S4. Algorithm for searching ESS

We solve each case of the model for ESS $\theta^* = \{\tau^*, z^*\}$ by invading consecutive strategies. If the invading strategy wins then it becomes the new resident strategy. In the first round the strategies for such a competition are taken from the set of possible combinations of $\tau^I \in \{0, \Delta \tau^I, 2\Delta \tau^I, ..., 120 - \Delta \tau^I, 120\}$ and $z^I \in \{0, \Delta z^I, 2\Delta z^I, ..., 1 - \Delta z^I, 1\}$, where steps in a considered vector are $\Delta \tau^I = 2$ and $\Delta z^I = 0.02$. When all pairs are checked for invasion then we get a first approximation of the ESS strategy τ^{*I} and z^{*I} . In the next approximation new vectors of strategies are defined around τ^{*I} and z^{*I} , each with a radius that equals 2 times the previous step for a considered vector: $\tau^{II} \in \{\tau^{*I} - 2\Delta \tau^I, \tau^{*I} - 2\Delta \tau^I + \Delta \tau^{II}, ..., \tau^{*I} + 2\Delta \tau^I - \Delta \tau^{II}, \tau^{*I} + 2\Delta \tau^I \}$, where $\Delta \tau^{II} = 4\Delta \tau^I/10$ is a new step; analogically $z^{II} \in \{z^{*I} - 2\Delta z^I, z^{*I} - 2\Delta z^I + \Delta z^{II}, ..., z^{*I} + 2\Delta z^I - \Delta z^{II}, z^{*I} + 2\Delta z^I \}$, where $\Delta z^{II} = 4\Delta z^{I}/10$. Again, all possible pairs are checked for invasion giving the second approximation τ^{*II} and z^{*II} .