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Supplemental Material

Environmental Exposures to Lead, Mercury, and Cadmium and Hearing Loss in Adults and Adolescents: KNHANES 2010-2012

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Study population

An additional 354 participants (328 adults and 26 adolescents) had missing data on covariates and were not included in the analysis: missing data on occupational noise (27 adults), recreational noise (44 adults and 13 adolescents), firearm noise (35 adults and 12 adolescents), socio-behavioral factors of education, income, BMI, and cigarette smoke (142 adults and 12 adolescents), clinical factors of diabetes and hypertension (189 adults). Finally, 6,040 participants (5,187 adults and 853 adolescents) were included for the analysis.

Table S1. ORs (95% CIs) of hearing loss^a (>25dB) by blood lead, mercury, and cadmium levels in adults (n=5,187)

Variables	No. hearing loss/ No. participants	Single-pollutant model		Multi-pollutant model	
Speech-frequency PTA^b					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead	1124/5187	1.15	(0.94, 1.41)	1.12	(0.91, 1.37)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	170/1296	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	204/1296	0.94	(0.65, 1.35)	0.92	(0.64, 1.33)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	330/1298	1.29	(0.92, 1.78)	1.26	(0.91, 1.75)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	420/1297	1.25	(0.87, 1.79)	1.21	(0.85, 1.74)
P-Trend		0.066		0.092	
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury	1124/5187	0.96	(0.84, 1.08)	0.93	(0.81, 1.05)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	284/1296	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	250/1297	0.84	(0.61, 1.17)	0.82	(0.59, 1.14)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	267/1296	0.79	(0.58, 1.09)	0.75	(0.54, 1.05)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	323/1298	0.84	(0.63, 1.12)	0.78	(0.58, 1.05)
P-Trend		0.221		0.100	
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium	1124/5187	1.18	(1.00, 1.39)	1.18	(0.99, 1.40)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	140/1293	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	255/1300	1.04	(0.73, 1.49)	1.04	(0.73, 1.50)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	340/1299	1.22	(0.86, 1.72)	1.22	(0.87, 1.73)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	389/1295	1.30	(0.88, 1.91)	1.29	(0.87, 1.90)
P-Trend		0.117		0.141	
High-frequency PTA^c					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead	1124/5187	1.30	(1.08, 1.57)	1.25	(1.04, 1.50)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	276/1296	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	420/1296	1.13	(0.83, 1.53)	1.11	(0.82, 1.51)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	587/1298	1.35	(1.00, 1.81)	1.32	(0.99, 1.78)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	810/1297	1.70	(1.25, 2.31)	1.64	(1.21, 2.24)
P-Trend		<0.001		<0.001	
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury	1124/5187	0.98	(0.87, 1.09)	0.94	(0.84, 1.05)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	469/1296	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	460/1297	0.89	(0.68, 1.16)	0.85	(0.65, 1.12)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	524/1296	0.83	(0.63, 1.08)	0.77	(0.59, 1.02)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	640/1298	0.89	(0.68, 1.17)	0.80	(0.61, 1.06)
P-Trend		0.382		0.091	
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium	1124/5187	1.25	(1.08, 1.44)	1.21	(1.04, 1.40)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	289/1293	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	489/1300	1.10	(0.81, 1.49)	1.07	(0.78, 1.45)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	645/1299	1.43	(1.06, 1.93)	1.36	(1.01, 1.83)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	670/1295	1.47	(1.05, 2.05)	1.34	(0.96, 1.88)
P-Trend		0.007		0.031	

Models were adjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, current diagnosis of hypertension, current diagnosis of diabetes, occupational noise, recreational noise, and firearm noise. For the multi-pollutant models, effect estimates for each metal were computed while the other two metal variables were included as covariates.

^aHearing loss was defined as pure tone average >25dB.

^bSpeech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^cHigh-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S2. Change (95% CIs) in hearing thresholds (dB) by blood lead, mercury, and cadmium levels in adults (n=5,187)

Variables	No.	Single-pollutant model		Multi-pollutant model	
Speech-frequency PTA^a					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead		1.08	(0.26, 1.89)	1.02	(0.17, 1.88)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	1296	0	(Reference)	0	(Reference)
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	1296	0.12	(-0.85, 1.09)	0.12	(-0.87, 1.11)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	1298	1.18	(0.01, 2.34)	1.17	(-0.02, 2.36)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	1297	1.96	(0.68, 3.25)	1.94	(0.60, 3.29)
P-Trend			0.001		0.002
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury		-0.26	(-0.81, 0.30)	-0.41	(-0.98, 0.15)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	1296	0	(Reference)	0	(Reference)
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	1297	-0.20	(-1.37, 0.96)	-0.31	(-1.47, 0.84)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	1296	-0.76	(-1.88, 0.36)	-0.97	(-2.10, 0.16)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	1298	-0.45	(-1.70, 0.79)	-0.81	(-2.08, 0.47)
P-Trend			0.330		0.124
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium		0.61	(-0.01, 1.22)	0.50	(-0.14, 1.13)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	1293	0	(Reference)	0	(Reference)
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	1300	-0.24	(-1.28, 0.79)	-0.30	(-1.32, 0.73)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	1299	0.47	(-0.67, 1.61)	0.33	(-0.83, 1.49)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	1295	0.90	(-0.48, 2.29)	0.62	(-0.78, 2.03)
P-Trend			0.115		0.275
High-frequency PTA^b					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead		1.83	(0.76, 2.89)	1.87	(0.74, 3.00)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	1296	0	(Reference)	0	(Reference)
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	1296	0.10	(-1.22, 1.42)	0.20	(-1.14, 1.54)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	1298	1.68	(0.21, 3.15)	1.81	(0.30, 3.32)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	1297	3.50	(1.71, 5.30)	3.69	(1.83, 5.56)
P-Trend			<0.001		<0.001
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury		-0.28	(-1.05, 0.49)	-0.48	(-1.26, 0.30)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	1296	0	(Reference)	0	(Reference)
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	1297	-0.32	(-1.80, 1.17)	-0.46	(-1.93, 1.02)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	1296	-1.10	(-2.56, 0.37)	-1.37	(-2.84, 0.09)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	1298	-0.89	(-2.60, 0.82)	-1.41	(-3.16, 0.34)
P-Trend			0.200		0.058
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium		0.48	(-0.33, 1.29)	0.22	(-0.62, 1.06)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	1293	0	(Reference)	0	(Reference)
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	1300	-0.69	(-2.20, 0.82)	-0.81	(-2.31, 0.69)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	1299	0.36	(-1.35, 2.08)	0.11	(-1.66, 1.87)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	1295	0.58	(-1.31, 2.48)	0.04	(-1.88, 1.95)
P-Trend			0.319		0.742

Models were adjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, current diagnosis of hypertension, current diagnosis of diabetes, occupational noise, recreational noise, and firearm noise. For the multi-pollutant models, effect estimates for each metal were computed while the other two metal variables were included as covariates.

PTA, Pure tone average.

^aSpeech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^bHigh-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S3. ORs (95% CIs) of hearing loss ^a (>15dB) by blood lead, mercury, and cadmium levels in adolescents (n=853)

Variables	No. hearing loss/ No. participants	Single-pollutant model		Multi-pollutant model	
Speech-frequency PTA^b					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead	48/853	1.20	(0.48, 3.05)	1.09	(0.40, 2.97)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.260-0.975)	11/213	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.978-1.260)	12/213	1.17	(0.41, 3.32)	1.12	(0.39, 3.18)
Q 3 (1.261-1.557)	13/213	1.08	(0.38, 3.08)	0.82	(0.28, 2.40)
Q 4 (1.562-5.904)	12/214	1.24	(0.34, 4.49)	0.91	(0.24, 3.44)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.803		0.949	
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury	48/853	1.01	(0.53, 1.91)	0.97	(0.51, 1.83)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.555-1.488)	13/213	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (1.490-1.956)	10/213	1.00	(0.36, 2.75)	1.00	(0.36, 2.79)
Q 3 (1.960-2.683)	11/214	0.60	(0.21, 1.75)	0.56	(0.19, 1.71)
Q 4 (2.687-8.409)	14/213	1.20	(0.41, 3.54)	1.15	(0.39, 3.38)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.901		0.968	
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium	48/853	1.41	(0.93, 2.14)	1.40	(0.88, 2.20)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.010-0.245)	12/214	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.246-0.341)	9/213	0.96	(0.33, 2.76)	0.96	(0.33, 2.83)
Q 3 (0.342-0.495)	9/213	0.93	(0.33, 2.66)	0.91	(0.30, 2.74)
Q 4 (0.496-2.067)	18/213	2.39	(0.98, 5.83)	2.53	(1.02, 6.28)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.083		0.088	
High-frequency PTA^c					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead	95/853	1.26	(0.73, 2.16)	1.17	(0.68, 2.01)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.260-0.975)	20/213	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.978-1.260)	20/213	0.89	(0.39, 2.03)	0.88	(0.37, 2.07)
Q 3 (1.261-1.557)	31/213	1.88	(0.83, 4.25)	1.65	(0.67, 4.05)
Q 4 (1.562-5.904)	24/214	1.38	(0.63, 3.02)	1.17	(0.49, 2.81)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.181		0.377	
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury	95/853	0.73	(0.45, 1.20)	0.70	(0.43, 1.15)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.555-1.488)	32/213	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (1.490-1.956)	20/213	0.64	(0.30, 1.36)	0.55	(0.26, 1.18)
Q 3 (1.960-2.683)	17/214	0.34	(0.16, 0.74)	0.30	(0.13, 0.66)
Q 4 (2.687-8.409)	26/213	0.58	(0.27, 1.26)	0.52	(0.25, 1.09)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.107		0.072	
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium	95/853	1.54	(1.12, 2.11)	1.55	(1.11, 2.16)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.010-0.245)	20/214	1 (Reference)		1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.246-0.341)	17/213	1.06	(0.46, 2.46)	0.99	(0.43, 2.27)
Q 3 (0.342-0.495)	20/213	1.51	(0.68, 3.37)	1.50	(0.68, 3.33)
Q 4 (0.496-2.067)	38/213	3.03	(1.44, 6.40)	2.98	(1.37, 6.49)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.003		0.004	

Models were adjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, recreational noise, and firearm noise. For the multi-pollutant models, effect estimates for each metal were computed while the other two metal variables were included as covariates.

^a Hearing loss was defined as pure tone average >15dB.

^b Speech-frequency at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^c High-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S4. Change (95% CIs) in hearing thresholds (dB) by blood lead, mercury, and cadmium levels in adolescents (n=853)

Variables	No.	Single-pollutant model		Multi-pollutant model	
Speech-frequency PTA^a					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead		0.54	(-0.27, 1.35)	0.52	(-0.36, 1.40)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.260-0.975)	213	0 (Reference)		(Reference)	
Q 2 (0.978-1.260)	213	1.08	(-0.33, 2.48)	1.02	(-0.36, 2.40)
Q 3 (1.261-1.557)	213	0.97	(-0.16, 2.11)	0.81	(-0.33, 1.94)
Q 4 (1.562-5.904)	214	1.02	(-0.27, 2.31)	0.78	(-0.57, 2.14)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.148		0.258	
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury		0.14	(-0.60, 0.88)	0.10	(-0.64, 0.85)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.555-1.488)	213	0 (Reference)		(Reference)	
Q 2 (1.490-1.956)	213	-0.06	(-1.42, 1.30)	-0.10	(-1.47, 1.27)
Q 3 (1.960-2.683)	214	-0.59	(-1.75, 0.57)	-0.62	(-1.77, 0.53)
Q 4 (2.687-8.409)	213	0.86	(-0.57, 2.29)	0.80	(-0.64, 2.25)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.351		0.407	
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium		0.11	(-0.60, 0.82)	0.03	(-0.72, 0.79)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.010-0.245)	214	0 (Reference)		(Reference)	
Q 2 (0.246-0.341)	213	0.25	(-1.31, 1.82)	0.29	(-1.20, 1.79)
Q 3 (0.342-0.495)	213	0.14	(-1.35, 1.63)	0.08	(-1.38, 1.54)
Q 4 (0.496-2.067)	213	0.68	(-0.81, 2.18)	0.65	(-0.82, 2.13)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.418		0.568	
High-frequency PTA^b					
Lead					
Per doubling of lead		1.03	(0.03, 2.04)	1.11	(0.05, 2.18)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)					
Q 1 (0.260-0.975)	213	0 (Reference)		0 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.978-1.260)	213	1.32	(-0.15, 2.79)	1.27	(-0.21, 2.75)
Q 3 (1.261-1.557)	213	1.49	(0.03, 2.94)	1.40	(-0.05, 2.86)
Q 4 (1.562-5.904)	214	1.65	(0.20, 3.10)	1.52	(0.04, 2.99)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.030		0.043	
Mercury					
Per doubling of mercury		-0.35	(-1.17, 0.47)	-0.41	(-1.23, 0.42)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.555-1.488)	213	0 (Reference)		0 (Reference)	
Q 2 (1.490-1.956)	213	-0.16	(-1.79, 1.46)	-0.30	(-1.92, 1.32)
Q 3 (1.960-2.683)	214	-1.38	(-2.84, 0.08)	-1.41	(-2.86, 0.03)
Q 4 (2.687-8.409)	213	0.07	(-1.65, 1.79)	-0.08	(-1.82, 1.66)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.770		0.679	
Cadmium					
Per doubling of cadmium		-0.04	(-0.84, 0.76)	-0.17	(-1.01, 0.66)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)					
Q 1 (0.010-0.245)	214	0 (Reference)		0 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.246-0.341)	213	0.43	(-1.24, 2.11)	0.39	(-1.23, 2.00)
Q 3 (0.342-0.495)	213	0.66	(-1.01, 2.32)	0.55	(-1.08, 2.19)
Q 4 (0.496-2.067)	213	0.62	(-1.15, 2.38)	0.45	(-1.25, 2.15)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.478		0.670	

Models were adjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, recreational noise, and firearm noise. For the multi-pollutant models, effect estimates for each metal were computed while the other two metal variables were included as covariates.

PTA, Pure tone average

^aSpeech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^bHigh-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S5. ORs (95% CIs) of hearing loss (>25dB) by blood lead, mercury, and cadmium levels stratified by adult age groups at single-pollutant models in adults (n=5,187)

Age strata	20-39 years (n=2,031)	40-59 years (n=2,101)	60-87 years (n=1,055)	<i>p</i> for interaction by age strata
Speech-frequency PTA^a				
Lead				
Per doubling of lead	0.78 (0.41, 1.48)	1.33 (1.05, 1.70)	1.06 (0.72, 1.57)	<i>0.475</i>
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)				
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	0.45 (0.23, 0.88)	0.97 (0.59, 1.59)	1.32 (0.64, 2.74)	
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	0.67 (0.33, 1.39)	1.45 (0.91, 2.30)	1.65 (0.89, 3.05)	
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	0.90 (0.34, 2.39)	1.33 (0.85, 2.06)	1.46 (0.74, 2.88)	
<i>P</i> -Trend	<i>0.819</i>	<i>0.069</i>	<i>0.235</i>	<i>0.303</i>
Mercury				
Per doubling of mercury	0.91 (0.59, 1.39)	0.98 (0.83, 1.15)	0.92 (0.75, 1.14)	<i>0.865</i>
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)				
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	0.55 (0.29, 1.05)	0.96 (0.61, 1.49)	0.79 (0.45, 1.41)	
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	0.65 (0.30, 1.40)	0.90 (0.60, 1.34)	0.71 (0.40, 1.27)	
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	0.84 (0.35, 2.03)	0.87 (0.58, 1.32)	0.76 (0.45, 1.28)	
<i>P</i> -Trend	<i>0.697</i>	<i>0.483</i>	<i>0.263</i>	<i>0.910</i>
Cadmium				
Per doubling of cadmium	1.09 (0.74, 1.62)	1.21 (0.98, 1.49)	1.16 (0.85, 1.57)	<i>0.636</i>
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)				
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	1.52 (0.66, 3.53)	1.02 (0.62, 1.66)	0.72 (0.37, 1.42)	
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	1.06 (0.37, 2.99)	1.30 (0.81, 2.07)	1.02 (0.52, 1.99)	
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	0.94 (0.32, 2.75)	1.37 (0.84, 2.24)	1.06 (0.53, 2.11)	
<i>P</i> -Trend	<i>0.834</i>	<i>0.107</i>	<i>0.403</i>	<i>0.856</i>
High-frequency PTA^b				
Lead				
Per doubling of lead	0.96 (0.67, 1.37)	1.44 (1.14, 1.81)	1.60 (0.94, 2.70)	<i>0.046</i>
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)				
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	0.72 (0.46, 1.12)	1.34 (0.90, 2.01)	1.73 (0.72, 4.13)	
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	0.75 (0.45, 1.25)	1.55 (1.07, 2.26)	2.97 (1.29, 6.83)	
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	1.21 (0.69, 2.13)	1.92 (1.29, 2.84)	2.45 (1.14, 5.23)	
<i>P</i> -Trend	<i>0.603</i>	<i>0.001</i>	<i>0.010</i>	<i>0.041</i>
Mercury				
Per doubling of mercury	0.94 (0.74, 1.20)	0.99 (0.87, 1.14)	0.99 (0.71, 1.37)	<i>0.693</i>
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)				
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	0.82 (0.52, 1.31)	0.95 (0.65, 1.38)	0.68 (0.30, 1.56)	
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	1.02 (0.63, 1.64)	0.73 (0.51, 1.06)	1.00 (0.46, 2.18)	
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	0.85 (0.48, 1.50)	0.89 (0.62, 1.28)	0.97 (0.45, 2.08)	
<i>P</i> -Trend	<i>0.791</i>	<i>0.365</i>	<i>0.875</i>	<i>0.763</i>
Cadmium				
Per doubling of cadmium	1.04 (0.80, 1.35)	1.31 (1.08, 1.58)	1.52 (1.04, 2.23)	<i>0.158</i>
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)				
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)	
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	1.07 (0.64, 1.80)	1.32 (0.90, 1.95)	0.50 (0.16, 1.50)	
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	1.30 (0.74, 2.29)	1.64 (1.10, 2.46)	1.07 (0.35, 3.23)	
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	0.82 (0.42, 1.60)	1.76 (1.14, 2.70)	1.36 (0.46, 3.98)	
<i>P</i> -Trend	<i>0.941</i>	<i>0.009</i>	<i>0.030</i>	<i>0.117</i>

Models were adjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, current diagnosis of hypertension, current diagnosis of diabetes, occupational noise, recreational noise, and firearm noise.

PTA, Pure tone average.

^a Speech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^b High-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S6. Urinary cotinine-adjusted ORs (95% CIs) of hearing loss (>25dB) by blood cadmium levels at single-pollutant models in adults (n=3,292^a)

		Non-adjustment for cotinine ^b	Adjustment for cotinine ^c
Speech-frequency PTA^d			
Per doubling of cadmium	757/3292	1.22 (1.01, 1.47)	1.24 (1.03, 1.51)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.098-0.710)	99/823	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (0.711-1.058)	178/823	1.15 (0.75, 1.76)	1.18 (0.77, 1.80)
Q 3 (1.060-1.500)	218/824	1.26 (0.83, 1.89)	1.28 (0.85, 1.94)
Q 4 (1.501-5.540)	262/822	1.56 (1.00, 2.45)	1.63 (1.02, 2.58)
P-Trend		0.051	0.037
High-frequency PTA^e			
Per doubling of cadmium	1406/3292	1.35 (1.13, 1.61)	1.34 (1.11, 1.60)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.098-0.710)	200/823	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (0.711-1.058)	335/823	1.36 (0.96, 1.95)	1.36 (0.95, 1.94)
Q 3 (1.060-1.500)	414/824	1.54 (1.08, 2.22)	1.53 (1.06, 2.20)
Q 4 (1.501-5.540)	457/822	1.86 (1.25, 2.77)	1.82 (1.21, 2.75)
P-Trend		0.002	0.004

^aData for these analyses (n=3,292) used KNHANES 2010-2011 because urinary cotinine levels were not available in KNHANES 2012.

^bAdjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, current diagnosis of hypertension, current diagnosis of diabetes, occupational noise, recreational noise, and firearm noise.

^cFurther adjusted for urinary cotinine (creatinine-corrected).

PTA, Pure tone average

^dSpeech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^eSpeech-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S7. Fish intake-adjusted ORs (95% CIs) of hearing loss (>25dB) by blood mercury levels at single-pollutant models in adults (n=2,973^a)

		Non-adjustment for fish intake ^b	Adjustment for fish intake ^c
Speech-frequency PTA^d			
Per doubling of mercury	657/2973	0.98 (0.83, 1.15)	0.98 (0.84, 1.16)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.620-2.395)	168/743	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (2.397-3.558)	145/744	0.77 (0.49, 1.19)	0.78 (0.50, 1.20)
Q 3 (3.560-5.414)	155/743	0.81 (0.53, 1.24)	0.83 (0.54, 1.26)
Q 4 (5.417-40.901)	189/743	0.80 (0.54, 1.18)	0.81 (0.55, 1.19)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.325	0.363
High-frequency PTA^e			
Per doubling of mercury	1206/2973	1.00 (0.86, 1.16)	1.02 (0.88, 1.18)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.620-2.395)	274/743	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (2.397-3.558)	261/744	0.81 (0.57, 1.15)	0.84 (0.59, 1.19)
Q 3 (3.560-5.414)	294/743	0.76 (0.54, 1.08)	0.79 (0.55, 1.12)
Q 4 (5.417-40.901)	377/743	0.89 (0.62, 1.28)	0.93 (0.65, 1.34)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.533	0.687

^aData for these analyses (n=2,973) used subpopulation that had dietary intake information.

^bAdjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, current diagnosis of hypertension, current diagnosis of diabetes, occupational noise, recreational noise, and firearm noise.

^cFurther adjusted for daily fish intake.

PTA, Pure tone average.

^dSpeech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^eHigh-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S8. Cholesterol-adjusted ORs (95% CIs) of hearing loss (>25dB) by levels of blood lead, mercury, and cadmium at single-pollutant models in adults (n=5,187)

Variables	No. hearing loss/ No. participants	Non-adjustment for cholesterol ^a	Adjustment for cholesterol ^b
Speech-frequency PTA^c			
Lead			
Per doubling of lead	1124/5187	1.15 (0.94, 1.41)	1.15 (0.94, 1.40)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$)			
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	170/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	204/1296	0.94 (0.65, 1.35)	0.93 (0.65, 1.34)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	330/1298	1.29 (0.92, 1.78)	1.28 (0.92, 1.78)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	420/1297	1.25 (0.87, 1.79)	1.24 (0.86, 1.78)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.066	0.071
Mercury			
Per doubling of mercury	1124/5187	0.96 (0.84, 1.08)	0.95 (0.84, 1.08)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)			
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	284/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	250/1297	0.84 (0.61, 1.17)	0.84 (0.61, 1.17)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	267/1296	0.79 (0.58, 1.09)	0.79 (0.57, 1.09)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	323/1298	0.84 (0.63, 1.12)	0.83 (0.62, 1.11)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.221	0.210
Cadmium			
Per doubling of cadmium	1124/5187	1.18 (1.00, 1.39)	1.18 (0.99, 1.39)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)			
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	140/1293	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	255/1300	1.04 (0.73, 1.49)	1.04 (0.73, 1.49)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	340/1299	1.22 (0.86, 1.72)	1.22 (0.86, 1.72)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	389/1295	1.30 (0.88, 1.91)	1.29 (0.88, 1.91)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.117	0.120
High-frequency PTA^d			
Lead			
Per doubling of lead	1124/5187	1.30 (1.08, 1.57)	1.30 (1.08, 1.56)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$)			
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	276/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	420/1296	1.13 (0.83, 1.53)	1.13 (0.83, 1.53)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	587/1298	1.35 (1.00, 1.81)	1.34 (1.00, 1.80)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	810/1297	1.70 (1.25, 2.31)	1.69 (1.24, 2.30)
<i>P</i> -Trend		<0.001	<0.001
Mercury			
Per doubling of mercury	1124/5187	0.98 (0.87, 1.09)	0.97 (0.87, 1.09)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)			
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	469/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	460/1297	0.89 (0.68, 1.16)	0.89 (0.68, 1.16)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	524/1296	0.83 (0.63, 1.08)	0.82 (0.63, 1.08)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	640/1298	0.89 (0.68, 1.17)	0.89 (0.68, 1.16)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.382	0.347
Cadmium			
Per doubling of cadmium	1124/5187	1.25 (1.08, 1.44)	1.25 (1.08, 1.44)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)			
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	289/1293	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	489/1300	1.10 (0.81, 1.49)	1.10 (0.81, 1.49)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	645/1299	1.43 (1.06, 1.93)	1.43 (1.06, 1.93)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	670/1295	1.47 (1.05, 2.05)	1.47 (1.05, 2.05)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.007	0.007

^a Adjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, current diagnosis of hypertension, current diagnosis of diabetes, occupational noise, recreational noise, and firearm noise.

^b Further adjusted for cholesterol.

^c Speech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^d High-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.

Table S9. Education-unadjusted ORs (95% CIs) of hearing loss (>25dB) by levels of blood lead, mercury, and cadmium at single-pollutant models in adults (n=5,187)

Variables	No. hearing loss/ No. participants	Adjustment for education ^a	Non-adjustment for education ^b
Speech-frequency PTA^c			
Lead			
Per doubling of lead	1124/5187	1.15 (0.94, 1.41)	1.18 (0.96, 1.44)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)			
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	170/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	204/1296	0.94 (0.65, 1.35)	0.95 (0.66, 1.37)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	330/1298	1.29 (0.92, 1.78)	1.31 (0.94, 1.83)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	420/1297	1.25 (0.87, 1.79)	1.29 (0.90, 1.86)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.066	0.040
Mercury			
Per doubling of mercury	1124/5187	0.96 (0.84, 1.08)	0.95 (0.84, 1.07)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	284/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	250/1297	0.84 (0.61, 1.17)	0.83 (0.60, 1.15)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	267/1296	0.79 (0.58, 1.09)	0.79 (0.60, 1.08)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	323/1298	0.84 (0.63, 1.12)	0.82 (0.61, 1.09)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.221	0.168
Cadmium			
Per doubling of cadmium	1124/5187	1.18 (1.00, 1.39)	1.19 (1.01, 1.41)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	140/1293	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	255/1300	1.04 (0.73, 1.49)	1.03 (0.72, 1.48)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	340/1299	1.22 (0.86, 1.72)	1.22 (0.87, 1.72)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	389/1295	1.30 (0.88, 1.91)	1.33 (0.90, 1.96)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.117	0.080
High-frequency PTA^d			
Lead			
Per doubling of lead	1124/5187	1.30 (1.08, 1.57)	1.35 (1.12, 1.62)
Lead Quartile ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)			
Q 1 (0.327-1.593)	276/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (1.594-2.146)	420/1296	1.13 (0.83, 1.53)	1.15 (0.85, 1.57)
Q 3 (2.148-2.822)	587/1298	1.35 (1.00, 1.81)	1.38 (1.03, 1.85)
Q 4 (2.823-26.507)	810/1297	1.70 (1.25, 2.31)	1.78 (1.31, 2.42)
<i>P</i> -Trend		<0.001	<0.001
Mercury			
Per doubling of mercury	1124/5187	0.98 (0.87, 1.09)	0.97 (0.87, 1.08)
Mercury Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.363-2.378)	469/1296	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (2.379-3.528)	460/1297	0.89 (0.68, 1.16)	0.88 (0.68, 1.15)
Q 3 (3.529-5.369)	524/1296	0.83 (0.63, 1.08)	0.83 (0.63, 1.08)
Q 4 (5.370-60.678)	640/1298	0.89 (0.68, 1.17)	0.87 (0.66, 1.13)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.382	0.273
Cadmium			
Per doubling of cadmium	1124/5187	1.25 (1.08, 1.44)	1.28 (1.11, 1.48)
Cadmium Quartile ($\mu\text{g/L}$)			
Q 1 (0.068-0.689)	289/1293	1 (Reference)	1 (Reference)
Q 2 (0.690-1.033)	489/1300	1.10 (0.81, 1.49)	1.11 (0.82, 1.51)
Q 3 (1.035-1.470)	645/1299	1.43 (1.06, 1.93)	1.46 (1.09, 1.97)
Q 4 (1.471-6.422)	670/1295	1.47 (1.05, 2.05)	1.55 (1.12, 2.16)
<i>P</i> -Trend		0.007	0.002

^a Adjusted for age, age², sex, education, BMI, cigarette smoke, current diagnosis of hypertension, current diagnosis of diabetes, occupational noise, recreational noise, and firearm noise.

^b Subtracting adjustment for education.

^c Speech-frequency PTA at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz.

^d High-frequency PTA at 3, 4, and 6 kHz.