

Supplementary Information

Table S1: Peptide map of RTA (Y80A V76M) used in HX-MS studies

Pep #	start	end	Pep #	start	end	Pep #	start	end	Pep #	start	end
1	1	12	36	93	104	71	163	169	106	218	233
2	13	21	37	93	108	72	166	169	107	218	241
3	13	25	38	94	100	73	166	172	108	219	226
4	22	25	39	94	108	74	169	172	109	219	233
5	26	33	40	103	108	75	170	174	110	221	233
6	26	38	41	104	108	76	173	182	111	222	233
7	29	38	42	105	108	77	176	182	112	227	233
8	34	60	43	105	110	78	179	182	113	227	241
9	38	60	44	109	118	79	183	187	114	228	241
10	39	46	45	109	119	80	183	188	115	233	241
11	39	56	46	109	123	81	183	189	116	233	244
12	39	58	47	119	123	82	183	191	117	233	249
13	39	60	48	120	127	83	183	205	118	234	244
14	57	60	49	124	127	84	188	205	119	234	245
15	59	62	50	124	130	85	189	205	120	234	247
16	59	69	51	124	134	86	190	205	121	234	249
17	61	69	52	124	136	87	190	207	122	241	244
18	61	70	53	128	134	88	192	205	123	242	245
19	63	69	54	128	136	89	192	208	124	242	247
20	70	73	55	131	136	90	196	205	125	242	249
21	70	74	56	131	152	91	206	211	126	244	249
22	70	75	57	134	145	92	206	215	127	245	249
23	71	75	58	135	147	93	206	217	128	246	249
24	73	80	59	135	152	94	206	218	129	248	254
25	73	92	60	137	147	95	208	215	130	248	255
26	74	80	61	137	148	96	208	217	131	248	256
27	74	92	62	137	152	97	208	218	132	250	254
28	76	80	63	147	152	98	209	215	133	250	255
29	76	92	64	148	151	99	209	217	134	250	256
30	81	92	65	148	152	100	209	218	135	256	268
31	81	93	66	149	152	101	212	217	136	257	268
32	85	92	67	153	162	102	212	218	137	258	268
33	93	100	68	153	165	103	213	217	138	259	268
34	93	102	69	154	165	104	218	221			
35	93	103	70	163	168	105	218	226			

Table S2. Data collection associated with X-ray crystal structures of V1C7 V_HHs

Complex	V1C7 _{G29R} -RTA (high PO ₄ condition)	V1C7 _{G29R} -RTA (no PO ₄ condition)
APS Beamline	24-ID-E	24-ID-E
d_{\min} (Å)	2.5	2.5
wavelength (Å)	0.979	0.979
No. of reflections	617554	482323
Average redundancy ^a	10.3(9.6)	5.5(4.4)
$(I)/(\delta)$ ^a	32.7(1.1)	38.3(2.2)
Completeness ^a (%)	100 (99.9)	99.9(99.7)
R_{merge} ^{a,b} (%)	11.0(279.3)	8.0(73.9)
CC* ^c	0.88	0.98
Refinement		
Bragg spacings (Å)	49.9-2.5	49.8-2.5
Space group	P3 ₂ 21	P3 ₂ 21
Cell parameters: a, b, c (Å)	64.9, 64.9, 215.9	64.9, 64.9, 215.4
R^d / R_{free}^e (%)	20.2/25.7	20.2/24.7
No. of reflections	19094	18990
No. of waters	24	47
Rmsd bond length (Å)	0.006	0.003
Rmsd bond angle (°)	0.98	0.75
B-factors (Å ²): main chain/side chain	91.1 / 93.4	74.3 / 77.5
Ramachandran favored / allowed ^f (%)	97.4 / 100.0	98.4 / 100.0
PDB code	5U4L	5U4M

Figure Legends

Figure S1. SPR analysis of V1C7 and V1C7_{G29R}. Sensorgrams from SPR analysis in which ricin-coated chips were probed with V1C7 or V1C7_{G29R}. Relative resonance units (RU) are compared across the treatments.

Figure S2. SPR analysis of V5C1 and V5C1_{R29G}. Sensorgrams from SPR analysis in which ricin-coated chips were probed with V5C1 or V5C1_{R29G}. Relative resonance units (RU) are compared across the treatments.

Figure S3. Homology models are similar to the initial V1C7–RTA template. Superposition of 10 randomly chosen V5C1–RTA homology models (thin lines) on the initial V1C7–RTA template (thick line).

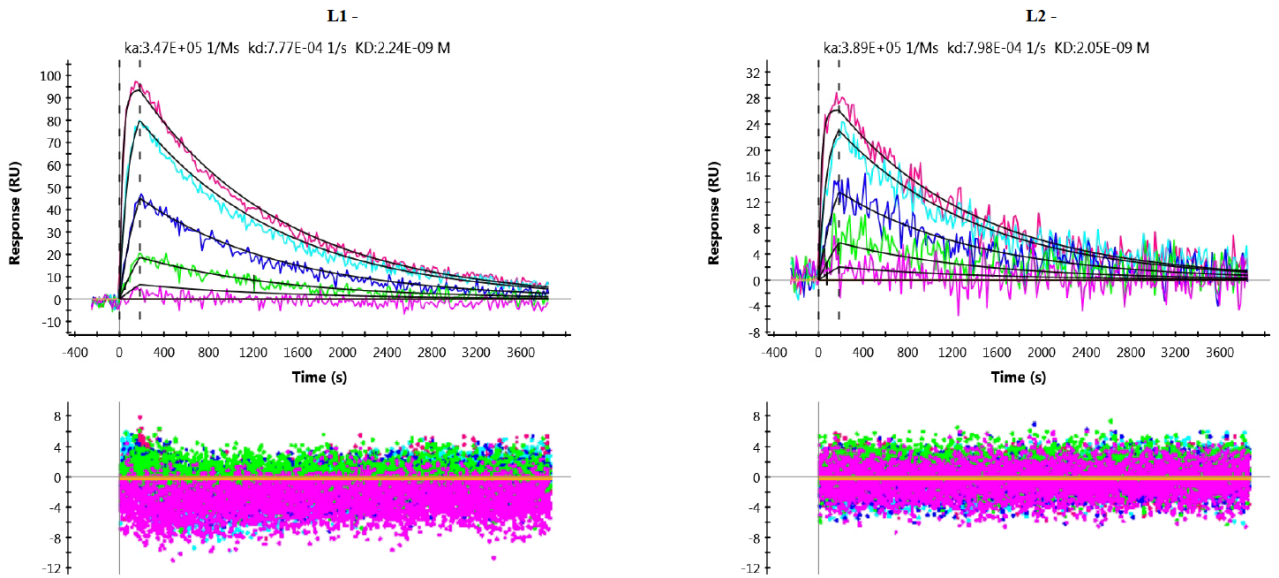
Figure S4. Differential protection, $\Delta(\text{HX})^-$, as defined by equation 1, for RTA* induced by V_HH binding. (Panel A) V1C7, (Panel B) V1C7_{G29R}, (Panel C) V5C1, (Panel D) V5C1_{R29G}. The horizontal dashed lines at -0.1 denotes the threshold for strong protection. The dashed lines that follow the data denote the 99% confidence limit as described in the Materials and Methods. Gaps in the confidence limit indicate peptides with no available data. The horizontal axis is the ordinal number of each RTA* peptide arranged in order from the N-terminus to the C-terminus. The location of each peptide is listed in **Supplemental Table S1**.

Fig S5. Close-up of the interactions between V1C7_{G29R} and RTA. (A) High phosphate crystal form of RTA-V1C7_{G29R}. RTA (slate), V1C7_{G29R} (gray), and symmetry-related RTA (light blue) are drawn as ribbon diagrams. The bound phosphate molecule is drawn as sticks with oxygen atoms colored red and the phosphorous atom colored orange. (B) Interaction of symmetry-related RTA residues Arg 196 and Arg 235 (light blue) with RTA's Glu 67 (violet) from the high-phosphate crystal form. (C) Superposition of the no-phosphate crystal form of RTA-V1C7_{G29R} (RTA colored magenta and V1C7_{G29R} colored cyan) with the high-phosphate crystal form of RTA-V1C7_{G29R} (RTA colored violet and V1C7_{G29R} colored gray). (D) Interaction of symmetry-related RTA residues Arg 196 and Arg 235 (light blue) with RTA's Glu 67 (magenta) from the no-phosphate crystal form. All side chains are drawn as sticks and color coordinated to their respective main chain. Key distances between atoms are displayed as red dashes.

Figure S6. Possible mechanism by which V5C1, as opposed to V1C7, achieves greater neutralization of ricin toxin. (Panel A) In the V1C7–RTA crystal structure (PDB: 5J56), CDR3 residues Ser111_{V1C7} and Gln113_{V1C7} interact favorably with Gln160_{RTA}, for a total interaction energy of -0.7 REUs. This interaction may lock CDR3 away from RTA's epitope located between α -helices D and E. (Panel B) In V5C1's representative model, Tyr111_{V5C1} and Thr113_{V5C1} have no interaction with Gln160_{RTA} (0.0 REU). This suggests that V5C1's CDR3 adopts an alternative conformation that contacts the epitope and leads to ricin neutralization, but this conformation departs too much from the V1C7 template to be sampled by our modeling.

Figure S1.

A. V1C7



B. V1C7 (G29R)

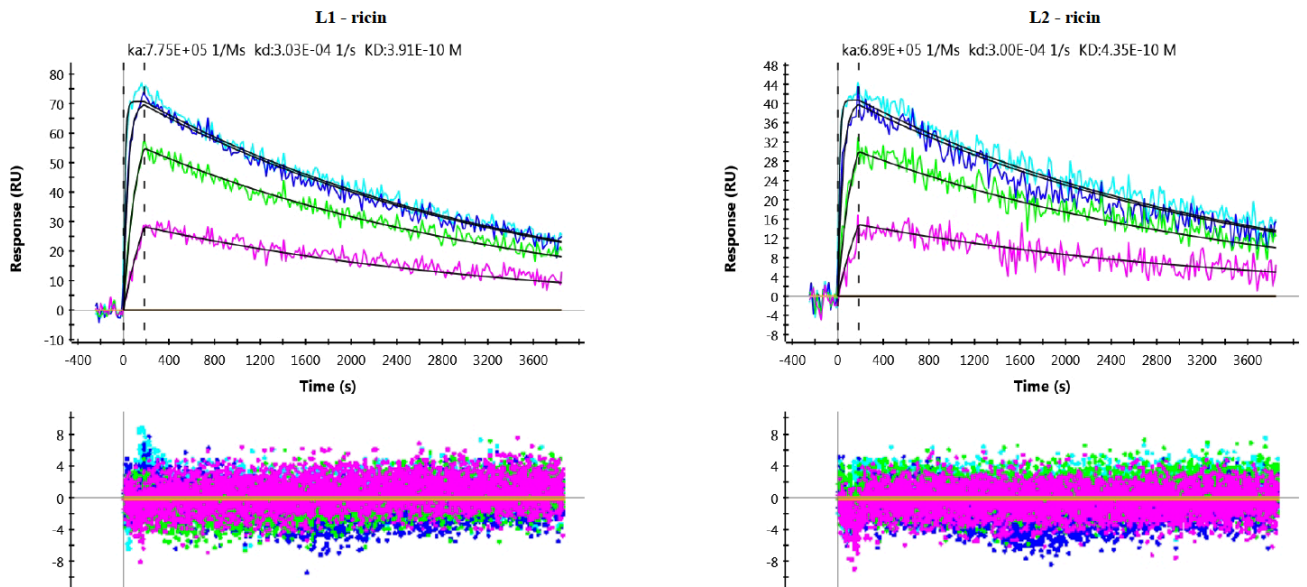
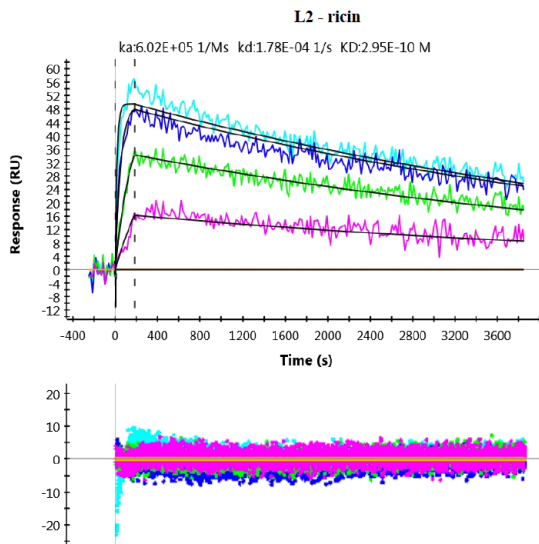
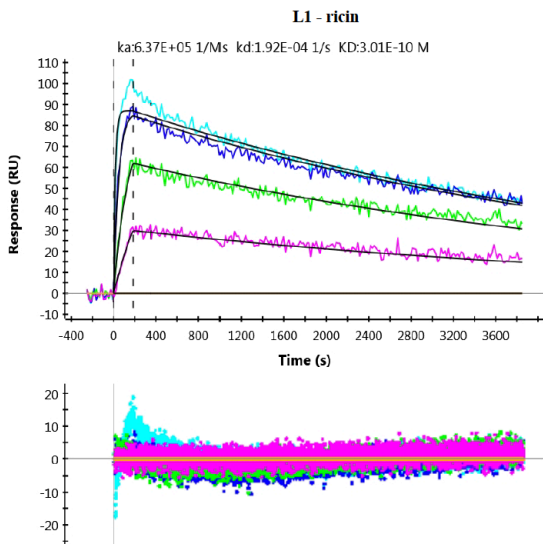


Figure S2.

A. V5C1



B. V5C1 R29G

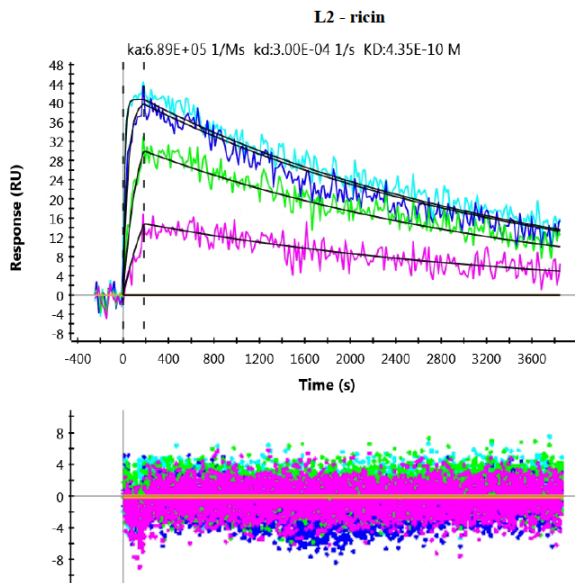
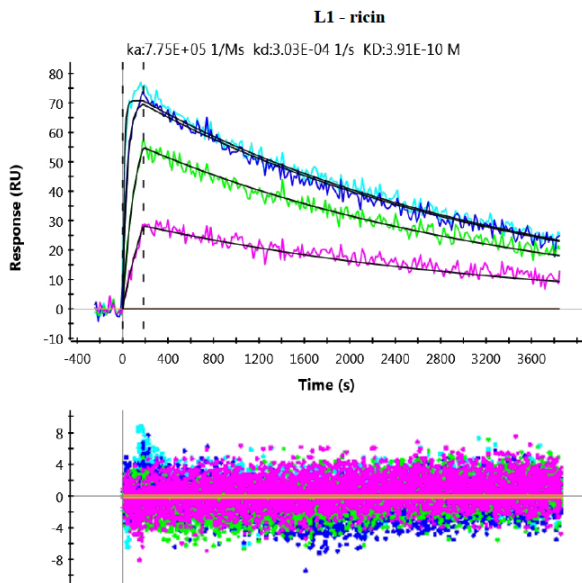


Figure S3

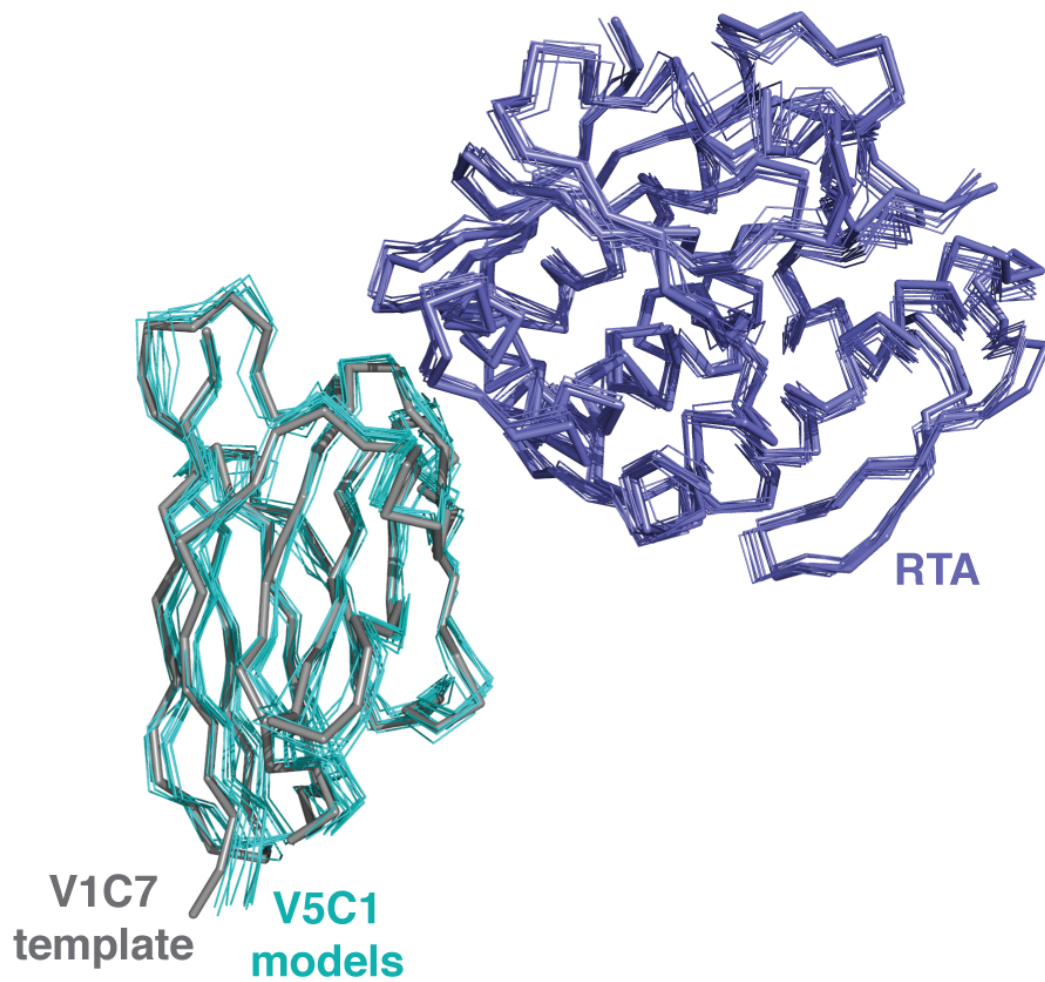


Figure S4

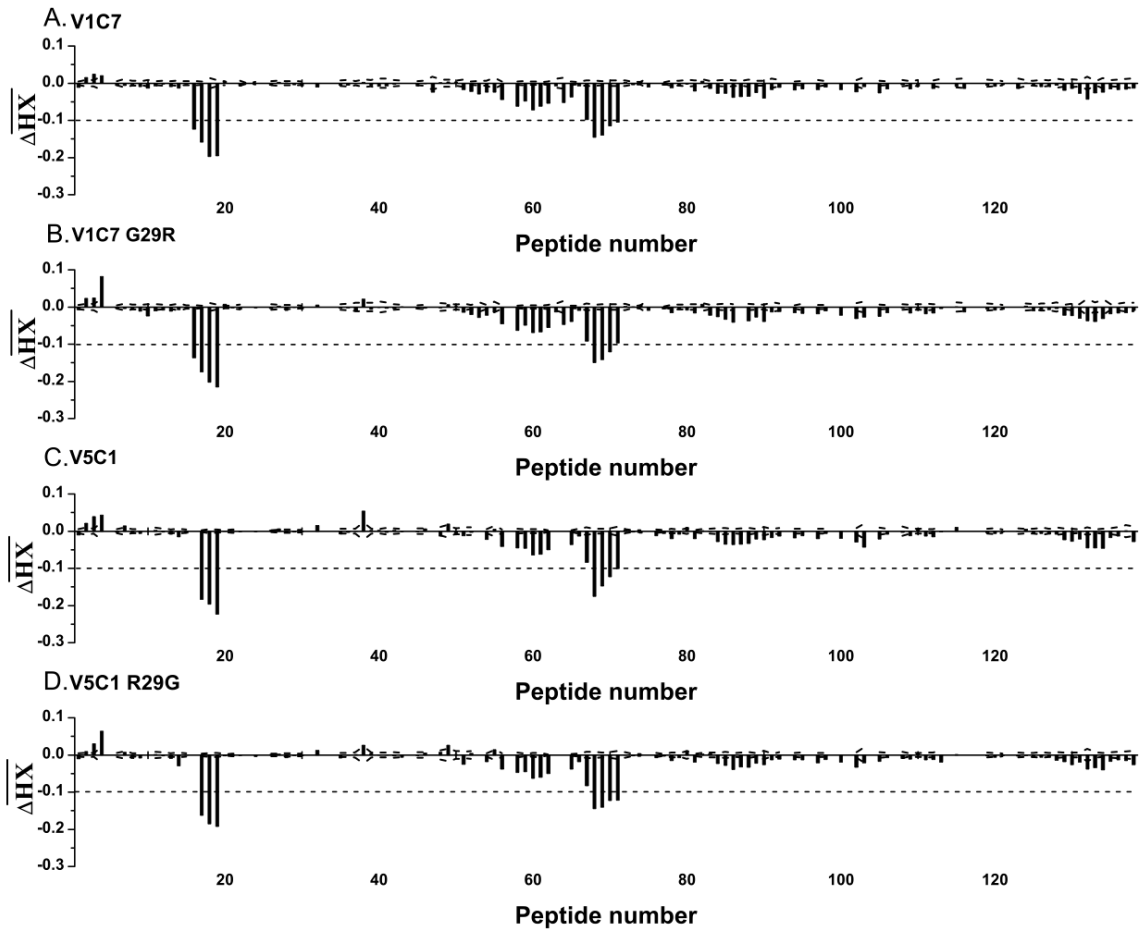
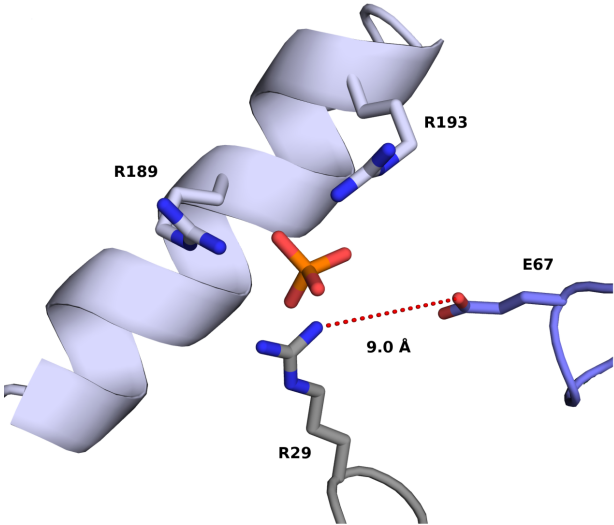
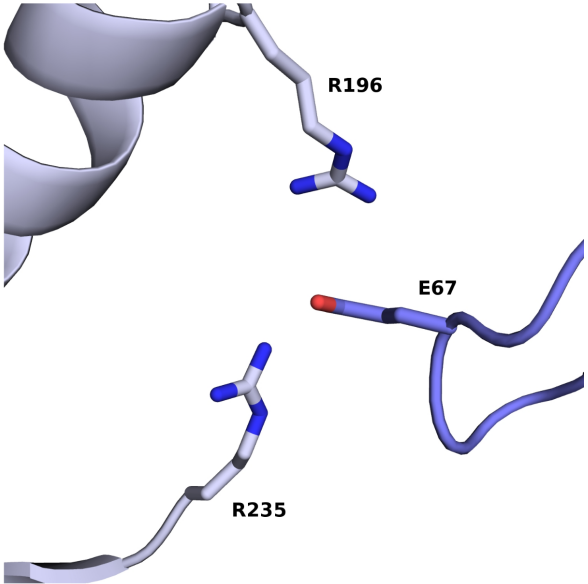


Figure S5.

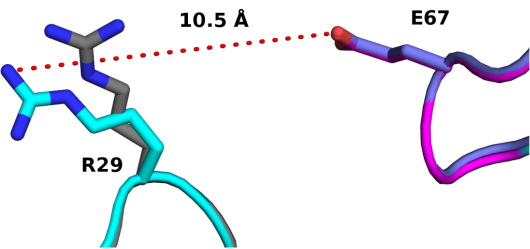
A



B



C



D

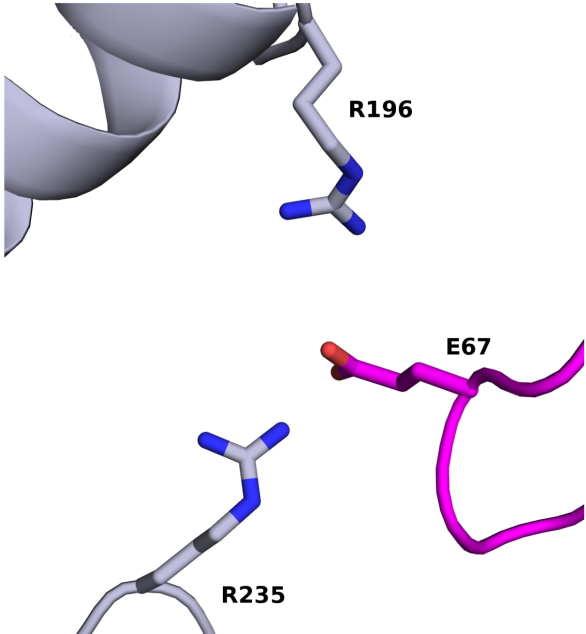


Figure S6.

