-dependent diabetes, optic nerve atrophy and medullary degeneration

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|-----------------|-----|------------|------------|-----------|-------|------------|------------|
| WT | 201 | LLENVGQVNE | QDGGAQPGPV | PKSLQK | QRRM | LERLVSSSEK | NYIALDDFVE |
| Wfs1-ex5-KO232 | 201 | LLENVGQVNE | Q----- | ----- | ----- | -----AK | NYIALDDFVE |
| Wfs1-ex5-KO266 | 201 | LLENVGQVNE | Q----- | ----- | ----- | -----AK | NYIALDDFVE |
| Wfs1-ex5-INS244 | 201 | LLENVGQVNE | QDGGAQPGPV | PKSYCMNTI | QRRM | LERLVSSSEK | NYIALDDFVE |

Figure S1. Predicted WFS1 protein sequence from three different Wfs1 mutant rat lines. Protein sequence is based on cDNA sequence analysis.

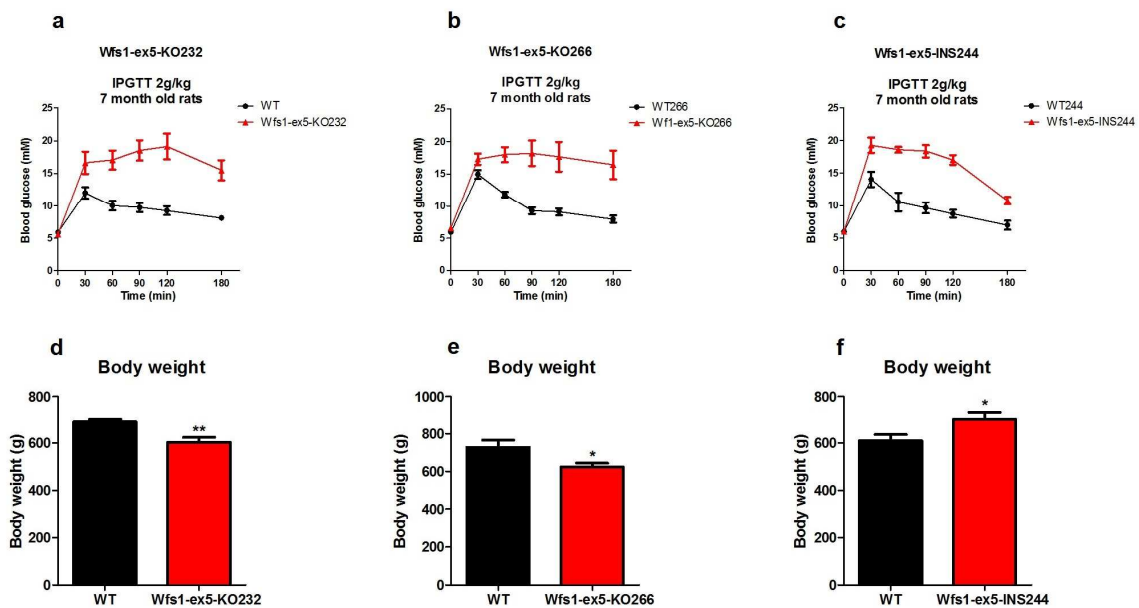


Figure S2. Glucose tolerance and body weight of three different Wfs1 mutant rat-lines at seven months of age (males). (a, b, c) All Wfs1 mutant rats display glucose intolerance at this age. (d, e) Wfs1-ex5-KO232 and Wfs1-ex5-KO266 rats are lighter than wild-type littermates. (f) Wfs1-ex5-INS244 rats are heavier than littermates. Student's t-test; * $p < 0.05$, ** < 0.01 between genotypes. The data are presented as mean \pm SEM, $n = 4-7$.