Supplementary Figure legends:

Figure S1 Distribution of Molecular atrophy and its relation to ATP4 expression

A) Mean ATP4 (*ATP4A* and *ATP4B*) expression shown in counts per million reads. Samples are marked according to Pathology stage: ""Min"; *H. pylori*-uninfected in green, "Gast"; Gastritis with no atrophy or metaplasia in blue, "Atr"; atrophic gastritis in orange, "EA"; Extensive atrophy in red, and "Met"; Intestinal metaplasia in black. B) Distribution of Molecular atrophy score in the pathology groups. C) Correlation between Molecular atrophy score and mean ATP4 expression. R and pvalues are shown for the Spearman correlation between the two variables.

Figure S2. Mapping statistics of bacterial 16S and reads mapping to H. pylori.

A) Amount of reads identified as bacterial 16S per million total reads. B) Proportion of reads mapping to *H. pylori* transcripts using kallisto. Tpm; number of reads mapping to a transcript per million total reads.

Figure S3. PCA plots based on log-transformed abundances, RNA-seq 16S data

A) Phylum level. The phyla driving the differentiation are shown as red arrows. B) Genus level. "Min"; *H. pylori*-uninfected, "Gast"; Gastritis with no atrophy or metaplasia, "Atr"; Atrophic gastritis, "EA"; Extensive atrophy, and "Met"; Intestinal metaplasia. The asterisks denote the individuals that were H.p. negative according to clinical methods. Ellipses represent the normal distribution of the samples in each group.

Figure S4. Genus-level abundance in the gastric corpus and antrum, based on 16S amplicon data.

A) Genus level abundances in raw reads. B) Genus level relative abundances in percent. "Min"; *H. pylori*-uninfected, "Gast"; Gastritis with no atrophy or metaplasia, "Atr"; Atrophic gastritis, "EA"; Extensive atrophy, and "Met"; Intestinal metaplasia. Both antrum (-A) and corpus (-C) data shown. Reads from the 16S cDNA amplicon sequencing data were classified using Metaxa2. Asterisks represent individuals negative for *H. pylori* infection as determined by clinical tests.

Figure S5. PCA plots based on log-transformed genus abundances, 16S amplicon data

"Min"; *H. pylori*-uninfected, "Gast"; Gastritis with no atrophy or metaplasia, "Atr"; Atrophic gastritis, "EA"; Extensive atrophy, and "Met"; Intestinal metaplasia. Both antrum (-A) and corpus (-C) data shown. The asterisks denote the individuals that were Hp negative according to clinical methods. Ellipses represent the normal distribution of the samples in each group.