

## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

**Fig S1:** Pyruvate carboxylase is nonessential for tachyzoites regardless of glycolytic function. **(A)** Scheme depicting deletion of the *TgPyC* gene by DHFR-TS via homologous crossover in tachyzoites. Indicated plasmid construct was transfected into either the RH $\Delta$ ku80-TaTi or in RH $\Delta$ ku80-TaTi- $\Delta$ tggt1 strain followed by drug-selection and screening of the parasite clones using indicated primer pairs (*TgPyC*-KO-5'Scr-F1/R1; *TgPyC*-KO-3'Scr-F1/R1). The positive  $\Delta$ tgpyc and  $\Delta$ tggt1/ $\Delta$ tgpyc mutants were confirmed by sequencing of recombination-specific PCR amplicons. **(B)** Detection of *TgPyC* transcript in the  $\Delta$ tgpyc and  $\Delta$ tggt1/ $\Delta$ tgpyc mutants. A representative clone of each mutant was tested for the presence or absence of *TgPyC* and *TgFBP2* using ORF-specific primers. *TgFBP2* serves as a control to ascertain the integrity of RNA. The relevant parental strains (RH $\Delta$ ku80-TaTi or RH $\Delta$ ku80-TaTi- $\Delta$ tggt1) were included as positive controls. **(C)** Growth of the  $\Delta$ tgpyc and  $\Delta$ tggt1/ $\Delta$ tgpyc mutants compared to their corresponding parental strains, as determined by plaque assay. Plaque area (arbitrary units) and plaque numbers represent the mean  $\pm$  SE of 3 assays. Note that growth defect in the  $\Delta$ tggt1 and its derivative  $\Delta$ tggt1/ $\Delta$ tgpyc strains are due to loss of the *TgGT1* gene.

**Fig S2:** *Toxoplasma* harbors two distinct phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinases. **(A)** Multiple sequence alignment of the PEPCK domains from *T. gondii* with their orthologs from selected organisms. Alignment was made using BLAST and MUSCLE programs. Conserved residues are highlighted in colors. Note the sequence variation between ATP-dependent (*EcPEPCK*, *ScPEPCK*, *AtPEPCK*, *TgPEPCK1*, *TgPEPCK2*) and GTP-dependent homologs (*HsPEPCK-C*, *HsPEPCK-M*). **(B)** Primary structure of *TgPEPCK1* and *TgPEPCK2* protein. The predicted catalytic domain is shown as a black box with active sites annotated in light gray color. The mitochondrial target peptide (mTP) is shown in green. **(C)** Phylogenetic analysis of PEPCKs from distinct organisms. PEPCK sequences were clustered using CLC Sequence Viewer 7.7 and visualized by FigTree v1.4.2. The single most parsimonious tree of ATP-dependent PEPCK orthologs is shown. Circles on the branches denote bootstrap values for parsimony. *TgPEPCK1* and *TgPEPCK2* differ considerably from mammalian homologs, which are GTP-dependent and thus could not be parsimoniously grouped with ATP-dependent PEPCKs from bacteria, plants, fungi and parasites. Sequences for performing analysis were obtained from NCBI and parasite databases. NCBI accession: *TgPEPCK1* (*TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub>*), KX785384; *TgPEPCK2* (*TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>*), KX785385; *EcPEPCK*, P22259; *ScPEPCK*, P10963; *AtPEPCK*, Q9T074; *HsPEPCK-M*, Q16822; *HsPEPCK-C*, P35558. Organism Abbreviations: *Ab*, *Aeromonas bivalvium*; *At*, *Arabidopsis thaliana*; *Bb*, *Babesia bovis*; *Bi*, *Brucella inopinata*; *Br*, *Brassica rapa*; *Cr*, *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii*; *Cv*, *Chlorella variabilis*; *Ec*, *Escherichia coli*; *Em*, *Enterobacter massiliensis*; *Er*, *Eubacterium ramulus*; *Et*, *Eimeria tenella*; *Ga*, *Gossypium arboreum*; *Hh*, *Hammondia hammondi*; *Hs*, *Homo sapiens*; *Ia*, *Ignavibacterium album*; *Kp*, *Klebsiella pneumoniae*; *Kr*, *Ktedonobacter racemifer*; *Lb*, *Leptospira biflexa*; *Nc*, *Neospora caninum*; *Pf*, *Plasmodium falciparum*; *Pj*, *Pneumocystis jiroveci*; *Sa*, *Staphylococcus aureus*; *Sb*, *Salmonella bongori*; *Sc*, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*; *Sl*, *Suillus luteus*; *Tg*, *Toxoplasma gondii*; *Tp*, *Theileria parva*; *Yp*, *Yersinia pestis*; *Zm*, *Zostera marina*

**Fig S3:** *TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>* is expendable in glycolysis-proficient and glycolysis-deficient parasites. **(A)** Genetic deletion of *TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>* by DHFR-TS in tachyzoites. A gene knockout construct allowing double homologous recombination at the *TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>* locus was transfected into designated parental strains (RH $\Delta$ ku80-TaTi or RH $\Delta$ ku80-TaTi- $\Delta$ tggt1). The clonal transgenic tachyzoites were obtained by drug selection and screened for 5' and 3' recombination events using pertinent primers (*TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>*-KO-5'Scr-F1/R1 or *TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>*-KO-3'Scr-F1/R1). The

positive clones ( $\Delta t g p e p c k_{n e t}$  and  $\Delta t g g t 1 / \Delta t g p e p c k_{n e t}$  strains) were confirmed by sequencing of recombination-specific amplicons. **(B)** Detection of *TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>* transcript in the  $\Delta t g p e p c k_{n e t}$  and  $\Delta t g g t 1 / \Delta t g p e p c k_{n e t}$  strains. Each strain was tested for the expression of *TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub>* and *TgFBP2* (control for RNA integrity) using ORF-specific primers. **(C)** Plaque assays showing relative growth of the  $\Delta t g p e p c k_{n e t}$  and  $\Delta t g g t 1 / \Delta t g p e p c k_{n e t}$  mutants with respect to analogous ancestral strains. Plaques formed by individual strains were evaluated for their area (arbitrary units) and numbers (mean  $\pm$  SE, n=3 assays). Note a somewhat slower growth (30% defect) of the two strains lacking *TgGT1* expression.

**Fig S4:** *Metabolites of gluconeogenesis are reduced upon knockdown of TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub> in the  $\Delta t g g t 1$  mutant.* Summed intensities of all isotopomers after isotopic abundance correction of metabolites associated with gluconeogenesis **(A)** and TCA cycle **(B)** are presented as a comparative measurement of abundance. Tachyzoites of the  $\Delta t g g t 1 / i \Delta t g p e p c k_{m t}$  strain were subjected to metabolomics analyses as stated in *methods*. PEP, phosphoenolpyruvate; Pyr, pyruvate; 3PG, 3-phosphoglyceraldehyde; G3P, glycerol 3-phosphate; G6P, glucose 6-phosphate; R5P, ribose 5-phosphate; Glu, glutamate; 2OG, 2-oxoglutarate; Suc, succinate, Fum, fumarate; Mal, malate; Cit, citrate.

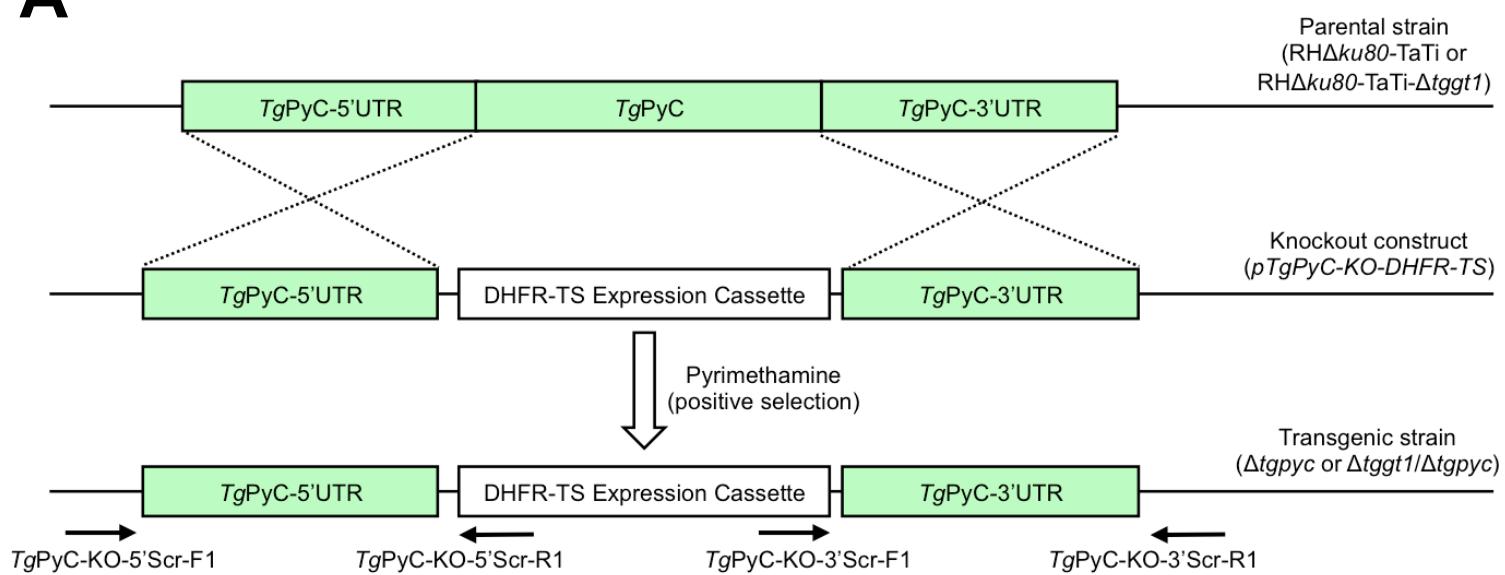
**Fig S5:** *Supplementation with additional serine and glycine can partly restore off-state growth of the  $\Delta t g g t 1 / i \Delta t g p e p c k_{m t}$  mutant.* Plaque assays were performed in standard culture medium containing either the normal amounts of serine and glycine (100  $\mu$ M each) or supplemented with additional amounts of both amino acids (2 mM each). Tachyzoites treated with ATc were precultured for 2 passages with the drug. Shown are the mean plaque area (arbitrary units) with SEM from 3 independent assays. No effect of nutrient supplementation was observed when *TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub>* is expressed (-ATc). Significance was measured separately for each group (+ or - Ser/Gly) using student's *t*-test (\*\*, p<0.01).

**Table S1: Oligonucleotides used in this study**

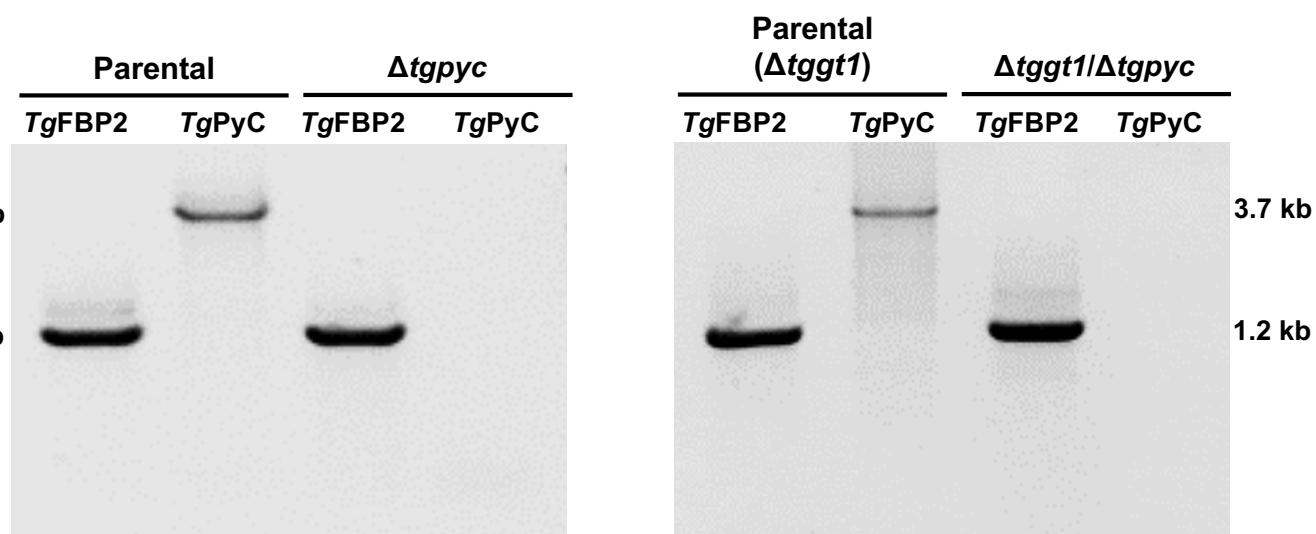
Primer name (Restriction site)	Primer sequence (Restriction site underlined)	Purpose (Plasmid name)
<b>TgPyC</b>		
<i>TgPyC</i> -ORF-F1 ( <i>Nsi</i> I)	CTCATCATGCATATGATCATGGCACCTCTGACT	
<i>TgPyC</i> -ORF-HA-R1 ( <i>Pac</i> I)	CTCAT <u>CTTAATTAA</u> CTAACGCGTAATCTGGAACATCGTAT GGGTATAAGAATGCGGACTAGCAAGTCA	Ectopic overexpression ( <i>pTgGRA2-UPKO</i> )
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-5'UTR-F1 ( <i>Apa</i> I)	CTCATCGGGCC <u>CTGT</u> ACTGAGACAGCAAACGAAAA	Cloning of 5'UTR for the gene knockout ( <i>pKO-DHFR-TS</i> )
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-5'UTR-R1 ( <i>Apa</i> I)	CTCATCGGGCC <u>CTTCAACG</u> CCTACATGACACGC	
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-3'UTR-F1 ( <i>Spe</i> I)	CTCAT <u>CACTAGTT</u> AGAGCAGCGATTCAAGGACA	Cloning of 3'UTR for the gene knockout ( <i>pKO-DHFR-TS</i> )
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-3'UTR-R1 ( <i>Not</i> I)	CTCATCGCGCC <u>GCTTAA</u> TACAAGAACACGGTGATCCA	
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-5'Scr-F1	TACGACGCAGGGCAAATC	Screening of 5' recombination at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-5'Scr-R1	ATCGAGTAAGCACACTACTCCACG	
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-3'Scr-F1	GGGATCAGGGAGAGTGCC	Screening of 3' recombination at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPyC</i> -KO-3'Scr-R1	TATATTCTTCACAGTTGTTCTCCG	
<i>TgPyC</i> -3'IT-COS-F1 ( <i>Hpa</i> I)	CTCATCG <u>TTAACTTT</u> TATCTCGGTCCCTGAGTTTC	Cloning of crossover sequence for 3'HA tagging ( <i>p3'IT-HXPRT</i> )
<i>TgPyC</i> -3'IT-COS-HA-R1 ( <i>Eco</i> RI)	CTCAT <u>CGAATT</u> CCCTAACGCGTAATCTGGAACATCGTATGG GTATAGAATGCGGACTAGCAAGTCA	
<i>TgPyC</i> -3'IT-Scr-F1	GAAAAACTCGGAGATGTTCG	Screening of 3' crossover at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPyC</i> -3'IT-Scr-R1	CTGATCGG <u>CTTG</u> TAGACTTCTC	
<b>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></b>		
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-5'UTR-F1 ( <i>Apa</i> I)	CTCATCGGGCC <u>CGCTACGGATTGATGATATGATCC</u>	Cloning of 5'UTR for the gene knockout ( <i>pKO-DHFR-TS</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-5'UTR-R1 ( <i>Apa</i> I)	CTCATCGGGCC <u>CTTCGGGAACATGCTACGG</u>	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-3'UTR-F1 ( <i>Spe</i> I)	CTCAT <u>CACTAGTAGAGGGCGTTGAGTGTAGG</u>	Cloning of 3'UTR for the gene knockout ( <i>pKO-DHFR-TS</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-3UTR-R1 ( <i>Not</i> I)	CTCATCGCGCC <u>CGCAGACAAAAAGAAGGAGGCC</u>	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-5'Scr-F1	CCTTCAGTGCAGTGTGCGTGT	Screening of 5' recombination at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-5'Scr-R1	ATCGAGTAAGCACACTACTCCACG	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-3'Scr-F1	GGGATCAGGGAGAGTGCC	Screening of 3' recombination at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -KO-3'Scr-R1	ATGCCATAGCGGGTAGTCAC	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -3'IT-COS-F1 ( <i>Hpa</i> I)	CTCATCG <u>TTAACTCTGATTGTATTGCATGCCTG</u>	Cloning of crossover sequence for 3'HA tagging ( <i>p3'IT-HXPRT</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -3'IT-COS-HA-R1 ( <i>Eco</i> RI)	CTCAT <u>CGAATT</u> CCCTAACGCGTAATCTGGAACATCGTATGG GTAGGAAGGGAGACTGTGGGTG	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -3'IT-Scr-F1	TGGT <u>GATTT</u> CGGTACATGC	Screening of 3' crossover at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>net</sub></i> -3'IT-Scr-R1	CTGATCGG <u>CTTG</u> TAGACTTCTC	
<b>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></b>		
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -ORF-F1 ( <i>Bsp</i> HI)	CTCAT <u>CTCATG</u> AATTATA <u>CAATGC</u> ACTTGTCTCGCA	Tetracycline-regulated expression ( <i>pTET07SAG1-UPKO</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -ORF-HA-R1 ( <i>Pac</i> I)	CTCAT <u>CTTAATTAA</u> CTAACGCGTAATCTGGAACATCGTAT GGTAAAAAA <u>ACCGGACCAGCAGC</u>	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-5'UTR-F1 ( <i>Apa</i> I)	CTCATCGGGCC <u>CGGCAAGGAATGATA</u> CAAAAGTGA	Cloning of 5'UTR for the gene knockout ( <i>pKO-DHFR-TS</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-5'UTR-R1 ( <i>Apa</i> I)	CTCATCGGGCC <u>CTTATGATA</u> CAACACCACCCCG	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-3'UTR-F1 ( <i>Spe</i> I)	CTCAT <u>CACTAGTG</u> CACTTCGAAAAGTCATCGTG	Cloning of 3'UTR for the gene knockout ( <i>pKO-DHFR-TS</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-3'UTR-R1 ( <i>Not</i> I)	CTCAT <u>CGCGGCCGCA</u> ACTGGCCAGGTAAAGGCAG	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-5'Scr-F1	GTGATGC <u>ATGC</u> ACTTCTGCT	Screening of 5' recombination at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-5'Scr-R1	ATCGAGTAAGCACACTACTCCACG	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-3'Scr-F1	GGGATCAGGGAGAGTGCC	Screening of 3' recombination at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -KO-3'Scr-R1	GGT <u>GCCCTA</u> ACATCAACGTC	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -3'IT-COS-F1 ( <i>Xcm</i> I)	CTCAT <u>CCCACCGGT</u> CAC <u>CTGGGT</u> CTGATTAGTGGCG CTAAG	Cloning of crossover sequence for 3'HA tagging ( <i>p3'IT-HXPRT</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -3'IT-COS-HA-R1 ( <i>Eco</i> RI)	CTCAT <u>CGAATT</u> CCCTAACGCGTAATCTGGAACATCGTATGG GTAAAAAA <u>ACCGGACCAGCAGC</u>	
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -3'IT-Scr-F1	GAATTACAT <u>CGGCC</u> CAGC	Screening of 3' crossover at the gene locus ( <i>pDrive</i> )
<i>TgPEPCK<sub>mt</sub></i> -3'IT-Scr-R1	CTGATCGG <u>CTTG</u> TAGACTTCTC	

# Fig S1

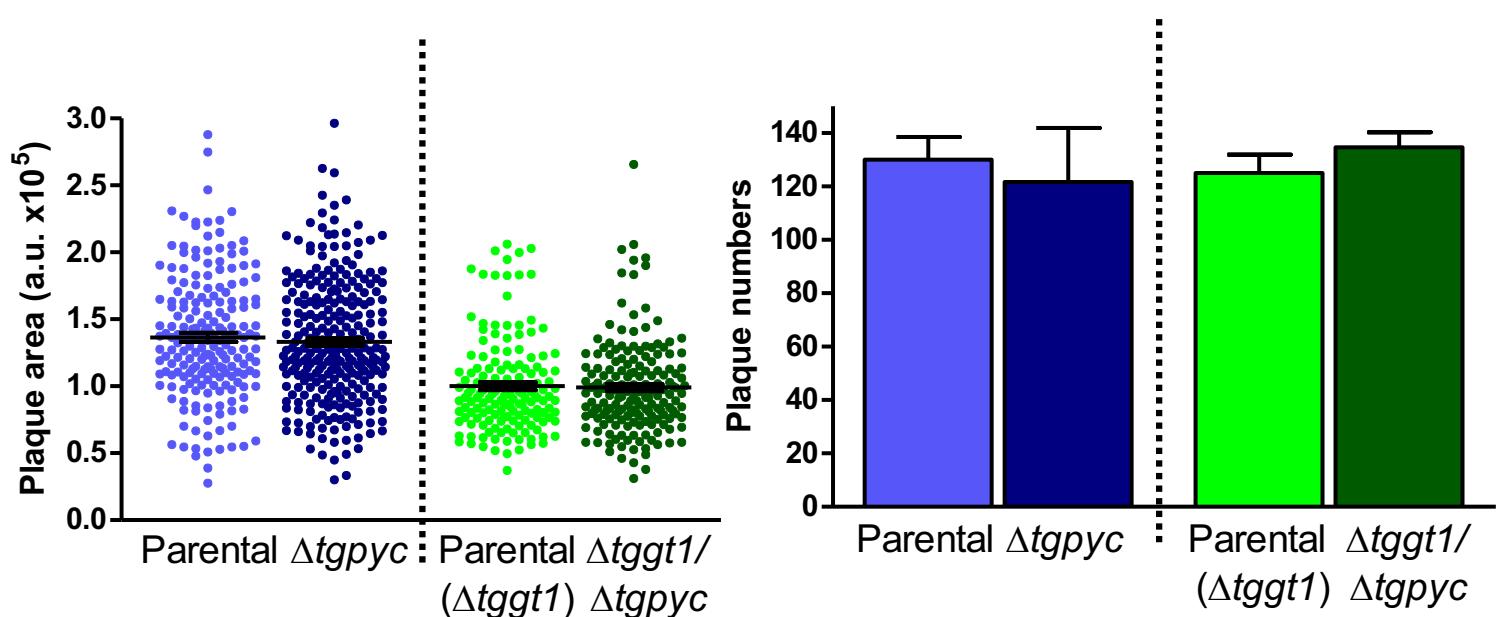
**A**



**B**

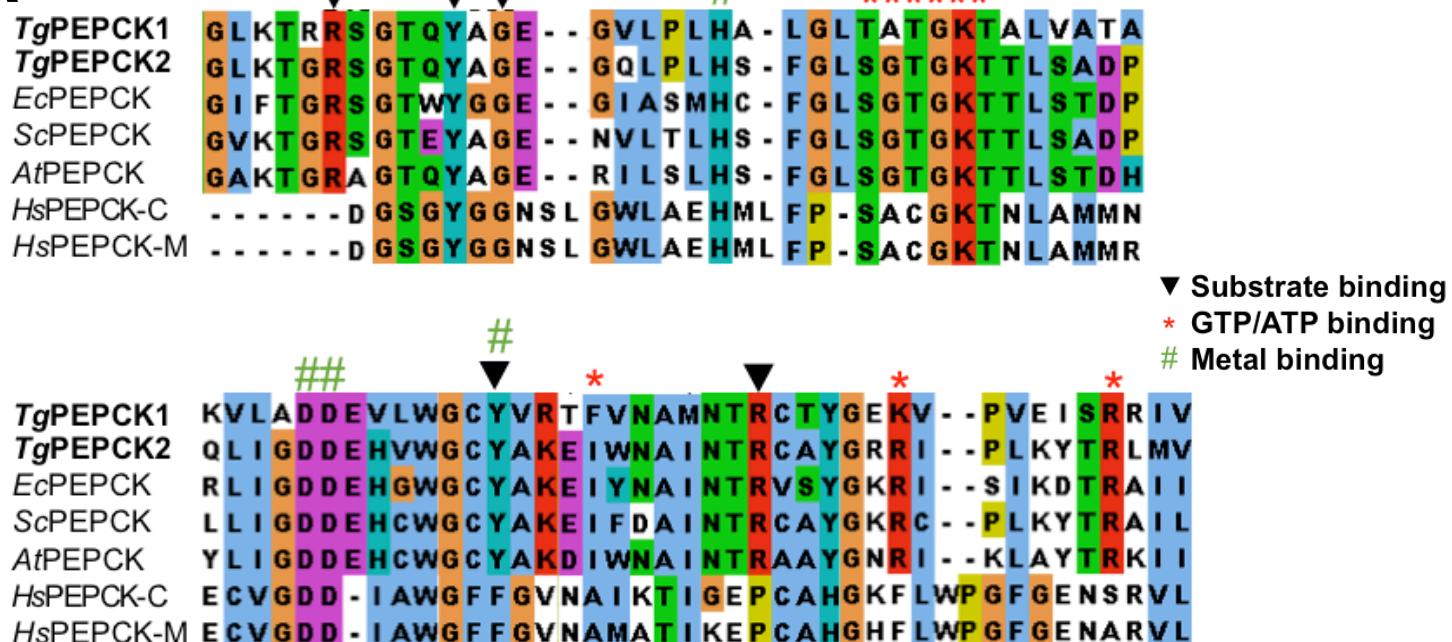


**C**



**Fig S2**

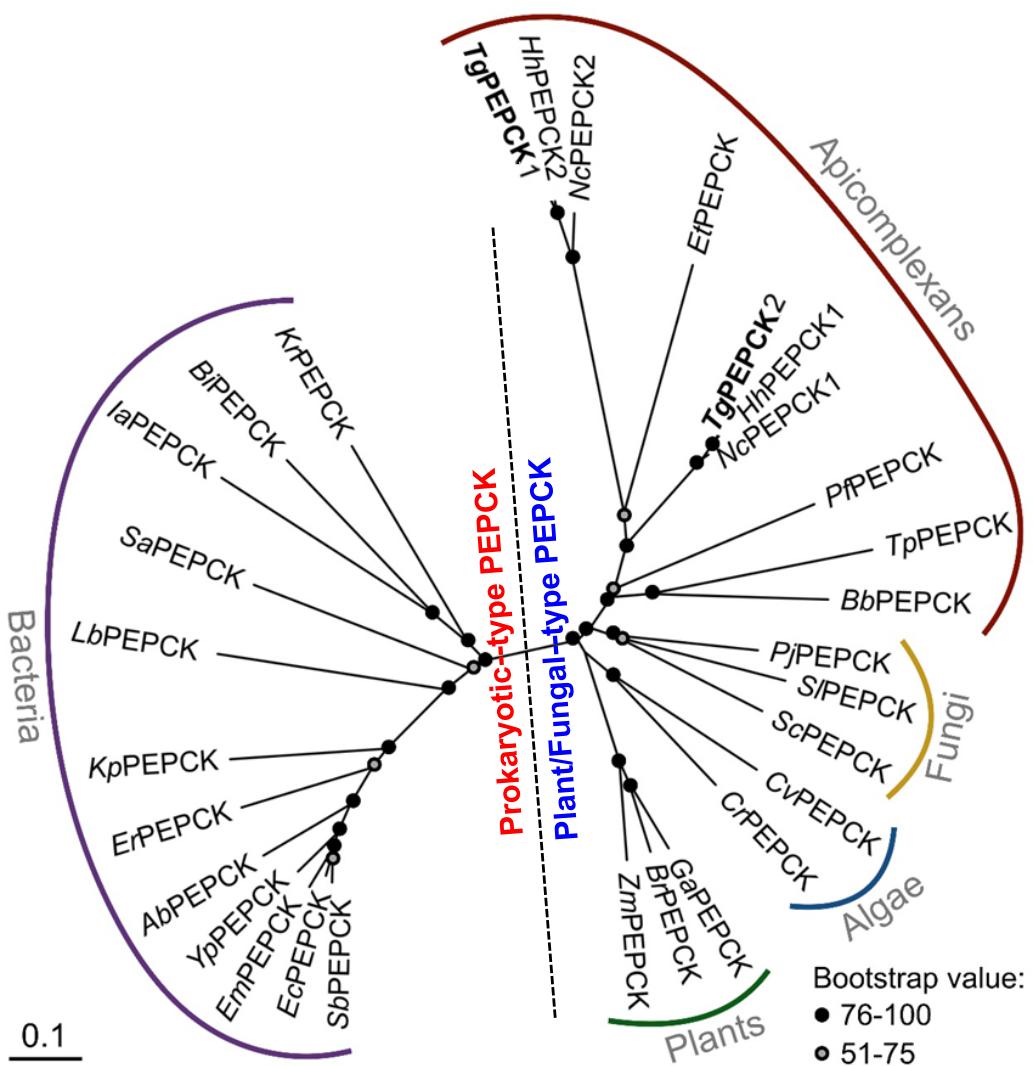
**A**



**B**

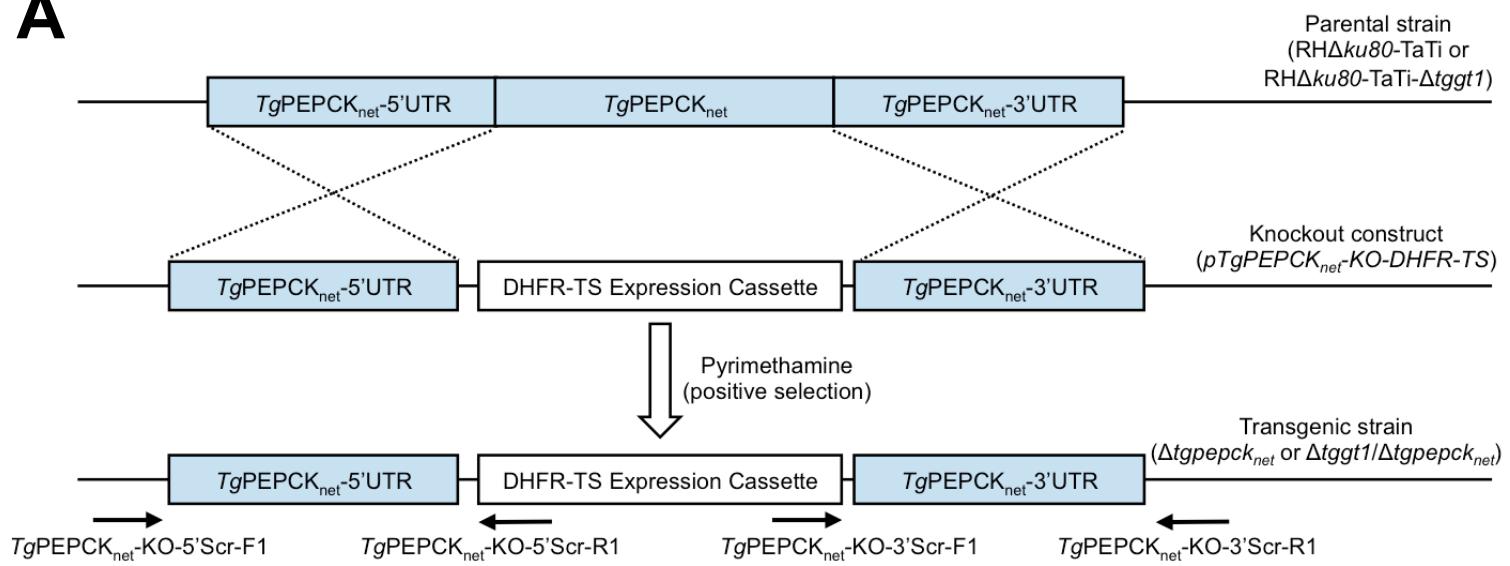


**C**

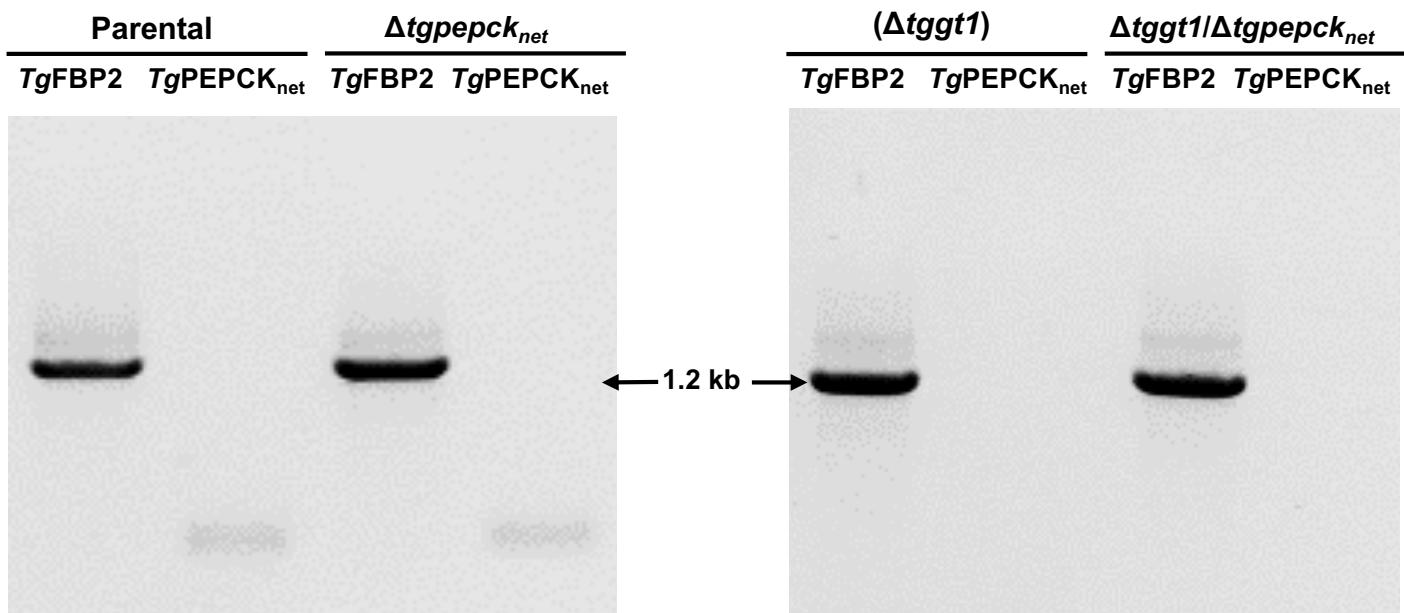


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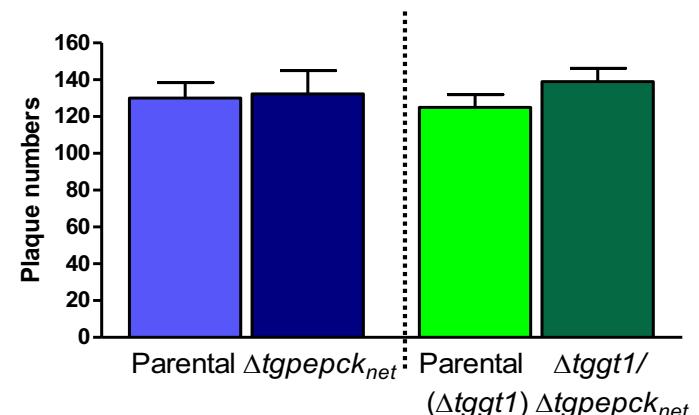
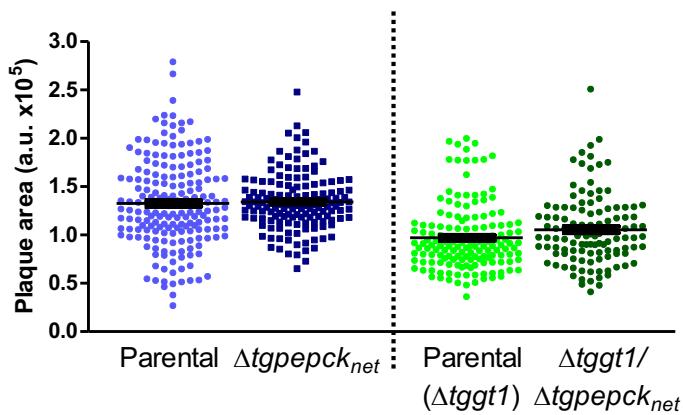
**A**

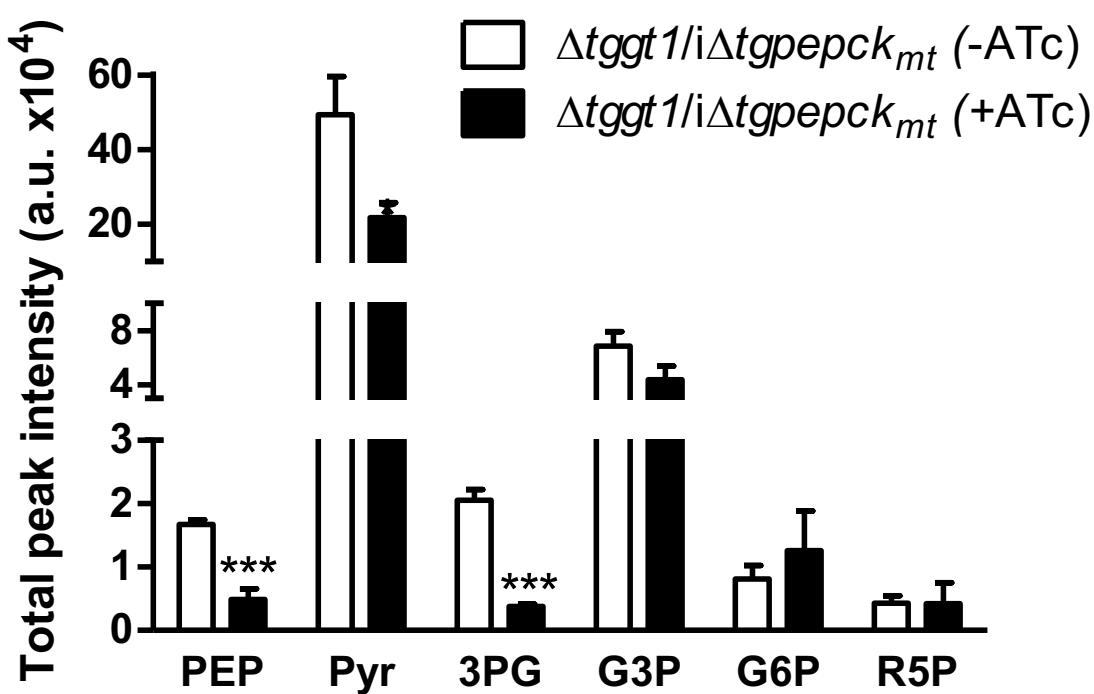
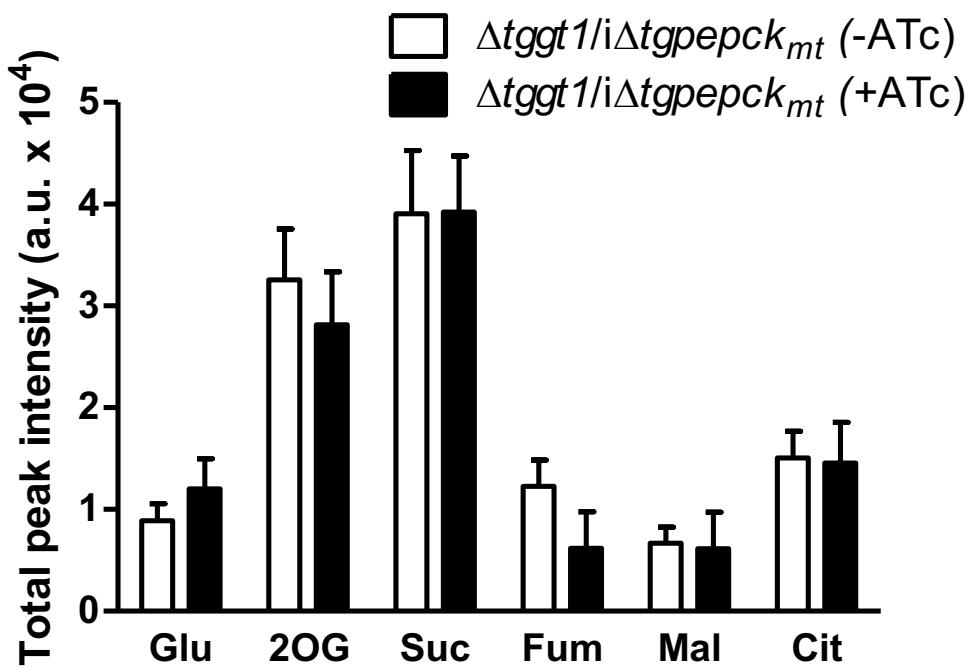


**B**



**C**



**Fig S4****A****B**

**Fig S5**

