

Supplementary Information

The construction of intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma model in zebrafish

Jing Wang¹, Xiaoqian Leng^{1,2}, Guiping Wang¹, Xiaoyang Wan¹ and Hong Cao^{1,*}

¹State Key Laboratory of Freshwater Ecology and Biotechnology, Institute of Hydrobiology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Wuhan 430072, China

²Key Laboratory of Freshwater Biodiversity Conservation, Ministry of Agriculture of China, Yangtze River Fisheries Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Fisheries Science, Wuhan 430223, China

*Author for correspondence (regancao@ihb.ac.cn)

Supplementary Figure 1

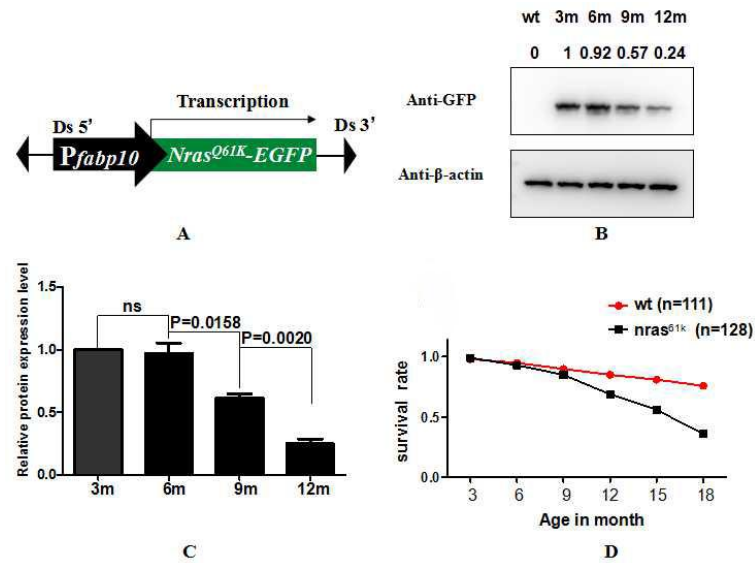


Fig. 1. Generation of *Tg(fabp10:nras^{61K})* transgenic zebrafish.

(A) Schematic diagram of the *Tg(fabp10:nras^{61K})* transgenic zebrafish. The liver-specific *nras^{61K}-EGFP* gene was inserted into the C-terminus of the liver-driver promoter *pfabp10*. (B) Western blots showed that GFP-NRAS^{61K} were expressed in the live samples of *Tg(fabp10:nras^{61K})* transgenic zebrafish at 3, 6, 9 and 12 mpf compared with WT (12 mpf). (C) The relative protein expression level of GFP-NRAS^{61K} in the live samples of *Tg(fabp10:nras^{61K})* transgenic zebrafish at 3, 6, 9 and 12 mpf. (D) The survival curves of the homozygous *Tg(fabp10:nras^{61K})* transgenic zebrafish (n=128) and WT siblings as control (n=111).

Supplementary Figure 2

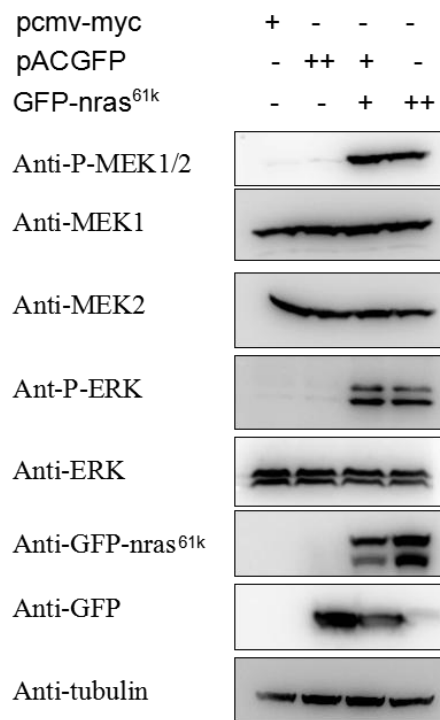


Fig. 2. pMEK1/2 and pERK were induced by GFP-NRAS^{61K} in 293T cells.

Western blots showed that pMEK1/2 and pERK were induced after transfection of pAc-GFP-*nras*^{61K} in 293T cells compared with controls.

Supplementary Figure 3

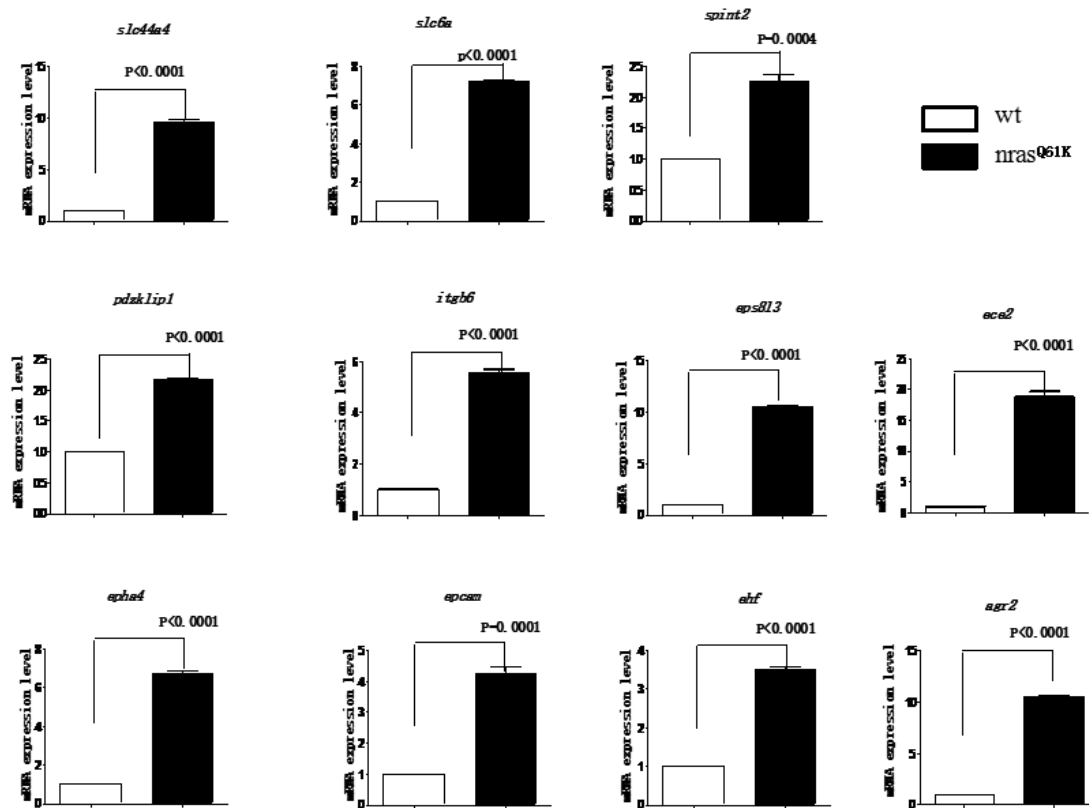


Fig. 3. Determination of expression levels of 11 ICC markers by qRT-PCR in the liver of WT and *Tg(fabp10:nras^{G61K})* transgenic zebrafish (12 mpf).

Determination of expression levels of 11 ICC markers (\log_2 fold change ≥ 1 and $P \leq 0.05$) by qRT-PCR in the liver of WT and *Tg(fabp10:nras^{G61K})* transgenic zebrafish (12 mpf). The expression levels of these genes in each WT and transgenic liver sample were first measured and normalized with the expression level of β -actin ($n=4$ each). The \log_2 fold changes in expression in the transgenic samples as compared with matched WT sample are presented.

Supplementary Figure 4

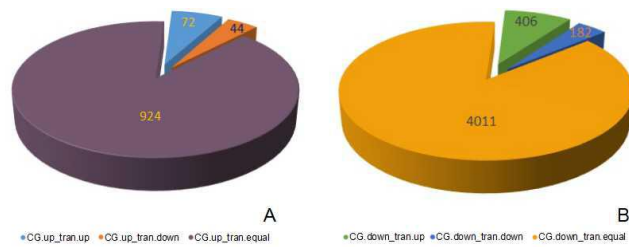


Fig. 4. Comparative analysis of the methylome and transcriptomic profiles by pie chart

(A) Comparative analysis showed that when the CG methylation was up-regulated, there were 72 genes up-regulated and 44 genes down-regulated at transcription level, while 924 genes remained stable.

(B) When the CG methylation was down-regulated, the number of up-regulated, down-regulated and unchanged genes at transcription level were 406, 182 and 3559, respectively.

Supplementary table 3. The CpG islands sequences in three ICC marker genes

Gene Symbol	The CpG islands sequences	chromosome	Integration loci
<i>EHF 1</i> [#]	cgtaaacatcaacagattaaactggcaggattgctgaagcgtgtgtgtgtgcttcatagtgaa gtagctctcaaatcctttttttttttggcatcatgcaaatacactcactggcatgaatcagcc aatcaagcagaaggaagcaggtagaataaaaatcctcattggtcagcgtgaagtcataagttc agcaggcctaaacactgacaggttcacagttctgtctctatcaaactcaaactctgtcccgtac agacaccaaacttcagacaactttaactttctagtcg	25	10319582-10319891 10319582-10319777: Upstream 10319778-10319891: 5'UTR
<i>EHF 2</i> [#]	cgtaaccaaatatttaattgtaataaacacaaattaatggaataatttcacgaaataacttagc gtgagagcatcaaaacattgagtaactgtctagtttttttttttaggaaaaatacacaagcttct aatatcctttgttcttgaggtgtgaacattatctgtttagcatagctcctgtcggttttacacat tccataaatgatctcctagccatctcagaatcaataaaaa	25	10324905-10325159 (Intron 1)
<i>EPHA4</i>	cgtaaatcgagtttgcttttcatttccaaaaggcagacgctgcctaattgcctgtcttccagttataag tggtatattatgttctgagcaaatatcaggggctccggggttaaagcccggttcagtatctactgg aagaacagagtagcggtttaagtgagagtaatgcattcaacattgggctgcactttgacctctgtgtc g	2	40624668-40624874 (Intron 11)
<i>ITGB6</i>	cgtgaggcaacaaaaagcaatgtggttttttctctgtgtgtgatagaataagaatatcaggt gtgaatcactgtgtattcagctctccatataacatgttcaaacacagccttgatcacatcaccaga ccgacctctctgacacaaatattcatgtttctgagctctccttcttcttctttatcactcgcgttc atctcagattctgtggctgttctccagtttagagttgatgttaacca	11	11011880-11012134 (Intron 7)

[#]Different CpG islands in *EHF*. The hypomethylated sites in these CpG islands are indicated in grey.

Supplementary table 4. RT-qPCR primers

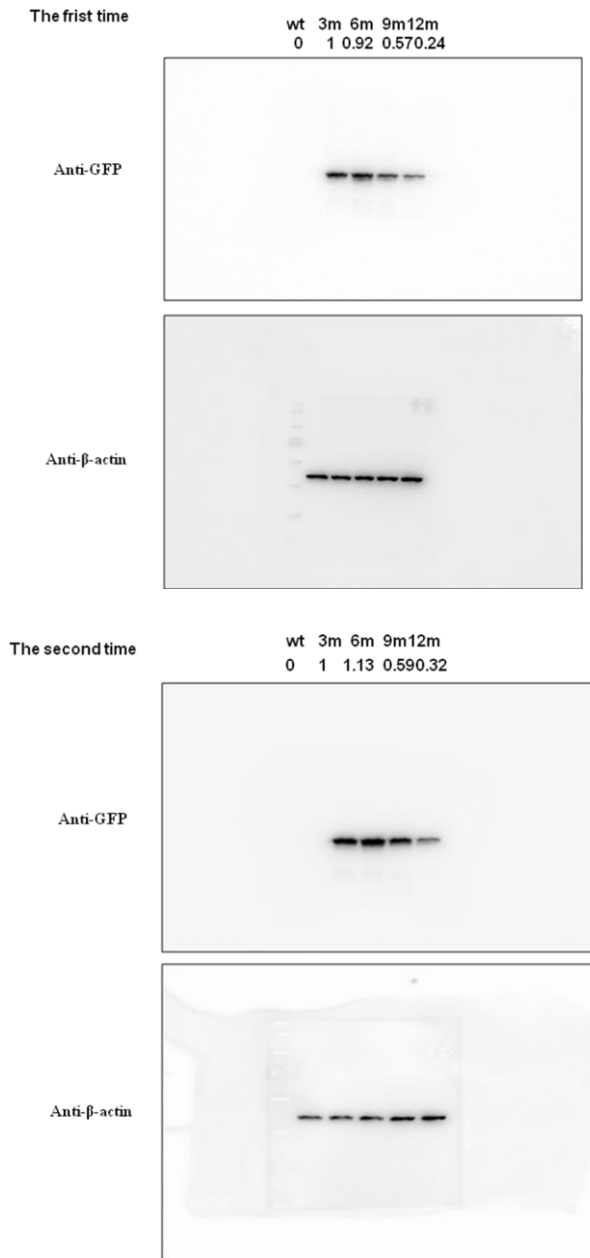
Gene Symbol	Forward Primer (5'To 3')	Reverse Primer (5'To 3')
<i>AGR2</i>	TGTCAGTGCTCTTGGTCATG	CTTCCTCGTATGTCTGTGCC
<i>ECE2</i>	AGACGCTGGGAGAAAACATC	AAGAGCTGGTCGTTTGTGTCAG
<i>EHF</i>	TTCCCGTGTTCAATTCTCCC	CTTTTGACTTGTGACCGCTTG
<i>EPCAM</i>	TTTGATAAGAACTTGTGTCTGAAG	TGTAGTACGGTCGTCCTTATCTTTTT
<i>EPHA4</i>	CACACCAACTACACCTTCCA	GCGTGATGTCCTTACTCTGAA
<i>EPS8L3</i>	TGCCAGTCCACCGATTAAAG	TGTGGAGGTGGAAAATCTGG
<i>ITGB6</i>	CGGTGGAGATAAAAGGCTGTC	TGTTGGTTTCGGGTGTCTG
<i>PDZK1IP1</i>	CCTCTTTCTCGTCTTCATCTCC	ATTCGGTATGACTGCTTCTGG
<i>SLC44A4</i>	ACATACAAGCCAACCAGACC	AAGCCCTCGGTGTTATAGTTG
<i>SLC6A14</i>	AGCTACTTTCCCTTACATCGTG	TCTTTCCAAACCTCAGCCTC
<i>SPINT2</i>	ATAACTTTTACTCCAGGCGG	TCATTTCAGTAAGAGCCTTGGG

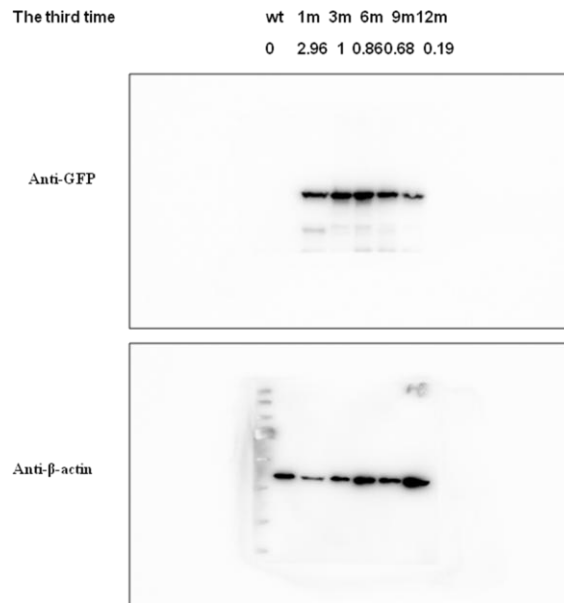
Supplementary table 5. Methylation PCR primers

Gene Symbol	Forward Primer (5'To 3')	Reverse Primer (5'To 3')
<i>EHF</i> 1 [#]	GGTAAATAGGATGGTTTAG	TCCCAATAAAAAATCAAAAAA
<i>EHF</i> 2 [#]	TGTTTTATTTAAAGTTTACATT	TAACAACATATATAAACAAC
<i>EPHA4</i>	GACCTTTTGTAGCATTGG	TCTCCCACTAAACCTTCTG
<i>ITGB6</i>	GTTGTGATTAAAGATTAGAAGG	AAAATCAAATACCAAAACCCCA

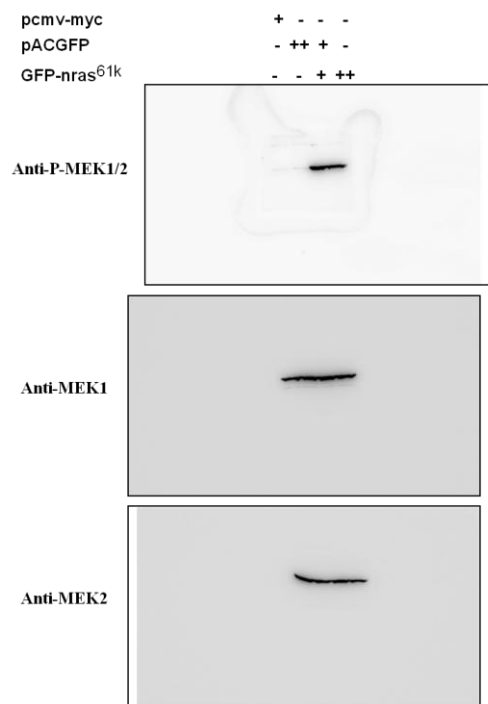
[#]Different CpG islands in *EHF*.

Full-length blots/gels of Supplementary Figure1 are presented

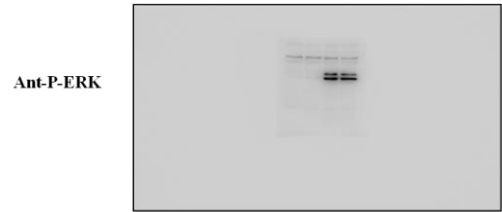




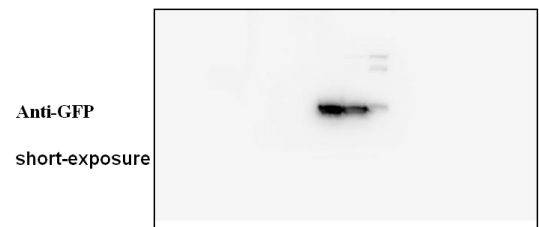
Full-length blots/gels of Supplementary Figure2 are presented



pcmv-myc	+	-	-	-
pACGFP	-	++	+	-
GFP-nras ^{61k}	-	-	+	++



pcmv-myc	+	-	-	-
pACGFP	-	++	+	-
GFP-nras ^{61k}	-	-	+	++



pcmv-myc	+	-	-	-
pACGFP	-	++	+	-
GFP-nras ^{61k}	-	-	+	++

