

## **Neuropilin-1 promotes Hedgehog signaling through a novel cytoplasmic motif**

Justine M. Pinsky, Nicole E. Franks, Alexandra N. McMellen, Roman J. Giger, and Benjamin L. Allen

Supplemental Material to follow:

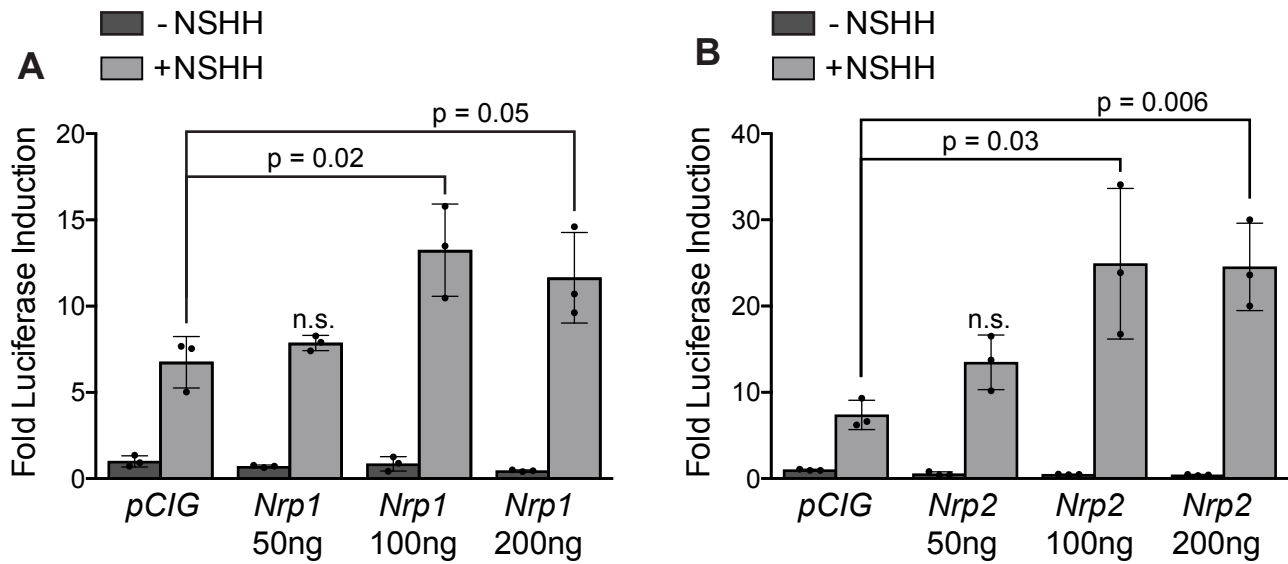
Figure S1

Figure S2

Figure S3

Figure S4

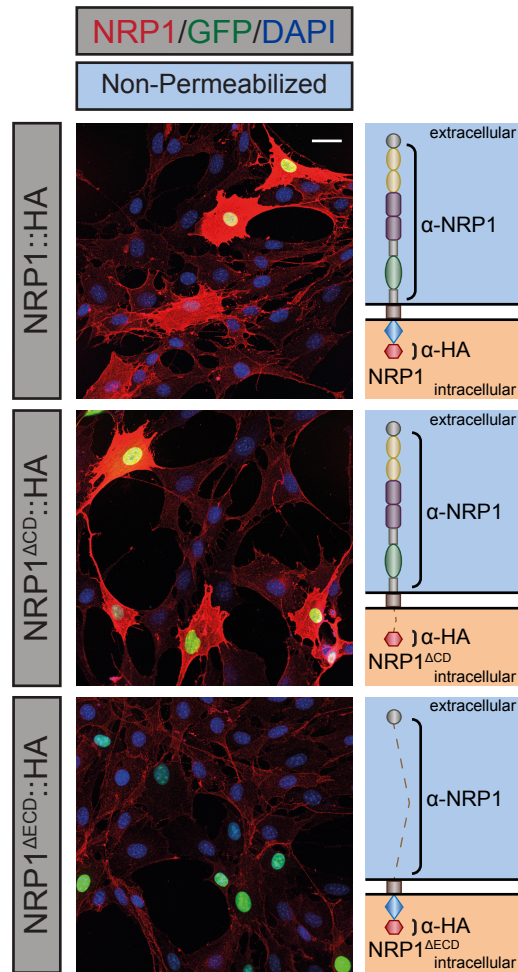
Figure S5



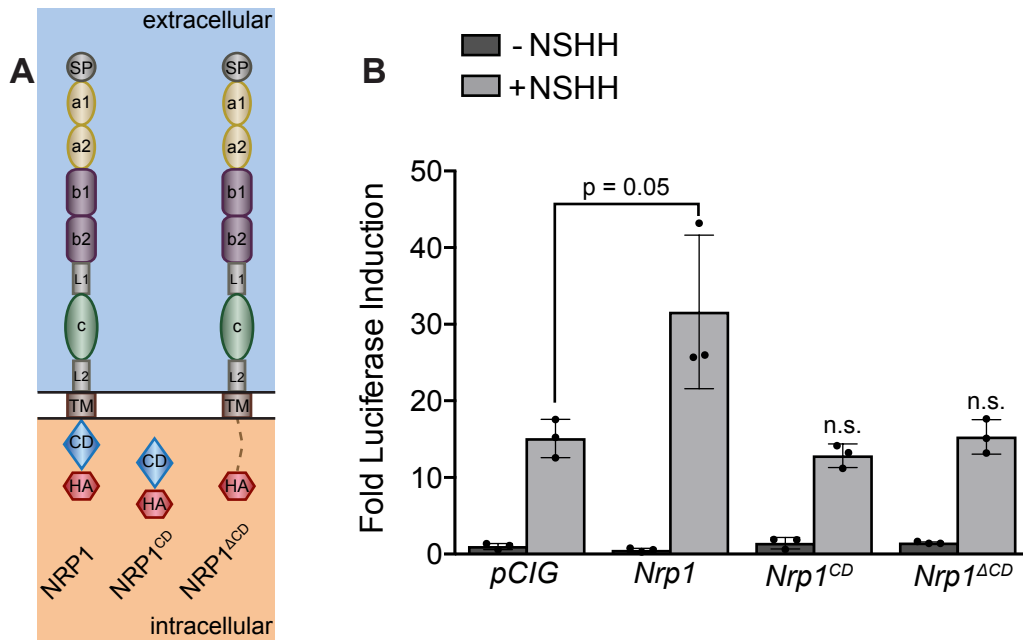
**C**

assay	NRP1		NRP2	
	fold change	p-value	fold change	p-value
1	2.63	0.008	1.34	0.095
2	2.74	0.005	1.29	0.284
3	2.40	0.027	1.52	0.055
4	1.55	0.115	1.39	0.025
5	2.11	0.007	1.82	0.027
6	1.40	0.007	0.83	0.197
7	1.87	0.004	1.53	0.012
8	1.66	0.008	1.16	0.103
avg.	2.04	0.022	1.36	0.100

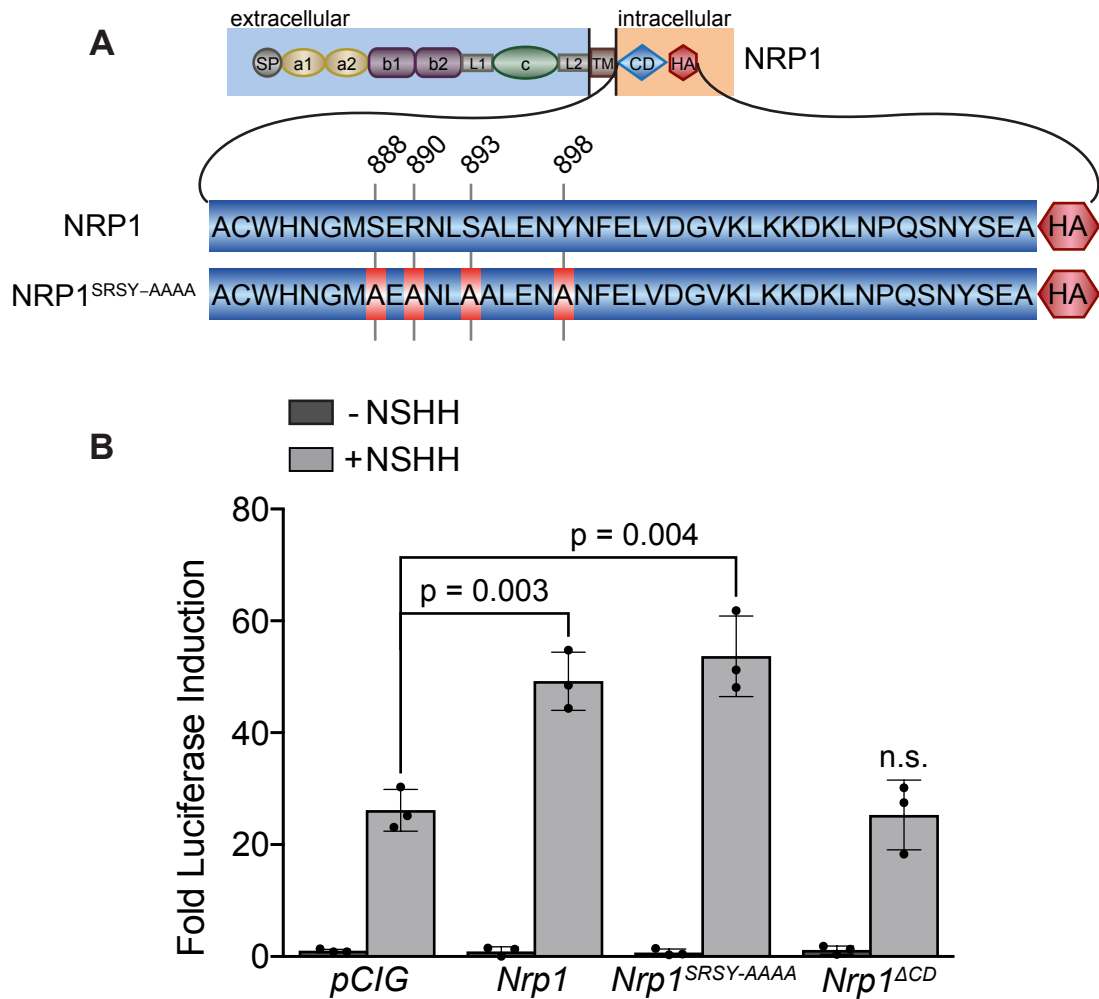
**FIGURE S1.** Optimization of NIH/3T3 transfection conditions. NIH/3T3 cells were transfected with 50, 100, and 200ng of *Nrp1* (A) or *Nrp2* (B), respectively. HH-dependent luciferase reporter activity was measured in ligand stimulated (+NSHH) and unstimulated (-NSHH) cells. Data reported as mean fold induction  $\pm$  SD, with p-values calculated using a two-tailed Student's t test. 100 ng transfection amount was chosen for subsequent assays. (C) Summary of luciferase assay data in which *Nrp1* and *Nrp2* were directly compared in eight independent assays. Fold change reported between ligand-stimulated vector only (*pCIG*) triplicate wells and ligand-stimulated *Nrp1*- or *Nrp2*- transfected triplicate wells. Yellow highlight denotes significance ( $p < 0.05$ ).



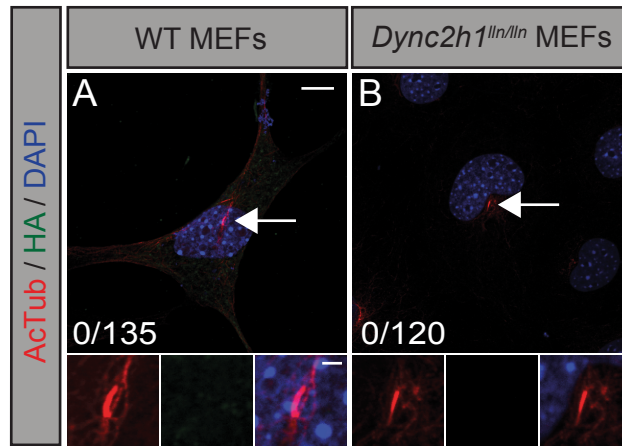
**FIGURE S2.** NRP1 antibody detects endogenous as well as overexpressed NRP1 protein. Antibody detection of endogenous NRP1 (red) in NIH/3T3 cells transfected with NRP1, NRP1<sup>ΔCD</sup>, and NRP1<sup>ΔECD</sup> as indicated. Exposure adjusted for endogenous rather than overexpressed protein (cf. Figure 2). DAPI staining indicates nuclei (blue). GFP expression identifies transfected cells (green). Diagrams of each construct to right indicate antibody-binding sites. Scale bar, 10 $\mu$ m.



**FIGURE S3.** Cytosolic NRP1 cytoplasmic domain does not promote HH signaling. (A) Diagram of full-length NRP1, a cytosolic version lacking the extracellular and transmembrane domains (NRP1<sup>CD</sup>), and a version lacking the cytoplasmic domain (NRP1<sup>ΔCD</sup>). (B) HH-dependent luciferase reporter activity measured in NIH/3T3 cells. Data reported as mean fold induction  $\pm$  SD, with p-values calculated using a two-tailed Student's t test.



**FIGURE S4.** Phosphorylation of key residues is dispensable for NRP1 promotion of HH signaling. (A) Diagram of NRP1 cytoplasmic domain and NRP1<sup>SRSY-AAAA</sup> indicating mutations of key residues to Alanine (B) HH-dependent luciferase reporter activity measured in NIH/3T3 cells. Data reported as mean ± SD, with p-values calculated using a two-tailed Student's t test.



**FIGURE S5.** HA antibody staining in vector-transfected cells. Antibody detection of primary cilia (red, AcTub) and HA (green) in *pCIG*-transfected WT (left) and Dynein mutant (*Dync2h1*<sup>lln/lln</sup>, right) MEFs. DAPI indicates nuclei (blue). Exposure adjusted to match Figure 5 to demonstrate the background level of HA staining. Scale bar, 10 $\mu$ m. Inset scale bar, 1 $\mu$ m.