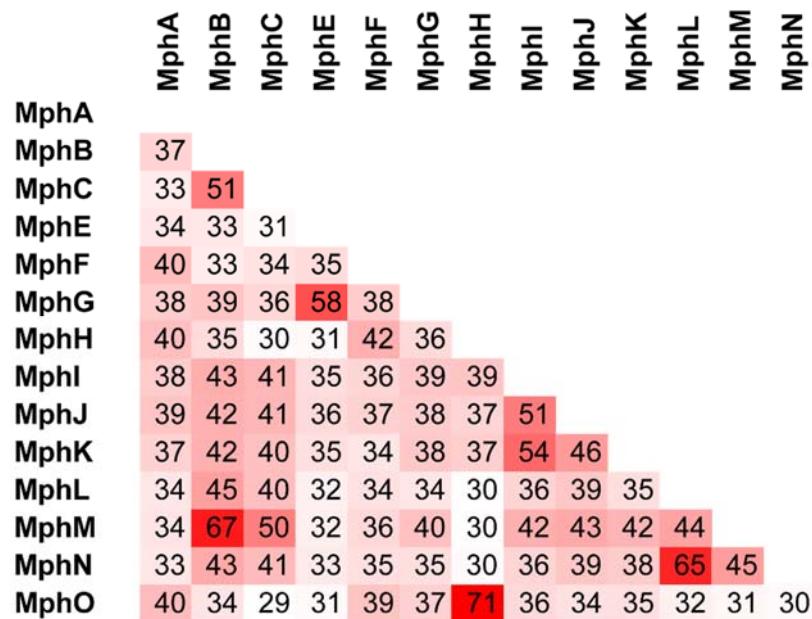
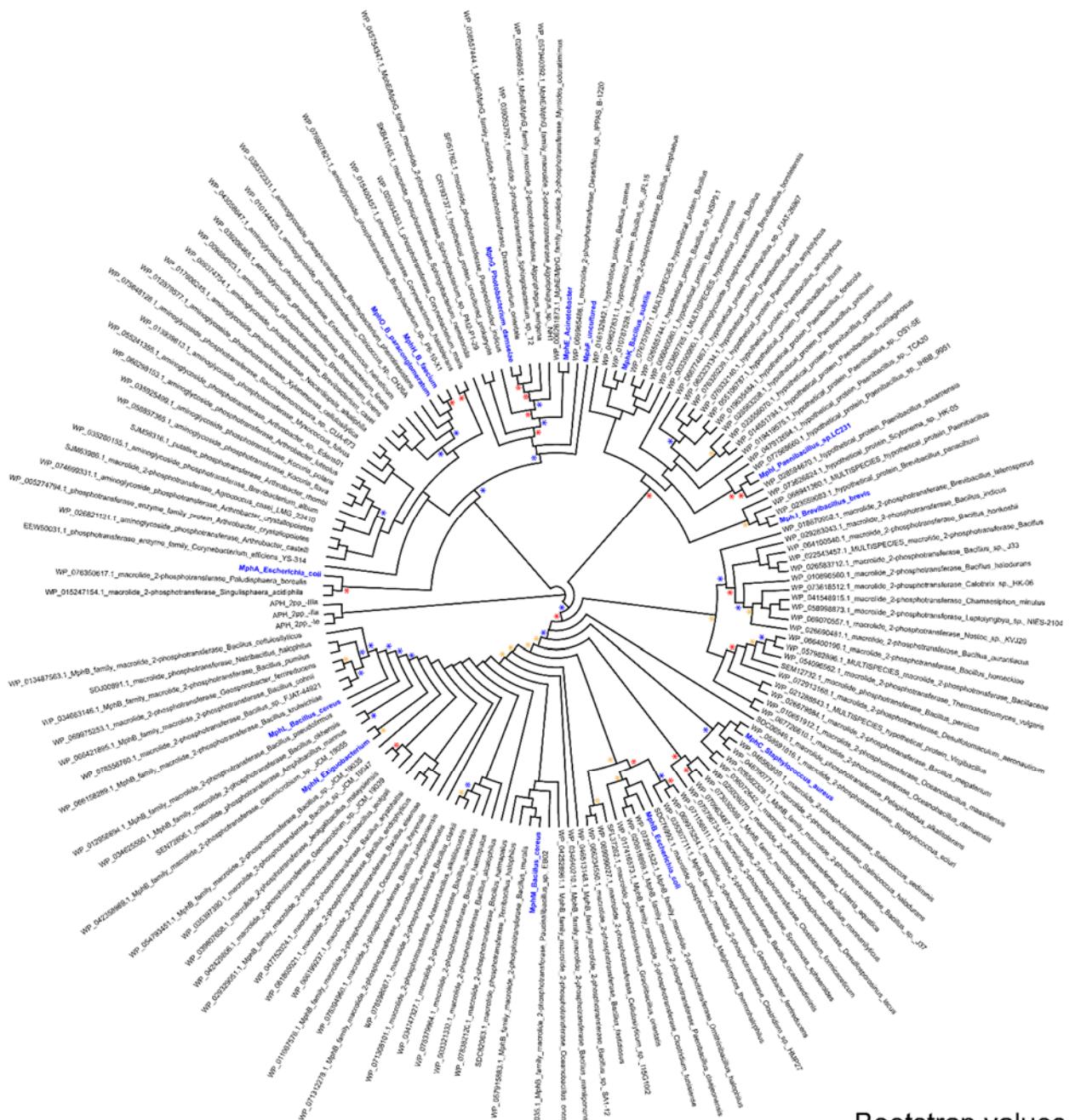


Supplementary Figures



Supplementary Figure 1: Pair-wise sequence relationship of Mphs. Values are coloured from lowest (white) to highest (red), and the value is the pair-wise protein identity.



Bootstrap values

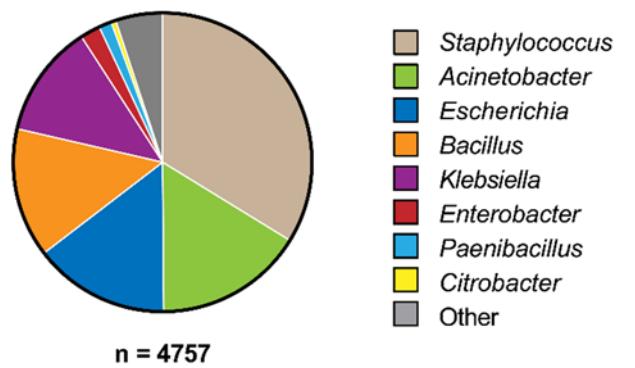
* 65 - 80

* 50 - 65

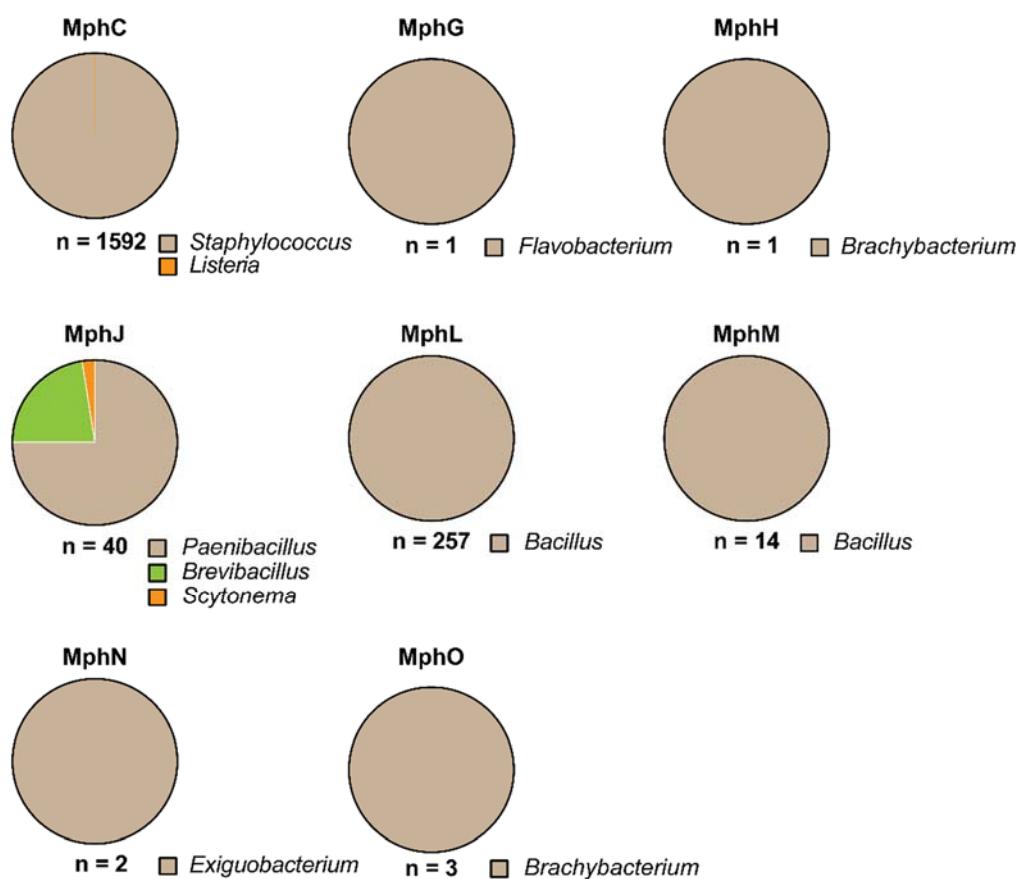
* <50

No symbol >80

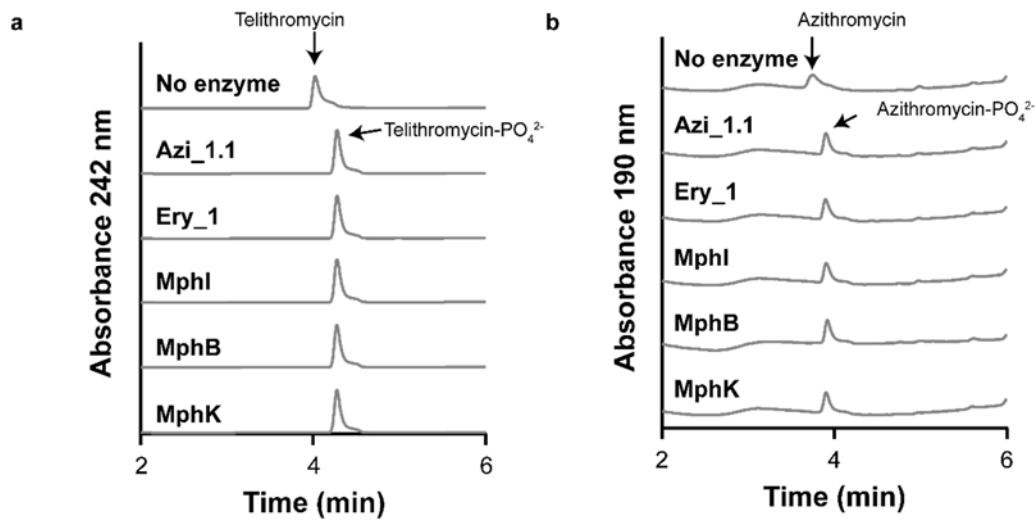
Supplementary Figure 2: Cladogram of the Mph family. This figure is identical to Figure 3, but with fully labelled leaves and bootstrap values. Bootstrap values above 80 are not shown for presentation.



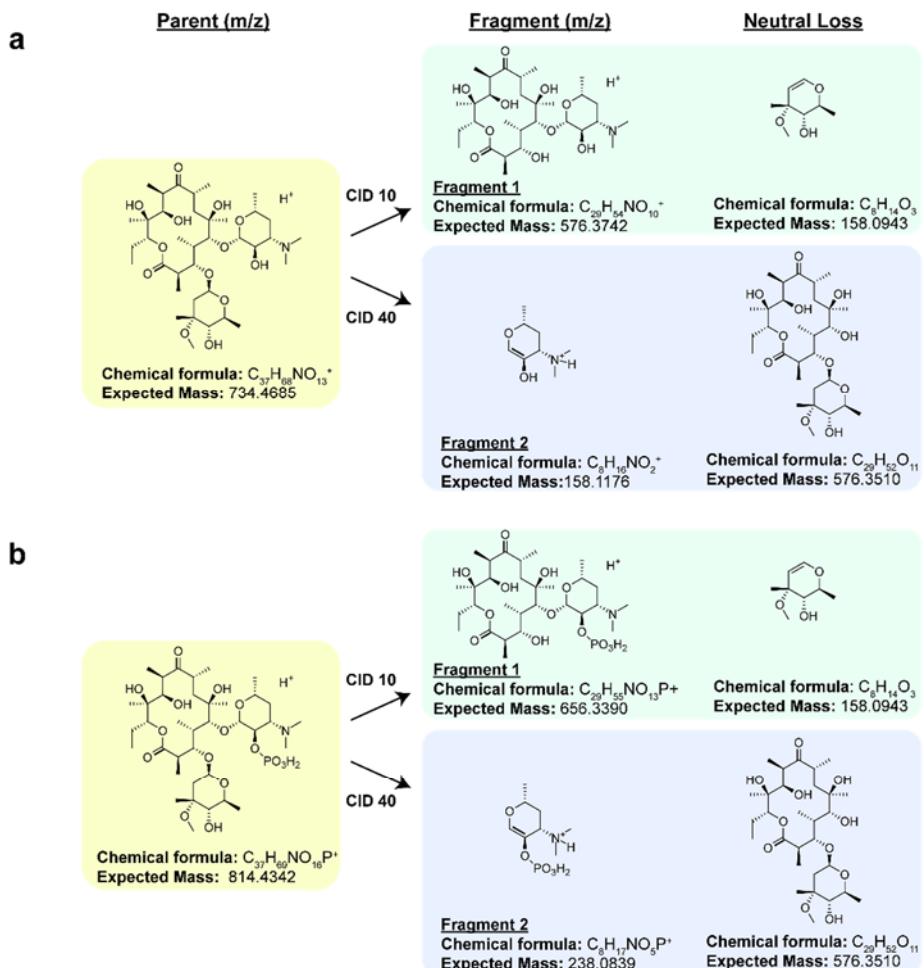
Supplementary Figure 3: Taxonomic distribution of all Mphs detected in RefSeq genomes.



Supplementary Figure 4: Taxonomic distribution of Mph homologs within 80% sequence identity.



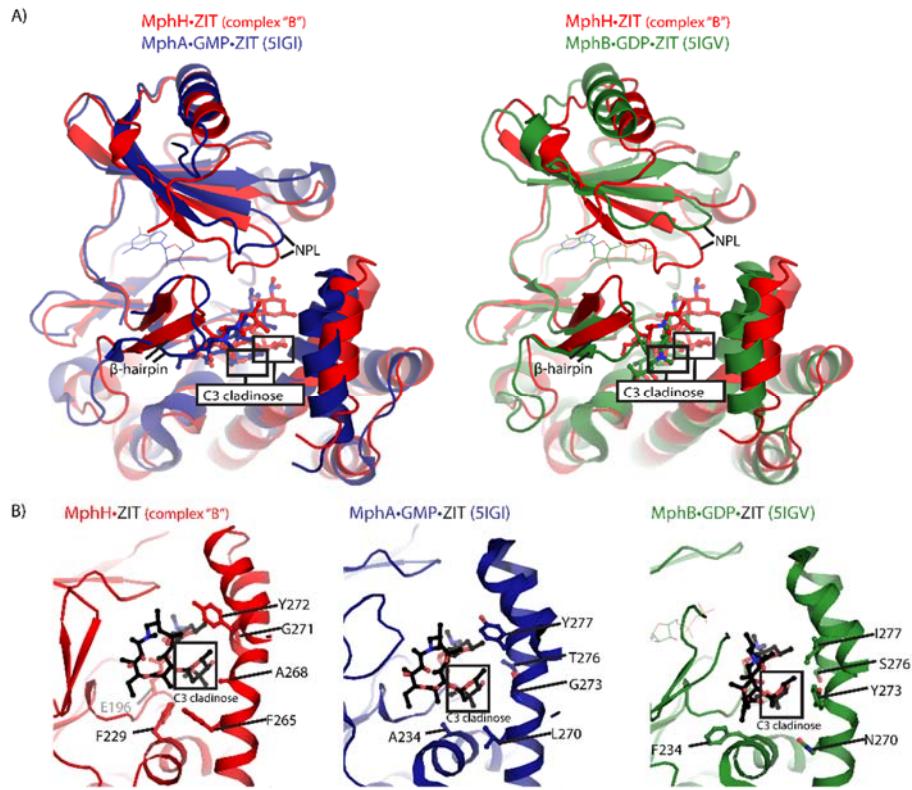
Supplementary Figure 5: Functional validation of Mphs. Enzyme reactions were analyzed with HPLC and confirmed to modify azithromycin (**a**) and telithromycin (**b**).



c

Enzyme	Fragment	m/z [M+H] ⁺ Substrate	m/z [M+H] ⁺ Product	Mass difference
MphB	Parent	734.4687	814.4337	79.9650
	Frag. 1	576.3730	656.3390	79.9660
	Frag. 2	158.1174	238.0833	79.9659
MphI	Parent	734.4687	814.4344	79.9657
	Frag. 1	576.3730	656.3395	79.9665
	Frag. 2	158.1174	238.0831	79.9657
MphK	Parent	734.4687	814.4343	79.9656
	Frag. 1	576.3730	656.3391	79.9661
	Frag. 2	158.1174	238.0830	79.9656
Azi_1.1	Parent	734.4687	814.4340	79.9653
	Frag. 1	576.3730	656.3390	79.9660
	Frag. 2	158.1174	238.0834	79.9660
Ery_1	Parent	734.4687	814.4336	79.9649
	Frag. 1	576.3730	656.3388	79.9658
	Frag. 2	158.1174	238.0833	79.9659

Supplementary Figure 6: Structural characterization of phosphorylated macrolides. Fragmentation patterns of (a) erythromycin and (b) phosphorylated erythromycin. Charged fragments and neutral losses, and exact masses are shown. (c) Mass fragments observed using tandem mass spectrometry.



Supplementary Figure 7: (a) Crystal structure of MphB apoenzyme. (b) Superposition of crystal structures of MphB and MphH•azithromycin (complex “A”). (c) Electrostatic surface representations of MphB, MphH•azithromycin (complex “A”) and MphH•azithromycin (complex “B”).

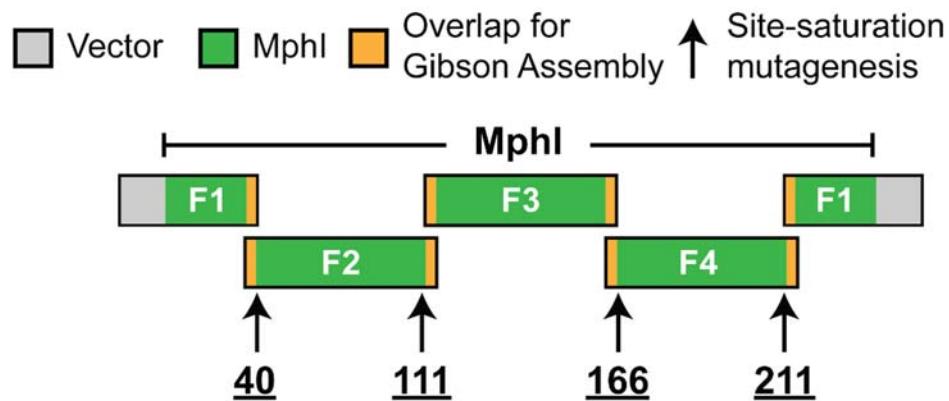
Wide substrate range



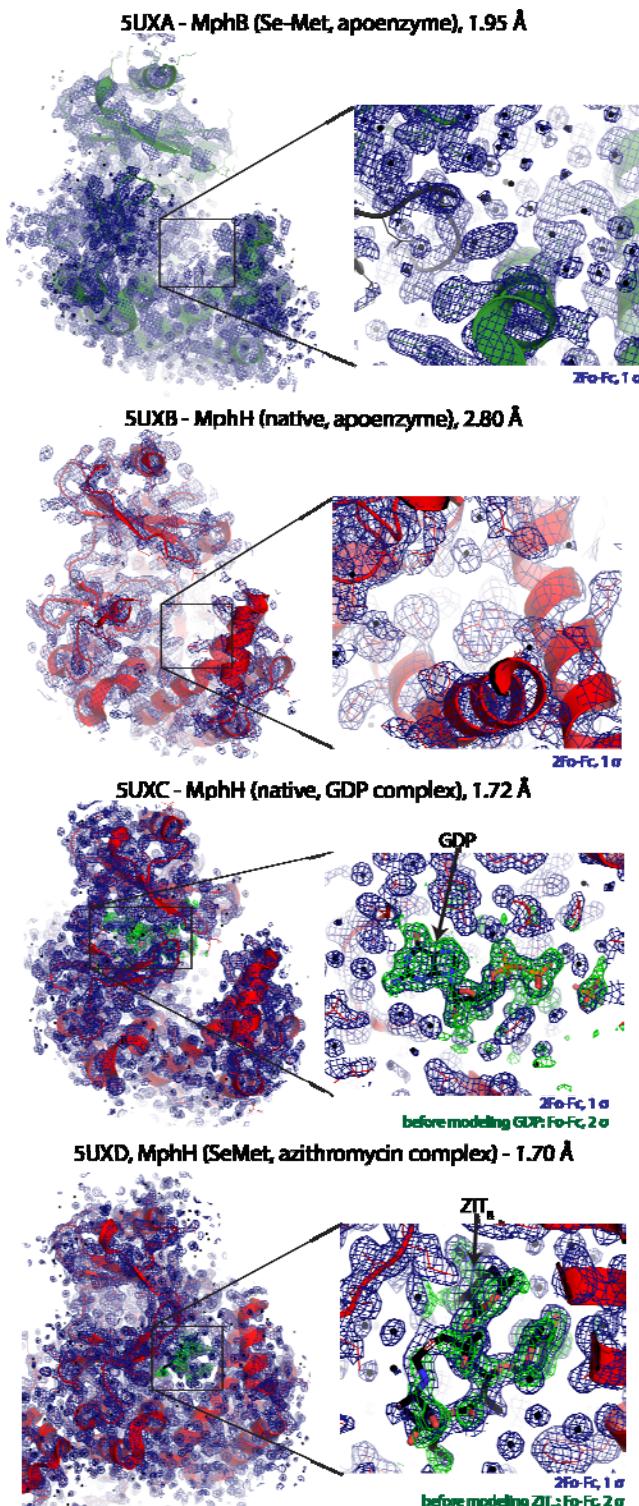
Narrow substrate range



Supplementary Figure 8: Conservation of residues that contact the cladinose in the MphH crystal structure with azithromycin bound. Sequence conservation is displayed as a sequence logo created with WebLogo. Wide substrate range includes sequences in all clades except MphI and MphK; narrow substrate range includes sequences in only MphI and MphK clades.



Supplementary Figure 9: Overview of the site-saturation combinatorial mutagenesis approach used to generate the MphI mutant library.



Supplementary Figure 10: Electron density map of crystal structures in this study.

Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1: Macrolide phosphotransferases used in this study and their revised nomenclature.

Name	Previous name	Organism	Accession	Reference	Location
MphA		<i>Escherichia coli</i>	WP_023063803.1	¹	Mobile element
MphB		<i>Escherichia coli</i>	WP_000031017.1	²	Mobile element
MphC		<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	BAD86538.1	³	Mobile element
MphE		uncultured	ABI20451.1	⁴	Mobile element
MphF ^b	MphE	uncultured	CAJ98570.1	⁵	Mobile element
MphG		<i>Photobacterium damselae</i>	BAL43359.1	⁶	Mobile element
MphH ^c	MphE	<i>Brachybacterium faecium</i>	WP_015776248.1	⁷	Chromosome
MphI		<i>Paenibacillus</i> sp. LC231	KX531056.1	⁸	Chromosome
MphJ		<i>Brevibacillus brevis</i> VM4	KY753883	Submitted	Chromosome
MphK	YcbJ ^d	<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> 168	WP_003246254.1	This study	Chromosome
MphL	B. cereus Cluster A	<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	WP_001094257.1	⁹	Chromosome
MphM	B. cereus Cluster B	<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	WP_001041372.1	⁹	Mobile element ^a
MphN	mph_like	<i>Exiguobacterium</i> sp. S3-2	AHE40505.1	¹⁰	Mobile element
MphO ^c	MphE	<i>Brachybacterium paraconglomeratum</i>	WP_050815728.1	⁷	Chromosome

^aThe upstream and downstream region of MphM was similar to *Bacillus thurengiensis* plasmids, but was not conclusively shown to be on a plasmid.

^bMphF was originally annotated MphE, but renamed in ref. ¹¹ because MphE already existed.

^cMphH and MphO were both originally named MphE in ref. ⁷, but were renamed in this study because MphE already existed. Furthermore, according to the macrolide resistance nomenclature proposed in ref. ¹², MphH and MphO were assigned different names because they share <80% identity.

^dMphK was annotated as YcbJ in standard *Bacillus subtilis* gene nomenclature¹³.

Supplementary Table 2: Antibiotic susceptibility of *mphs* expressed in *E. coli* TOP10.

Antibiotic	Empty vector	<i>mphB</i>	<i>mphK</i>	<i>mphH</i>	<i>mphI</i>
Erythromycin	64	256	64	64 - 128	64
Clarithromycin	64	>128	64	128	64
Azithromycin	4	16	4	4	4
Telithromycin	8	512	256	16	512
Spiramycin	256	1024	512	256	1024
Tylosin	512	>2048	2048	1024	>2048
Kanamycin	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

Supplementary Table 3: Mass characterization of macrolide antibiotics modified by Mphs.

Resistance enzyme	Substrate	m/z (substrate)	m/z (product)	Mass difference
MphB	Azithromycin	749.2	829.1	79.9
	Telithromycin	812.3	892.3	80.0
MphI	Azithromycin	749.2	829.1	79.9
	Telithromycin	812.3	892.2	79.9
MphK	Azithromycin	749.2	829.2	80.0
	Telithromycin	812.3	892.2	79.9
Azi_1.1	Azithromycin	749.2	829.1	79.9
	Telithromycin	812.3	892.3	80.0
Ery_1	Azithromycin	749.2	829.2	80.0
	Telithromycin	812.3	892.3	80.0

Supplementary Table 4: X-ray diffraction data collection and refinement statistics

Structure	MphB (Se-Met, apoenzyme)	MphB (native, apoenzyme)	MphH (native)•GDP+Pi complex	MphH (Se-Met)•azithromycin complex
PDB Code	5UXA	5UXB	5UXC	5UXD
Data collection				
Space group				
Space group	C222 ₁	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁	P 2 ₁
Cell dimensions (<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> Å; β °)	67.28, 116.68, 92.58; 90	75.93, 79.74, 99.13; 90	49.56, 77.00, 94.41; 90	55.05, 81.21, 71.34; 96.83
Resolution, Å	30.00 – 1.95	30.00 – 2.80	43.88 – 1.72	70.83 – 1.70
R _{merge} ^a	0.092 (0.793) ^b	0.143 (0.593)	0.086 (0.588)	0.086 (0.845)
R _{pim}	0.033 (0.282)	0.048 (0.200)	0.069 (0.480)	0.043 (0.417)
CC _{1/2}	(0.905) ^b	(0.962)	(0.994)	(0.706)
I / σ(I)	24.9 (3.5)	16.3 (3.8)	9.1 (2.4)	10.4 (1.6)
Completeness, %	100 (100)	99.9 (100)	99.9 (100)	98.1 (100)
Redundancy	8.6 (8.7)	9.6 (9.5)	4.0 (4.0)	4.9 (5.0)
Refinement				
Resolution, Å	29.17 – 1.94	28.75 – 2.79	40.24 – 1.72	45.35 – 1.70
No. of unique reflections:	26109, 1916	15089, 1243	39023, 1903	67224, 3938
working, test				
R-factor/free R-factor ^c	15.1/20.1 (18.9/25.9)	21.9/25.2 (26.4/30.6)	16.4/20.7 (27.0/35.7)	19.2/23.2 (29.4/33.6)
No. of refined atoms, molecules	2440, 1	4463, 2	2286, 1	4625, 2
Protein	N/A	N/A	1	N/A
Magnesium	N/A	N/A	28, 1	N/A
GDP	3	4	142	16
Other solvent				

Structure	MphB (Se-Met, apoenzyme)	MphB (native, apoenzyme)	MphH (native)•GDP+P _i complex	MphH (Se-Met)•azithromycin complex
PDB Code	5UXA	5UXB	5UXC	5UXD
Water	461	118	486	1301
<i>B</i> -factors				
Protein	42.8	47.8	22.8	26.11
Magnesium	N/A	N/A	13.4	N/A
GDP	N/A	N/A	23.4	N/A
Other solvent	38.4	42.1	42.7	37.1
Water	46.3	38.9	39.6	39.5
r.m.s.d.				
Bond lengths, Å	0.016	0.003	0.015	0.006
Bond angles, °	1.156	0.565	1.497	0.940

^a $R_{\text{sym}} = \sum_h \sum_i |I_i(h) - \langle I(h) \rangle| / \sum_h \sum_i I_i(h)$, where $I_i(h)$ and $\langle I(h) \rangle$ are the *i*th and mean measurement of the intensity of reflection h .

^bFigures in parentheses indicate the values for the outer shells of the data.

^c $R = \sum |F_p^{\text{obs}} - F_p^{\text{calc}}| / \sum F_p^{\text{obs}}$, where F_p^{obs} and F_p^{calc} are the observed and calculated structure factor amplitudes, respectively.

Supplementary Table 5: Steady-state kinetics of MphI.

Substrate	K _m (μM)	k _{cat} (s ⁻¹)	K _i (μM)	k _{cat} /K _m
Erythromycin	110 ± 10	0.012 ± 0.001		(1.0 ± 0.1) × 10 ²
Azithromycin	56 ± 3	0.0217 ± 0.0003		(3.9 ± 0.2) × 10 ²
Roxithromycin	32 ± 4	0.0030 ± 0.0001		(9.1 ± 1.1) × 10 ¹
Telithromycin	3.0 ± 0.5	0.99 ± 0.03		(3.3 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁵
Tylosin	2.5 ± 0.7	0.46 ± 0.02		(1.8 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁵
Spiramycin	8.1 ± 1.8	1.7 ± 0.2	300 ± 90	(2.1 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁵
Josamycin	30 ± 8	4.7 ± 0.6	640 ± 240	(1.6 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁵
GTP	10 ± 1	1.02 ± 0.02		(1.0 ± 0.1) × 10 ⁵

Supplementary Table 6: Steady-state kinetics of MphK.

Substrate	K_m (μM)	k_{cat} (s⁻¹)	K_i (μM)	k_{cat}/K_m
Erythromycin	-	-	-	-
Azithromycin	940 ± 320	0.025 ± 0.005		(2.6 ± 1.1) × 10 ¹
Roxithromycin	100 ± 25	0.0050 ± 0.0004		(4.9 ± 1.2) × 10 ¹
Telithromycin	4.2 ± 0.45	0.056 ± 0.001		(1.3 ± 0.1) × 10 ⁴
Tylosin	6.3 ± 2.4	0.0022 ± 0.0002		(3.5 ± 1.4) × 10 ²
Spiramycin	7.9 ± 1.1	0.044 ± 0.002	750 ± 160	(5.7 ± 0.9) × 10 ³
Josamycin	6.389 ± 1.938	0.097 ± 0.016	37 ± 12	(1.5 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁴
GTP	17 ± 1	0.0491 ± 0.0004		(3.0 ± 0.1) × 10 ³

Supplementary Table 7: Antibiotic susceptibility of *mphs* expressed in *E. coli* BW25113 ΔbamBΔtolC.

Antibiotic	Empty vector	mphB	mphK	mphH	mphI
Erythromycin	0.5	64	1	16	1
Clarithromycin	0.5	32	0.5	16	1
Azithromycin	0.063	4	0.25	0.5	0.25
Telithromycin	0.125	>16	>16	4	>16
Spiramycin	2	256	256	16	256
Tylosin	2	1024	512	64	1024
Josamycin	2-4	>64	64	8	>64
Kanamycin	1	1	1	1	1

Supplementary Table 8: Steady-state kinetics of MphB.

Substrate	K_m (μM)	k_{cat} (s⁻¹)	K_i (μM)	k_{cat}/K_m
Erythromycin	1.6 ± 0.2	0.0412 ± 0.0009		(2.5 ± 0.3) × 10 ⁴
Azithromycin	2.9 ± 0.36	0.189 ± 0.004		(6.6 ± 0.8) × 10 ⁴
Roxithromycin	1.5 ± 0.4	0.025 ± 0.001	960 ± 510	(1.7 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁴
Telithromycin	6.6 ± 1.8	0.77 ± 0.04		(1.2 ± 0.3) × 10 ⁵
Tylosin	1.8 ± 0.4	0.070 ± 0.005	350 ± 160	(9.4 ± 4.5) × 10 ⁴
Spiramycin	2.0 ± 0.9	0.11 ± 0.02	39 ± 16	(5.5 ± 2.7) × 10 ⁴
Josamycin	0.83 ± 0.27	1.2 ± 0.1	94 ± 27	(1.5 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁶
GTP	8.3 ± 0.45	0.602 ± 0.008		(7.3 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁴

Supplementary Table 9: Antibiotic susceptibility of MphI and single mutations identified with ancestral sequence reconstruction expressed in *E. coli* BW25113 $\Delta bamB\Delta tolC$.

Antibiotic	<i>mphI</i>	<i>mphI_{M40L}</i>	<i>mphI_{S111T}</i>	<i>mphI_{T166M}</i>	<i>mphI_{P211G}</i>
Erythromycin	1	1	1	1	1
Clarithromycin	1	1	1-2	1	1
Azithromycin	0.25	0.25	0.25-0.5	0.25-0.5	0.25
Telithromycin	>16	>16	>16	>16	>16
Spiramycin	256	256	256	256	256
Tylosin	1024	1024	1024	1024	1024
Josamycin	>64	>64	>64	>64	>64
Kanamycin	1	1	1	1	1

Supplementary Table 10: Antibiotic susceptibility of *mphI* and two library mutants with expanded resistance to C3 cladinose macrolides expressed in *E. coli* TOP10.

Antibiotic	<i>mphI</i>	<i>azi_1.I^a</i>	<i>ery_I^b</i>
Erythromycin	64	128	128
Clarithromycin	64	64	64
Azithromycin	4	16	16
Telithromycin	512	512	512
Spiramycin	1024	2048	2048
Tylosin	>2048	>2048	>2048
Kanamycin	0.5	0.5	0.5

a - MphI_{M40A/S111G/T166E/P211L}

b - MphI_{M40A/S111R/T166E/P211L}

Supplementary Table 11: Steady-state kinetics of the MphI mutant Azi_1.1 (MphI_{M40A/S111G/T166E/P211L}).

Substrate	K _m (μM)	k _{cat} (s ⁻¹)	k _{cat} /K _m
Erythromycin	46 ± 6	0.197 ± 0.007	(4.3 ± 0.6) × 10 ³
Azithromycin	34 ± 4	0.47 ± 0.01	(1.4 ± 0.2) × 10 ⁴
Roxithromycin	19 ± 3	0.153 ± 0.004	(7.9 ± 1.1) × 10 ³
Telithromycin	2.0 ± 0.2	0.376 ± 0.007	(1.8 ± 0.2) × 10 ⁵
Tylosin	4.0 ± 0.6	0.131 ± 0.003	(3.2 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁴
Spiramycin	4.2 ± 0.3	0.347 ± 0.005	(8.2 ± 0.6) × 10 ⁴
Josamycin	4.1 ± 0.7	0.174 ± 0.006	(4.3 ± 0.7) × 10 ⁴
GTP	5 ± 0.3	0.450 ± 0.005	(8.3 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁴

Supplementary Table 12: Steady-state kinetics of MphI mutant Ery_1 (MphIM40A/S111R/T166E/P211L).

Substrate	K _m (μM)	k _{cat} (s ⁻¹)	K _i (μM)	k _{cat} /K _m
Erythromycin	75 ± 8	0.19 ± 0.01		(2.6 ± 0.3) × 10 ³
Azithromycin	32 ± 2	0.56 ± 0.01		(1.8 ± 0.1) × 10 ⁴
Roxithromycin	46 ± 3	0.145 ± 0.002		(3.2 ± 0.2) × 10 ³
Telithromycin	5.6 ± 1.1	0.72 ± 0.03		(1.3 ± 0.3) × 10 ⁵
Tylosin	5.4 ± 0.75	0.32 ± 0.01		(5.9 ± 0.8) × 10 ⁴
Spiramycin	15 ± 5	1.3 ± 0.2	210 ± 90	(8.7 ± 3.2) × 10 ⁴
Josamycin	20 ± 3	0.45 ± 0.02		(2.2 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁴
GTP	5.1 ± 0.3	0.71 ± 0.01		(1.4 ± 0.8) × 10 ⁵

Supplementary Table 13: Steady-state kinetics of MphIS111R/T166E/P211L.

Substrate	K _m	k _{cat} (s ⁻¹)	K _i (μM)	k _{cat} /K _m
Erythromycin	140 ± 20	0.0114 ± 0.0004		(7.9 ± 1.1) × 10 ¹
Azithromycin	93 ± 5	0.0490 ± 0.0008		(5.3 ± 0.3) × 10 ²
Roxithromycin	60 ± 8	0.0054 ± 0.0002		(9.0 ± 1.2) × 10 ¹
Telithromycin	5.0 ± 0.7	0.154 ± 0.004		(3.1 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁴
Tylosin	4.6 ± 0.9	0.21 ± 0.01	700 ± 260	(4.5 ± 0.9) × 10 ⁴
Spiramycin	11 ± 2.1	0.53 ± 0.04	1500 ± 600	(4.9 ± 1.0) × 10 ⁴
Josamycin	34 ± 3	0.95 ± 0.02		(2.8 ± 0.2) × 10 ⁴
GTP	3.0 ± 0.5	0.090 ± 0.003		(3.0 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁴

Supplementary Table 14: Steady-state kinetics of MphIM40A/S111R/T166E.

Substrate	K _m (μM)	k _{cat} (s ⁻¹)	K _i (μM)	k _{cat} /K _m
Erythromycin	79 ± 14	0.020 ± 0.001		(2.6 ± 0.6) × 10 ²
Azithromycin	83 ± 6	0.094 ± 0.002		(1.1 ± 0.1) × 10 ³
Roxithromycin	100 ± 30	0.0099 ± 0.0008		(9.7 ± 2.7) × 10 ¹
Telithromycin	5.5 ± 0.8	1.68 ± 0.05		(3.1 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁵
Tylosin	9.4 ± 2.7	0.70 ± 0.11	67 ± 22	(7.4 ± 2.4) × 10 ⁴
Spiramycin	6.9 ± 1.0	1.40 ± 0.04		(2.0 ± 0.3) × 10 ⁵
Josamycin	14 ± 3	1.8 ± 0.07		(1.2 ± 0.3) × 10 ⁵
GTP	16 ± 1	0.78 ± 0.01		(5.0 ± 0.4) × 10 ⁴

Supplementary Table 15: Steady-state kinetics of MphiIS111R/T166E.

Substrate	K_m (μM)	k_{cat} (s⁻¹)	K_i (μM)	k_{cat}/K_m
Erythromycin	157 ± 9	0.0202 ± 0.0004		(1.28 ± 0.07) × 10 ²
Azithromycin	114 ± 7	0.099 ± 0.002		(8.6 ± 0.5) × 10 ²
Roxithromycin	46 ± 5	0.0066 ± 0.0001		(1.4 ± 0.2) × 10 ²
Telithromycin	3.1 ± 0.5	1.32 ± 0.04		(4.3 ± 0.7) × 10 ⁵
Tylosin	12 ± 3	0.37 ± 0.04	340 ± 120	(3.0 ± 0.8) × 10 ⁴
Spiramycin	10 ± 1	1.01 ± 0.03		(1.0 ± 0.1) × 10 ⁵
Josamycin	34 ± 4	3.7 ± 0.1		(1.1 ± 0.1) × 10 ⁵
GTP	13 ± 2	0.55 ± 0.02		(4.2 ± 0.5) × 10 ⁴

Supplementary Table 16: Oligonucleotides used in this study.

Primer	Direction	Sequence (5' to 3')
Site-directed mutagenesis		
A40M	f	ATGAATGAATCCGGCATGGATTCTTGTGGATTGAGAGG
	r	TCCAACAAGGAAATCCATGCCGATTCAATCTCTATTCCCTC
R111S	f	GGCAGCCTGCCGTTCCGTACGCATGGAAGGATATGCATGGA
	r	TCCTTCCATGCTGACGGAAGCGGCAGGCTGCCGCTAACGAGC
E166T	f	GAGGTTCTGATGAGACGGCGCAAATATGGAAGACATCAAGAGC
	r	TTCCATATTGCGCCGTCATCACGAACCTTTGGGGACTC
L211P	f	GGCGATCTCATCCCCGCATATCCTGATTGATGAGCGCTGC
	r	ATCAATCAGGATATGCGGGGATGAAGATGCCATGGATGAGGGC
M40L	f	ATGAATCCGGCCTGGATTCTTGTGGATTG
	r	AAGGAAATCCAGGCCGATTCAATCTCTATTCCCTCC
S111T	f	GCCTGCCGCTACCGTCAGCATGGAAGGATATGC
	r	CCATGCTGACGGTAGCGGCAGGCTGCCGCTAACG
T166M	f	TCGTGATGAGATGGCGCGAAATATGGAAGACATCAAGAGCCG
	r	TATTCGCGCCATCTCATCACGAACCTTTGGGGACTC
P211G	f	CGATCTCATCCGGCATATCCTGATTGATGAGCGCTGCAG
	r	AATCAGGATATGCCGGGATGAAGATGCCATGGATGAGG
Site-saturation combinatorial mutagenesis		
Backbone	f	CATATCCTGATTGATGAGCGC
	r	GCCGGATTCTCATCTCTATTCC
f1	f	GGGAATAGAGATGAATGAATCCGGChnkGATTCTTGTGGATTGAGAGG
	r	TCCATGCATATCCTCATGCTGACMnnAGCGCAGGCTGCCGCTAACGAGC
f2	f	GTCAGCATGGAAGGATATGC
	r	CTCATCACGAACCTTTGGGGAC
f3	f	GAGTCCCAAGAGGTTCTGATGAGGnnkGCGCAGAATATGGAAGACATCAAGA
	r	GCACGCGCTCATCAATCAGGATATGmnngGGATGAAGATGCCATGGATGAGG

Supplementary Table 17: Codon optimized *mphB* sequence.

Gene	DNA sequence
<i>mphB</i>	ATGAGCAAAGATATTAAACAGGTGATTGAAATTGCAGAAAAACATAACCTGTTCTGAAAGAAGAA ACCATTCACTTAAACGAAAGCGGCCCTGGATTTCAGGCAGGTGTTGCGCAGGATAACAACGGCATTG ATTGGGTGCTGCGCCTGCCGCCGCGAAGATGTGATGCCGCCACCAAAGTGGAAAAACAGGCG CTGGATCTGGTGAACAAATATGCGATTAGCTTCAGGCAGGAACTGGATTATTATACCGAAGAAC TGATTGCGTATAAAAACTGGATGGCGTGCCGCCGGCACCATGATCATAACATTGGCAACTATAT TTGGGAAATTGATATTAAACAACGTGCCGGAACGTGTTCTAAAAGCCTGGGCCGCGTGGCGA ACTGCATAGCATTCCGAGCAACAAAGCGGCCGCGCTGGATCTGGTGGTCATAACCCGGAAGAAC GCGCATGAGCATGAAACAGCGCATGGATGCCGCGCGAAATTGGCGTGGCGAAACCTGT GGAACCGCTGGCAGGCCTGGCTGAACGATGATGATGATGTTGGCGAAAAAAACCGGCCTGATTGAT GCGATGTGCATGCCGCGCATACCATGATTGATAAGATGCGAACGTGACCGCCGCTGATTGATTGGA CCGAAGCGAAAGTGCCTGAGCCATGATGTTGGCGCTATTGCGCTGGCGAAGAAGG CCTGGAAGCGCTGATTCTGGCGTATAAGAAATTGGCGCTATTGCGCTGGCGAAGAACA TATTATTGAACGCGCTGAGCCATGATGTTGGCGCTGGCGAAGTGCAGGGCAGCTAA AGAATATGAACAGATGGCGAAAGAAGCGCTGGCGAAGTGCAGGGCAGCTAA

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