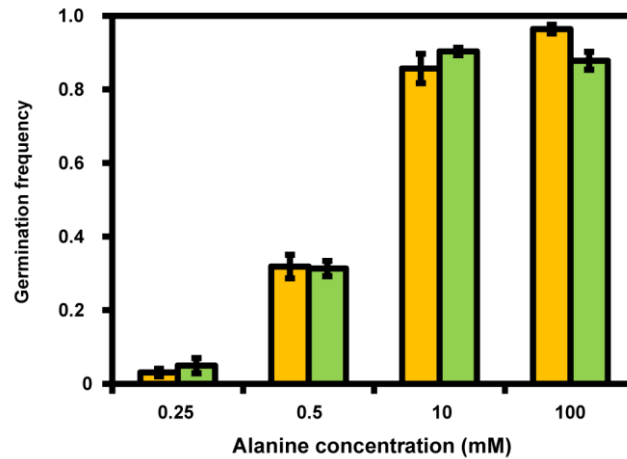
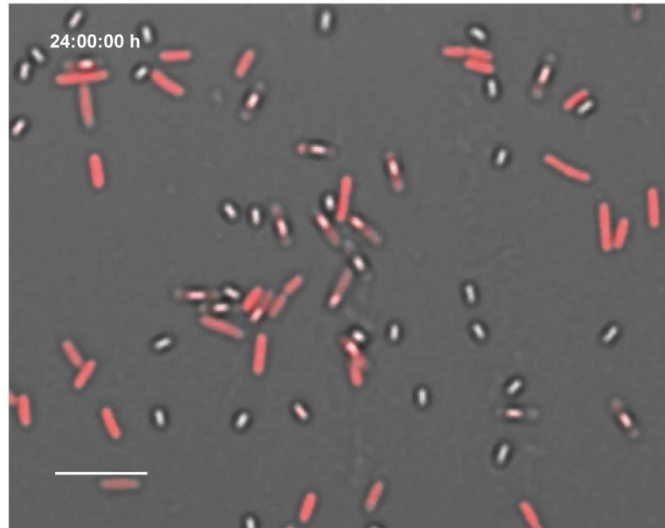


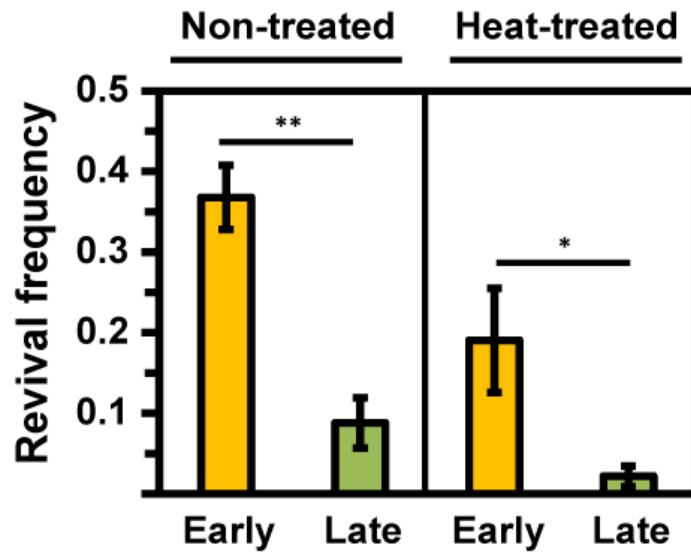
Supplementary Figures



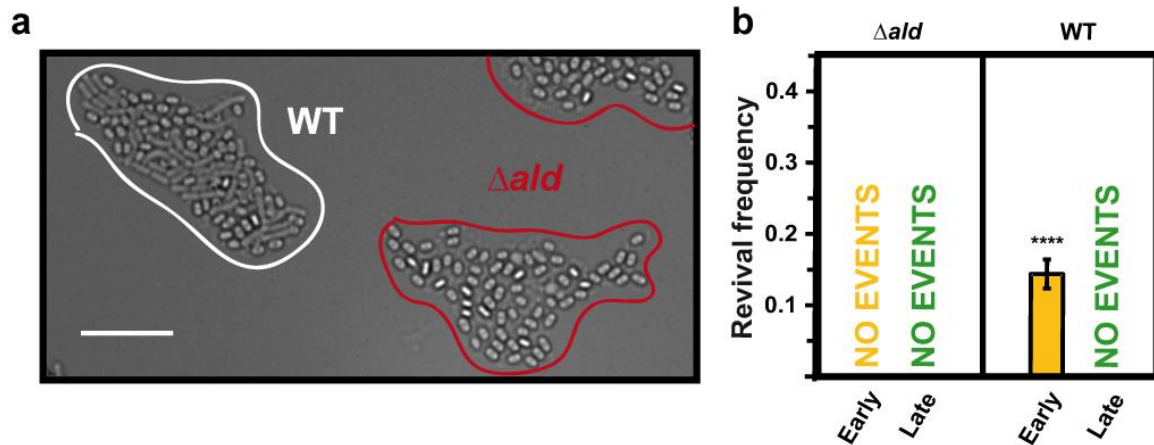
Supplementary Figure 1. *Early* and *late* spores achieve comparable germination frequencies. Germination frequency of *early* (yellow) and *late* spores (green) as a function of the L-alanine concentration that was used for stimulating spores after sporulation on agarose pads. See Methods for details. Results denote the final germination frequency after 2 hours upon which no further germination events were observed in the microcolonies. Strain: BIB1019. Data: mean \pm SEM, $n_c = \geq 4$ ($n_s = \geq 200$). Unpaired t-test: the differences between *early* and *late* spores are not significant ($P > 0.05$).



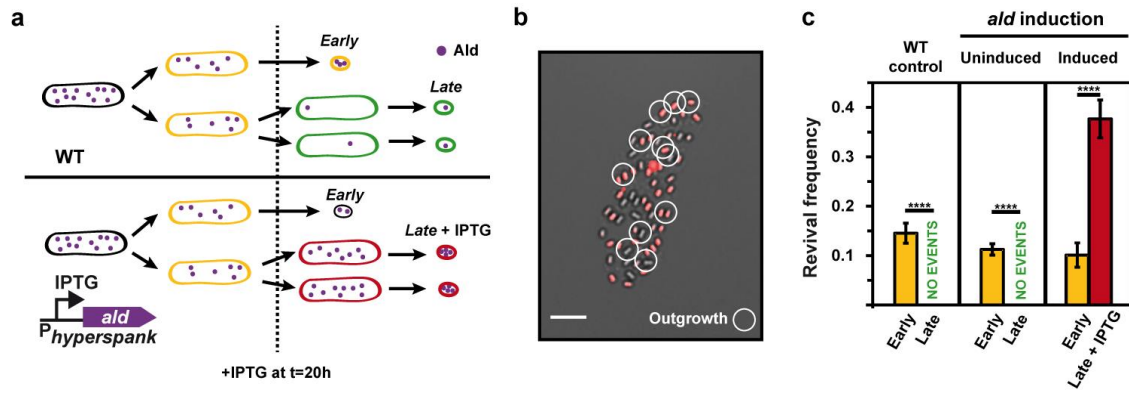
Supplementary Figure 2. Micrograph of P_{rapA} -*mCherry* (BIB1126) cells from a culture that was cultivated for 24 h in liquid SM. Spores that have been released from the sporangia do not show any fluorescence (*early* spores). Spores contained within mother cells show some fluorescence, cells that delay sporulation for even longer are strongly fluorescent. Scale bar: 5 μ m.



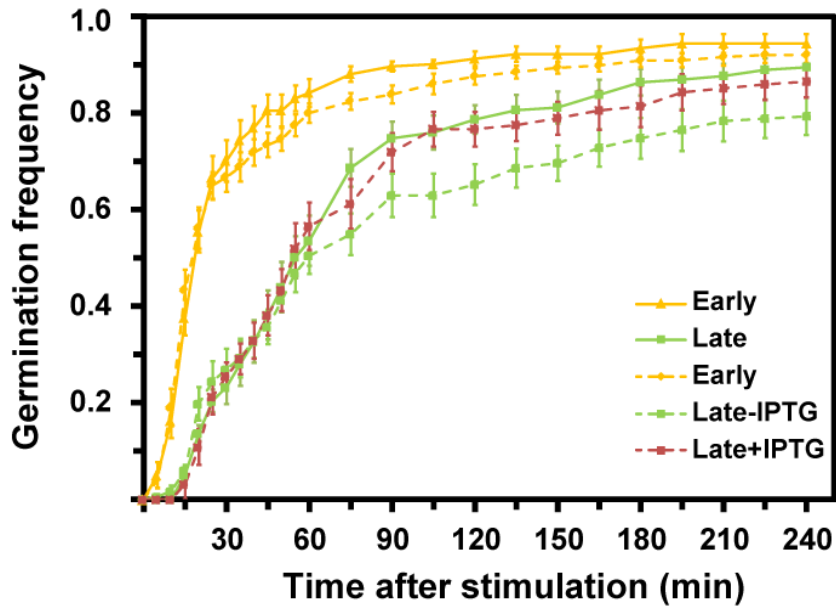
Supplementary Figure 3. Effect of heat-treatment on differential spore revival. Revival frequencies of *early* and *late* spores (BIB1126) which were heat-treated prior to induction with L-alanine on a SM pad. Data: mean \pm SEM, $n = 4$ movies ($n_s = \geq 700$), unpaired t-test: * $P \leq 0.05$, ** $P \leq 0.01$.



Supplementary Figure 4. Effect of an *ald* gene knock-out. (a) Bright-field image of a colony of an *ald* knock-out (BIB1416) that was co-cultured with a WT strain (BIB224). The *ald* strain carries the P_{trpE} -*mCherry* promoter fusion to distinguish it from the WT. A representative image of spore colonies at t=10 h *after* stimulation with L-alanine is shown. Several *early* WT spores have grown out successfully, while most *ald* mutant spores have germinated but none have grown out. See also Supplementary Movie 4. Scale bar: 10 μ m. (b) Corresponding revival frequencies. Strains: BIB1416, BIB224. Data: mean \pm SEM, $n_c = \geq 8$ ($n_s = \geq 500$), unpaired t-test: **** $P \leq 0.0001$.

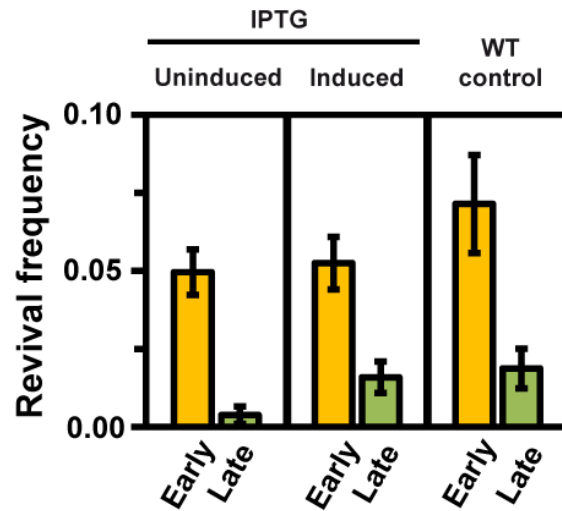


Supplementary Figure 5. Effect of Ald-induction in the progenitor cells of *late* spores. (a) Schematics illustrating the formation of *late* spores carrying low levels of Ald in the WT (top) and higher levels of Ald (bottom) formed by inducing *ald* expression from a σ^A -dependent promoter specifically in the progenitors of *late* spores. (b) Micrograph of a spore microcolony showing Ald-induced *late* spores in red. The bright-field image (gray) was overlaid with a fluorescence image of the P_{rapA} -*mCherry* reporter. Spores that grew out in response to L-alanine are circled. See also Supplementary Movie 5. Scale bar: 5 μ m. (c) Corresponding revival frequencies of *early* and *late* spores in response to L-alanine. Results from left to right show the WT, the uninduced control, and the induced strain as shown in (a) and (b). Strains: BIB1300 and BIB224 (WT), Data: mean \pm SEM, $n_c = \geq 11$ ($n_s = \geq 800$), unpaired t-test: **** $P \leq 0.0001$.

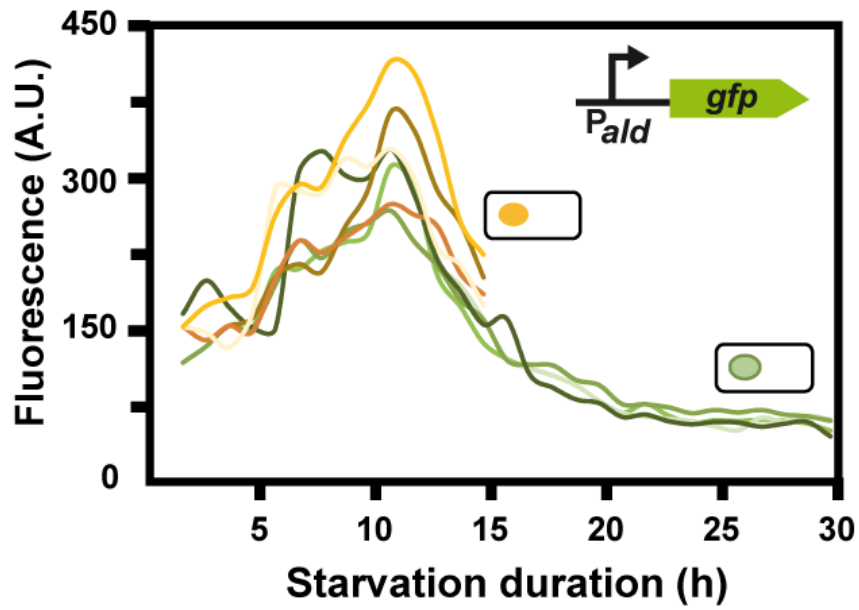


Supplementary Figure 6. Ald does not affect the germination response to L-alanine.

Germination frequency as a function of time after stimulating spore microcolonies with L-alanine at time $t = 0$. During the nutrient down-shift Ald expression was induced at $t = 30$ h in the progenitor cells of (very) *late* spores (red). Their germination dynamics were comparable to WT *late* spores (green line) or *late* spores that had formed before the induction of Ald expression, i.e. between $t = 20$ h and $t = 30$ h (green dashed line). The germination dynamics of *early* spores (yellow) are included as a reference in each case. Strain: BIB1300 and BIB224 (WT), Data: mean \pm SEM, $n_c = \geq 8$ ($n_s = \geq 350$).



Supplementary Figure 7. Ald does not affect the spore revival frequency in response to stimulation with AGFK. Revival frequency (after 8 h) in response to stimulation with AGFK at $t = 0$ h. During sporulation BIB1300 was induced with IPTG at $t = 20$ h and compared to the uninduced control. The data for the WT strain is included for reference. Strains: BIB1300, BIB224 (WT). Data: mean \pm SEM, $n_c = \geq 12$ ($n_s = \geq 900$). Unpaired t-test: The difference between induced and uninduced spores is not significant ($P > 0.05$).



Supplementary Figure 8. Cells down-regulate the *ald* promoter during starvation. Fluorescence trajectories for single cells carrying a P_{ald} -*gfp* reporter (BIB1213). Yellowish (greenish) denote the trajectories for cells that give rise to *early* (*late*) spores. The trajectories were terminated when a pre-spore became visible.

Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1. Vectors used in this work

Accession Number	Vector	Genotype	Source
EIB380	pGFP_Star	' <i>amyE cat TgyrA LICS promoterless gfpmut3 amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	Ref. 1
EIB422	pRFP_Star	' <i>amyE cat TgyrA LICS promoterless mcherry amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	This work
EIB303	pDR111	' <i>amyE spec^R TrrnB T₀λ Phyperspank-MCS lacI amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	David Rudner, Harvard Medical School
	pDR110	' <i>amyE spec^R TrrnB T₀λ Pspank-MCS lacI amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	David Rudner, Harvard Medical School
EIB7	pSac-KAN	' <i>sacA kan^R MCS sacA' bla puc18 origin</i>	Ref. 2
EIB25	pDG1514	' <i>MCS par tet^R lacZ' bla pMB1 origin</i>	Ref. 3

Supplementary Table 2. Plasmids used in this work

Accession Number	Plasmid	Genotype	Source
EIB432	pRFP_Star_P _{rapAII}	' <i>amyE cat^R TgyrA P_{rapAII}-mcherry amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	This work
EIB404	pGFP_Star_P _{spoIIIE}	' <i>amyE cat^R TgyrA P_{spoIIIE}-gfpmut3 amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	This work
EIB450	pGFP_Star_P _{ald}	' <i>amyE cat^R TgyrA LICS P_{ald}-gfpmut3 amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	This work
EIB499	pGFP_Star_P _{ald-ald-mCherry}	' <i>amyE cat^R P_{ald-ald}-mCherry TgyrA P_{ald}-gfpmut3 amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	This work
EIB452	pDR111_ald	' <i>amyE spec^R P_{hyperspank-ald} lacI amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	This work
EIB297	pDR111_rapA	' <i>amyE spec^R P_{hyperspank-rapA} lacI amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	This work
EIB419	pDR110_kinA / 04F14	' <i>amyE spec^R P_{spank-kinA} lacI amyE' bla ColE1 origin</i>	Ref. 4
EIB480	pSac-KAN_P _{hyperspank-ald}	' <i>sacA P_{hyperspank-ald} lacI kan^R sacA' bla ColE1 origin f1(+) origin</i>	This work
EIB503	pSac-KAN_P _{ald-ald-mCherry}	' <i>sacA P_{ald-ald}-mCherry lacI kan^R sacA' bla ColE1 origin f1(+) origin</i>	This work

Supplementary Table 3. Strains used in this work

Strains	Name	Genotype	Source
<i>E. coli</i>			
	DH5α	<i>F⁻ φ80lacZΔM15 Δ(lacZYA-argF)UI169 recA1 endA1 hsdR17(r_k⁻, m_k⁺) phoA supE44 thi-1 gyrA96 relA1 λ⁻</i>	Invitrogen
<i>B. subtilis</i>			
BIB224	168 1A700	<i>trpC2</i>	BGSC
BIB182	168 P _{trpE*} -mcherry P _{spo0F-yfp} / JL028	<i>amyE</i> ::[P _{spo0F-yfp} <i>cat</i> ^R] <i>ppsB</i> ::[P _{trpE*} -mcherry <i>ery</i> ^R]	Ref. 5
BIB444	168 P _{trpE*} -mcherry	<i>trpC2 ppsB</i> ::[P _{trpE*} -mcherry <i>ery</i> ^R]	See methods
BIB1019	168 P _{spoIIIE-gfp} P _{trpE} -mcherry	<i>trpC2</i> <i>amyE</i> ::[TgyrA P _{spoIIIE-gfp} mut3 <i>cat</i> ^R] <i>ppsB</i> ::[P _{trpE*} -mcherry <i>ery</i> ^R]	BIB444 transformed with EIB404
BIB1126	168 P _{rapAII} -mcherry	<i>trpC2</i> <i>amyE</i> ::[TgyrA P _{rapAII} -mcherry <i>cat</i> ^R]	BIB224 transformed with EIB432
BIB1416	168 <i>ald</i> :: <i>tet</i> ^R P _{trpE*} -mcherry	<i>trpC2 ald</i> :: <i>tet</i> ^R <i>ppsB</i> ::[P _{trpE*} -mcherry <i>ery</i> ^R]	See methods
BIB1213	168 P _{ald-gfp}	<i>trpC2 amyE</i> ::[TgyrA P _{ald-gfp} mut3 <i>lacI cat</i> ^R]	BIB224 transformed with EIB450
BIB1300	168 P _{rapAII} -mcherry P _{hyperspank-ald}	<i>trpC2</i> <i>amyE</i> ::[TgyrA P _{rapAII} -mcherry <i>cat</i> ^R] <i>sacA</i> ::[P _{hyperspank-ald} <i>lacI kan</i> ^R]	BIB1126 transformed with EIB480
BIB1423	168 P _{ald-ald} - mcherry P _{ald-gfp}	<i>trpC2</i> <i>amyE</i> ::[P _{ald-ald} -mcherry <i>cat</i> ^R TgyrA P _{ald-gfp} mut3]	BIB224 transformed with EIB499
BIB1332	168 P _{spank-kinA}	<i>trpC2 amyE</i> ::[P _{spank-kinA} <i>lacI spec</i> ^R]	BIB224 transformed with EIB419
BIB1330	168 P _{hyperspank-rapA}	<i>trpC2 amyE</i> ::[P _{hyperspank-rapA} <i>lacI</i> <i>spec</i> ^R]	BIB224 transformed with EIB297
BIB1440	168 P _{spank-kinA} P _{ald-ald} -mcherry	<i>trpC2</i> <i>amyE</i> ::[P _{spank-kinA} <i>lacI spec</i> ^R] <i>sacA</i> ::[P _{ald-ald} -mcherry <i>lacI kan</i> ^R]	BIB1332 transformed with EIB503
BIB1442	168 P _{hyperspank-rapA} P _{ald-ald} -mcherry	<i>trpC2</i> <i>amyE</i> ::[P _{hyperspank-rapA} <i>lacI spec</i> ^R] <i>sacA</i> ::[P _{ald-ald} -mcherry <i>lacI kan</i> ^R]	BIB1330 transformed with EIB503

Supplementary Table 4. Primers used in this work

Primer	Sequence 5' – 3' (LIC-site underlined; overlap in gray italics; Restriction cut-site in bold)	Purpose
ST162	CATAGTAGTTCCTCCTTCCCGGGAAAGC	pRFP_Star
ST219	<i>CGGGAAGGAGGAACTACT</i> ATGGTTTCCAAGGGCG AGG	pRFP_Star
ST220	<i>CCAAGCTCAGCTAATTAAGCTT</i> ATTTGTACAGCTC ATCCATGCCAC	pRFP_Star
ST221	GCTTAATTAGCTGAGCTTGGACTCC	pRFP_Star
ST1	<u>CCGC</u> GGGCTTTCCAGCTAAAAGAAAGCACGGG TGTTTG	PrapAII up fragment
ST222	<i>AATCGTCTGCTTCATCCTTTTGA</i> ATTACCCGAGAT ATGTC	PrapAII up fragment
ST223	AGGATGAAGCAGACGATTCCGTC	PrapAII down fragment
ST224	<u>GTTCCCTCCTTCCCACCCCTTCG</u> ATGTCTTCTAAC AATTCTG	PrapAII down fragment
ST209	<u>CCGC</u> GGGCTTTCCAGCTCCTAACAAATCGGTTT CTC	PspoIII
ST210	<u>GTTCCCTCCTTCCCACCACCTG</u> TATATTCGTTGCC TG	PspoIII
ST16	GGTAAGTTTTCCGTATGTTGC	Seq pGFP_Star
ST17	GTGAATTTAGGAGGCTTACTTG	Seq pXFP_Star
ST243	GTCTGGGTGCCTTCATAC	Seq pRFP_Star
ST133	TCAGCTCGCATACCGAATTAAG	PtrepE-mcherry
ST134	ATGCCTAACACCAGCCATCC	PtrepE-mcherry
SS34	TATATAGCTAGCATATGACATATCTCGGGTAAT TCAAAAGG	rapA_fw
SS37	TATATAGCATGCGACCGCAACGAGCAACAAAC CTGACATC	rapA_rev
MA34	<u>CCGC</u> GGGCTTTCCAGCGCGGGCCATTATAATTA CTC	Pald_fw
MA35	<u>GTTCCCTCCTTCCCACCCCTGT</u> ATATGTGATATTTT TAGTGTAGC	Pald_rev
MA37	ATAGCTAGCTATCACATATACAGGAGGAGACA G	ald_fw
MA38	ATAGCATGCGTCATAATTCGTGAAATGGTCTC	ald_rev
MA47	ATAACTAGTTGGCCTTTTTCGTTTCTAC	Phyperspank_ald_f w
MA48	ATAGAGCTCTTTCCTTACGCGAAATACGG	Phyperspank_ald_r ev
SONSEQ1 8	ATGGCAAGAACGTTGCTCGA	Seq pDR111
SONSEQ1 9	TACGTACGATCTTTCAGCCG	Seq pDR111
MA49	GTGACGATCATTGACTTAAACG	Seq Phyp_ald

MA50	ATATTCAAACGGAGGGAGACG	Seq Phyp_ald
ST39	CTGGTCGGAGATTGGGATGATAG	Check for chromosomal integration into <i>amyE</i> locus
ST40	AATTTCCATGTTGCGTAAGTCAG	Check for chromosomal integration into <i>amyE</i> locus
ST283	GCTCAATATGTCGTCATTACAGGC	Check for chromosomal integration into <i>sacA</i> locus
ST284	GCAGGGCTAATTGCAGATATAGG	Check for chromosomal integration into <i>sacA</i> locus
ST129	ATGAGTATTCAACATTTCCGTGTC	Check for single crossover
ST130	TTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGG	Check for single crossover
MA51	GATGAAGATCTGCTGACATTG	ald up_f
MA52	CGAGCGCCTACGAGGAATTTGTATCGGGAACCC CTATGATCATATC	ald up_r
MA53	CCTATCACCTCAAATGGTTCGCTGGATCTAGGCT ATGAGTATGTTCC	ald down_f
MA54	CCAAACAGCCTAAAGACTG	ald down_r
LA54	CAGCGAACCATTTGAGGTGATAGGTCTTGCAAT GGTGCAGGTTGTTCTC	Tet fwd
LA56	CGATACAAATTCCTCGTAGGCGCTCGGGAACCTC TCTCCCAAAGTTGATCCC	Tet rev
LA58	CATCGGTCATAAAAATCCGTAATGC	Tet check rev
KN1	TCATATCAGCGACGTTCTGC	Ald-up-check
KN4	CTGGTGCTGGAATGAGTTTGCT	Tet check fwd
KN3	AAATGCGGATGGCACATATT	Ald-do-check
MA55	ATAGGTACCGCGGGCCATTATAATTACTC	Pald_ald fw
MA56	<i>GGAACCTCCACCTCCAGCACCCGCCACAGATGAT</i>	Pald_ald rev
MA57	<i>GTGCTGGAGGTGGAGGTTCCGTTTCCAAGGGCGA GGAG</i>	mcherry fw
MA58	ATAGGATCCTTATTTGTACAGCTCATCCATGCC	mcherry rev

Supplementary References

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