Reviewer Report

Title: Long-read sequencing of the coffee bean transcriptome reveals the diversity of full length transcripts

Version: Original Submission **Date:** 3/12/2017

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Reviewer Comments to Author:

Cheng et al. have presented a manuscript on a very relevant topic - third generation sequencing on an economically important crop. While I wholeheartedly agree that long read sequencing will address several

assembly, and downstream, problems - resulting in a better understanding of several genetic aspects of any organism, there are several inaccuracies in the current manuscript that need to be addressed before publication.

1. There are several transcripts (about 40) from the pathogenic fungus genus Fusarium - C117579.F1P0.6198

is one such example. Methods for quickly detecting metagenomic transcripts have been elucidated in http://biorxiv.org/content/early/2016/10/04/079186.

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1317314/ is just one of previous work on this pathogens

effect on the coffee yield.

2. "In total, 96,415 coffee-LRS isoform sequences were recovered after sequences representing chloroplast,

mitochondrial and ribosomal transcripts" - chloroplastic sequences have not been removed completely. C118772.F1P0.4602 is one example. There are about 20 such transcripts.

3. "After filtering LRS isoform sequences with NCBI-nr, 5,667 sequences without a hit were" - in the absence of a reference genome, absence in the NCBI-nr database can not be inferred as novel genes. It might be contamination from an hitherto un-sequenced organism. If novel does not imply novel in coffee, this needs to be clearly stated.

Matching the 96k transcripts to ncbi-nr is grossly inefficient (and inaccurate, as observed with the matches

to the fungus). I have validated the provided data, with emphasis on both accuracy and computational times.

Most of the analysis done here is on a small workstation (8GB ram) within a day. The transcript names

have been changed to replace "/" with a "." to allow for Unix style file names. In the search for novel genes

and annotation started with the cds from related genomes (coffee-genome.org/), and followed by transcripts

from related plant genomes (about 8 - vitis, malus, sesame etc). This quickly identified homologous genes -

thus reducing computational times significantly as compared to matching to ncbi-nr. The unmatched genes

was reduced to about 1000 from 96k in a few hours.

In my opinion, 1E-05 is too high a value for significance for nucleotide matching. The exact threshold is can be debated till the end of the world. One example is C107709.F1P0.5231 (Length=5231) matching to XM 010247806.2 (Length=8430) from lotus with Evalue=4e-10. The alignment seems too small to be considered significant.

AAACCGTTTTCATCACTTCAAAGATGGATTTTGTTCTTGTGGAGATTAT-GGT

AAATCGATTTCATCACTTCAAAGATGGATTTTGTTCTTGTGGAGATTATTGGT

One possible way to address this might be to split matches into low, medium and high significance. The protein section for xmt genes (Table 1) is accurate. However, the absence of an xmt2 gene needs to be discussed since there is a given gene for coffea arabica, with which there is a lower (but still significant)

homology in C30813.F1P0.1617. The reason for this needs to be discussed.

Minor comments. There are several grammatical and typographical errors. I am mentioning the first three.

1. Abstract: uncertain should be uncertainty.

2. Abstract: frams - frames.3. Abstract: toolto - tool to

Methods

Are the methods appropriate to the aims of the study, are they well described, and are necessary controls included? Yes

Conclusions

Are the conclusions adequately supported by the data shown? No

Reporting Standards

Does the manuscript adhere to the journal's guidelines on <u>minimum standards of reporting?</u> YesChoose an item.

Statistics

Are you able to assess all statistics in the manuscript, including the appropriateness of statistical tests used? No, and I do not feel adequately qualified to assess the statistics.

Quality of Written English

Please indicate the quality of language in the manuscript: Not suitable for publication unless extensively edited

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