## **Metabomatching Settings**

mode scoring database UMDB

Pseudospectrum of rs4327428 in SLC6A20



(A) CoLaus, *SLC6A20*. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs4327428 pseudospectrum is characterized by a single significantly associated feature: feature 2.93. Dimethylglycine and N-methylhydantoin spectra produce the best, though not top-ranked, matches. For both, the highest spectrum peak matches feature 2.93, and the second peak is unmatched. While trimethylamine produces a strong one-to-one match, feature 2.93 falls on the very edge of the peak neighbourhood.



(B) CoLaus, AGXT2. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs37369 pseudospectrum is characterized by four significantly associated feature clusters, with equal effect directions. The 3-aminoisobutyrate spectrum produces a strong match, with three peak clusters matching all four significantly associated feature clusters.

Navigation:											
CoLaus	SLC6A20	AGXT2	SOSTDC1	PYROXD2	SLC6A13	HPD	HPD/M	PNMT	SLC7A9	UPS9	
SHIP	DAB1 DMGDH	CPS1 SLC36A2	CPS1/2c NAT2	CPS1/M NAT2/±	CPS1/M/2c SLC6A13	XYLB HPD	<i>XYLB/</i> M <i>HPD/</i> 2c	SLC6A20 HPD/M	ENTPPL HPD/M/2c	SLC6A19 PNMT	AGXT2 SLC7A9

# **Metabomatching Settings**

Pseudospectrum of rs17169536 in SOSTDC1



(C) CoLaus, SOSTDC1. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs17169536 pseudospectrum shows inflation, with multiple feature regions approaching the significance threshold of 10<sup>-6</sup>. This inflation produces high scores for many metabolites in the spectral database, so that, even though one of the taurine spectrum peaks matches feature 3.39 specifically, metabomatching does not rank taurine a plausible candidate.



(D) CoLaus, *PYROXD2*. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs4488133 pseudospectrum is characterized by six significantly associated features or feature clusters, with equal effect directions. Of these, feature 2.86 shows the strongest association, and is matched by the single peak of the trimethylamine spectrum. The pseudospectrum suggests the presence of least one additional underlying metabolite, to match the five other significantly associated feature clusters.

Navigation:												
CoLaus	SLC6A20	AGXT2	SOSTDC1	PYROXD2	SLC6A13	HPD	HPD/M	PNMT	SLC7A9	UPS9		
SHIP	DAB1	CPS1	CPS1/2c	CPS1/M	CPS1/M/2c	XYLB	XYLB/M	SLC6A20	ENTPPL	SLC6A19	AGXT2	
	DMGDH	SLC36A2	NAT2	$NAT2/\pm$	SLC6A13	HPD	HPD/2c	HPD/M	HPD/M/2c	PNMT	SLC7A9	

#### Pseudospectrum of rs10774021 in SLC6A13 **Metabomatching Settings** 119 peak. $\delta = 0.030$ 256 mode scoring database UMDB 12 – log *p* 8 4 0 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 chemical shift [ppm] β:**=**<0<**= Candidate Metabolites** score name match set 119 rank 10.9 methylmalonate 1 I 9.5 isobutyrate 2 9.2 ethanol 3 I 3-aminoisobutyrate# 4 I 8.6 Ċ 5.5 dihydrothymine 5 5.4 fucose 6 I. 7 3-hydroxybutyrate 4.9 1 isoleucine 8 3.5 10 9 8 7 5 Δ 3 2 0 6 1

(E) CoLaus, *SLC6A13*. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs10774021 pseudospectrum is characterized by a cluster of significantly associated features, led by feature 1.19. The five top-ranked metabolites match feature 1.19, but have other, unmatched, peaks, and are equally likely candidates. Compare with the *AGXT2* pseudospectrum (Fig S1B), where the same feature cluster (led by feature 1.20) is only one of four significantly associated clusters, and where the match to underlying 3-aminoisobutyrate is clear.

chemical shift [ppm]

rel. h: 0< <0.2< <0.8< <1



(F) CoLaus, *HPD*. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs7314056 pseudospectrum is characterized by a single significantly associated feature: feature 1.36.  $\alpha$ -hydroxyisobutyrate produces a strong one-to-one match, and is the most likely candidate. The three top ranked metabolites achieve their score by a fortunate selection of pseudospectrum features, but are not tenable candidates. The second known association in this locus is with 3-hydroxyisovalerate. Because the peak description match set does not contain feature 1.36, 3-hydroxyisovalerate is not testable in peak-mode metabomatching. In multiplet-mode, however, this situation is reversed (see Fig S1G)

Navigati	Navigation:												
CoLaus	SLC6A20	AGXT2	SOSTDC1	PYROXD2	SLC6A13	HPD	HPD/M	PNMT	SLC7A9	UPS9			
SHIP	DAB1 DMGDH	CPS1 SLC36A2	CPS1/2c NAT2	CPS1/M NAT2/±	CPS1/M/2c SLC6A13	XYLB HPD	XYLB/M HPD/2c	SLC6A20 HPD/M	ENTPPL HPD/M/2c	SLC6A19 PNMT	AGXT2 SLC7A9		

## **Metabomatching Settings**

Pseudospectrum of rs7314056 in HPD



(G) CoLaus, HPD. Multiplet-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs7314056 pseudospectrum is characterized by a single significantly associated feature: feature 1.36. As seen in Fig S1F, feature 1.36 matches the spectrum of  $\alpha$ -hydroxyisobutyrate, if considering the peak description. The multiplet range in the multiplet description of the spectrum of  $\alpha$ -hydroxyisobutyrate narrowly excludes 1.36, however, making  $\alpha$ -hydroxyisobutyrate not testable in multiplet mode. Conversely, the multiplet range enclosing peak 1.25 in the multiplet description of the spectrum of 3-hydroxyisovalerate is wide, and narrowly includes feature 1.36. As a result, 3-hydroxyvalerate is not only testable in multiplet mode, but achieves rank 1.

### **Metabomatching Settings**

Pseudospectrum of rs676882 in PNMT

mode peak,  $\delta = 0.030$ scoring  $\chi^2$ database ÛMDB

8.5

7.7

6.5

6.1 6.0

5.8

5.3

4.9



0

0

(H) CoLaus, PNMT. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs676882 pseudospectrum is characterized by a single significantly associated feature (feature 6.90) and several features of association above background but below significance. The two highest peaks of the tyrosine spectrum match both feature 6.90 and one of the secondary features.

Navigation:												
CoLaus	SLC6A20	AGXT2	SOSTDC1	PYROXD2	SLC6A13	HPD	HPD/M	PNMT	SLC7A9	UPS9		
SHIP	DAB1 DMGDH	CPS1 SLC36A2	CPS1/2c NAT2	CPS1/M NAT2/±	CPS1/M/2c SLC6A13	XYLB HPD	<i>XYLB/</i> M <i>HPD/</i> 2c	SLC6A20 HPD/M	ENTPPL HPD/M/2c	SLC6A19 PNMT	AGXT2 SLC7A9	



(I) CoLaus, SLC7A9. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs6510300 pseudospectrum is characterized by three significantly associated feature clusters and two almost significantly associated feature clusters, with equal effect directions. The lysine spectrum produces a strong match, with four peak clusters matching all significantly and almost significantly associated feature clusters.

#### **Metabomatching Settings** Pseudospectrum of rs17273533 in UPS9 542 mode peak, $\delta = 0.030$ 256 scoring $\chi^2$ ÛMDB database 12 – log *p* 8 4 U. 0 10 9 8 7 5 4 3 2 6 1 chemical shift [ppm] β:**=**<0<**= Candidate Metabolites** score name match set 542 rank 23.4 sucrose# 1 D-maltose 2 20.5 glucosan 3 18.8 I. 17.0 fucose 4 5 14.4 arabinose 6 α-lactose 12.6 7 11.4 thymidine 11.2 1-methyladenosine 8

0

0

2

1

rel. h: 0< <0.2< <0.8< <1

3

(J) CoLaus, UPS9. Peak-mode,  $\chi^2$ -scoring metabomatching. The rs17273533 pseudospectrum is characterized by a single significantly associated feature: feature 5.42. The sucrose spectrum contains a peak matching feature 5.42, but also many others not showing association in the pseudospectrum. Therefore, while sucrose is the most likely candidate, it is not a strong one.

7

6

5

chemical shift [ppm]

4

8

10

9

Navigation:												
CoLaus	SLC6A20	AGXT2	SOSTDC1	PYROXD2	SLC6A13	HPD	HPD/M	PNMT	SLC7A9	UPS9		
SHIP	DAB1	CPS1	CPS1/2c	CPS1/M	CPS1/M/2c	XYLB	XYLB/M	SLC6A20	ENTPPL	SLC6A19	AGXT2	
	DMGDH	SLC36A2	NAT2	$NAT2/\pm$	SLC6A13	HPD	HPD/2c	HPD/M	HPD/M/2c	PNMT	SLC7A9	