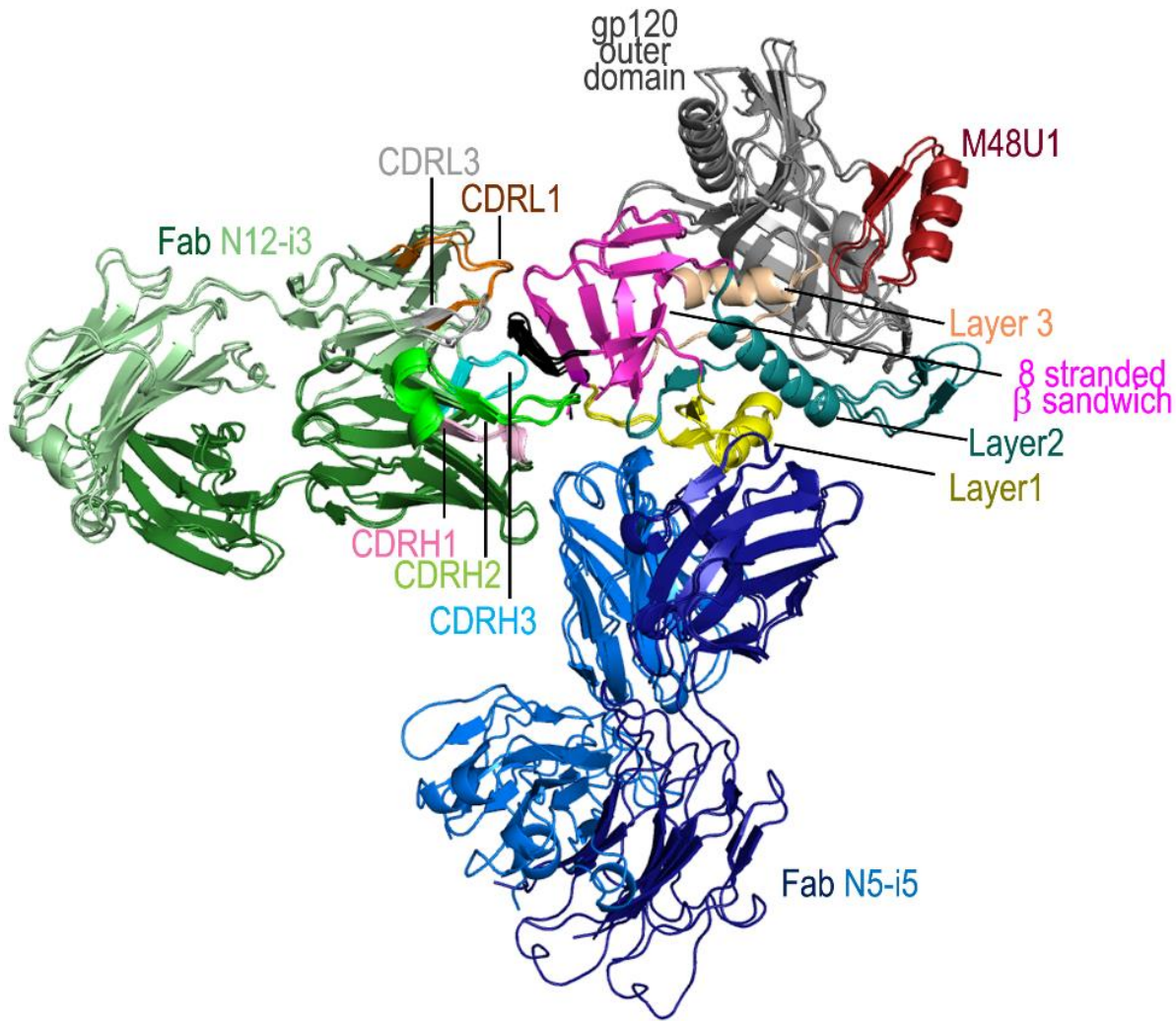
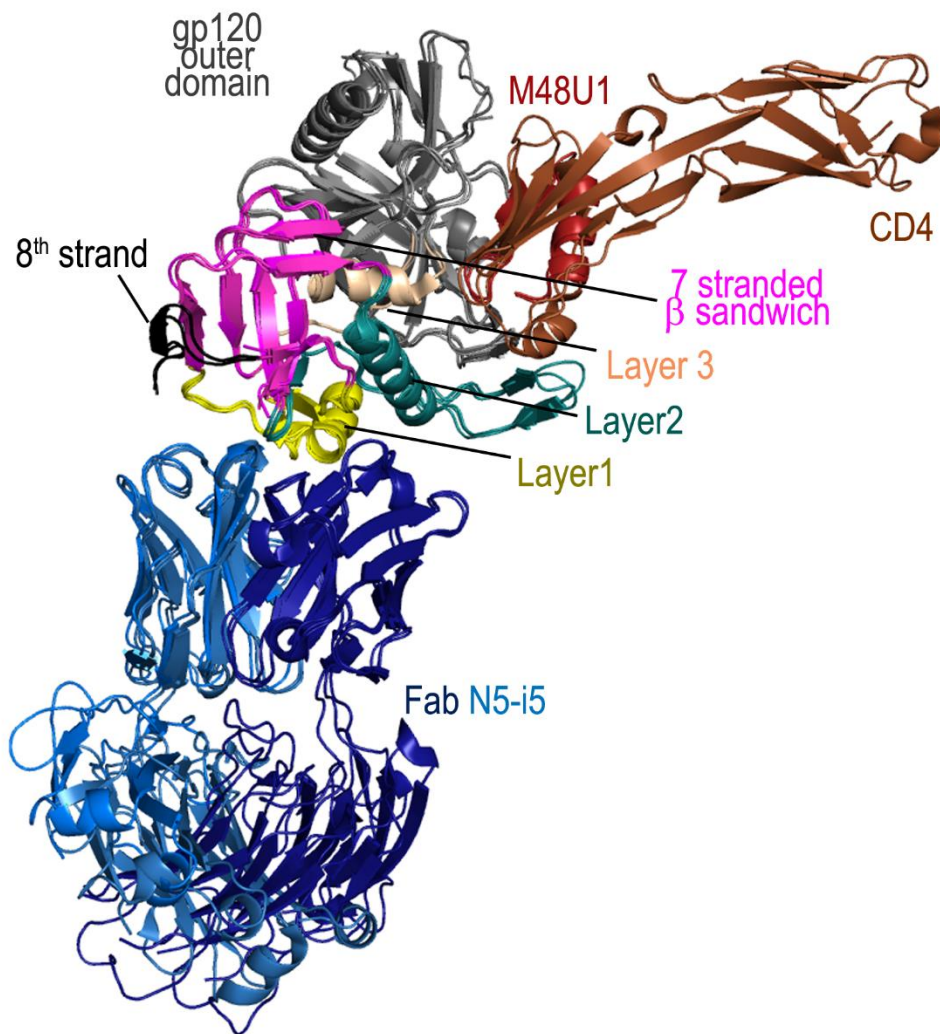


**Table S1 related to Figure 2. Details of the N12-i3 and N5-i5 interfaces based on the N12-i3/N5-i5 Fab-gp120<sub>93TH057</sub>core<sub>e</sub>+N/C-M48U1 and N5-i5-gp120<sub>93TH057</sub>core<sub>e</sub>-CD4 structures as calculated by the EBI PISA server ([http://www.ebi.ac.uk/msd-srv/prot\\_int/cgi-bin/piserver](http://www.ebi.ac.uk/msd-srv/prot_int/cgi-bin/piserver)).**

		N12-i3 Fab (1)- gp120 <sub>93TH057</sub> core <sub>e</sub> +N/C- M48U1	N12-i3 Fab (2)- gp120 <sub>93TH057</sub> core <sub>e</sub> +N/C- M48U1	N5-i5 Fab (1)- gp120 <sub>93TH057</sub> core <sub>e</sub> +N/C- M48U1	N5-i5 Fab (2)- gp120 <sub>93TH057</sub> core <sub>e</sub> +N/C- M48U1	N5-i5 Fab- gp120 <sub>93TH057</sub> core <sub>e</sub> -CD4 (4H8W)
<b>Buried Surface Area, Å<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>gp120 total</b>	<b>831</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>924</b>	<b>920</b>	<b>918</b>
	8-stranded β-sheet	781	731	0	0	0
	Layer 1	50	49	746	753	756
	Layer 2	0	0	178	167	162
	Layer 3	0	0	0	0	0
	<b>Heavy chain total</b>	<b>764</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>668</b>	<b>679</b>
	FWR	22	10	4	4	3
	CDR H1	46	33	75	75	77
	CDR H2	446	434	386	372	366
	CDR H3	250	182	221	217	233
	<b>Light chain total</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>278</b>
	FWR	0	0	0	0	2
	CDR L1	9	10	129	130	112
	CDR L2	0	0	47	34	29
	CDR L3	132	132	150	127	135
	<b>Heavy and light chain total</b>	<b>905</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>1012</b>	<b>959</b>	<b>957</b>



**Figure S1 related to Figure 1. Comparison of the two copies of the N12-i3 Fab/N5-i5 Fab- N/C-termini-gp120<sub>93TH057</sub>-core<sub>e</sub>-M48U1 complex from the asymmetric unit of crystal.** The root mean square deviation (RMSD) between copies is 3.1 Å for all residues and 1.13 Å for all residues except the N5-i5 Fab constant region reflecting the different relative position of this region between copies. The N5-i5 Fab constant region had few crystal contacts and high B-factors in contrast to the N5-i5 Fab variable region which was well defined in the electron density. gp120 mobile regions and N12-i3 Fab CDRs are colored as shown. By binding the edge of the  $\beta$ -sheet at the eighth strand, N12-i3 is able to grasp both sides burying 1753 Å<sup>2</sup> (copy 1) [or 1632 Å<sup>2</sup> (copy 2)] total surface area at the interface. N5-i5 binds layers 1 (yellow) and 2 (dark teal) of the inner domain almost identically to its structure in the absence of N12-i3 (PDB: 4H8W).



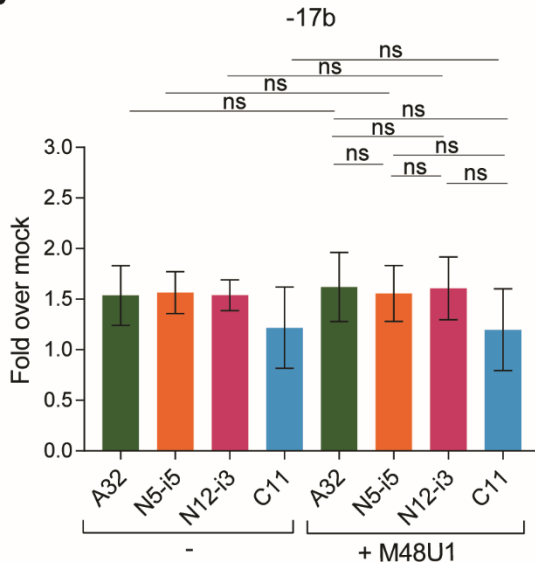
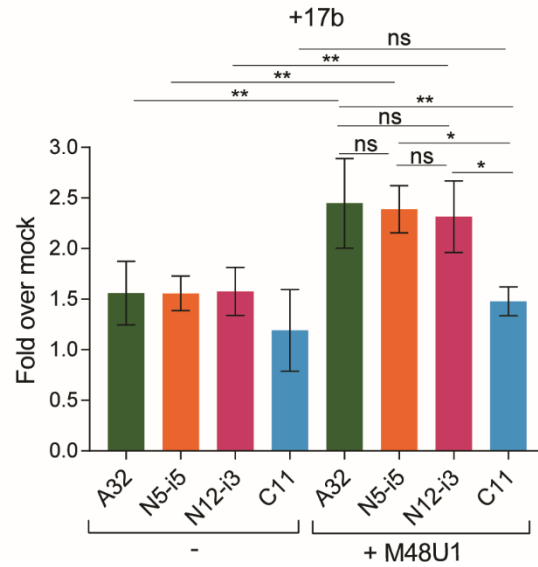
**Figure S2 related to Figure 2. Comparison of N5-i5 bound to Env antigen in N12-i3 Fab/N5-i5 Fab- N/C-termini-gp120<sub>93TH057</sub>-core<sub>e</sub>-M48U1 complex and N5-i5 Fab- gp120<sub>93TH057</sub>-core<sub>e</sub>-d1d2CD4 complex (PDB: 4H8W, (Acharya et al., 2014)). Structures were superimposed based on gp120 molecule. The RMSD between gp120 and the N5-i5 variable region to 4H8W is 0.758 Å (copy 1) and 0.760 Å (copy 2). The RMSD between gp120 and the full N5-i5 Fab to 4H8W is 5.71 Å (copy 1) and 7.66 Å (copy 2). The larger RMSD values for the full complex are largely due to the differing positions of the N5-i5 constant region between copies in the crystal and between crystals and not structural changes within the Fab constant region.**

	10	20	30	40	5052a	60	70	8082abc	90	100ab	110
N12-i3	QVQLVQSGAEVKKPKGSSVRVSCKASGGSFS	RYLTVN	WVRQAPGQGLEWMA	RFIPIFNPMDYAPKFG	RITITADESTSTAYLELSSLTSDDTAVYYCAS	RQHHEYF-QE	WGQGLVTVSS				
		+	++		+ +++++ + +				+ +++		
N5-i5	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFS	IVYAMS	WVRQAPGKLEWVS	SINNSGRNIFESADSVKIG	RFTISRDNKNTLFLVMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAK	DLRLGGGSDY	WGQGLVTVSS				
		+++		+++ ++ +					++		
	-----FWR1-----	-----CDRH1-----	-----FWR2-----	-----CDRH2-----	-----FWR3-----	-----CDRH3-----	-----FWR4-----				

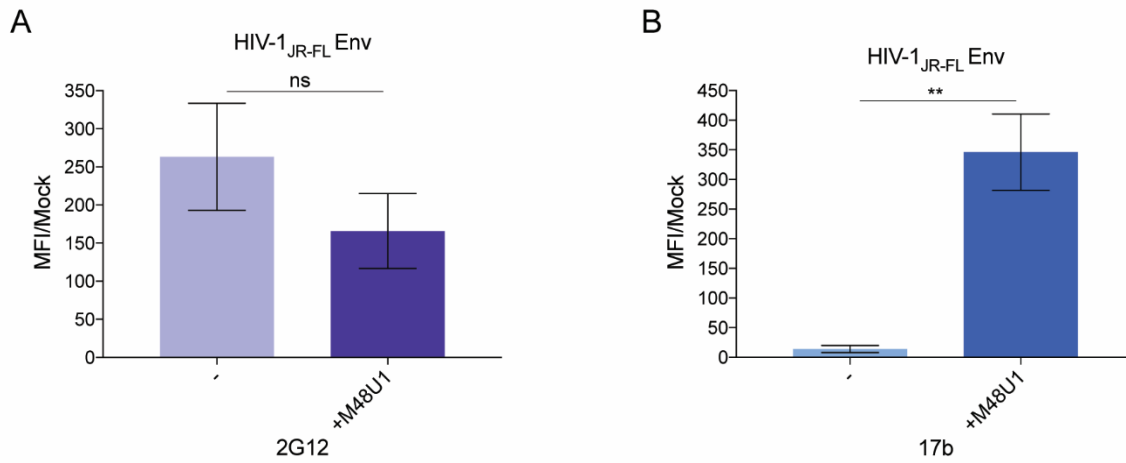
  

	10	20	27abc	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	95ab	100	107
N12-i3	EIVLTQSPGTLSMSPGERATLSC	RASRT--VSSSNLA	WYQQKPGQAPRLLIY	DVSSRAT	GIPDRFSGRGSQDFTLTISRLEPEDFAVYYC	QQYGTSP--LT	FGGGTKVEIK						
		+	++							++   +			
N5-i5	-QSALTQPASVSGSPGQSITISIC	TGTSSDVGSIYFVS	WYQHHPGKAPKLMIV	EVSERPS	GISNRFSGSKSGNTASLTISGLQAEDEADYYC	SSYAGSTTFRV	FGGGTKLTVR						
		+++ +								+ ++ +			
	-----FWR1-----	-----CDRL1-----	-----FWR2-----	-----CDRL2-----	-----FWR3-----	-----CDRL3-----	-----FWR4-----						

**Figure S3 related to Figure 3. Antibody contact residues.** mAb side chain (+) and main chain (-) contact residues colored green for hydrophobic, blue for hydrophilic and black for both as determined by a 5 Å cut off value over the corresponding sequence. CDRs are colored as in Figure 2 and 3 and buried surface residues as determined by PISA are shaded.

**B****C**

**Figure S4 related to Figure 5. Exposure of Cluster A epitopes within the CEM.NKr cells infected with HIV-1NL-4.3 ADA/GFP virus.** CEM.NKr cells were infected with HIV-1NL-4.3 ADA GFP virus, and 48h post-infection cells were stained with Alexa Fluor 647 labeled Cluster A mAbs in presence or absence of M48U1 (100nM) and/or mAb 17b (5µg/ml). The binding is shown as a mean and standard deviation of the mean fluorescence intensity over mock-infected cells. Data are the averages of four independent experiments. Statistical significant was evaluated using paired student t test, \* P <0.05, \*\* P <0.01; ns, not significant.



**Figure S5 related to Figure 5. M48U1 exposes the 17b epitope at the surface of Env<sub>JRFL</sub> expressing cells.** 293T cells were transfected with an empty vector pcDNA3.1 plasmid or a plasmid expressing the cytoplasmic-tail-deleted HIV-1 Env<sub>JRFL</sub>. Two days post-transfection Env expression was evaluated with the 2G12 antibody which recognizes the gp120 outer domain in the presence or absence of CD4 mimetic-M48U1 (100nM) by flow cytometry as described in Experimental Procedures.