

Life Sciences Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form is intended for publication with all accepted life science papers and provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. Every life science submission will use this form; some list items might not apply to an individual manuscript, but all fields must be completed for clarity.

For further information on the points included in this form, see Reporting Life Sciences Research. For further information on Nature Research policies, including our data availability policy, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

▶ Experimental design

1. Sample size

Describe how sample size was determined.

No statistical methods were used to pre-determine sample size. The sample size is specified in each figure legend and in Supplementary Table 5.

2. Data exclusions

Describe any data exclusions.

No data were excluded from the analysis.

3. Replication

Describe whether the experimental findings were reliably reproduced.

All attempts at replication were successful.

4. Randomization

Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into experimental groups.

Microscopy analysis were performed on randomly acquired images. Mice were randomly assigned to each experimental group.

5. Blinding

Describe whether the investigators were blinded to group allocation during data collection and/or analysis.

No blinding was performed.

Note: all studies involving animals and/or human research participants must disclose whether blinding and randomization were used.

6. Statistical parameters

For all figures and tables that use statistical methods, confirm that the following items are present in relevant figure legends (or in the Methods section if additional space is needed).

n/a | Confirmed

- The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement (animals, litters, cultures, etc.)
- A description of how samples were collected, noting whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- A statement indicating how many times each experiment was replicated
- The statistical test(s) used and whether they are one- or two-sided (note: only common tests should be described solely by name; more complex techniques should be described in the Methods section)
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as an adjustment for multiple comparisons
- The test results (e.g. P values) given as exact values whenever possible and with confidence intervals noted
- A clear description of statistics including central tendency (e.g. median, mean) and variation (e.g. standard deviation, interquartile range)
- Clearly defined error bars

See the web collection on statistics for biologists for further resources and guidance.

► Software

Policy information about availability of computer code

7. Software

Describe the software used to analyze the data in this study.

Software used to analyze data is specified in methods section, pages 6-12.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the paper but not yet described in the published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). *Nature Methods* guidance for providing algorithms and software for publication provides further information on this topic.

► Materials and reagents

Policy information about availability of materials

8. Materials availability

Indicate whether there are restrictions on availability of unique materials or if these materials are only available for distribution by a for-profit company.

All materials are available from standard commercial sources.

9. Antibodies

Describe the antibodies used and how they were validated for use in the system under study (i.e. assay and species).

References for all antibodies are provided in the Methods sections "Immunofluorescence", "Immuno-EM", "Co-Immunoprecipitation", and "Autophagy induction and p62 degradation assay", pages 9, 10 and 11 respectively.

10. Eukaryotic cell lines

a. State the source of each eukaryotic cell line used.

Cell line source is referenced in Methods section "Cell Lines", page 7, and "Parasite lines", page 8.

b. Describe the method of cell line authentication used.

Authentication was performed as described in Methods section "Cell Lines", page 7.

c. Report whether the cell lines were tested for mycoplasma contamination.

Cell lines were routinely tested for mycoplasma contamination, as specified in Methods section "Cell Lines", page 7.

d. If any of the cell lines used are listed in the database of commonly misidentified cell lines maintained by ICLAC, provide a scientific rationale for their use.

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used in this study.

► Animals and human research participants

Policy information about studies involving animals; when reporting animal research, follow the ARRIVE guidelines

11. Description of research animals

Provide details on animals and/or animal-derived materials used in the study.

Details on animals used is provided in Methods section "Mice" and "Mouse primary hepatocytes", page 7.

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

12. Description of human research participants

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants.

No human participants were used in this study.