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Supplemental Information

The Circular RNA Interacts with STAT3,

Increasing Its Nuclear Translocation and Wound

Repair by Modulating Dnmt3a and miR-17 Function

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Fig S1. circ-Amotl1 enhanced wound healing and migration (a). Structure of circ-Amotl1

(b) The ratio of wound sizes on the third, fifth and sixth days to that on the first day indicated faster wound healing process in the circ-Amotl1-injected side. ** p<0.01, Error bars, \pm S.D, n=10.

(c) RNAs extracted from NIH3T3 cells transfected with circ-Amotl1 were subject to RT and real-time PCR to detect circ-Amotl1 levels. Significant increase in circ-Amotl1 levels was detected in the circ-Amotl1-transfected cells. ** p < 0.01. Error bars, S.D (n=4).

(d) Upper, Scratch wound healing assay was performed to measure the motility of NIH3T3 cells transfected with circ-Amotl1 and control vector. Overexpression of circ-Amotl1 enhanced cell migration. Lower, Quantitaion of the migration. ** p < 0.01. Error bars, S.D (n=5).

(e) Typical pictures of trans-well migration assay.



vector circ-Amotl1

Expression of Stat3 in the wound, IHC

Fig S2. circ-Amotl1 enhanced cell proliferation, migration, and survival

(a) RNAs extracted from HGF cells transfected with circ-Amotl1 or control vector were subject to real-time PCR. Up-regulation of circ-Amotl1 was detected in the circ-Amotl1-transfected cells. ** *p*<0.01. Error bars, S.D (*n*=4).

(b) Wound healing assay showed that overexpression of circ-Amotl1 increased migration of the HGF cells. ** p < 0.01, Error bars, S.D (n=5).

(c) Overexpression of circ-Amotl1 increased HGF cell adhesion.

(d) Cell proliferation assay showed that HGF cells transfected with circ-Amotl1 proliferated faster than the control. ** p < 0.01, Error bars, S.D (n=5).

(e) Maintained in serum-free medium for 10 days, HGF cells transfected with circ-Amotl1 displayed increase in survival relative to the control. ** p < 0.01, Error bars, S.D (n=5).

(f) Down-regulation of circ-Amotl1 was detected in the siRNA-transfected cells as compared to the control. **p < 0.01, Error bars, S.D (n=4).

(g) Silencing circ-Amotl1 repressed cell adhesion on Petri-dish in HGF cells after 6 h incubation. ** p <0.01, Error bars, S.D (n=5)

(h) Silencing circ-Amotl1 repressed HGF cell survival after being maintained in serum-free medium for 8 days. ** *p* <0.01, Error bars, S.D (*n*=5).

(i) Ectopic expression of circ-Amotl1 decreased miR-17-5p expression.

(j) Sections of wound tissues from circ-Amotl1- and control plasmid-injected mice were subject to immunohistochemistry staining. Increased expression of Stat3, Dnmt3a, and fibronectin was detected in circ-Amotl1-injected mice.



Fig S3. Mutual regulation of circ-Amot11 and miR-17-5p. (a) Wound tissues were subject to real-time PCR to confirm up-regulation of miR-17-5p. **(b)** Typical pictures were taken from seventh day showing that miR-17 transgenic mice had delayed healing compared to the wild-type group. **(c)** After mice were slaughtered, wound size was measured by multiplying longest length by greatest width. The ratio of wound sizes on the fifth and seventh day to that on the first day indicated slower wound healing process in the miR-17 transgenic mice relative to controls. **(d)** Typical pictures of H&E staining showing larger wound in the miR-17 tissue. **(e)** Immunohistochemistry staining of wound tissues showed decreased levels of CD34 (left) and Ki67 (right). **(f)** Cell lines stably transfected with miR-17 or the control vector were subject to real-time PCR to confirm up-regulation of miR-17-5p. **(g)** Left, scratch wound healing assay was performed to measure the motility of NIH3T3 cells transfected with miR-17 and control vector. Overexpression of miR-17 decreased cell migration. Right, Quantitaion of the migration. ** p < 0.01. Error bars, S.D (n=5). **(h)** Typical picture of trans-well migration assay. **(i)** Typical pictures of immunohistochemistry staining showed decreased expression of Dnmt3a, fibronectin, and Stat3 in the miR-17 transgenic mice.

b



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Fig S4. Delivery of circ-Amotl1 in wound tissues increased expression of Stat3, Dnmt3a and fibronectin

(a) The mock- and circ-Amotl1-injected tissues were stained with DAPI (blue), Stat3 (green), and circ-Amotl1 (red). High intensity of Stat3 and circ-Amotl1 were detected in the nuclei.

(b) The mock- and circ-AmotI1-transfected injected tissues were stained with DAPI and Dnmt3a (red, left) or fibronectin (red, right). High intensity of Stat3 and fibronectin were detected in the circ-Amotl1-injected tissues.

a HGF	vector	Dapi	F-actin	Stat3
	circ-Amot1	0	Contraction of the second	e
	vector	Dapi	F-actin	Circ-Amotil
	circ-Amott1			
	vector	Dapi	F-actin	Dnmt3a
	circ-Amot1	~		20
	vector	Dapi	F-actin	FN X ²⁹⁰
_	circ-AmotI1	0	1 and a second	e C
b	vector	Dapi	circ-Amotl1	STAT3
	circ-Amotl1	6	<u>`</u>	4."

Fig S5. Expression of circ-Amotl1 in HGF cells increased expression of Stat3, Dnmt3a and fibronectin. (a) The mock- and circ-Amotl1-transfected HGF cells were stained with DAPI (blue), F-actin (red) and Stat3, Dnmt3a, fibronectin, or in situ hybridized with circ-Amotl1 (green). Increased expression of these molecules was detected in the circ-Amotl1-transfected cells. (b) The cells were stained with DAPI (blue), circ-Amotl1 (green), and Stat3 (red). Co-localization of circ-Amotl1 and Stat3 was detected in the circ-Amotl1-transfected cells.



Fig S6. Computational analysis of circ-Amotl1 interacting with Stat3

(a) Graphic three-dimensional structures of the docking models of circ-Amotl1 with Stat3.

- (b) The contact map in the binding residues between circ-Amotl1 and Stat3.
- (c) The residue-level resolution contact maps in the binding residues between circ-Amotl1 and Stat3.
- (d) Refinement of the best docked circ-Amotl1-Stat3 model showing MC score vs. steps of simulation.
- (e) Primer sequences used for the study.

Table S1. The circ-Amotl1-STAT3 Distance

N(res No)	atom ch	ain	AA (res No)	atom	chain	distance	type
LYS 140	NZ	A	A 18	03'	B	2.3	Phil phil
LYS 140	NZ	A	A 19	OP1	B	2.75	Phil phil
GLU 229	0	A	U 21	OP1	B	3.47	Phil phil
TYR 230	0	A	C 20	OP2	B	1.69	Phil phil
TYR 230	OH	A	A 19	02'	B	2.02	Phil phil
LYS 233	CD	A	C 20	03'	B	2.37	Phil phil
LYS 233	CE	A	U 21	OP2	B	0.33	Phil phil
THR 234	N	A	C 20	OP2	B	2.44	Phil phil
THR 234	0G1	A	A 19	03'	B	2.6	Phil phil
THR 236	0	A	A 170	04'	B	1.47	Phil phil
ASP 237	OD1	A	A 170	OP1	B	2.74	Phil phil
ASP 237	0	A	U 17	OP2	B	2.43	Phil phil
GLU 238	OE1	A	A 18	03'	B	2.83	Phil phil
GLU 238	OE2	A	C 20	OP1	B	3.1	Phil phil
GLU 238	OE1	A	A 19	C5'	B	0.84	Phil phil
LEU 240	0	A	A 170	N3	B	1.51	Phob phil
ALA 241	CB	A	A 170	02'	B	1.58	Phob phil
ALA 241	0	A	A 171	04'	B	3.42	Phob phil
ASP 242	OD1	A	U 17	C2	B	1.39	Phil phil
TRP 243	CE3	A	A 170	N1	B	1.95	Phil phil
TRP 243	CZ3	A	A 171	N1	B	2.86	Phil phil
LYS 244	CB	A	A 171	C4	B	1.42	Phil phil
LYS 244	CG	A	A 170	C2	B	1.68	Phil phil
ARG 245	CB	A	U 17	C5	B	3.28	Phil phil
ARG 245	N	A	A 171	N3	B	3.3	Phil phil
GLN 247	OE1	A	A 171	N1	B	2.76	Phil phil
GLN 248	OE1	A	A 171	02'	B	3	Phil phil
ASN 315	OD1	A	G 168	03'	B	2.57	Phil phil
ASN 315	OD1	A	U 169	OP1	B	1.96	Phil phil
LYS 318	NZ	A	G 168	C4'	B	2.08	Phil phil
SER 319	OG	A	U 169	03'	B	3.41	Phil phil
SER 319	OG	A	A 170	OP1	B	3.48	Phil phil
VAL 322	CG1	A	A 170	N6	B	3.39	Phob phil
MET 331	SD	A	U 69	02'	B	2.52	Phob phil
HIS 332	CE1	A	C70	C5'	B	2.74	Phil phil
HIS 332	NE2	A	U 69	03'	B	2.96	Phil phil
LYS 340	NZ	A	C 70	OP2	B	2.41	Phil phil
GLY 342	0	A	U 69	OP1	B	2.84	Phob phil
VAL 343	CG2	A	U 69	OP1	B	1.97	Phob phil
LYS 370	CE	A	C 30	OP2	B	1.5	Phil phil
LYS 370	CB	A	C29	OP1	B	3.01	Phil phil
ASP 371	OD2	A	C 30	N4	B	3.41	Phil phil
SER 372	OG	A	C28	OP2	B	2.57	Phil phil
VAL 373	0	A	A 163	OP2	B	2.61	Phob phil
ARG 379	NH1	A	U 162	OP1	B	3.08	Phil phil
ASN 385	001	Δ	G 54	OP1	B	3	Philphil

	atom	chain	AA (res No)	atom	chain	distance	
1	CB	A	U 55	OP1	B	3.19	P
	CD2	A	U 55	OP2	B	3.37	P
_							-

type

Table S1. The circ-Amotl1-STAT3 Distance (con.)

N(res No)

							-)
ASN 385	CB	A	U 55	OP1	B	3.19	Phil phil
LEU 387	CD2	A	U 55	OP2	B	3.37	Phob phil
HIS 410	ND1	A	C146	02'	B	2.84	Phil phil
ARG 414	NH1	A	G 54	OP2	B	2.78	Phil phil
GLU 415	0	A	G 54	OP1	B	3.45	Phil phil
GLN 416	CD	A	A 160	OP1	B	2.69	Phil phil
GLY 419	CA	A	A 160	02'	B	2.45	Phob phil
ASN 420	N	A	A 160	02'	B	2.73	Phil phil
ASN 420	ND2	A	G 161	C4'	B	0.4	Phil phil
ARG 423	NH1	A	G 80	C4'	B	1.61	Phil phil
ARG 423	0	A	G 81	C5'	B	2.04	Phil phil
ASN 425	0	A	G 81	C4'	B	2.35	Phil phil
ASN 425	N	A	C82	OP1	B	3.44	Phil phil
CYS 426	CA	A	G 81	02'	B	3.07	Phil phil
ALA 428	CB	A	G 80	02'	B	3.22	Phob phil
ALA 428	N	A	G 81	04'	B	3.15	Phob phil
ILE 431	CG2	A	G 107	02'	B	2.73	Phob phil
VAL 432	CG1	A	U 109	OP2	B	3.35	Phob phil
VAL 432	CG2	A	A 108	03'	B	2.92	Phob phil
LEU 438	CD1	A	C 28	C5'	B	1.69	Phob phil
THR 440	OG1	A	C28	03'	B	2.48	Phil phil
THR 440	CG2	A	C 29	C5'	B	1.57	Phil phil
GLU 442	OE1	A	C 30	OP1	B	0.43	Phil phil
GLU 442	CD	A	C 29	03'	B	1.94	Phil phil
ASP 453	OD2	A	C30	02'	B	3.05	Phil phil
GLU 455	OE1	A	C 30	C6	B	3.26	Phil phil
GLU 455	OE2	A	C29	04'	B	0.48	Phil phil
HIS 457	ND1	A	C28	02'	B	2.38	Phil phil
SER 465	OG	A	C110	OP1	B	2.94	Phil phil
SER 465	OG	A	U 109	OP2	B	3.13	Phil phil
ASN 466	ND2	A	G 72	06	B	2.63	Phil phil
ILE 467	CG2	A	C71	OP2	B	0.47	Phob phil
ILE 467	CD1	A	C70	OP1	B	1.8	Phob phil
CYS 468	CB	A	G 72	OP2	B	3.04	Phil phil
CYS 468	N	A	C71	OP2	B	3	Phil phil
GLN 469	NE2	A	U 109	OP1	B	1.31	Phil phil
GLN 469	NE2	A	A 108	03'	B	3.23	Phil phil
ASN 485	0	A	C172	P	B	2.4	Phil phil
ASN 485	0	A	A 171	03'	B	1.63	Phil phil
ASN 486	CA	A	C172	OP2	B	1.18	Phil phil
ASN 486	CA	A	A 171	03'	B	3.23	Phil phil
PRO 487	N	A	C172	OP1	B	1.05	Phob phil
PRO 487	CD	A	A 171	03'	B	2.44	Phob phil
LYS 488	CD	A	C28	04'	B	3.04	Phob phil
LYS 488	NZ	A	U 27	C2	B	0.49	Phil phil
LYS 488	NZ	A	C172	02'	B	3.18	Phil phil
ASN 489	N	A	U 27	02'	B	3.26	Phil phil
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The table reporting a list of atoms "in contact" (within the distance cutoff) with relative distances less than 3.5Å.

Table S2. Accessible Surface Area table of circ-Amolt1-Stat3 complex

Buried area upon the complex formation (A ²) 6316.2	
Buried area upon the complex formation (%) 11.13	
Interface area (A ²) 3158.1	
Interface area STAT3 (%) 11.77	
Interface area circ-AMOTL1 (%) 10.56	
POLAR Buried area upon the complex formation (A ²) 2667.0	
POLAR Interface (%) 42.22	
POLAR Interface area (A ²) 1333.5	
NON POLAR Buried area upon the complex formation (A ²) 364	9.2
NON POLAR Interface (%) 57.78	
NON POLAR Interface area (A ²) 1824.6	
Residues at the interface_total (n) 148	
Residues at the interface_STAT3 96	
Residues at the interface_circ-AMOTL1 52	

Table S3. circ-Amolt1-Stat3 interaction overview

Number of	of interacting residues STAT3 60
Number o	of interacting residues circ-AMOTL1 32
Number of	of hydrophilic-hydrophobic interaction 20
Number o	of hydrophilic-hydrophilic interaction 73
Number o	of hydrophobic-hydrophobic interaction 0