Snail collaborates with EGR-1 and SP-1 to directly activate transcription of MMP 9 and ZEB1

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Supplemental Fig. 1 promoter region of MMP9, ZEB1, fibronectin and lymphoid enhancer-binding factor 1 (LEF1) exhibit similar TCACA and down stream EGR1/SP1 binding region

(A) Homo sapiens matrix metallopeptidase 9 (gelatinase B, 92kDa gelatinase, 92kDa type IV collagenase) (MMP9), RefSeqGene on chromosome 20, NCBI Reference Sequence: NG_011468.1 -911

#: TPA-responsive element (-832 ~ -771) is marked with

* Searching results of EGR1 and SP1 binding regions downstream of TCACA by Genomatix software EGR1(-): 5' cgggGGGTggggggctctt 3'

EGR1(+): 5'aagagcccccACCCcccg 3'

SP1(-): 5' acgggGGGTggggggct 3'

SP1(+): 5'agccccCACccccgt3'

EGR/SP1 (+) overlapping region: agccccccACCCcccg

Transcription Factor Binding Sites common to at least 100% of the sequences

Graphic	cal View N	latch Summary Table	Common Mat	ches								
Comm	ion Match Tab	e (click on headers to :	sort columns)									
#	Seq. nam	e Gene Id	Symbol	Family	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence	
1 Te	mpSeq_H2Sc	3Wr5		V\$EGRE	V\$NGFIC.01	1		19 -	0.814	8.755	cgggGGGTggggggctctt	4

Cor	mmon Match Table (click o	n headers to sor	t columns)									
#	Seq. name	Gene Id	Symbol	Family	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence	
9	TempSeq_H2ScGWr5			V\$SP1F	V\$SP1.01	4	20	0 -	0.896	0.772	acgggGGGTggggggcl	Â

(B) Homo sapiens zinc finger E-box binding homeobox 1 (ZEB1), RefSeqGene on chromosome 10 NCBI Reference Sequence: NG_017048.1

-1132

TTGTGGTTATCTGTATGGTCTTTTCAGAAATCCCAAAACTTGTACCAAGTCAAGGATAAAATAAGATAAAA#TCAG CAATCTATCAGGTTCAGAGA<mark>TCACA</mark>TCTGTCAGCCGATGCTTCTTGCCTTAAGGTCCTGCACGGCGATGACCGCTCATTTA GGAAGGAATTCATGGCCTGTGGATACCTTAGCTCTGAGTCCTGCCACCTAGGATCCCACGGTTCTACGCGAG*<mark>GAAGAGGGCG</mark>

#: TPA-responsive element (-1061~-830) is marked with

* Searching results of EGR1 and SP1 binding regions downstream of TCACA by Genomatix software

EGR-1 (+) 5' gggtgTGGGaggccgaggt 3'

Sp1(+): 5' gaagaGGGCggggagcg 3'

EGR

Comm	on Match Table (click on	headers to sort co	lumns)								
#	Seq. name	Gene Id	Symbol	Family 👌	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence
43 Te	mpSeq_8mUOFsy9			VSEGRE	<u>V\$WT1.01</u>	152	1	70 +	0.923	1.000 🚮	gglgTGGGaggccg

SP1

Comm	on Match Table (click on	headers to sort co	lumns)								
#	Seq. name	Gene Id	Symbol	Family 🍵	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence
27 Te	mpSeq_8mUOFsy9			V\$SP1F	V\$SP1.03	129	1	45 +	0.95	8 1.000 5	aagaGGGCggggag

(C) Homo sapiens fibronectin 1 (FN1), RefSeqGene on chromosome 2

>gi|238018066|ref|NG_012196.1| Homo sapiens fibronectin 1 (FN1), RefSeqGene on chromosome 2 -683

CTCAAACACTACCACCACCCCCAATAAAAAAGAAAAGGGAAGGGGAGCGTCTTGCAACCCCTTCGCT<mark>TCACA</mark>CAAGTCC AGCCACTCCCTTTCCCCAGCCGCTTCCCCATCCCCTTCCCCCAAAAAGTTTGATGACCGCAAAGGAAACCGAAAA AAAGTTGTCTTGCCCCAGTCCTGGCGGGCCATCAGCATCTCTTTTGTTCGCTGCGAACCCACAGTCCCCCGTGACGTCACCC CCGGCGCTCGGACGCCCGCGCCGGCTGTGCTGCACAGGGGGAGGAGGGGAACCCCCAGGCGCGAGCGGGAAGAGGGGAC CTGCAGCCACAACTTCTCTGGTCCTCTGCATCCCTTCTGTCCCTCCACCCGTCCCCACCCTCTGGCCCCCACCTTCT TGGAGGCGACAACCCCCGGGGAGGCATTAGAAGGGATTTTTCCCGCAGGTTGCGAAGGGAAGCAAACTTGGTGGCAACTTG CCTCCCGGTGCGGGCGTCTCTCCCCCCACCGTCTCAACATGCTTAGGGGTCCGGGGCCCGGGCTGCTGCTGCTGCCGTCCA CGGTGGCTGTCAGTCAAAGCAAGCGTGAGTACTGACCGCGGGCTGAAACAGGCTGCCTCAGGGATGGGACCCTAAAGCCG ACAAAAGGACCGAGTTTTGAGCACGCTGGTTCTGAGGGCCTGGGATGATAAGACCGTGCATTGGAGGACGAGGACGAGGACTCTGCG ACTTTCCCGTGTTCTAATAAATTCTGCACGTTCAGATTGTCCTTCTAGGAATTAACCAAAACTTGCCTTTAAAGAGAAAAATG ATGCATGTCTATAAATTTTCCGTCTGGGATTAGTGTGGTCCTTACTGCTACTTATTTCCTTCTGTTAAATAATTGGTCAAATATTT CTTTAGGGCCGCTCAGGATACTTCACCAAGAACAGAGGTTGGAATTCTTTCCGTTTTTCAAAGACACACCCTCCTTTTGCTTTGAGAAAGCTGCTTAAAGTTGTCCTTTTTGACTATTACTCCAAAAGAATATTTAAGTTCCTTGCATGTTTTTAAAAATGTGACTTC AATTGTCTGCCTTCCAAAATGTTTCCAACTTTTTTATGTAGACCCCTGGCCAGATGGAAATGACATCATTGTATATAACTTTTA GCAAAGTTAAAAGGAAAAAAATATGTACGTCAATATTCACATGAAGAAAATTCCATAATTTTGGGAAAAGGAGAAATGCAAA TGTAACGTTTTCCTTCAATTATTTGCAGCCGGTTGTTATGACAATGGAAAACACTATCAGATAAATCAACAGTGGGAGCGGAC CTACCTA

* Searching results of EGR1 and SP1 binding regions downstream of TCACA by Genomatix software
EGR-1 (-): 5' cggcgggcgGGCGggcggg 3'
Sp1 (+): 5' ccggcGGGCgggcggg 3'

EGR/SP1 overlapping region in FN1: cggcGGGCgggcgggc

EGR1

Comm	ion Match Table (click on	headers to sort col	umns)								
8	Seq. name	Gene Id	Symbol	Family 🔶	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence
140 Te	mpSeq_DKm4zj4E			V\$EGRF	V\$EGR2.02	259	277	-	0.943	0.850	gcgGGGGaggagagacccg
77 Te	mpSeq_DKm4zj4E			VSEGRE	V\$EGR1.04	211	229	+	0.888	1.000	cggcgggcgGGCGggcggg

SP1

Common Match	Table (click on	headers to sort co	lumns)									
# Seq.	name	Gene Id	Symbol	Family 🖕	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence	
160 rempsed_D	Km4ZJ4E			VISPIE	V\$SP1.01	290	300	+	0.903	1,000	cagaguuuuuugggagggg	
76 TempSeq_D	Km4zj4E			V\$SP1F	<u>V\$SP1.03</u>	210	226	•	0.936	1.000	ccggcGGGCgggcgggc	

(D) Homo sapiens lymphoid enhancer-binding factor 1 (LEF1), RefSeqGene on chromosome 4 -789

TCACCTGCGGGGCAGGGCGCGGAGGAGGGAGCCGGGCTGCGCGCCGAGGAACCAGGACGCGCCGGAGCCC GGCCGGCGGAGGCGTGCAGAGCGGCGAGCCGGGCGAGCCAGGCTGAGAAACTCGAGCCGGGAACAAAGAGGGGTCGGAC TGAGTGTGTGTGTGGGCTCGAGCTCCGGGCAGAGGCATTTGGGCCCCGAGGCCCCGCTGTGACTCCCCGAGACTCCGCAG GCCCCCATCTTCTGCTCCTCCTCCTCCTCTAGCAGATTAAATGAGCCTCGAGAAGAAAAACCGAAGCGAAAGGGAAGAAA GTTTCGTTATCTTCTGATCCTTGCACCTTCTTTTGGGGGCAAACGGGGCCCTTCTGCCCAGATCCCCTCTTTTCTCGGAAAA CAAACTACTAAGTCGGCATCCGGGGTAACTACAGTGGAGAGGGTTTCCGCGGAGACGCGCCGCCGGACCCTCCTCTGCAC GGGCAGCCTCGTCTAGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCGCCCCGGAGTCGCCAGCTACCGCAGCCCTCGCCGCCCCAGTGCCCTTC GGCCTCGGGGGGGGGGGCGCCTGCGTCGGTCTCCGCGAAGCGGGAAAGCGCGGCGGCGCCGCGGGATTCGGGCGCCGCGGGA TCTCCTTTCCTCCCCCACCCTTGAGTTACCCCTCTGTCTTTCCTGCTGTTGCGCGGGGTGCTCCCACAGCGGAGCGGAGATTA CAGAGCCGCCGGGATG

* Searching results of EGR1 and SP1 binding regions downstream of TCACA by Genomatix software

EGR-1 (-): 5' gggtgAGGGggagtcggcg 3'

Sp1 (-): 5' aggcGGGGGggtgagggg 3'

EGR/SP1 overlapping region in LEF1: CCCCTCACCC

EGR1

Comm	on Match Table (click or	headers to sort co	lumns)								
#	Seq. name	Gene Id	Symbol	Family 🗧	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence
20 Te	mpSeq_imNCtpwt			VSEGRE	<u>V\$WT1.01</u>	79	9	1.	0.92	8 0.837	gggtgAGGGggagtcggcg

Transcription Factor Binding Sites common to at least 100% of the sequences

Graphical	View Match Sun	mary Table C	ommon Matches									
Common	Match Table (click o	n headers to sort o	columns)									
#	Seq. name	Gene Id	Symbol	Family 😁	Matrix	Start	End	Strand	Matrix sim.	Core sim.	Sequence	
28 Tem	Seg imNCtpwt	1		V\$SP1F	VSTIEG.01	88	1	04 -	0.84	1.000	oocGGGGootgagoog	1

The distal promoter regions of MMP9 (A), ZEB1 (B), fibronectin (C) and lymphoid enhancer-binding factor 1 (LEF1) (D) upstream of translational initiation codon (marked as **ATG**) contained similar sequence architecture including **TCACA** (marked with yellow) and downstream EGR1and SP1 binding region (marked with light blue and red). The EGR1and SP1overlapping region in promoters of MMP9 (A), fibronectin (C) and LEF1(D) are marked with green. There are two separated region (by 6 bp) of alternative EGR1and SP1 binding site on ZEB1 promoter. The binding sequences for EGR1 and SP1 for each promoter are demonstrated in the table quoted from the searching results obtained by Genomatix software. TPA-responsive elements in MMP9 and ZEB1 promoters, located at (-832 ~ -771 bp) and (-1061~-830), respectively, are marked with

Supplemental Fig. 2 MAP for ChIP fragment of MMP9 / ZEB1 promoter and EMSA probe for MMP9 promoter



(A)

(B)



(C)



Schematic MAP showing the PCR fragment amplified for the ChIP assay of Snail, EGR and SP1 on MMP9 (A) and ZEB1 (B) promoters and EMSA probe (C) for MMP9 promoter. The black bars represent the distal promoter region of MMP9 (A,C) and ZEB1 (B) from -950 bp and -1079 bp, respectively, upstream of the translation start site. In (A), the sequence of MMP9-pro179 and MMP9-pro165 are located between -865 to -685 bp and -820 to -655 bp, respectively containing both the proposed Snail target region and EGR/SP1 overlapping binding site, whereas MMP9-pro 155 is located between -955 to -800 bp containing the proposed Snail target region only. In (B) , the sequence of ZEB1 pro278 are located between -1079 bp to -802 containing both the proposed Snail target region and EGR/SP1 overlapping binding site. In (C), the EMSA probe of MMP9, MMP9-proSN, containing the sequence

from -817 to -794 bp spanning the region of proposed Snail motif but not EGR/SP1 binding site.

Supplemental Fig. 3 (S3 Fig) Deletion or mutation of the proposed Snail binding motif decreased TPA-induced promoter activation of MMP9 and in a similar extent



HepG2 cells were transfected with pGL3 vector, the indicated MMP9 promoter plasmids including full length promoter MMP9-950, MMP9-812 with deletion of Snail binding motif, or mutant promoter MMP9-950 Snail* with alteration on the putative binding region of Snail transcriptional factors, for 24 h. Subsequently, the cells were untreated or treated with 50 nM TPA for 24h and then single luciferase assay were performed. The relative fold of TPA induction for each promoter were quantitated as the activity of TPA treated *vs* untreated, taking the data of pGL3 as 1.0. (**) represent the statistical significant difference (p<0.05, N=3) of fold of TPA induction between each of the indicated promoters and the full length promoter (MMP9-950).

Supplemental Fig. 4 (S4 Fig) Actinomycin D affected TPA-induced EGR and Snail expression



HepG2 and HCC340 cells were untreated, treated with TPA (50 nM) alone or TPA coupled with actinomycin D (20 nM) for 4 h. Western blot of indicated molecules were performed, using GAPDH as a internal control. The data is representative of two reproducible experiments.

Supplemental Fig. 5 (S5 Fig) TPA-induced mRNA expression of fibronectin and lymphoid enhancer-binding factor (LEF)



HepG2 cells were treated with 50 nM TPA for the time indicated. Quantitative RT-PCR of fibronectin and LEF were performed. The data shown are average of two reproducible experiment with C.V. 12%

Supplemental Fig. 6 (S6 Fig) TPA induced slight association of SP1 with Snail



HepG2 cells were treated with TPA (50 nM) for indicated time. Immunoprecipitation (IP) of SP1 followed by Western blot of SP1 and Snail were performed, using heavy chain of Ab as an internal control. The data is representative of two reproducible experiments.