Supplementary Table 3. Length at birth and conditional growth in height explaining spine (L2-L4) bone area, bone mineral content (BMC), and areal bone mineral density (aBMD) in early old age in a subgroup of women (n=178) from the Helsinki Birth Cohort Study.

		Model 1			Model 2		
		B	95% CI	p	B	95% CI	p
Bone area, cm^2							
	Birth	1.09	0.58;1.60	>0.001	0.37	-0.16;0.89	0.17
	0 to 2 years	1.53	1.05;2.01	>0.001	0.53	-0.03;1.09	0.062
	2 to 7 years	0.81	0.32;1.29	0.001	-0.11	-0.65;0.43	0.683
	7 to 11 years	0.67	0.19;1.15	0.006	0.64	0.21;1.07	0.004
	Early old age				1.99	1.30;2.67	>0.001
BMC, g							
	Birth	1.76	0.08;3.45	0.04	0.61	-1.27;2.49	0.521
	0 to 2 years	2.54	0.95;4.13	0.002	0.93	-1.06;2.93	0.356
	2 to 7 years	2.15	0.54;3.75	0.009	0.68	-1.27;2.62	0.492
	7 to 11 years	1.20	-0.38;2.78	0.136	1.15	-0.41;2.71	0.146
	Early old age				3.18	0.72;5.63	0.012
aBMD, g/cm^2							
	Birth	0.013	-0.02;0.05	0.427	0.005	-0.03;0.04	0.778
	0 to 2 years	0.017	-0.01;0.05	0.261	0.007	-0.03;0.05	0.738
	2 to 7 years	0.026	-0.01;0.06	0.095	0.016	-0.02;0.05	0.398
	7 to 11 years	0.008	-0.02;0.04	0.587	0.008	-0.02;0.04	0.603
	Early old age				0.021	-0.03;0.07	0.379

B, unstandardized regression coefficient. B describes increase in the outcome variable per 1-SD greater growth.

Both models are adjusted for length of gestation, age, years since menopause, childhood and adulthood socio-economic status, alcohol intake, smoking, exercise, and estrogen replacement therapy.

Model 1 excludes and Model 2 includes body size at early old age.