

**S1 Supporting Information: List of papers accepted for review in "Review of the factors influencing the motivation of community drug distributors towards the control and elimination of neglected tropical diseases (NTDs)"**

No	Title	Authors	Year	Countries
1	Sociocultural aspects of mass delivery of praziquantel in schistosomiasis control: The Abeokuta experience	Adeneye AK, Akinwale OP, Idowu ET et al.	2007	Nigeria
2	Monitoring community-directed treatment programmes for sustainability: lessons from the African Programme for Onchocerciasis Control (APOC)	Amazigo UV, Obono OM, Dadzie KY et al	2002	Uganda, Nigeria, Cameroon, Tanzania
3	The challenges of community-directed treatment with ivermectin (CDTI) within the African Programme for Onchocerciasis Control (APOC)	Amazigo UV, Brieger WR, Katarbarwa M et al.	2002	Multiple
4	Factors associated with coverage in community-directed treatment with ivermectin for onchocerciasis control in Oyo State, Nigeria	Brieger WR, Otusamya SA, Oke GA et al.	2002	Nigeria
5	Implementation and sustainability of Community-Directed Treatment of Onchocerciasis with ivermectin: a multicountry study	Edited by Brieger WR	2000	Nigeria, Ghana, Mali and Togo
6	Data reporting constraints for the lymphatic filariasis mass drug administration activities in two districts in Ghana: A qualitative study	da-Costa Vroom FB Aryeetey R, Boateng R et al.	2015	Ghana
7	Factors associated with coverage of praziquantel for schistosomiasis control in the community-direct intervention (CDI) approach in Mali (West Africa)	Dabo A, Bary B, Kouriba B et al.	2013	Mali

8	Factors affecting the attrition of community-directed distributors of ivermectin, in an onchocerciasis-control programme in the Imo and Abia states of south-eastern Nigeria	Emukah EC, Enyinnaya U, Olaniran NS et al.	2008	Nigeria
9	A mixed methods approach to evaluating community drug distributor performance in the control of neglected tropical diseases	Fleming FM, Matovu F, Hansen KS and Webster JP	2016	Uganda
10	Re-assessing community-directed treatment: evidence from Mazabuka District, Zambia	Halwindi H, Magnussen P, Siziya S, Meyrowitsch DW and Olsen A	2015	Zambia
11	Mass drug administration for lymphatic filariasis elimination in a coastal state of India: a study on barriers to coverage and compliance	Hussain MA, Sitha AK, Swain S, Kadam S and Pati S	2014	India
12	Involvement and performance of women in community-directed treatment with ivermectin for onchocerciasis control in Rukungiri District, Uganda	Katararwa MN Habomugisha P and Agunyo S	2002	Uganda
13	Involvement of women in community-directed treatment with ivermectin for the control of onchocerciasis in Rukungiri district, Uganda: A knowledge, attitude and practice study	Katararwa M, Habomugisha P, Ndyomugenyi R and Agunyo S	2001	Uganda
14	Community-directed interventions strategy enhances efficient and effective integration of health care delivery and development activities in rural disadvantaged communities of Uganda	Katararwa MN, Habomugisha P, Richards Jr FO and Hopkins D	2005	Uganda
15	Community-directed health (CDH) workers enhance the performance and sustainability of CDH programmes: experience from ivermectin distribution in Uganda	Katararwa MN and Richards Jr FO	2001	Uganda
16	Dilemmas of community-directed mass drug administration for lymphatic filariasis control: a qualitative study from urban and rural Tanzania	Kisoka W, Mushi D, Meyrowitsch DW et al.	2016	Tanzania

17	Effectiveness of different approaches to mass delivery of praziquantel among school-aged children in rural communities in Nigeria	Mafe MA, Appelt B, Adewale B et al.	2005	Nigeria
18	The Role of Personal Opinions and Experiences in Compliance with Mass Drug Administration for Lymphatic Filariasis Elimination in Kenya	Njomo DW, Amuyunzu-Nyamongo M, Magambo JK and Njenga SM	2012	Kenya
19	Predictors of compliance with community-directed ivermectin treatment in Uganda: quantitative results	Nuwaha F, Okware J and Ndyomugyenye R	2005	Uganda
20	Predictors for compliance with community directed ivermectin treatment in Bushenyi District of Uganda: qualitative results	Nuwaha F, Okware J and Ndyomugyenye R	2004	Uganda
21	Characteristics of effective Village Treatment Assistants: the Kongwa Trachoma Project	O'Connor J, Lynch M, Vitale S and West S	1999	Tanzania
22	Community Health Workers' Experiences and Perspectives on Mass Drug Administration for Schistosomiasis Control in Western Kenya: The SCORE Project	Omedo MO, Matey EJ, Awiti A et al.	2012	Kenya
23	Does mass drug administration for the integrated treatment of neglected tropical diseases really work? Assessing evidence for the control of schistosomiasis and soil-transmitted helminths in Uganda	Parker M and Allen T	2011	Uganda
24	Exploring Gender Dimensions of Treatment Programmes for Neglected Tropical Diseases in Uganda	Rilkoff H, Tukahebwa EM, Fleming FM, Leslie J and Cole DC	2013	Uganda
25	A multi-centre study of community-directed ivermectin distributors' (CDDs') involvement in other healthcare and development programme activities in Cameroon, Togo, Sudan, Nigeria and Uganda	Sama MT, Homeida M, Ngang P et al.	2003	Cameroon, Togo, Sudan, Nigeria and Uganda
26	Factors Associated with Ivermectin Non-Compliance and Its Potential Role in Sustaining <i>Onchocerca volvulus</i> Transmission in the West	Senyonjo L, Oye J, Bakajika D et al.	2016	Cameroon

	Region of Cameroon			
27	Contribution and performance of female Community-Directed Distributors in the treatment of onchocerciasis with Ivermectin in Sub-Saharan Africa: a systematic review	Vouking MZ, Tamo VC and Tadenfok CN	2015	Multiple
28	Factors Affecting Community Participation in the CDTI Program in Morogoro, Tanzania	York KJ, Kabole I, Mrisho M et al.	2014	Tanzania