

Supplementary information, Figure S3 NSUN2 catalyzes the formation of m⁵C in mRNAs.(A) Multiple sequence alignments of the NOL1/NOP2/SUN domain family members

(Genebank: NP 001028886.1, NP 060225.4, NP 071355.1, NP 001243056.1, NP 683759.1, NP 872349.1, NP 078953.3). Red boxes: conversed cytosine sites necessary for methyltransferase activity. (B, C) UHPLC-MRM-MS/MS analysis of m⁵C levels within mRNAs (B) or total RNAs (C) upon individual knockdown of NSUN1, NSUN2, NSUN5 or NSUN6. (D) Validation of knockdown efficiency by semi-quantitative RT-PCR. ACTIN was used as loading control. (E, F) UHPLC-MRM-MS/MS analysis of m⁵C levels within mRNAs (E) or total RNAs (F) upon individual overexpression of NSUN1, NSUN2, NSUN5 or NSUN6. (G) Expression level validated by western blotting using anti-Flag antibody. ACTIN was used as loading control. (H, I) UHPLC-MRM-MS/MS analysis of m⁵C levels within mRNAs (H) or total RNAs (I) upon individual overexpression of Flag-NSUN2 or Flag-NSUN2-DM (C271A/C321A). (J) Validation of Flag-NSUN2 or Flag-NSUN2-DM (C271A/C321A) expression by western blotting. ACTIN was used as loading control. For UHPLC-MRM-MS/MS, 40 ng of total RNA was used to analyze m⁵C, and 0.02 ng was used to analyze C, U, G, and A. p values, Student's t-test. Error bars, mean \pm SEM (n = 3). (K) Validation of knockdown efficiency of NSUN2 in HeLa cells by western blotting using anti-NSUN2 antibody. ACTIN was used as loading control. (L) Scatter plot showing m⁵C levels in siCTRL and siNSUN2 samples. To m⁵C sites in control HeLa cells, sites with increased or reduced methylation level upon NSUN2 knockdown were highlighted with orange or blue color, respectively. 2,016 m⁵C sites (within 1,158 mRNAs) present in control HeLa cells were with reduced methylation levels upon NSUN2 knockdown.