miR-204 is associated with an endocrine phenotype in human pancreatic islets but does not regulate the insulin mRNA through MAFA

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Supplementary Table 1 Description of pancreatic endocrine tumors

Classification ^a	WHO classification ^b	Patient Sex/Age	Size (cm)	Pancreas site	Pr.Index ^c	Functional	Insulin ^d	Glucagon ^d	Somatostatin ^d	Pancreatic Polipeptide ^d
Ins-F-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Male/31	2.3	Body/tail	1.0%	Yes	100%	Neg	Neg	Neg
Ins-F-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Male/63	2.8	Head	2.0%	Yes	90%	Neg	Neg	Neg
Ins-F-PET	WDET (benign)	Female/68	1.4	Body/tail	1.0%	Yes	95%	Neg	Neg	Neg
Ins-F-PET	WDEC	Male/65	3.5	Body/tail	7.5%	Yes	5%	5%	Neg	Neg
Ins-F-PET	MEN1	Female/32	2.5	Body/tail	1.0%	Yes	20%	60%	Neg	Neg
Ins-F-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Female/47	1.6	Body/tail	1.0%	Yes	90%	Neg	Neg	Neg
Ins-F-PET	MEN1	Male/44	1.0	Body/tail	2.0%	Yes	90%	Neg	Neg	Neg
Gluc/Som-F-PET	WDET (benign)	Male/55	1.8	Body/tail	1.0%	Yes	Neg	95%	80%	10%
Gluc/Som-F-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Female/46	2.3	Body/tail	1.0%	Yes	Neg	10%	Neg	Neg
Gluc/Som-F-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Female/76	3.5	Head	4.0%	Yes	Neg	Neg	5%	Neg
Gluc/Som-F-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Male /82	4.0	Body/tail	4.0%	Yes	Neg	30%	Neg	Neg
NF-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Female/50	1.7	Body/tail	1.0%	No	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
NF-PET	WDET (uncertain behavior)	Female/19	4.7	Body/tail	4.0%	No	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
NF-PET	WDEC	Female/58	10.0	Body/tail	4.0%	No	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
NF-PET	WDEC	Male/62	2.0	Body/tail	5.0%	No	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
NF-PET	WDET (benign)	Male/36	1.0	Body/tail	0.5%	No	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
NF-PET	WDET (benign)	Female/68	1.0	Body/tail	1.0%	No	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
NF-PET	WDEC	Male/41	2.3	Head	3.0%	No	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg

^aIns-F-PET: Insulinomas; Gluc/Som-F-PET: Glucagonomas or Somatostatinomas; NF-PET: Non Functional Pancreatic Endocrine Tumors

^bWDET: well-differentiated endocrine neoplasms; WDEC: well-differentiated endocrine carcinomas; MEN1: Multiple endocrine neoplasia type 1

^cPr. Index = proliferative index based on evaluation of Ki67

^dpercentage of cells positive for the protein in immunohystochemistry

Supplementary Table 2: Linear regression analysis of selected miRNAs and pancreatic transcription factors gene expression and its respective statistical significance in PETs

	miR-204		miR-211		miR-	375	miR-9		
	R ²	Ρ							
PDX1	0.0001	0.97	0.0043	0.84	0.0005	0.95	0.0005	0.94	
NKX6.1	0.0027	0.87	0.0121	0.73	0.0013	0.91	0.0004	0.95	
NKX2.2	0.2321	0.19	0.1141	0.37	0.0086	0.83	0.0277	0.67	
PAX4	0.3336	0.17	0.4032	0.18	0.0324	0.70	0.2962	0.21	
PAX6	0.0001	0.98	0.0052	0.82	0.3196	0.06	0.1164	0.25	
ONECUT1	0.0040	0.87	0.0001	0.98	0.0680	0.53	0.0213	0.71	
ISL1	0.0219	0.63	0.0954	0.33	0.0075	0.79	0.1245	0.24	
NGN3	0.0418	0.63	0.0103	0.83	0.0000	0.99	0.0223	0.72	
PTF1A	0.0421	0.66	0.0358	0.72	0.5013	0.12	0.1635	0.37	
NEUROD1	0.0263	0.65	0.0000	1.00	0.0055	0.85	0.0009	0.93	



Log₁₀ of fold change relative to HI



Gluc/Som-F-PET

O NF-PET

Correlation of *miR-204* and *miR-211* **expression in NET.** XY plot of *miR-204* and *miR-211* levels in Ins-F-PET (black circles), Gluc/Som-F-PET (grey circles), and NF-PET (clear circles) evaluated by qRT-PCR and expressed as fold change relative to median levels in human islets (HI); correlation was evaluated by linear regression, dotted lines represent the 95% confidence interval.



Correlation of selected miRNA expression with either insulin or glucagon mRNA in PET. XY plot of *miR-204, miR-211, miR-375,* and *miR-9* vs insulin (top panels) or glucagon (lower panels) mRNAs evaluated by qRT-PCR and expressed as fold change relative to median levels in human islets (HI). Samples include: Ins-F-PET (black circles), Gluc/Som-F-PET (grey circles), and NF-PET (clear circles). Correlation was tested by linear regression, dotted lines represent the 95% confidence interval.

mRNA expression in PETs of transcription factors involved in pancreatic development. Levels of *PDX1*, *NKX6.1*, *NKX2.2*, *PAX4*, *PAX6*, *ONECUT1*, *NGN3*, *ISL1*, *PTF1A*, *NEUROD1*, as well as those of insulin (INS) and glucagon (GCG), as β or α cells markers, were determined using qRT-PCR. Values are reported as fold change relative to median expression in human islets (HI). Ins-F-PET, dark grey circles; Gluc/Som-F-PET, light grey circles; NF-PET, clear circles; n.d. = not detected.

Selected pancreatic miRNA expression in a panel of human tissues. Bar plot of *miR-204* (black bars), *miR-211* (clear bars), *miR-375* (grey bars), and *miR-9* (striped bars) levels in human islets (HI), acinar, ductal, pMSC cells and in a panel of human tissues. Expression was measured by qRT-PCR and is reported as fold change relative to median miR-204 levels in HI (dotted line).

Expression of *miR-204*, *INS*, *NGN3*, and *PDX1* mRNAs in the course of differentiation of human fetal fibroblasts derived iPSCs towards a β cell-like phenotype.

Bar plot of mRNA fold change (mean+SD) relative to median expression in human islets (HI) as measured by qRT-PCR at five sequential differentiation stages: undifferentiated iPSCs (undiff. iPSC); definitive endoderm (DE); posterior foregut (PF); pancreatic endoderm (PE); hormone expressing endocrine cells (EN).

Effect of *miR-204* up- or downregulation on *INS*, *MAFA*, *TXNIP*, and *TRPM3* transcripts in preparations of isolated human islets 72 hours post transfection.

Bar plots of average copies per ng of total RNA measured by ddPCR for the *INS*, *MAFA*, *TXNIP*, and *TRPM3* (panel a, b, c, d, respectively) in *miR-204* up- and down-regulation experiments. Overlaid are the individual results of 3 transfection performed in parallel on two different batches of purified human islets (Circles=HP1266; diamonds=HP1269). Treatment groups are identified by bar color: untreated cells white bars, *miR-204* down-regulation light grey bars, *miR-204* up-regulation dark grey bars.

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miR-204 up- and down-regulation in EndoC- β H1 cells 72 hours post transfection. Scatter plot of ddPCR droplets' fluorescence results from a representative experiment of miR-204 up- or down-regulation in EndoC- β H1 cells. Vertical dotted lines separate treatment groups (panel a). Bar plot of mean *miR-204* copies per ng of total RNA measured by ddPCR, according to treatment group. Individual results of each transfection replicate (n=3) are shown as circles. Treatment groups are identified by bar color: untreated cells white bars, *miR-204* down-regulation light grey bars, *miR-204* up-regulation dark grey bars (panel b).

miR-204 up- and down-regulation in EndoC- β H1 cells 48 hours post transfection.

Bar plot of mean *miR-204* copies per ng of total RNA measured by ddPCR in all experiments, according to treatment group. Overlaid are the individual results of each transfection (n=3) performed in parallel in each independent experiment (squares=experiment 1; circles= experiment 2; diamonds=experiment 3). Treatment groups are identified by bar color: untreated cells white bars, *miR-204* downregulation light grey bars, *miR-204* up-regulation dark grey bars.

Effect of *miR-204* up- or downregulation on *INS*, *MAFA*, *TXNIP*, and *TRPM3* transcripts in EndoC- β H1 48 hours post transfection.

Bar plots of average copies per ng of total RNA measured by ddPCR for the INS, MAFA, TXNIP, and TRPM3 (panel a, b, c, d, respectively) in miR-204 up- and down-regulation experiments. Overlaid are the individual results of each transfection (n=3) performed in parallel in each independent experiment (squares=experiment 1; circles= experiment 2; diamonds=experiment 3). Treatment groups are identified by bar color: untreated cells white bars, *miR-204* down-regulation light grey bars, miR-204 up-regulation dark grey bars.

Correlation of mRNAs fold changes with or without normalization of copy number relative to the levels of the GAPDH transcript. XY plot of the fold change of *INS*, *MAFA*, *TXNIP*, and *TRPM3* transcripts upon *miR-204* up- and down-regulation are shown for the 72 hours (panel a) and 48 hours (panel b) transfections. On the x axis is plotted the fold change of the measured copies per ng of total RNA in treated samples relative to the appropriate control samples. On the y axis is plotted the fold change of measured copies after normalization relative to the *GAPDH* transcript level also measured by ddPCR in the same samples. Shown are the corresponding Spearman R² and p values.

Rat MAFA 3'UTRCCCGAGAACGGUGAAUACUUAAGGGAAGCCrno-miR-204UCCGUAUCCUU

Human MAFA 3'UTR AGCGGA**G**AACGGU**GAU**UU**C**T**AAGG**A**AA**CTT hsa-miR-204 U**C**CGUAUC**CUA**CU**G**U**UUCC**C**UU**

Alignment of human and mouse *miR-204* and its putative 3' UTR of the *MAFA* target sequence. Mature *miR-204* sequences from Rat (NCBI Refseq NR_031919.1) and human (NCBI Refseq NR_029621.1) were aligned against their candidate target sequence within the 3' UTR of the MAFA transcript of their respective species (NCBI Refseq XM_006241903.2 and NM_201589.3). Nucleotides matching between *miR-204* and MAFA 3' UTR are highlighted in bold and underlined, the putative seed sequence is shown in red.