Mutational re-modeling of di-aspartyl intramembrane proteases: uncoupling physiologically-relevant activities from those associated with Alzheimer's disease

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS



Supplementary Figure 1: Multiple sequence alignment of PSENs and distant presenilin homologous proteins (IMP 1-5, termed also SPP, SPPLs or PSH).



Supplementary Figure 2: (A, B). Schematic representation of mutations in Presenilin 1 affecting proteolytic activities of Presenilinase (A) and Notch S3 cleavage (B). (C). Schematic representation of mutations in Presenilin 1 affecting proteolytic activities of APP γ -secretase cleavage. APP695 isoform that bears the Swedish mutation for AD (KM670/671NL) was used in the experiments. In this and other Figures, mutations in super-conserved aspartates are indicated in red, mutations with similar amino acid changes, which do not alter the physicochemical properties of the site, are in green and AD mutations are in blue.

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Supplementary Figure 3: IMP1/SPP substrates.

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Supplementary Figure 4: Detection of secreted A β peptides in *PSEN1*^{-/-}/*PSEN2*^{-/-} MEF cells co-transfected with wild type or mutant PSEN1 and APP695 Δ NL. A β peptides were detected in cell medium (A, B (M lanes) and C), but not in cell lysates (B - L lanes). (A, B) - immunoblots described in details in Figure 5 of the main text are shown with a higher exposure. Independent experiment (C) shows a specific A β peptide product (*), produced by the G382A mutant, which differs from A β 42.



Supplementary Figure 5: Construct used for the rescue experiments in *C. elegans* and genotyping strategy. (A) Schematic representation of *Ce-imp-2* genomic region in wild type and tm1397 strains, bearing 536 bp deletion at the beginning of the gene. DEL dir, DEL rev and DEL rev TR primers were used for genotyping. (B) Plasmid construction used in *C. elegans* rescue experiments. Genomic fragment of *imp-2* gene was cloned into L4440 vector and AfII-BsaB1 genomic fragment was substituted with CDS fragment skipping intron 2. (C) Genotyping of worms. Two pairs of primers (1-Del dir/Del rev TR and 2- DEL dir/DEL rev) identify correspondingly: 1) 1500 bp and 1661 bp fragments in N2 wild type strain or *Ce-imp-1* knockout strain tm827; 2) 1500 bp, 964 bp and 1661 bp, 1125 bp fragments in *Ce-imp-2^{+/-}* (Ht) worms of tm1397 strain ; 3) 964 bp and 1381 bp fragments in *Ce-imp-2^{+/-}* (Ht) worm strains rescued with *Ce-imp-2* genomic fragment amplification was inhibited by predominant amplification of transgenic strains. Wt #1-4, G350K #1-3, G350A #1-3, P417L #1-3, P417A #1-3 are independent transgenic strains generated in the course of experiments.

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE REFERENCES

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SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES

Supplementary Table 1: List of mutated PSEN1 constructs. Amino acid changes with similar physicochemical properties are in green boxes [1, 2]

Construct PSEN1	WT amino acid	Mutated amino acid	Site position	Known AD mutations in this position, Alzforum.org	dbSNP 146 & COSMIC variants
M146V	hydrophobic	hydrophobic	AD mutation	M146V, M146I, M146L	M146L, M146V <u>rs63750306</u> M146I <u>rs63750391</u>
D257A	hydrophilic	hydrophobic	First conserved aspartate	20	D257D <u>rs200481721</u>
D257E	hydrophilic	hydrophilic	First conserved aspartate	110	D257N <u>COSM698729</u>
P284A	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Partially conserved proline (first <u>P</u> AL-motif in the hydrophobic part of the loop)		D284S
P284L	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Partially conserved (first P AL-motif in the hydrophobic part of the loop) Partially conserved (first P AL-motif in the hydrophobic part of the loop)		P284S rs63750324 P284L rs63750863
P284Q	special, imino acid	hydrophilic			
G382A	special	hydrophobic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> LGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate		
G382K	special	hydrophilic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> LGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate		
G382L	special	hydrophobic	First conserved glycine within <u>GLGD-motif of the second</u> conserved aspartate	no	no
G382Q	special	hydrophilic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> LGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate		
G382V	special	hydrophobic	First conserved glycine within <u>GLGD-motif of the second</u> conserved aspartate		
D385A	hydrophilic	hydrophobic	Second conserved aspartate	no	no
D385E	hydrophilic	hydrophilic	Second conserved aspartate		
C410Y	special, SH	aromatic	AD mutation	C410Y	C410Y, C410F <u>rs661</u>
P433A	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Conserved proline (second <u>P</u> AL-motif)		
P433L	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Conserved proline (second P AL-motif)	no	no
P433Q	special, imino acid	hydrophilic	Conserved proline (second \underline{P} AL-motif)		
L435D	hydrophobic	hydrophilic	Conserved lysine		1 4255
L435V	hydrophobie	hydrophobic	Conserved lysine	L435F	L435F rs63750001
			(second PA <u>L</u> -motif)		
T440D T440V	hydrophobic hydrophobic	hydrophobic	Next to the second PAL motif	T440del	no
I UTT I	nyarophobie	nyarophobic	TRAT to the second TAL-moun		

Supplementary Table 2: List of mutated hIMP1 constructs. Amino acid changes with similar physicochemical properties are in green boxes [1, 2]

Construct hIMP1	WT amino acid	Mutated amino acid	Site position	dbSNP 146 & COSMIC variants
D219A	hydrophilic	hydrophobic	First conserved aspartate	D219D <u>rs149298851</u>
D219E	hydrophilic	hydrophilic	First conserved aspartate	
P239L	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Partially conserved proline (next to the first conserved aspartate)	no
P245L	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Partially conserved proline (next to the first conserved aspartate)	P245S <u>COSM3545056</u> <u>COSM3545057</u>
G262A	special	hydrophobic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> xGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate	
G262K	special	hydrophilic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> xGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate	
G262L	special	hydrophobic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> xGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate	no
G262Q	special	hydrophilic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> xGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate	
G262V	special	hydrophobic	First conserved glycine within <u>G</u> xGD-motif of the second conserved aspartate	
G264A	special	hydrophobic	Second conserved glycine within Gx <u>G</u> D-motif of the second conserved aspartate	no
D265A	hydrophilic	hydrophobic	Second conserved aspartate	D265D <u>rs75266019,</u> <u>COSM5243623,</u> <u>COSM5243624,</u>
P317A	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Conserved proline (<u>P</u> AL-motif)	
P317L	special, imino acid	hydrophobic	Conserved proline (<u>P</u> AL-motif)	no
P317Q	special, imino acid	hydrophilic	Conserved proline (<u>P</u> AL-motif)	
A318C	hydrophobic	special, SH	Conserved alanine (P <u>A</u> L-motif)	no
L319D	hydrophobic	hydrophilic	Conserved lysine (PA <u>L</u> -motif)	L319H <u>COSM1025580,</u> <u>COSM1592518</u>
L319V	hydrophobic	hydrophobic	Conserved lysine (PA <u>L</u> -motif)	

Supplementary Table 3: List of primers used for *C. elegans imp-2* cloning and transgenic/knockout strains genotyping

C. elegans imp-2				
Genomic-RSC-dir	TCTTTTTGGAACACTTAATCCAG			
Genomic-RSC-rev	AGTCTTGGTTTTGGTAGCTTGC			
Genomic-RSC-dir2 (NotI)	TTTT-GCGGCCGC-AGCGAAAAACGAATTCGAAAG			
Genomic-RSC-rev2 (PstI)	TTTT-CTGCAG-AGTCTTGGTTTTGGTAGCTTG			
DEL dir	GACAGCTCAGAACACGTGGA			
DEL rev	TTCCGAAAACCCAGAAGATG			
DEL rev TR	CAGCTTTAGGCCAAAATTGA			
C. elegans imp-1				
tm827delF	TTGAAATTCGGTTCCATCGT	WT - 535 bp		
tm827delR	CTCCACAAGTCGGAAACCAT	tm827 - 253 bp		
C. elegans imp-3				
tm1654delF	GGTGGAATAATACCTGGTGGAA	WT - 866 bp		
tm1654delR	AAAGAAGCGCCAATATCGAA	tm1654 - 146 bp		

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SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE REFERENCES

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