

## Neurocan, an extracellular chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan, stimulates neuroblastoma cells to promote malignant phenotypes

### SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Supplementary Table 1: Patients' information

Number	Sex <sup>1</sup>	Age <sup>2</sup>	Risk <sup>3</sup>	Stage <sup>4</sup>	MYCN <sup>5</sup>
#1	F	9m	low	1	NA
#2	M	0	low	1	NA
#3	M	1m	intermediate	4	NA
#4	F	1m	intermediate	3	NA
#5	F	1y	high	4	AMP
#6	F	1y	high	4	AMP
#7	F	2y	high	4	AMP

<sup>1</sup>sex: F, female; M, male

<sup>2</sup>age: y, year; m, month; 0, less than 1 month

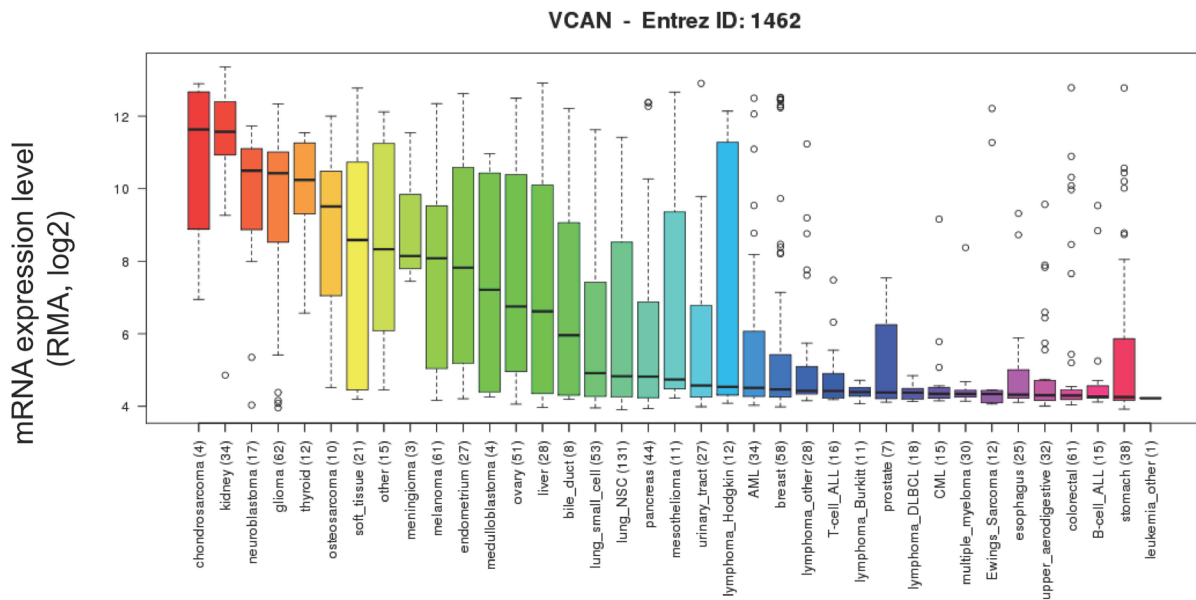
<sup>3</sup>Risk: according to histological checking

<sup>4</sup>Stage: according to INSS stage system

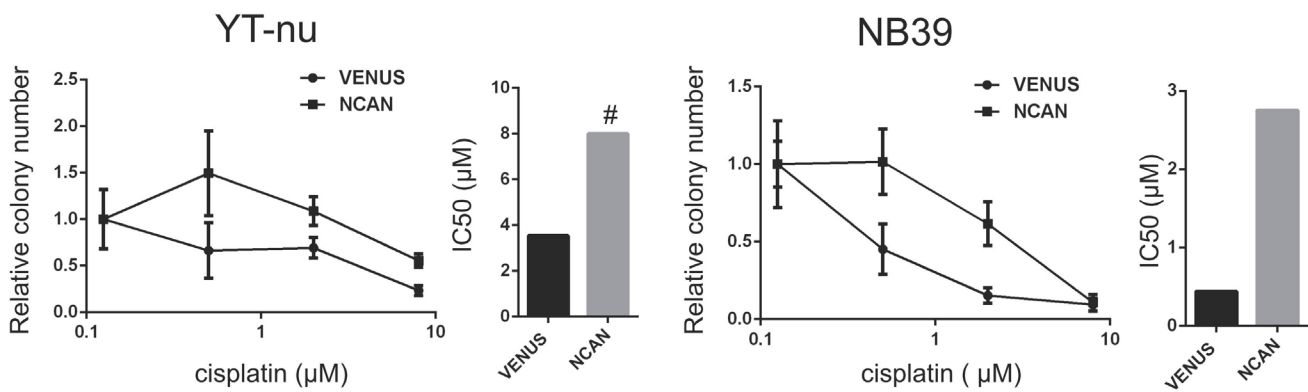
<sup>5</sup>N-myc amplification status: NA, non-amplification; AMP, amplification

**Table 2: Primer information**

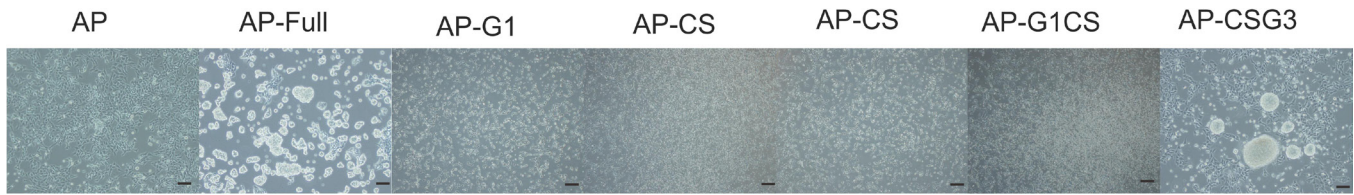
	Forward primer sequence 5'-3'	Reverse primer sequence 5'-3'
RT-qPCR primers		
Mouse Gapdh	ggtggtgaagcaggcatctg	ggaggccatgtagccatga
Mouse TH	gcccagttctgcaggacat	cacgaagtagacgggctggt
Human MYCN	cgaccacaaggccctcagta	cagccttgggtgtggaggag
Mouse Ncan	ctggtggtccccatggatga	ccatgcaggcaggggttgtt
Mouse Vcan	ggctctggtgatgcgttct	ccgggatcccagtggcaaaa
Mouse Ptprz1	ccccagtggtggtgtgca	ccctagccaccagcagagaa
Mouse CD44	ccccggaccagtgtatgaca	gcaaggccctaggaaggaa
Mouse Cspg5	ggacctggcctcaggagaaa	gccacgcacatcacctggaa
Human CDK2	caagcctctgctgccaaa	ggggactggggccaatcatt
Human CDK4	gagcacagctgctgctggaa	ggacctccatagcctcaga
Human CDKN1B	ctgcgtagggcgctttgtt	cgttctcaagtcccgggtt
Human CDKN2C	ggtggtggagtctctggtga	ggagccctcccacgtttat
Human NSE	ccccaggtgcccagaactt	cctgacgtcccatacagaa
Human GAP43	gcctgatgaggcccggcaaa	ctccttggtggggcatctt
Human TrkA	ctgggggagctgagaaacct	ggcacaccacagctggcatt
Human MYC	gcccagtgaggatatctgga	atcgcatgaaagctctggt
Human OCT4	ggtgctgcccctctaggaa	ctccccaccctttgtgtt
Human SOX2	cgaactggaggggggagaaa	ccacctcccaggttttct
Human KLF4	ggaaggagcccagccagaaa	cctccccaaactcacggatt
Human NCAN	cagccaccccagacctgtt	agggtggtctcccagttt
Mouse Myc	ctctgggtctccatgcat	caggccaggtctctatcaa
Mouse Oct4	ccgacgcttggcgggaaaaa	cccgtgcaatgggcaagt
Mouse Klf4	ctggccatcgacactactt	gtcctccggagtccgaagaa
Human $\beta$ -ACTIN	cctggcaccagcacaatgaa	ctaatcatagtcgcctagaagca
Human CD133	ggctgtgcccgaactccttt	cagccccaggacacagcata
Human CD114	gaggctcggaggtgtgca	gcccagttaggctgcagtt
Human ABCG2	gagggccaggagtcagtaa	ccaggagtgtcagattcct
Human Nestin	gcatgggggaggagtcgtt	agctctgccacctggctact
Human LGR5	ctgctgggtggcagcaagta	gcaggaagtgggactaccac
Mouse CD133	gcctctccctctggtgatt	ggctgtcgcctatggccttaa
Mouse CD114	ctgctgatggaccaaga	cgggggatggagcagttgtt
Mouse ABCG2	cctggtctctccctgcttt	ggcctcagttagatgcagca
Mouse nestin	gccgagcaggccactgaaaa	ggcaagggggaagagaagga
Mouse Lgr5	ccaggccgtctgtgatcagt	caggaaggacgacaggaga
<i>in situ</i> hybridization		
probe1	ggaattcgctgggatcaggacacaca	cgggatccgtagcagagcttaggcgaca
probe2	ggaattcgctcagagagtaccagag	cgggatccgtggtctgaaatggggttcc
plasmid		
Full length	agtctctgaggaacagggcacacaggatatac	agtctctagatcagcagaaattccctctgctctt
G1 domain	agtctctgaggaacagggcacacaggatatac	agtctctagatcagctgggtgatgagctcggaa
CS domain	agtctctgagtcacaacatggagacctagag	agtctctagatcatgagtcacctctccgcacc
G3 domain	agtctctgaggatccctgtgagaacaacctt	agtctctagatcagcagaaattccctctgctctt
G1CS domain	agtctctgaggaacagggcacacaggatatac	agtctctagatcatgagtcacctctccgcacc
CSG3 domain	agtctctgagtcacaacatggagacctagag	agtctctagatcagcagaaattccctctgctctt
signal peptide	ctagctagcatgggggccccgttgtctg	ccgctcagcccagcccaaaagagcagca



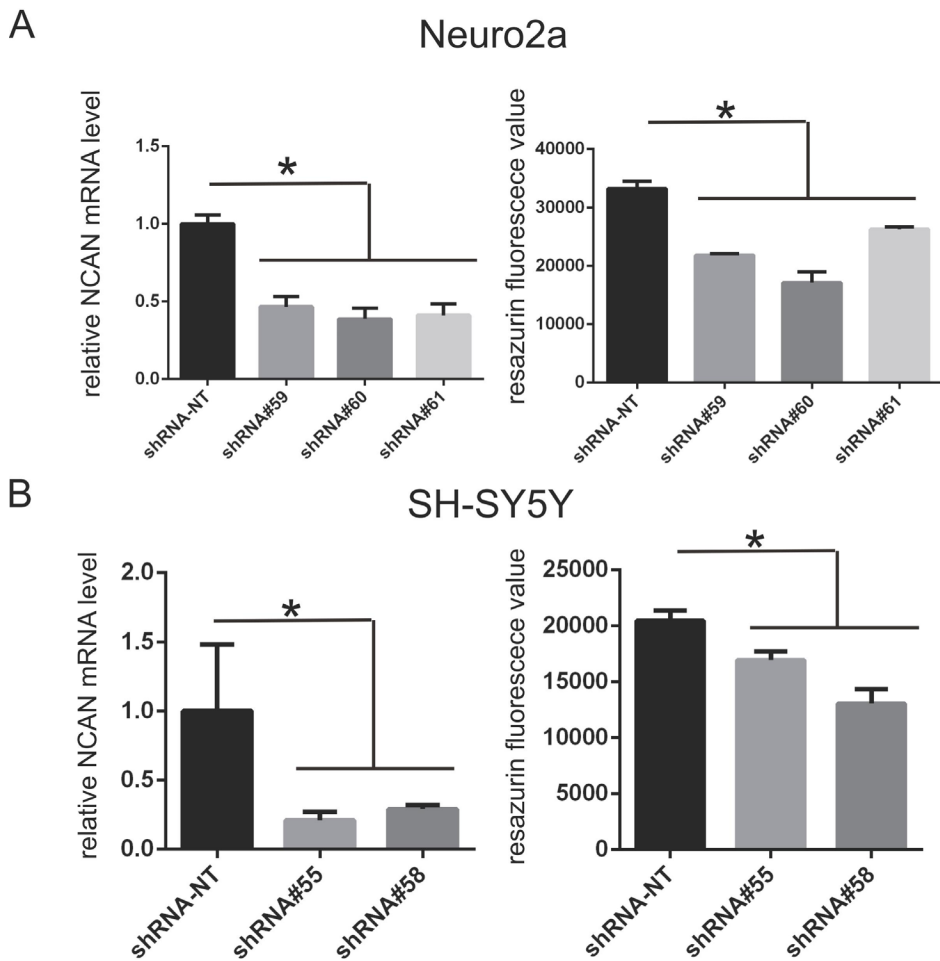
**Supplementary Figure 1: VCAN mRNA expression levels in various cancer cell lines.** Data was obtained from the cancer cell line encyclopedia (<http://portals.broadinstitute.org/ccle/home>).



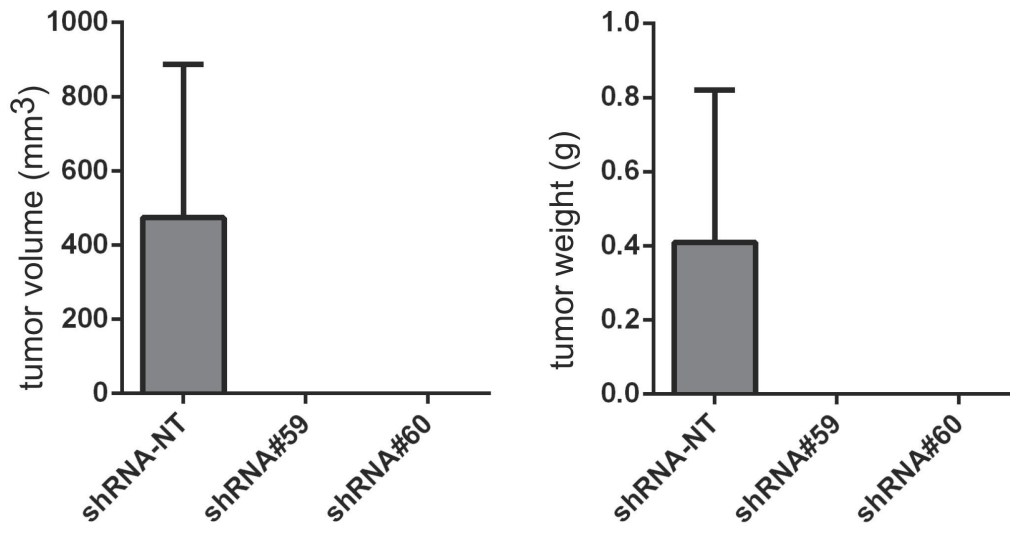
**Supplementary Figure 2: The anchorage-independent colony formation assay in the presence of cisplatin (0.125  $\mu\text{M}$ , 0.5  $\mu\text{M}$ , 2  $\mu\text{M}$ , 8  $\mu\text{M}$ ).** The colony numbers (diameter  $>250 \mu\text{m}$  for Yt-nu,  $>100 \mu\text{m}$  for NB39) in soft agar are shown ( $n = 3$ ). #, The IC<sub>50</sub> for NCAN was calculated tentatively as 8  $\mu\text{M}$ , because the viability of 8  $\mu\text{M}$  (highest concentration) was more than 50%.



**Supplementary Figure 3: Representative images of TNB1 cells treated with conditioned media containing each version of AP-fused NCAN summarized in Figure 4E. Scale bars: 100  $\mu$ M.**



**Supplementary Figure 4: The knockdown of NCAN in adherent NB cell lines inhibit their proliferation. (A) The knockdown of NCAN in mouse Neuro2a cells. RT-qPCR for NCAN to make sure the knockdown results by three different shRNAs (left). The resazurin fluorescence values (right). (B) The same patterns of experiments as (A) using human SH-SY5Y cells. \* $p < 0.01$ .**



Supplementary Figure 5: Quantification of allograft tumor volumes (left) and weights (right) shown in Figure 6G.