Appendix: Task-Specific Movement Pattern Training

Standing

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Unlocked knees
- Knees apart from one another
- Neutral pelvis



Alignment/Movement Error



- Knees turned in
- Knees together



- Knees hyperextended
- Anterior pelvic tilt

Key: Correct

Incorrect

Sitting

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Knee under hips
- Feet under knees



Top Leg:
• Knee outside foot



Bottom Leg:
Knee outside foot

Alignment/Movement Errors



• Knees inside feet (example 1)



• Knees inside feet (example 2)



Bottom Leg:
• Knee inside foot



• Too much knee flexion (Feet behind knees)

Single Limb Stance

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Hip aligned over knee
- Knee aligned over little toes
- Shoulders level
- Pelvis level

Alignment/Movement Errors



• Knee turned in



• Hips not level



• Shoulders not level

Variable	Progression	Downgrade
Speed	Move quickly to one legMaintain longer hold	Weight shift without lifting uninvolved foot
Surface	• Stand on unstable surface (e.g. foam cushion)	Allow hand support

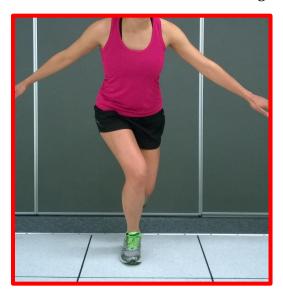
Single Limb Squat

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Hip aligned over knee
- Knee aligned over little toes
- Shoulders level
- Pelvis level

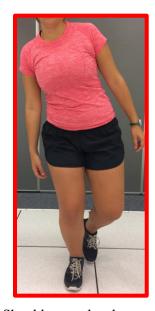
Alignment/Movement Errors



- Knee turned in
- Knee inside foot



Hips not level



Shoulders not level

Variable	Progression	Downgrade
Speed	Increase speed of squat	Slow controlled motion
Surface	• Stand on unstable surface (e.g. foam cushion)	Allow hand support

Sitting Down in (Standing Up from) a Chair

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Hips aligned over knees
- Knees aligned over little toes
- Shoulders level
- Pelvis level

Alignment/Movement Errors



- Knees turned in
- Knees inside feet

Examples: Task Practice Conditions

Variable	Progression	Downgrade
Speed	Increase speed of movement	Slow controlled motion
Surface	Soft (e.g. outdoor/camp chair)	Sturdy bench/chair
Distance/Range of Motion	Lower seat height	Raise seat height

Ascending Stairs

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Hip aligned over knee
- Knee aligned over little toes
- Shoulders level
- Pelvis level

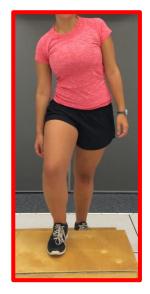
Alignment/Movement Errors



Knee inside foot



• Hips not level



Shoulders not level

Variable	Progression	Downgrade
Speed	Increase movement speed	Slow controlled motion
Surface/Environment	Carrying items	Hand support/railing
Distance/Range of Motion	Increase step height	Decrease step height

Descending Stairs

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Hip aligned over knee
- Knee aligned over little toe
- Shoulders level
- Pelvis level

Alignment/Movement Errors



Knee inside foot



• Hips not level



• Shoulders not level

Variable	Progression	Downgrade
Speed	Increase movement speed	Slow controlled motion
Surface/Environment	Carrying items	Hand support/railing
Distance/Range of Motion	Increase step height	Decrease step height

Running

Key Concepts of Optimal Alignment/Movement



- Unlocked knees
- Knees apart from one another
- Neutral pelvis (no dropping to one side)
- No trunk lean or rotation
- Arm does not cross body when swinging

Alignment/Movement Errors



- Knees close together or touching
- Hips not level
- Trunk leans to side or rotates
- Arm crosses body when swinging

Variable	Progression	Downgrade
Speed	Increase running speed	Decrease running speed
Surface/Environment	Add/increase incline	Remove/decrease incline
Time	Increase time	Decrease time