

Supplementary figure 1: An element derived from *SCD* gene is robustly repressed by p53. (a) Relative luciferase expression is shown for the SCD element in RKO p53 KO cells. The repression fold was calculated between pCMV and pCMV-p53wt cotransfections and is given as number above the bar. (b) Left; western blot depicts increase in p53 levels upon Nutlin-3 treatment of HCT116 p53 WT cells. Right; luciferase response of the SCD element in HCT116 p53 WT cells upon treatment with Nutlin-3. The suppression fold is given as number above the bar. (c) Schematic representation of *SCD* promoter and 5'UTR/intron1. Comparison between SCD and SCD.F4 fragments is shown (RE – repressed element; SRE – sterol regulatory element; CGIs – CpG islands). (d) Luciferase response of the SCD.F4 element in combination with p21.short-shRNA targeting luciferase is dose-dependently suppressed by p53 in HCT116 p53 KO cells. (a, b and d) Error bars represent standard deviation (SD) of 3 independent experiments and Student's two-tailed t-test values are given comparing expression between pCMV and pCMV-p53wt cotransfections (in a) or Nutlin-3 and DMSO treatment (in b, *** P<0.001).



WT-2G clone



Supplementary figure 2: The 2G sensor is responsive to endogenous levels of p53, but not p73. Top; scheme of the p53 repressive network with HSV-TK as the primary output. Bottom; p53 and p73 were knocked down in WT-2G cells either separately or in tandem using esiRNAs. The left and the middle plot show the extent of p53 and p73 downregulation, respectively, while the right bar plot depicts the increase in HSV-TK expression only upon p53 knock down, but not p73 knock down. A non-targeting (RLuc-esiRNA) silencing trigger served as control. All expression levels were determined by qPCR. Error bars represent SD of 3 independent experiments and Student's two-tailed t-test values are given (*** P<0.001, ** P<0.01 and ns – not significant).



Supplementary figure 3: Different KO clones derived from the WT-2G clone all exhibit increased HSV-TK expression. (a) Representative immunofluorescence (IF) images of DAPI (top panel) and p53 antibody-stained (bottom panel) WT-2G cells and four KO clones. Scale bars represent 10 μ m. (b) Comparison of HSV-TK expression of WT-2G and four KO clones as determined by qPCR. KO-1 clone was used in all subsequent experiments and was termed KO-2G. Error bars depict SD of 3 independent experiments and Student's two-tailed t-test values are given (*** P<0.001). (c) Western blot shows upregulation of HSV-TK protein levels in four different KO clones derived from WT-2G clone. The relative quantification of the HSV-TK band signals is provided.



b



Supplementary figure 4: Low Ganciclovir concentration targets almost exclusively KO-2G cells. (a) Representative images of the two-color assay in which a mix of WT-2G (m-Cherry tagged) and KO-2G (GFP-tagged) cells was either treated with 2 nM GCV or control (water) for indicated period of time. Scale bars represent 400 μ m. (b) WT-2G and KO-2G cells were separately treated with 1 nM Ganciclovir over a period of time. Scatter plot shows the ratio of cell number in treatment versus control group (water) for both cell types during 21 days. Error bars depict SD of 3 independent experiments.





Supplementary figure 5: The 2G sensor detects a mutant version of p53 and sensitizes the cells expressing the mutant to Ganciclovir. (a and b) SCD.F4-HSV-TK and p21-short-shRNA (against HSV-TK) were transiently expressed and HSV-TK expression was measured by qPCR. (a) p53 mutants fail to effectively repress the sensor in co-transfection experiments. The bar plot depicts HSV-TK expression of the sensor cotransfected with either WT p53 or five p53 hot spot mutants in HCT116 p53 KO cells. Western blot shows protein levels of WT and mutant p53 and GAPDH as a loading control below the graph. All error bars represent SD of 3 independent experiments and Student's two- tailed t-test values are given (*** P<0.001), comparing HSV-TK expression between p53 WT cotransfection and each of the mutants'. (b) Cancer cell lines harboring p53 mutations are vulnerable to the sensor. The bar plot depicts HSV-TK expression of the sensor in p53 WT primary fibroblasts (IMR90) and five cell lines with p53 alterations (LS123, COLO320DM, WiDr and HCT116 are colorectal adenocarcinoma cells, while BT-549 are mammary gland ductal carcinoma cells). The ratios of HSV-TK expression compared to the primary fibroblasts are indicated above each bar. The p53 status for each cell line is shown below the graph. All error bars represent SD of 3 independent experiments and Student's two- tailed t-test values are given (*** P<0.001), comparing HSV-TK expression between IMR90 (p53 WT) and each of the mutant-expressing cell lines. (c) Top; schematic representation of stable integration of p53 R175H overexpression construct in KO-2G clone. Botoom; western blot showing that stably expressed R175H p53 mutant cannot repress HSV-TK levels. The relative quantification of the HSV-TK band signals is provided. (d) Representative images of the two-color assay in which a mix of WT-2G (m-Cherry tagged) and KO-2G-R175H (R175H, GFP-tagged) cells was either treated with 2 nM GCV or control (water) for indicated period of time. Scale bars represent 400 μ m. (e) WT-2G and KO-2G-R175H cells were separately treated with 1 nM Ganciclovir over a period of time. Scatter plot shows the ratio of cell number in treatment versus control group (water) for both cell types during 21 days. Error bars depict SD of 3 independent experiments.



b



Supplementary figure 6: Low Ganciclovir concentration targets almost exclusively R248Q cells. (a) Representative images of the two-color assay in which a mix of WT-2G (m-Cherry tagged) and R248Q-2G (GFP-tagged) cells was either treated with 2 nM GCV or control (water) for indicated period of time. Scale bars represent 400 μ m. (b) WT-2G and R248Q-2G cells were separately treated with 1 nM Ganciclovir over a period of time. Scatter plot shows the ratio of cell number in treatment versus control group (water) for both cell types during 21 days. Error bars depict SD of 3 independent experiments.







Supplementary figure 7: Controls for *Trp53* floxed MEF experiments. FACS histograms depicting the distribution of GFP intensity (GFP positive values are marked with the scale bar) for *Trp53* floxed MEFs (top panel) and WT-2G MEFs (bottom panel) upon transduction with bicistronic Cre-GFP retrovirus (right-hand side) or inactive Cre-GFP retrovirus (left-hand side) in the presence of 5 μ M Nutlin-3. The distribution of GFP intensity is shown three days post transduction (top row), and after 6 days of additional control treatment (middle row) or 100 nM GCV treatment (bottom row). Mean percentages of GFP positive cells of three replicates are shown.



Supplementary figure 8: The sensor specifically targets KO-2G cells *in vivo*. (a) Kaplan-Meier graphs show the proportion of mice without palpable tumors (set volume of 100 mm³) as a function of post-injection time (in days). The left graph compares palpability of WT-2G tumours between mice tretaed with water (n=14) and GCV (n=14), while the right graph compares palpability of KO-2G tumours between the same two groups. P values comparing palpability of WT-2G (control vs. GCV) and KO-2G (control vs. GCV) tumors are given. (b) Comparison of average tumour volumes of WT-2G (left) and KO-2G (right) tumours treated with either control (water) or GCV. The curves show results of loess regressions of tumor sizes over time (span = 0.75) and the semi-transparent ribbons indicate 0.95 confidence intervals around the smooth. Indicated p-values are results of likelihood ratio tests comparing linear mixed effects models to respective nested models without an effect of cell type on tumor size.









b

е





Supplementary figure 9: Uncropped versions of Western blots and the agarose gel used in the study. (a) Western blot from Fig. 2c and Supporting Fig. 3c. (b) Western blot from Fig. 3c. (c) Western blot from Supporting Fig. 1b. (d) Western blot from Supporting Fig. 5a. (e) Western blot from Supporting Fig. 5c. (f) Agarose gel electrophoretogram from Fig. 4a.

Supplementary Table 1. The complete sequence of the 2G plasmid.

2G

ACTCTTCCTTTTTCAATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATT TAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTAAATTGTAAGCGTTAATATTTT **GTTAAAATTCGCGTTAAATTTTTGTTAAATCAGCTCATTTTTTAACCAATAGGCCGAAATCGGCAAAATCCCTTAT** AAATCAAAAGAATAGACCGAGATAGGGTTGAGTGTTGTTCCAGTTTGGAACAAGAGTCCACTATTAAAGAACGTGG ACTCCAACGTCAAAGGGCGAAAAAACCGTCTATCAGGGCGATGGCCCACTACGTGAACCATCACCCTAATCAAGTTT TTTGGGGTCGAGGTGCCGTAAAGCACTAAATCGGAACCCTAAAGGGAGCCCCCGATTTAGAGGCTTGACGGGGAAAG CCGGCGAACGTGGCGAGAAAGGAAGGGAAGAAAGCGAAAGGAGCGGCGCTAGGGCGCTGGCAAGTGTAGCGGTCA CGCTGCGCGTAACCACCACCACCGCCGCGCGCTTAATGCGCCGCTACAGGGCGCGTCCCATTCGCCATTCAGGCTGCG CAACTGTTGGGAAGGGCGATCGGTGCGGGCCTCTTCGCTATTACGCCAGCTGGCGAAAGGGGGATGTGCTGCAAGG CGATTAAGTTGGGTAACGCCAGGGTTTTCCCAGTCACGACGTTGTAAAACGACGGCCAGTGAGCGCGCCTCGTTCA TTCACGTTTTTGAACCCGTGGAGGACGGGCAGACTCGCGGTGCAAATGTGTTTTACAGCGTGATGGAGCAGATGAA AAAAAACAAAAACTCAAAAATTTCTTCTATAAAGTAACAAAACTTTTATGAGGGACAGCCCCCCCAAAGCCCCCCA GGGATGTAATTACGTCCCTCCCCCGCTAGGGGGCAGCAGCGAGCCGCCCGGGGCTCCGGTCCGGCGCTCCC CCCGCATCCCCGAGCCGGCAGCGTGCGGGGGACAGCCCGGGCACGGGGAAGGTGGCACGGGATCGCTTTCCTCTGAA CGCTTCTCGCTGCTCTTTGAGCCTGCAGACACCTGGGGGGGATACGGGGAAAAGGCCTCCAAGGCCactagtTCTTG TGAATTGGCTTGCAGTAATAATTCAATACCTGCCAGCTATTCTTATTCCACATCCAAGCCCTTTCGCCTGCTGCTG GGTGAAAACACATGTCAGTGTTTCCTGACGGTTTCCACAAAGAAGAATTCCAAAAATTACAACCTGCCAGTCTGAAGA ATCTCCAAAACATCCCGCACGCATCCTGGAGGCGCGGGGCTTGGGGATGGGACTGCCCGGCCCGGGTCCTGAACAGGA GACGGGACGGAGATGTTAGTGGTGGGCGCCCCCCGAGGGTTCACCACTGTTTCCTGAGAAACTTCCCCAGTGCCCA CCCACCCGTTCTCCGTGTGCCCGAGGGCCGGTCCTGGGCTAGGCTCCGCGCCCCAGCCCCAAACCGGGTCCCCAGC CCCTTCCAGAGAGAAAGCTCCCGACGCGGGATGCCGGGCAGAGGCCCCAGCGGGGGGGAAGAAGCTGAGAAGG GGACGAGGTGGCACCAAATTCCCTTCGGCCAATGACGAGCCGGAGTTTACAGAAGCCTCATTAGCATTTCCCCAGA GGCAGGGGCAGGGGCAGAGGCCGGGTGGTGGTGGTGTCGGTGTCGGCAGCATCCCCGGCGCCCTGCTGCGGTCGCCG ACTTTGCCCCTGCTTGGCAGCGGATAAAAGGGGGGCTGAGGAAATACCGGACACGGTCACCCGTTGCCAGCTCTAGC CTTTAAATTCCCGGCTCGGGGACCTCCACGCACCGCGGCTAGCGCCGACAACCAGCTAGCGTGCAAGGCGCCGCGG CTCAGCGCGTACCGGCGGGCTTCGAAACCGCAGTCCTCCGGCGACCCCGAACTCCGCTCCGGAGCCTCAGCCCCCT GGAAAGTGATCCCGGCATCCGAGAGCCAAGATCCCGGCCCACTTGCTGCAGGACGTTGTGAGTTTCCCAGCCTGGC CCCGTACCGCCGGGTCGCAGGCGCGGGCTGGGCTTCCAGGGGACGGGTTGGTGGCAGAAGAGGGGGAGAGCTCCG CGGAGGACTTGGTCATCTTTTTCGAGTTGTGCTGCCTTCCGTGAGTTGGGAAAGTGGATTGTAATTTGGGGACTTG AGTCTCCAACTTTAGTTTCTTAAGCTTTAAAGAAAAATCCGGTCGTGCTGCTGCTGTTTAAGAATTAAGCGGGTTTT TCCCCCTCGCCCTCCGCCCCTATTGTATCTGTACAGTTTCAGGGAACTTTTCTCCGTTGCGTCTCGGATACACCCT ACCCTCAGTGAACTACGGCGCTGCGGAAGGGTCCGTACTGTCCACCCTTCCCCCAGCGTGATTAGAGAGCGGAGTG TCGTACCCCTGCCATCAACACGCGTCTGCGTTCGACCAGGCTGCGCGTTCTCGCGGCCATAGCAACCGACGTACGG CGTTGCGCCCTCGCCGGCAGCAAGAAGCCACGGAAGTCCGCCTGGAGCAGAAAATGCCCCACGCTACTGCGGGGTTTA TATAGACGGTCCTCACGGGATGGGGAAAACCACCACCACGCAACTGCTGGTGGCCCTGGGTTCGCGCGACGATATC GTCTACGTACCCGAGCCGATGACTTACTGGCAGGTGCTGGGGGGCTTCCGAGACAATCGCGAACATCTACACCACAC CCGGCCCTCACCCTCATCTTCGACCGCCATCCCATCGCCGCCCTCTGTGCTACCCGGCCGCGCGATACCTTATGG GCAGCATGACCCCCCAGGCCGTGCTGGCGTTCGTGGCCCTCATCCCGGCCGACCTTGCCCGGCACAAACATCGTGTT GGGGGCCCTTCCGGAGGACAGACACATCGACCGCCTGGCCAAACGCCAGCGCCCCGGCGAGCGGCTTGACCTGGCT GGGAGGATTGGGGACAGCTTTCGGGGACGGCCGTGCCGCCCAGGGTGCCGAGCCCCAGAGCAACGCGGGCCCACG ACCCCATATCGGGGACACGTTATTTACCCTGTTTCGGGCCCCCGAGTTGCTGGCCCCCAACGGCGACCTGTACAAC GTGTTTGCCTGGGCCTTGGACGTCTTGGCCAAACGCCTCCGTCCCATGCACGTCTTTATCCTGGATTACGACCAAT CGCCCGCCGGCTGCCGGGACGCCCTGCTGCAACTTACCTCCGGGATGGTCCAGACCCACGTCACCACCCCCGGCTC GCAAGCTGACCCTGAAGTTCATCTGCACCAGCAAGCTGACCCTGAAGTTCATCACCTACGGCAAGCTGACCCTGAA GTTCATCTGCACCAGGCCGGCCGCTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTGATGAGTTTGGACAAACCACAACTAG AATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTATTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTGCTTTATTTGTAACCATTATAAGCTGCAAT AGTAAAACCTCTACAAATGTGGTAAAATCGgaattcgaatttaaatcggatccgcggccgcgaaggatctgcgatc aacgggtgcctagagaaggtggcgcggggtaaactggggaaagtgatgtcgtgtactggctccgcctttttcccgag

aget gaaget teggagget egeat et et et teget gaegeegeegeeset acet gaggeegeest ceaegeg
getagatgategagtataageteateggtgettegetege
cgccgcgttcgccgactacccgccacgcgccacaccgtcgatccggaccgccacatcgagcgggtcaccgagctg
caagaactottootcacgogogoogggotogacatoggcaaggtgtggggtogoggacgacggogoogggtggogg
tetggaccacgccggagagcgtcgaagcgggggggggggtgttcgccgagatcggcccgcgcatggccgagttgagcgg
ttcccggctggccgcgcagcaacagatggaaggcctcctggcgccgcaccgggcccaaggagcccgcgtggttcctg
gccaccgtcggcgtctcgcccgaccaccagggcaagggtctgggcagcgccgtcgtgctcccccggagtggaggcgg
ccgagcgccggggtgcccgccttcctggagacctccgcgccccgcaacctccccttctacgagcggctcggctt
caccgtcaccgccgacgtcgaggtgcccgaaggaccgcgcacctggtgcatgacccgcaagcccggtgcctgagtc
gacaatcaacctctggattacaaaatttgtgaaagattgactggtattcttaactatgttgctccttttacgctat
gtggatacgctgctttaatgcctttgtatcatGTTAACTTGTTTATTGCAGCTTATAATGGTTACAAATAAAGCAA
TAGCATCACAAATTTCACAAATAAAAGCATTTTTTTCACTGCATTCTAGTTGTGGTTTGTCCAAACTCATCAATGTA
TCTTATCATGTCTGGGATTGACTCAATGATGTCAATTAGTCTATCAGAAGCTATCTGGTCTCCCCTTCCGGGGGGAC
CGAGAAGCGTTCAGAGGAAAGCGATCCCGTGCCACCTTCCCCGTGCCCGGGCTGTCCCCGCACGCTGCCGGCTCGG
GGATGCGGGGGGGGGCGCCGGACCGGAGCGCGGGCCCCGGGCGGC
TTACATCCCTGGGGGGCTTTGGGGGGGGGGGGCTGTCCCTGATATCTATAACAAGAAAATATATAT
CGTAAGTAGAACATGAAATAACAATATAATTATCGTATGAGTTAAATCTTAAAAGTCACGTAAAAGATAATCATGC
GTCATTTTGACTCACGCGGTCGTTATAGTTCAAAATCAGTGACACTTACCGCATTGACAAGCACGCCTCACGGGAG
CTCCAAGCGGCGACTGAGATGTCCTAAATGCACAGCGACGGATTCGCGCTATTTAGAAAGAGAGAG
AGAATGCATAGGGACAGCCCCCCCAAAGCCCCCAGGGATGTAATTACGTCCCTCCC
GAGCCGCCCGGGGCTCCGGTCCGGCGCGCCCCCCGCATCCCCGAGCCGGCAGCGTGCGGGGACAGCCCGGG
CACGGGGAAGGTGGCACGGGATCGCTTTCCTCTGAACGCTTCTCGCTGCTGCTGCAGACACCTGGGGGGG
ATACGGGGAAAAGGCCTCCACGGCCactagtAGCAGGCTGTGGCTCTGATTGGCTTTCTGGCCATTAGGAACATGT
GACTTCAAGGGGGCTACTTTTAGGAGGAGAATTTATCTTGTTTACTAAAACTGAATACCTTGCTATCTCTTTGATACATTT
TTACAAAGCTGAATTAAAATGGTATAAATTAAATCACTTTAAAACCATGTCTGTC
CTTCGAGCAGACATGATAAGATACATTGATGAGTTTGGGACAAACCACAACTAGAATGCAGTGAAAAAAATGCTTTA
TTTGTGAAATTTGTGATGCTATTGCTTTATTTGTAACCATTATAAGCTGCAATAAACAAGTTAACAACAACAACAATTG
CATTCATTTTATGTTTCAGGTTCAGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG
AAAATCGgaattcTCCTCACAGGAACGAAGTCCCTAAAGAAACAGTGGCAGCCAGGTTTAGCCCCGGAATTGACTG
GATTCCTTTTTTAGGGCCCATTGGTATGGCTTTTTCCCCGTATCCCCCCAGGTGTCTGCAGGCTCAAAGAGCAGCG
AGAAGCGTTCAGAGGAAAGCGATCCCGTGCCACCTTCCCCGTGCCCGGGCTGTCCCCGCACGCTGCCGGCGC
ATGCGGGGGGAGCGCCGGACCGGAGCGGAGCCCCGGGCGGCTCGCTGCTGCCCCCTAGCGGGGGGGG
ACATCCCTGGGGGGCTTTGGGGGGGGGGGGGCTGTCCCTATGCATGC
TCTAGCTGCATCAGGATCATATCGTCGGGTCTTTTTTCCGGCTCAGTCATCGCCCCAAGCTGGCGCTATCTGGGCAT
CGGGGAGGAAGAAGCCCGTGCCTTTTCCCCGCGAGGTTGAAGCGGCATGGAAAGAGTTTGCCGAGGATGACTGCTGC
TGCATTGACGTTGAGCGAAAACGCACGTTTACCATGATGATTCGGGAAGGTGTGGCCATGCACGCCTTTAACGGTG
۵۵ مرسم می مرسم مرسم می مرسم می
TACCCGCCGCGCGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACAATTCCA
CACAACATACGAGCCGGAAGCATAAAGTGTAAAGCCTGGGGTGCCTAATGAGTGAG
TGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAG
AGGCGGTTTGCGTATTGGGCGCTCTTCCGCTTCCTCGCTCACTGACTCGCTGCGCTCGGTCGTTCGGCTGCGGCGA
GCGGTATCAGCTCACTCAAAGGCGGTAATACGGTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAG
CAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGA
CGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCC
CCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGG
GAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTG
TGTGCACGAACCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGA
CACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGGTGCTACAGAGT
TCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTAC
CTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGATCCGGCAAACAAA
A IGAAGI I I IAAA I CAA I CIAAAGI AI AI AI AG I AAACI TIGGT CIGACAGTTACCAA TGCTTAACAGT CAGTAGGCA
AGGETTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAAT
AAACCAGCCAGCCGGAAGGGCCGAGCGCAGAAGTGGTCCTGCAACTTTATCCGCCTCCATCCA

Supplementary Table 2. Cas9-induced indels in TP53 locus in KO-2G and heterozygous

clone. Newly introduced stop codons are underlined (Ht – heterozygous).

	Exon 2	Exon 4	Exon 6
WT allele	TTTCAGACCTATGGAAACTGTGAGTG	TGCTGTCCCCGGA-CGATATTGAACAA	GTGGTGCCCTATGAGCCGCCTGAGGTCTGGT
KO-2G allele 1	TTTCAGACCTA <u>TG-A</u> AACTGTGAGTG	TGCTGTCCCCGG <mark>AA</mark> CGATATTGAACAA	GTGGTGCCCTATGAGCCGCCTGAGGTCTGGT
KO-2G allele 2	TTTCAGACCTATGGAAACTGTGAGTG	TGCTGTCCCCGGA-CGATATTGAACAA	GTGGTGCCC <u>TGA</u> GGTCTGGT
Ht allele 1	TTTCAGACCTATGGAAACTGTGAGTG	TGCTGTCCCCGGA <mark>A</mark> CGATAT <u>TGA</u> ACAA	GTGGTGCCCTATGAGCCGCCTGAGGTCTGGT

Supplementary Table 3. Sequences of primers used to construct luciferase- and HSV-TK-based 2G sensor.

Name of the primers	Forward primer (5'-3')	Reverse primer (5'-3')	
CDC25C	TTTGGTACCGGTCCTCTGGATTGCGATAA	AAAGCTAGCGGACCCTAAGGGGGACAATG	
SCD	TTTGGTACCTCTTGTGAATTGGCTTGCAG	AAAGCTAGCAGCCGGGAATTTAAAGGCTA	
RGS13	TTTGGTACCATCTCATTGGGCCCCTAAAT	AAAGCTAGCTTTCCTCTGTTGCCCAACTT	
F1	ATTTGGTACCGGCAGAGCCATTGTTCGC	TAAACTCGAGCGTCGGGAGCTTTCTCTCTG	
F2	TTAAGGTACCCCAGAGAGAAAGCTCCCGAC	TTAACTCGAGTATTTCCTCAGCCCCCTTTT	
F3	ATTTGGTACCCGAGCCGGAGTTTACAGAAG	TAAACTCGAGAAGAGGAGAGTCAGGA	
F4 ATTTGGTACCTCTTGTGAATTGGCTTGCAG		TAAACTCGAGAAGAGGAGAGTCAGGA	
p21	TTTGGTACCTCTTGGGAGCCTGTGTGAAG	AAAGCTAGCACAGGCACCTTCTCCCACT	
p21-short	TTTGGTACCGGCAGCAGGCTGTGGCTCTG	AAAGCTAGCCAAGGACAAAATAGCCACCA	
BS2-PUMA	TTTGGTACCCGCTGCAGGGAAACCCCCGG	AAAGCTAGCCGCCCCGCGTGACGCTAC	
4xBS2-PUMA	TTTGGTACCGAGCTCTTACGCGTGCTAGGCT GCAAGTCCTGACTTGTCCACACTCTGCAAGT CCTGACTTGTCCCTAGGCTGCAAGTCCTGAC TTGTCCACACTCTGCAAGTCCTGACTTGTCC CTAGCCCGGGCTCGACAGCTGGACGTCGATA TCGAATTCGGGTATATAATGGATCCGGTATC GAGATCTGCGATCTAAGTAAGCTTAAA	AAAGCTAGCACTTAGATCGCAGATCTCGATA CCGGATCCATTATATACCCgaattcGATATC GACGTCCAGCTGTCGAGCCCGGGCTAGGGAC AAGTCAGGACTTGCAGAGTGTGGACAAGTCA GGACTTGCAGCCTAGGGACAAGTCAGGACTT GCAGAGTGTGGACAAGTCAGGACTTGCAGCC TAGCACGCGTAAGAGCTCGGTACCAAA	
miR30a TTTAAGCTTGAATATTGCTGTTTGAATGAGG		AAATCTAGACAGACATGGTTTTAAAGTGATT TA	
shRNA-FfLuc	GACGATATGGGCTGAATACAAATAGTGAAGC CACAGATGTATTTGTATTCAGCCCATATCGT TTGCCTACTGCCTCGGACTTC	TGTATTCAGCCCATATCGTCCGCTCACTGTC AACAGCAAT	
shRNA-GFP	GCAAGCTGACCCTGAAGTTCATTAGTGAAGC CACAGATGTAATGAACTTCAGGGTCAGCTTG TTGCCTACTGCCTCGGACTTC	GAACTTCAGGGTCAGCTTGCCGCTCACTGTC AACAGCAAT	
НSV-ТК	TTTAAGCTTATGGCTTCGTACCCCTGCCA	AAATCTAGACTCAGTTAGCCTCCCCCATCT	
GFP.seed	TTTTCTAGACACCTACGGCAAGCTGACCCTG AAGTTCATCTGCACCAGCAAGCTGACCCTGA AGTTCATCACCTACGGCAAGCTGACCCTGAA GTTCATCTGCACCAGGCCGGCCTTT	AAAGGCCGGCCTGGTGCAGATGAACTTCAGG GTCAGCTTGCCGTAGGTGATGAACTTCAGGG TCAGCTTGCTGGTGCAGATGAACTTCAGGGT CAGCTTGCCGTAGGTGTCTAGAAAA	

Supplementary Table 4. Sequences of gRNAs used in the study.

gRNA	Sequence (5'-3')
TP53 gRNA1	GATCCACTCACAGTTTCCAT
TP53 gRNA2	CCATTGTTCAATATCGTCCG
TP53 gRNA3	GGTGCCCTATGAGCCGCCTG
R248Q gRNA	CCGGTTCATGCCGCCCATGC

Supplementary Table 5. Sequences of primers used to confirm mutations/indels in *TP53* and *Trp53* locus.

Site of induced mutation/indel	Forward primer (5'-3')	Reverse primer (5'-3')	
gRNA1/2	CAGCCATTCTTTTCCTGCTC	GGAAGGGACAGAAGATGACA	
gRNA3	GCGCTGCTCAGATAGCGAT	GGCCCTTAGCCTCTGTAAGC	
R248Q	GGAGAATGGCGTGAACCTGG	GTCAGAGGCAAGCAGAGGCT	
<i>Trp53</i> deletion confirmation primers (MEFs)	1: CACAAAAACAGGTTAAACCCAG 3: AAGGGGTATGAGGGACAAGG	2: AGCACATAGGAGGCAGAGAC 4: GAAGACAGAAAAGGGGAGGG	

Gene name	Forward primer (5'-3')	Reverse primer (5'-3')	Annealing temperature (°C)
TP53	CCCAAGCAATGGATGATTTGA	GGCATTCTGGGAGCTTCATCT	60
HSV-TK	TGACTTACTGGCAGGTGCTG	GTTATCTGGGCGCTTGTCAT	60
GAPDH	CAGCCTCAAGATCATCAGCA	TGTGGTCATGAGTCCTTCCA	60
ТВР	AGGTTAGAAGGCCTTGTGCTC	GGAGAACAATTCTGGGTTTGATCA	60
TP73	CGTGGAAGGCAATAATCTCTC	GTTCATGCCCCCTACACA	60
GFP	GACGTAAACGGCCACAAGTT	GAACTTCAGGGTCAGCTTGC	60

Supplementary Table 6. Summary of oligonucleotides used for qPCR. In addition, annealing temperatures used to run a qPCR reaction are also listed.