Supplementary Material

Type I Interferon Induced by *Streptococcus suis* Serotype 2 is Strain-Dependent and May Be Beneficial for Host Survival

Jean-Philippe Auger, Agustina Santinon, David Roy, Karen Mossman, Jianguo Xu, Mariela Segura, and Marcelo Gottschalk*

* Correspondence: Marcelo Gottschalk; marcelo.gottschalk@umontreal.ca

Supplementary Table

Table S1. Primer sequences used for real-time qPCR

Supplementary Figures

- **Figure S1.** Intermediate virulent *Streptococcus suis* ST25 strains induce high levels of IFN- β expression by dendritic cells
- Figure S2. Ligands of the different Toll-like receptors evaluated in this study, with the exception of TLR2, induce IFN- β by dendritic cells
- **Figure S3.** IL-6 and CXCL1 induced by *Streptococcus suis* and bacterial TLR2 ligands partially require TLR2 expression by dendritic cells
- Figure S4. The intermediate virulent Streptococcus suis strain 89-1591 is highly encapsulated
- Figure S5. *Streptococcus suis*-induced IL-6 and CXCL1 expression by dendritic cells is partially internalization-dependent

Gene	Forward (F) and reverse (R) primers
Atp5b	F: ACC AGC CCA CCC TAG CCA CC
	R: TGC AGG GGC AGG GTC AGT CA
Gapdh	F: CCC GTA GAC AAA ATG GTG AAG
	R: GAC TGT GCC GTT GAA TTT G
Ifnb	F: CCC AGT GCT GGA GCC ATT GT
	R: CCC TAT GGA GAT GAC GGA GA
Irfl	F: AGG CAT CCT TGT TGA TGT CC
	R: AAT TCC AAC CAA ATC CCA GG
Irf3	F:GAT GGC TGA CTT TGG CAT CT
	R: ACC GGA AAT TCC TCT TCC AG
Irf7	F: AGC ATT GCT GAG GCT CAC TT
	R: TGA TCC GCA TAA GGT GTA CG
116	F: ATG GTA GCT ACC AAA CTG GAT
	R: TGA AGG ACT CTG GCT TTG TCT
Cxcl1	F: TCT CCG TTA CTT GGG GAC AC
	R: CCA CAC TCA AGA ATG GTC GC

Table S1. Primer sequences used for real-time qPCR.

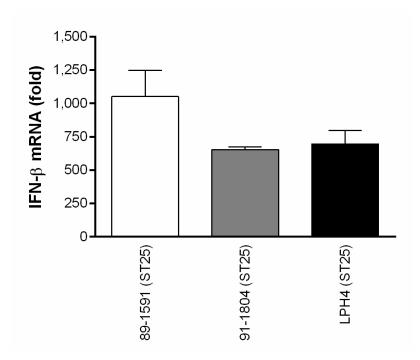


Figure S1. Intermediate virulent *Streptococcus suis* ST25 strains induce high levels of IFN- β expression by dendritic cells. IFN- β mRNA expression by dendritic cells 6 h following infection with the intermediate virulent ST25 strains 89-1591, 91-1804, and LPH4. Virulence of strains 91-1804 and LPH4 was previously described. Data represent the mean ± SEM (n = 4).

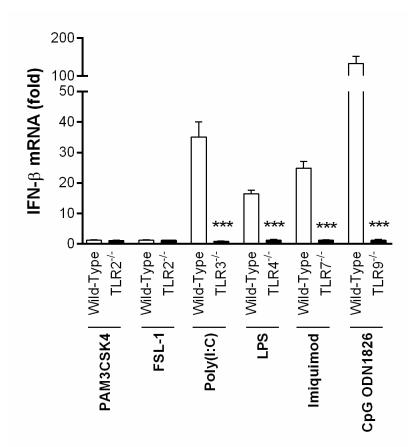


Figure S2. Ligands of the different Toll-like receptors (TLRs) evaluated in this study, with the exception of TLR2, induce IFN-β by dendritic cells. IFN-β mRNA expression by wild-type and deficient dendritic cells 6 h following activation with the different TLR ligands: 1 µg/mL PAM3CSK4 (TLR1/2), 1 µg/mL FSL-1 (TLR2/6), 10 µg/mL poly(I:C) (TLR3), 100 ng/mL lipopolysaccharide (LPS) (TLR4), 5 µg/mL imiquimod (TLR7), and 1 µM CpG ODN1826 (TLR9). Data represent the mean ± SEM (n = 4). *** (p < 0.001) indicates a significant difference in IFN-β expression by wild-type and deficient dendritic cells.

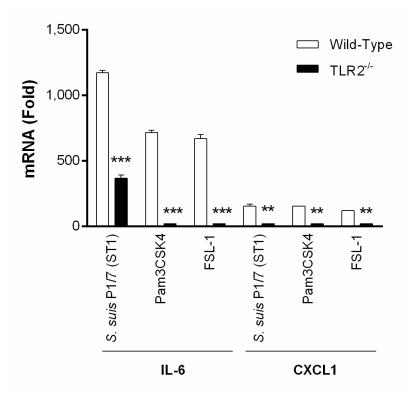


Figure S3. IL-6 and CXCL1 induced by *Streptococcus suis* and bacterial TLR2 ligands partially require TLR2 expression by dendritic cells. IL-6 and CXCL1 expression by wild-type or TLR2^{-/-} dendritic cells 6 h following infection with *S. suis* ST1 strain P1/7 or activation with the TLR2 ligands PAM3CSK4 (1 µg/mL) and FSL-1 (1 µg/mL). Data represent the mean \pm SEM (n = 3). ** (p < 0.01) and *** (p < 0.001) indicate a significant difference between expression by wild-type and TLR2^{-/-} dendritic cells.

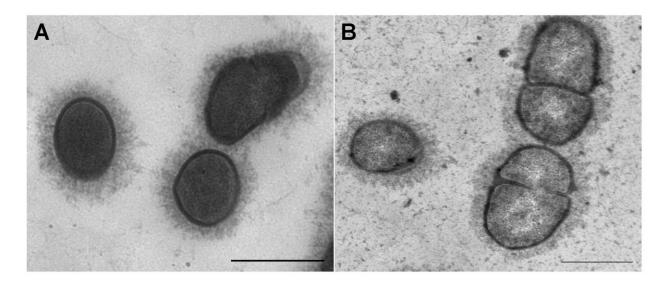


Figure S4. The intermediate virulent *Streptococcus suis* strain 89-1591 is highly encapsulated. Transmission electron micrographs following antibody stabilization of the capsular polysaccharide, using an anti-*S. suis* serotype 2 rabbit serum of ST1 strain P1/7 (*A*) and ST25 strain 89-1591 (*B*). Black bars = 1 μ m.

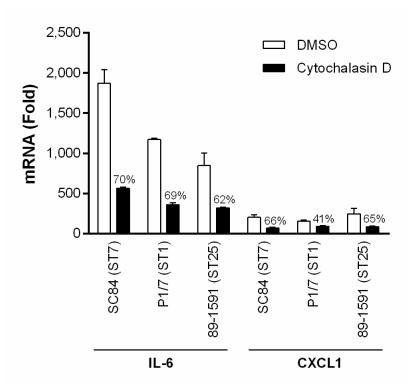


Figure S5. *Streptococcus suis*-induced IL-6 and CXCL1 expression by dendritic cells is partially internalization-dependent. IL-6 and CXCL1 expression by dendritic cells pretreated with cytochalasin D (5 μ M) to inhibit actin polymerization 6 h following infection with *S. suis*. Mock-treated cells (DMSO) were used as controls. Data represent the mean \pm SEM (n = 3). The percentages of cytochalasin D-mediated inhibition of cytokine expression are indicated.