CD147 functions as the signaling receptor for extracellular divalent copper in hepatocellular carcinoma cells

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Supplementary Table 1: Primers used for RT-PCR

Genes	Forward	Reverse
mmp-1	GAAGAATGATGGGAGGCAAGT	GAGGACAAACTGAGCCACATC
Mmp-2	GGCAGTGCAATACCTGAACAC	GTCTGGGGCAGTCCAAAGAACT
Mmp-3	TTTTACCCTTTTGATGGACCTG	GTCCCTGTTGTATCCTTTGTCC
Mmp-9	TTCCCCTTCACTTTCCTGGGTA	CGCCACGAGGAACAAACTGTAT
Mmp-14	CTTTTCCATCCCCTGACATACC	CTGACTGAGCAACGAAGACCCT
Gapdh	TGATGACATCAAGAAGGTGGTGAAG	TCCTTGGAGGCCATGTGGGCCAT



Supplementary Figure 1: Copper has no effect on the expression of MMP-1, MMP-3 and MMP-9 in SMMC-7721 cells. (A) qRT-PCR analysis of MMP-1, MMP-3 and MMP-9 in SMMC-7721 cells treated with different concentrations of Cu^{2+} . (B) Effect of copper on the viability of SMMC-7721 cells as assessed by WST-1 assay. Up to 50 μ M, copper does not significantly affect the cell viability. All data are presented as mean \pm SEM. of three independent experiments.



Supplementary Figure 2: MMP-2 expression of fibroblasts treated with Cu^{2+} **.** Data are presented as mean ± SEM (*n* = 3). One representative gelatin zymography is shown.



Supplementary Figure 3: Copper does not affect the expression of CD147. qRT-PCR analysis of CD147 expression in SMMC-7721 cells treated with different concentrations of Cu^{2+} . Data are presented as mean \pm SEM of three independent experiments.



Supplementary Figure 4: NMR titration experiments of WT CD147 or the 3HA mutant. (A) Overlay of 2D ¹H-¹⁵N HSQC spectra of WT-CD147^{ECT} with (red) or without (blue) 2-fold excess of Cu²⁺. (B, C) NH signal intensity reduction caused by Cu²⁺ can be rescued by copper chelator TM (B) or EDTA (C). (D) Overlay of 2D ¹H-¹⁵N HSQC spectra of the 3HA mutant with (red) or without (blue) 2-fold excess of Cu²⁺.



Supplementary Figure 5: Expression of CD147 in SMMC-7721, K7721-WT and K7721-3HA cells. (A)CD147 expressed in SMMC-7721, K7721-WT and K7721-3HA cells, but not K7721 cells. (B) CD147 expressed uniformly on the plasma membrane of SMMC-7721, K7721-WT and K7721-3HA cells as imaged by immunofluorescence. (C) Immunoblot analysis of CD147 in SMMC-7721, K7721, K7721-WT and K7721-3HA cells.



Supplementary Figure 6: The intracellular domain of CD147 is not required for MMP up-regulation by extracellular Cu^{2+} . (A, B) qRT-PCR analysis of MMP-2 (A) and MMP-14 (B) in K7721-WT and K7721- Δ C cells with or without Cu^{2+} treatment (n = 3, mean \pm SEM).



Supplementary Figure 7: Copper up-regulates the expression of MMP-2 and MMP-14 in HUH-7 and MIA PaCa-2 cells. (A, B) qRT-PCR analysis of MMP-2 (A) and MMP-14 (B) in HUH-7 cells treated with different concentrations of Cu^{2+} (n = 3, mean ± SEM, one way ANOVA). (C, D) qRT-PCR analysis of MMP-2 (C) and MMP-14 (D) in MIA PaCa-2 cells treated with different concentrations of Cu^{2+} (n=3, mean ± SEM, one way ANOVA). (C, D) qRT-PCR analysis of MMP-2 (C) and MMP-14 (D) in MIA PaCa-2 cells treated with different concentrations of Cu^{2+} (n=3, mean ± SEM, one way ANOVA). Cells transfected with *cd147*-specific shRNA (MIA PaCa-2 shCD147) or control shRNA (MIA PaCa-2 snc) were also analyzed. (E). Immunoblot analysis of MMP-14 in MIA PaCa-2, MIA PaCa-2-NC or MIA PaCa-2-shCD147 cells with or without Cu^{2+} treatment. (F) The expression of CD147 is knocked down in MIA PaCa-2 shCD147 cells. *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01 and ***P < 0.001. Gel images in panel E and F are representative of at least two technical replicates.