STIM2 regulates both intracellular Ca²⁺ distribution and Ca²⁺ movement in skeletal myotubes

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Supplementary Figure 1. MS spectrums for bands 1 to 7 in Figure 1c and Table 1

Page 2 Oh, et. al.

(a) MS spectrum of the band #1 in Figure 1c and Table 1.



Page 3 Oh, et. al.



(b) MS spectrum of the band #2 in Figure 1c and Table 1.

Page 4 Oh, et. al.

(c) MS spectrum of the band #3 in Figure 1c and Table 1.



Page 5 Oh, et. al.

(d) MS spectrum of the band #4 in Figure 1c and Table 1.





(e) MS spectrum of the band #5 in Figure 1c and Table 1.

Page 7 Oh, et. al.

(f) MS spectrum of the band #6 in Figure 1c and Table 1.



Intens.-x10⁴ +MS, 0.0-1.0min #(1-29) 1+ 519.14 6 -1+ 610.18 4 -1+ 653.36 Identified 2 -1+ 823.38 1+ 851.40 1+ 684.21 781.42 948.47 898.41 982.02 1221.58 1115.56 1057.51 600 700 800 900 1200 1300 1000 1100 m/z

(g) MS spectrum of the band #7 in Figure 1c and Table 1.

Supplementary Figure 2

The possible phosphorylation sites in the SERCA1a-binding regions of STIM1 and STIM2

The possible phosphorylation sites in the SERCA1a-binding regions of STIM1 (a) and STIM2 (b) were predicted using NetPhos 3.1, GPS 3.0, or PhosphoSVM. Under NetPhos 3.1, both generic- and kinase-specific predictions are performed, and the kinase-specific predictions by NetPhos 3.1 cover the prediction by NetPhosK 1.0. GPS 3.0 predicts kinase-specific phosphorylation with a large-scale prediction of >13,000 mammalian phosphorylation sites and a proteome-wide prediction of Aurora-B specific substrates including protein-protein interaction information. PhosphoSVM is a non-kinase-specific prediction tool which detects possible phosphorylation sites for which the associated kinase is unknown or the number of known substrate sequences of the associated kinase is few. For the prediction using NetPhos 3.1 (**a**) or PhosphoSVM (**b**), the predictions with more than 0.7 in score were considered. For the prediction using GPS 3.0 (•), the threshold was set at high and the predictions with more than 20 in score were considered. Three digit numbers in the beginning or end of the amino acid sequences indicate the position of the SERCA1a-binding region in either STIM1 or STIM2. The predicted phosphorylation sites by all three software were colored in red. (**c**) The number of possible phosphorylation sites in the SERCA1a-binding regions in (a) and (b) were summarized. S, T, or Y means serine, threonine, or tyrosine, respectively. There were no similarities between the predicted possible phosphorylation sites in the SERCA1a-binding regions, in terms of the position, number, or pattern of the predicted phosphorylation sites.

	DLVAALNIDI	SWMGS	TRPNPAL	IFIMTD	DVDDN	IDEEIVS	PLSN	1QSPS	SLQSSVR	QRLT	сгупс	FLGSQI	(DLI	1150		ш
PhosphoSVM						A		A				A		A		
GPS 3.0						•		•							•	
NetPhos 3.1																
GPS 3.0																
Urb 3.0									•							
NetPhos 3.1					•		•		•				-			
1.									FEDNO	SICEI						
,	PHLDSSRSHS	SPSSPDI	PDTPSPV	GDSRA	LQASRI	NTRIPHI	LAGK	KAV.	AEEDNG	SIGEI	10221	GR-0/1				
PhosphoSVM	PHLDSSRSH8	SPS <mark>S</mark> PDI	PDTPSPV	GDSRA	LQASRI	NTRIPHI	LAGK	KAV.	AEEDNG	SIGEI		GK-0/1				

Supplementary Figure 2 (continued)

2							A			A	
GPS 3.0	•••				•				•	•	
NetPhos 3.1		-					•	•			
1	PHAPHPSH	IPRH	РННР	QHTPHS	SLP <mark>S</mark> PI	DPDILSVSSC	PALYRNEEEEE	AIYFSAEKQWH	EVPDTASECDSL	NSSIG	RKQSP
PhosphoSVM				•	۸			A			
GPS 3.0				•	•				•		
NetPhos 3.1				•	•	-		•		•	
S	SLEIYQTL	S PRK	ISRD	EVSLED	SSRGI	D <mark>S</mark> PVTVDVS	WGSPDCVGLTE	TKSMIFSPASK	VYNGILEKSCS	MNQLS	SGIPV
PhosphoSVM		A				•					
GPS 3.0	•	•	•			• •		•			
NetPhos 3.1		-	•	•		• •				0	•
I	PRHTSCSS	AGNI	DSKP	VQEAPS	VARIS	SSIPHDLCHN	GE-729				
	100.00										
PhosphoSVM	A										
PhosphoSVM GPS 3.0	•										
PhosphoSVM GPS 3.0 NetPhos 3.1	•										
PhosphoSVM GPS 3.0 NetPhos 3.1	•			Pho	osphoS	SVM	GP	S 3.0	Net	Phos 3.1	L
PhosphoSVM GPS 3.0 NetPhos 3.1 Phosp amin	•• •• ohorable no acid		-	Pho STIM1	osphoS	SVM STIM2	GP STIM1	S 3.0 STIM2	Net STIM1	Phos 3.1	I STIM2
PhosphoSVM GPS 3.0 NetPhos 3.1 Phosp amir	bhorable no acid			Pho STIM1 15	osphoS	SVM STIM2 7	GP STIM1 12	S 3.0 STIM2 10	Net STIM1 22	Phos 3.1	1 5TIM2 23
PhosphoSVM GPS 3.0 NetPhos 3.1 Phosp amir	A bhorable no acid S T			Pho STIM1 15 3	osphoS	SVM STIM2 7 3	GP STIM1 12 1	S 3.0 STIM2 10 5	Net STIM1 22 3	Phos 3.1	1 STIM2 23 3

Supplementary Figure 3

Page 11 **Oh, et. al.**

Co-immunoprecipitation of STIM2 with TRPC6

The triad sample obtained from rabbit skeletal muscle (30 µg of total proteins) was subjected to a co-immunoprecipitation assay with anti-STIM2 antibody, and the immunoprecipitant was subjected to immunoblot analysis with anti-STIM2 or anti-TRPC6 antibodies. Triad sample indicates the simple immunoblot of the triad sample. Without Ab indicates a reaction without anti-STIM2 antibody. IB, IP, or Ab means immunoblot, immunoprecipitation, or antibody, respectively. TRPC6 was co-immunoprecipitated with STIM2.



Page 12

Oh, et. al. Supplementary Figure 4. The full-length blots for STIM2 and SERCA1a in Figure 1d.



Supplementary Figure 5. The full-length blots for STIM2 and α -actin in Figure 2a.



Supplementary Figure 6. The full-length blot for RyR1 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 7. The full-length blot for DHPR in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 8. The full-length blot for SERCA1a in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 9. The full-length blot for TRPC1 in Figure 6a.



Page 15 Oh, et. al.

Supplementary Figure 10. The full-length blot for TRPC3 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 11. The full-length blot for TRPC4 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 12. The full-length blot for TRPC6 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 13. The full-length blot for JP1 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 14. The full-length blot for JP2 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 15. The full-length blot for STIM1 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 16. The full-length blot for Orail in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 17. The full-length blot for CSQ in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 18. The full-length blot for CaM1 in Figure 6a.



Supplementary Figure 19. The full-length blot for α -actin in Figure 6a.

