

A randomized multiple dose pharmacokinetic study of a novel PDE10A inhibitor TAK-063 in subjects with stable schizophrenia and Japanese subjects and modeling of exposure relationships to adverse events

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Supplementary Figure 1. Study design

Pretreatment period		Treatment period			Follow-up
Screening washout ^a	Check-in baseline assessments	TAK-063/placebo daily dosing study assessments	Study exit	Restabilization period ^b	Follow-up visit/telephone call ^c
days -28 to -2	day -1	days 1-7	day 8	days 9-10	day 14 (±2)
Confinement^d					

^aSubjects with stable schizophrenia underwent washout of their antipsychotic and other medications before dosing on day 1. If clinically warranted, subjects with stable schizophrenia might have checked in as early as day -4 for clinical monitoring and to ensure appropriate washout of medications. Baseline assessments occurred on day -1.

^bSubjects with stable schizophrenia resumed their previous antipsychotic and other discontinued treatments as appropriate, and may have remained in the clinic up to day 10 (or longer if clinically warranted) during the restabilization period.

^cFollow-up occurred by telephone unless abnormal, clinically significant findings were observed on discharge. In these cases, subjects were brought back to the clinic for re-evaluation at investigator's discretion.

^dConfinement was from check-in (day -1) to the restabilization period (days 9-10).

Supplementary Figure 2. Dose escalation scheme

Cohort 1^a →	Cohort 2^a →	Cohort 3^a →	Cohort 4^a →	Cohort 5^a →
3-mg TAK-063 or placebo	30-mg TAK-063 or placebo	100-mg TAK-063 or placebo	20-mg TAK-063 or placebo	10-mg TAK-063 or placebo
	Cohort 1^b →	Cohort 2^b →	Cohort 3^b	
	3-mg TAK-063 or placebo	10-mg TAK-063 or placebo	20-mg TAK-063 or placebo	

^aSubjects with stable schizophrenia.

^bHealthy Japanese subjects.

Supplementary Table 1. Plasma PK parameters for TAK-063 M-I following ascending multiple doses in healthy Japanese subjects and subjects with stable schizophrenia on day 7

Parameter (mean [CV, %])	Healthy Japanese subjects			Subjects with stable schizophrenia				
	3 mg (n=8)	10 mg (n=7)	20 mg (n=6)	3 mg (n=7)	10 mg (n=7)	20 mg (n=7)	30 mg (n=7)	100 mg (n=7)
C_{max} (ng/mL)	15.1 (16)	38.2 (12)	70.9 (25)	19.2 (22)	74.8 (27)	123.6 (39)	108.5 (15)	127.7 (18)
t_{max} (h) ^a	3.0 (2.0, 4.0)	3.0 (1.5, 6.0)	3.0 (3.0, 4.0)	4.0 (2.0, 6.0)	3.0 (1.5, 4.0)	3.0 (2.0, 4.0)	3.0 (2.0, 4.0)	3.0 (2.0, 4.0)
$t_{1/2}$ (h)	11.9 (31)	8.0 (28)	10.5 (6)	15.3 (34)	10.0 (18)	8.7 (27)	13.7 (34)	13.6 (44)
$C_{av,ss}$	6.5 (24)	15.8 (14)	33.6 (22)	9.1 (26)	32.8 (38)	57.8 (49)	57.1 (21)	66.6 (18)
AUC_{0-24} (ng·h/mL)	156.7 (24)	378.5 (14)	806.3 (22)	218.7 (26)	786.0 (38)	1387.2 (49)	1371.2 (21)	1598.4 (18)
AUC_t (ng·h/mL)	156.7 (24)	378.5 (14)	806.5 (22)	218.9 (26)	786.3 (38)	1387.2 (49)	1371.2 (21)	1598.8 (18)
AR (AUC_{0-24}) ^b	2.1 (19)	1.1 (14)	1.1 (20)	2.1 (30)	1.2 (26)	1.4 (26)	1.3 (15)	1.1 (22)
AR (C_{max}) ^c	1.8 (22)	1.1 (17)	1.1 (17)	1.8 (29)	1.2 (15)	1.3 (23)	1.2 (20)	1.0 (12)
AUC_{0-24} (M:P) molar ratio ^d	0.5 (8)	0.5 (15)	0.5 (10)	0.8 (21)	1.1 (29)	1.0 (24)	0.7 (13)	0.6 (16)
C_{max} (M:P) molar ratio ^e	0.5 (13)	0.5 (13)	0.5 (10)	0.7 (22)	1.0 (22)	1.0 (19)	0.6 (13)	0.6 (18)

^a t_{max} is presented as the median (minimum, maximum).

^bDay 7 AUC_{0-24} (ng·h/mL)/day 1 AUC_{0-24} (ng·h/mL).

^cDay 7 C_{max} /day 1 C_{max} .

^d AUC_{0-24} TAK-063 M-I (nM·h)/ AUC_{0-24} TAK-063 (nM·h).

^e C_{max} TAK-063 M-I (nM)/ C_{max} TAK-063 (nM).

AR, accumulation ratio; AUC_{0-24} , area under the plasma concentration-time curve from time 0 to 24 h postdose; AUC_t , area under the plasma concentration-time curve from time 0 to the time of the last quantifiable concentration; $C_{av,ss}$, average plasma concentration at steady state; CL/F, oral clearance; C_{max} , maximum observed plasma concentration; CV, coefficient of variation; M-I, metabolite-I; M:P, molar metabolite to parent; PK, pharmacokinetic; $t_{1/2}$, elimination half-life; t_{max} , time to reach maximum observed plasma concentration.

Supplementary Table 2. Urine PK parameters for TAK-063 M-I on days 1 and 7 following once daily oral doses in healthy Japanese subjects and subjects with stable schizophrenia

Healthy Japanese subjects				Subjects with stable schizophrenia				
Day 1 (mean [CV, %])	3 mg (n=8)	10 mg (n=8)	20 mg (n=8)	3 mg (n=7)	10 mg (n=8)	20 mg (n=7)	30 mg (n=8)	100 mg (n=7)
Ae ₂₄ (ng)	0.000 (NA)	10488 (56)	26557 (45)	0.000 (NA)	9099 (38)	16880 (48)	24302 (52)	52683 (28)
CL _R ^a (mL/h)	NC (NC) (n=0)	38.0 (43) (n=7)	39.9 (40) (n=8)	NC (NC) (n=0)	15.9 (67) (n=8)	20.4 (39) (n=6)	25.6 (36) (n=7)	36.8 (32) (n=7)
Day 7 (mean [CV, %])	3 mg (n=8)	10 mg (n=7)	20 mg (n=6)	3 mg (n=7)	10 mg (n=7)	20 mg (n=7)	30 mg (n=7)	100 mg (n=7)
Ae ₂₄ (ng)	1024 (163)	14140 (58)	35341 (36)	630 (179)	11709 (60)	25328 (50)	35462 (33)	67768 (54)
CL _R ^a (mL/h)	14.2 (48) (n=3)	42.8 (33) (n=6)	45.5 (38) (n=6)	11.3 (60) (n=2)	16.9 (92) (n=7)	21.7 (41) (n=6)	26.4 (33) (n=7)	41.4 (41) (n=7)

^aFor CL_R data, the number of eligible subjects is provided below the values.

Ae₀₋₂₄, total amount excreted in urine from time 0 to 24 h; CL_R, renal clearance; CV, coefficient of variation; M-I, metabolite-I; NA, not applicable; NC, not calculated; PK, pharmacokinetic.

Supplementary Table 3. Calculated probabilities based on PK/AE models

C_{max} vs somnolence			AUC vs somnolence			C_{max} vs extrapyramidal syndromes			AUC vs extrapyramidal syndromes		
Dose	Prob	SE	Dose	Prob	SE	Dose	Prob	SE	Dose	Prob	SE
0	0.228	0.071	0	0.236	0.070	0	0.125	0.068	0	0.154	0.073
3	0.288	0.069	3	0.295	0.068	3	0.158	0.071	3	0.185	0.074
10	0.411	0.064	10	0.392	0.064	10	0.232	0.073	10	0.235	0.073
20	0.562	0.075	20	0.542	0.073	20	0.340	0.080	20	0.320	0.076
30	0.727	0.092	30	0.735	0.094	30	0.492	0.109	30	0.463	0.106
100	0.829	0.089	100	0.860	0.085	100	0.620	0.137	100	0.601	0.144

AE, adverse event; AUC; area under the plasma concentration-time curve; C_{max}, maximum observed plasma concentration; PK, pharmacokinetic; Prob, probability; SE, standard error.