

# Supplementary Material

Genetic architecture of capitate glandular trichome density in florets of domesticated sunflower (*Helianthus annuus* L.)

Q-M. Gao, N.C. Kane, B.S. Hulke\*, S. Reinert, C. S. Pogoda, S. Tittes, and J.R. Prasifka

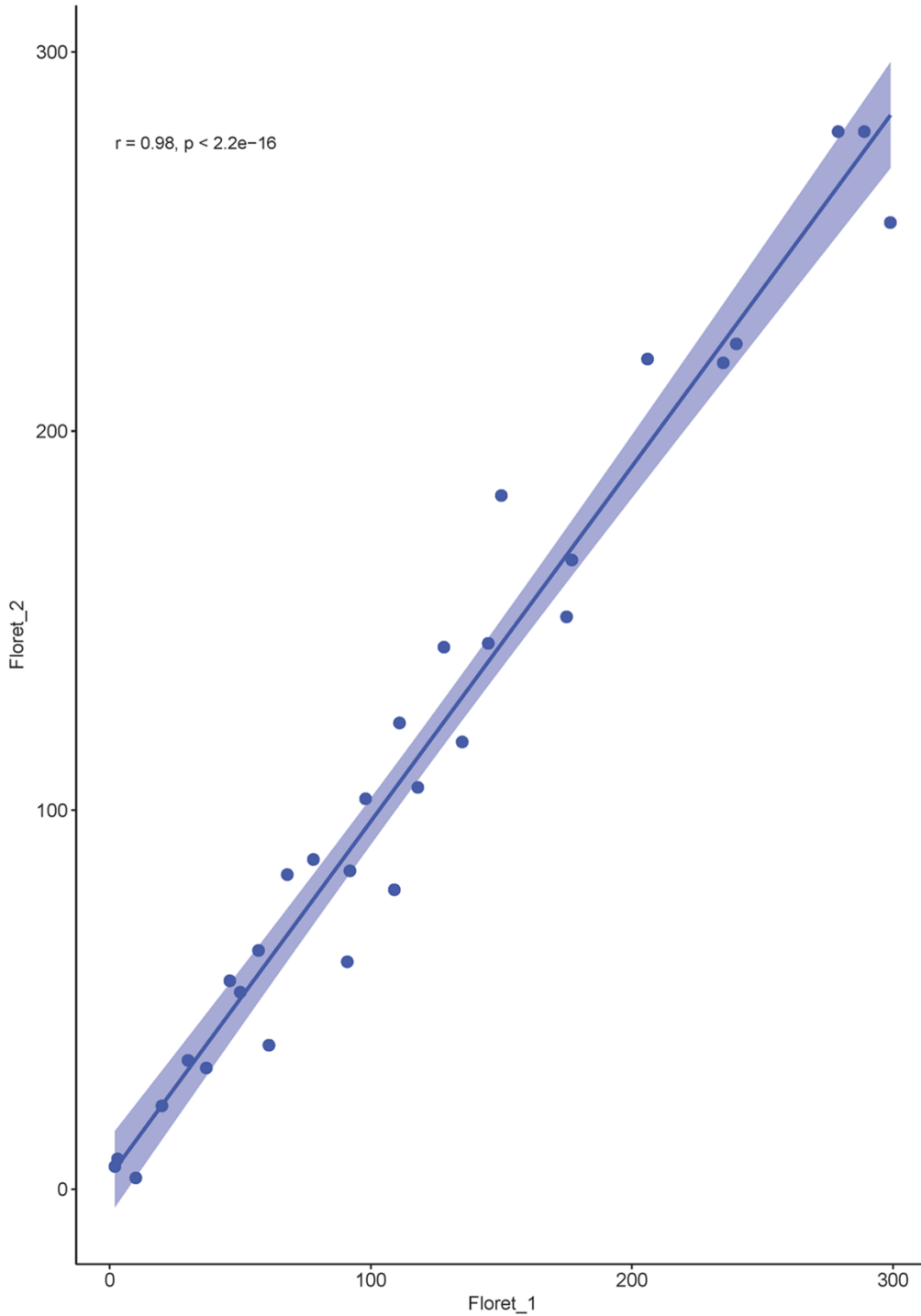


Figure S1. Within plant correlation of CGT counts from 30 plants in the F4 mapping population. The CGT numbers from first floret and second floret were highly correlated ( $r = 0.98$ ,  $p < 2.2 \times 10^{-16}$ ).

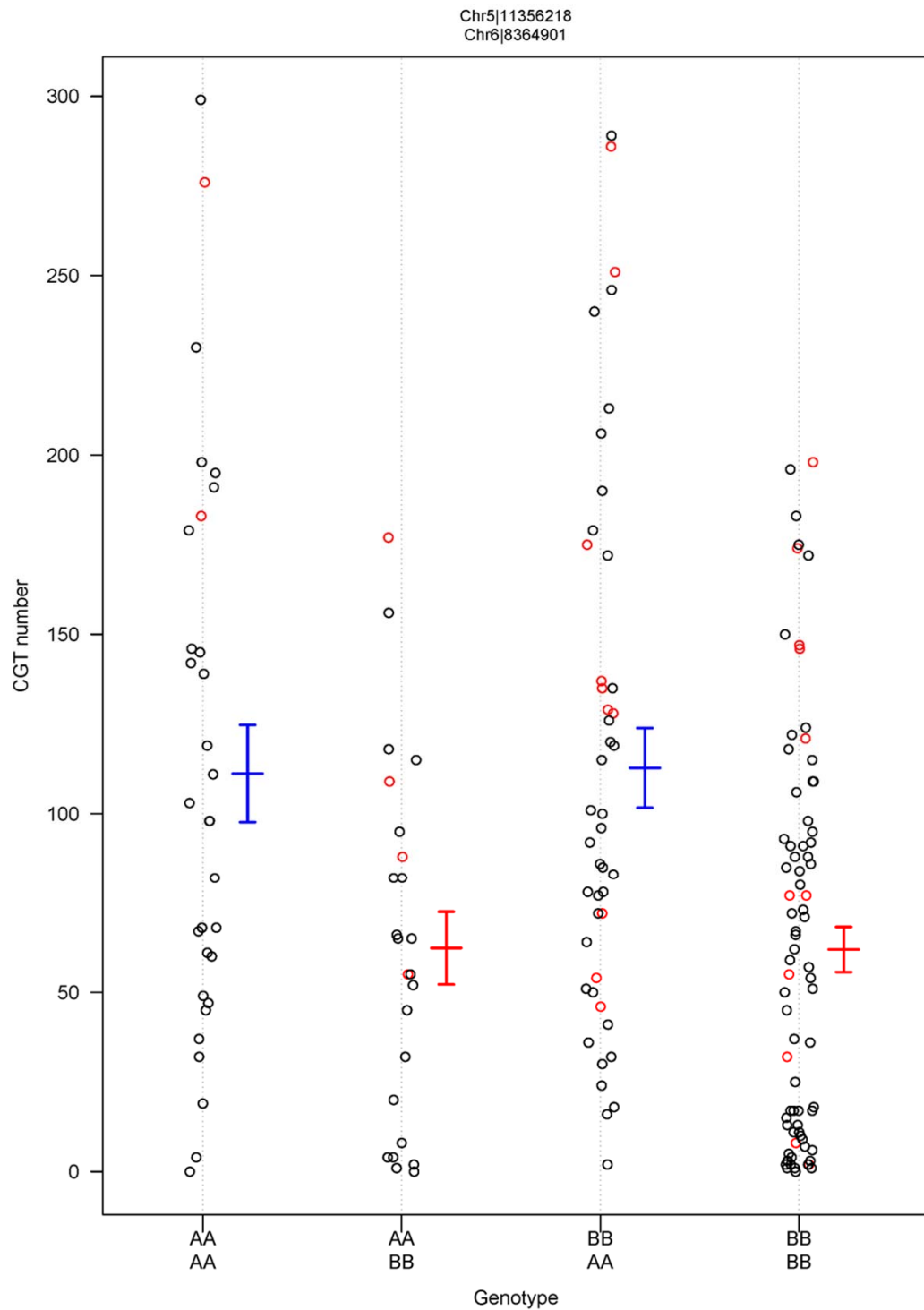


Figure S2. Plot of CGT number against marker genotypes at SNP markers Ha5\_11356218 and Ha6\_8364901 in the F4 mapping population. Error bars are  $\pm 1$  SE.

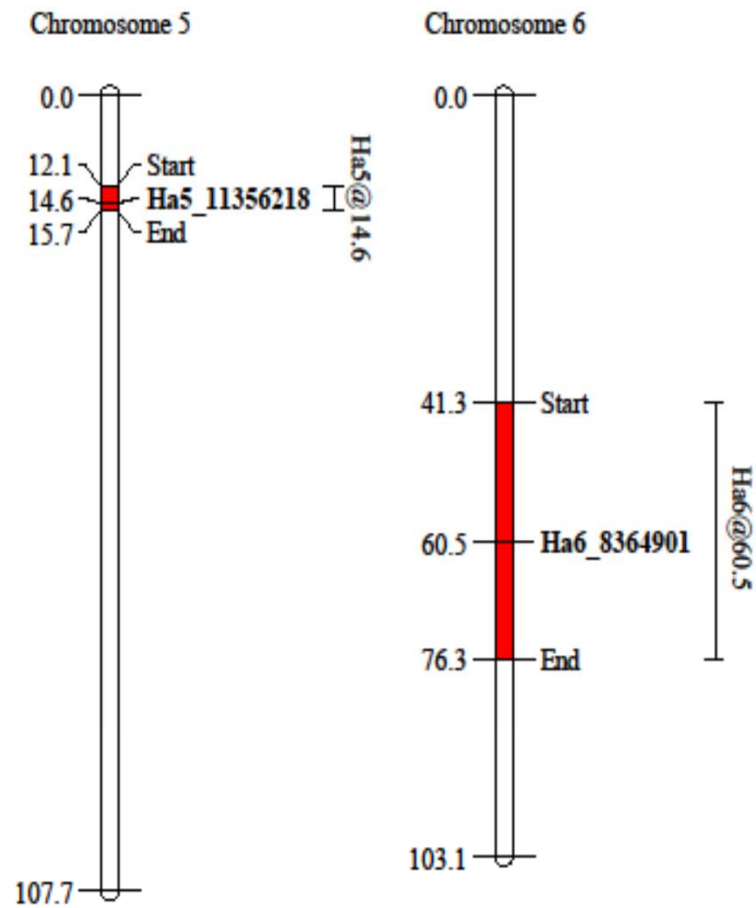


Figure S3. Map positions of two significant QTL intervals identified in the F4 mapping population derived from HA300  $\times$  RHA464.



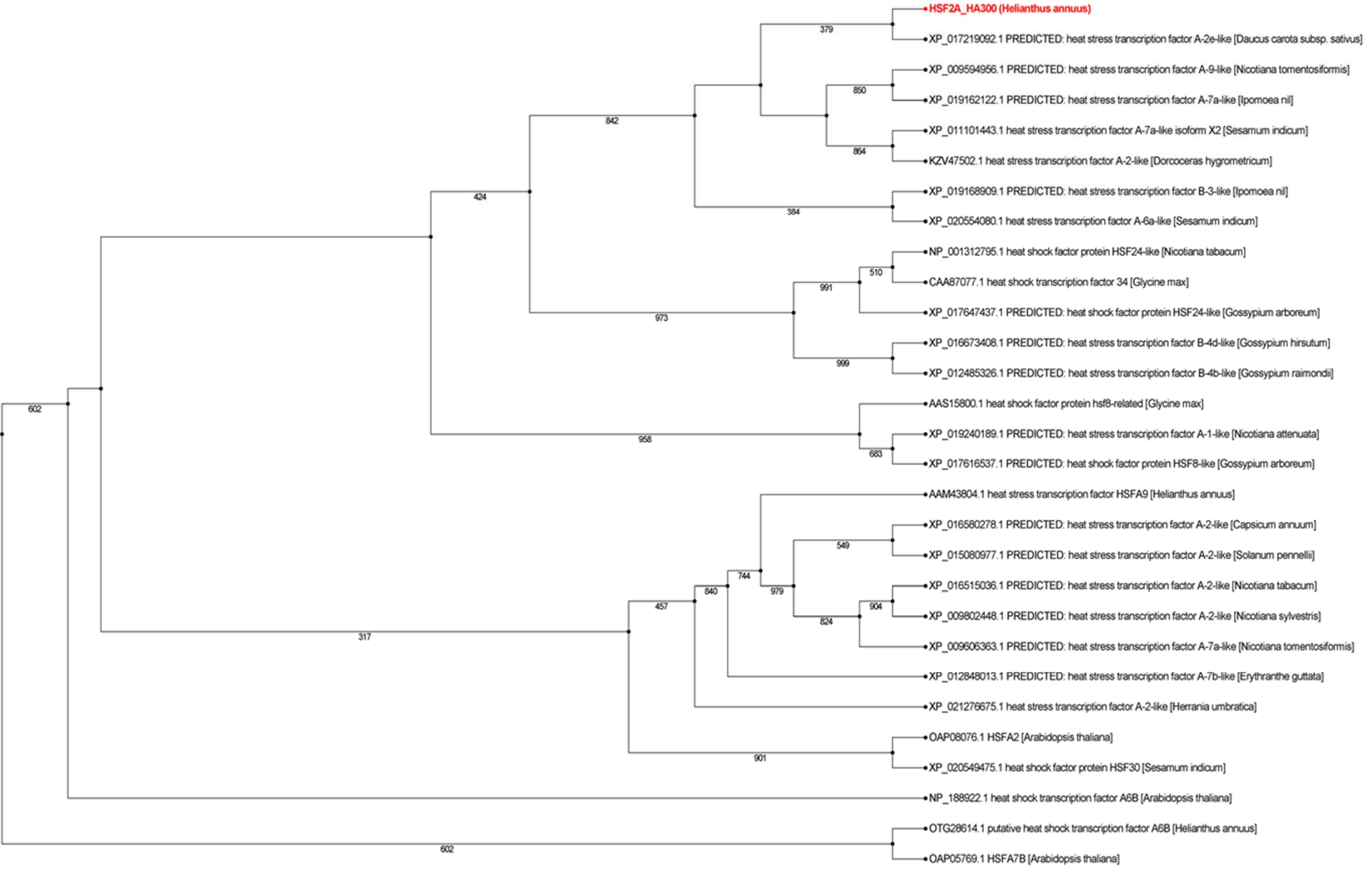


Figure S5. Phylogenetic tree of the *HSF* gene in plants. Nodes are labeled with their bootstrap support values.

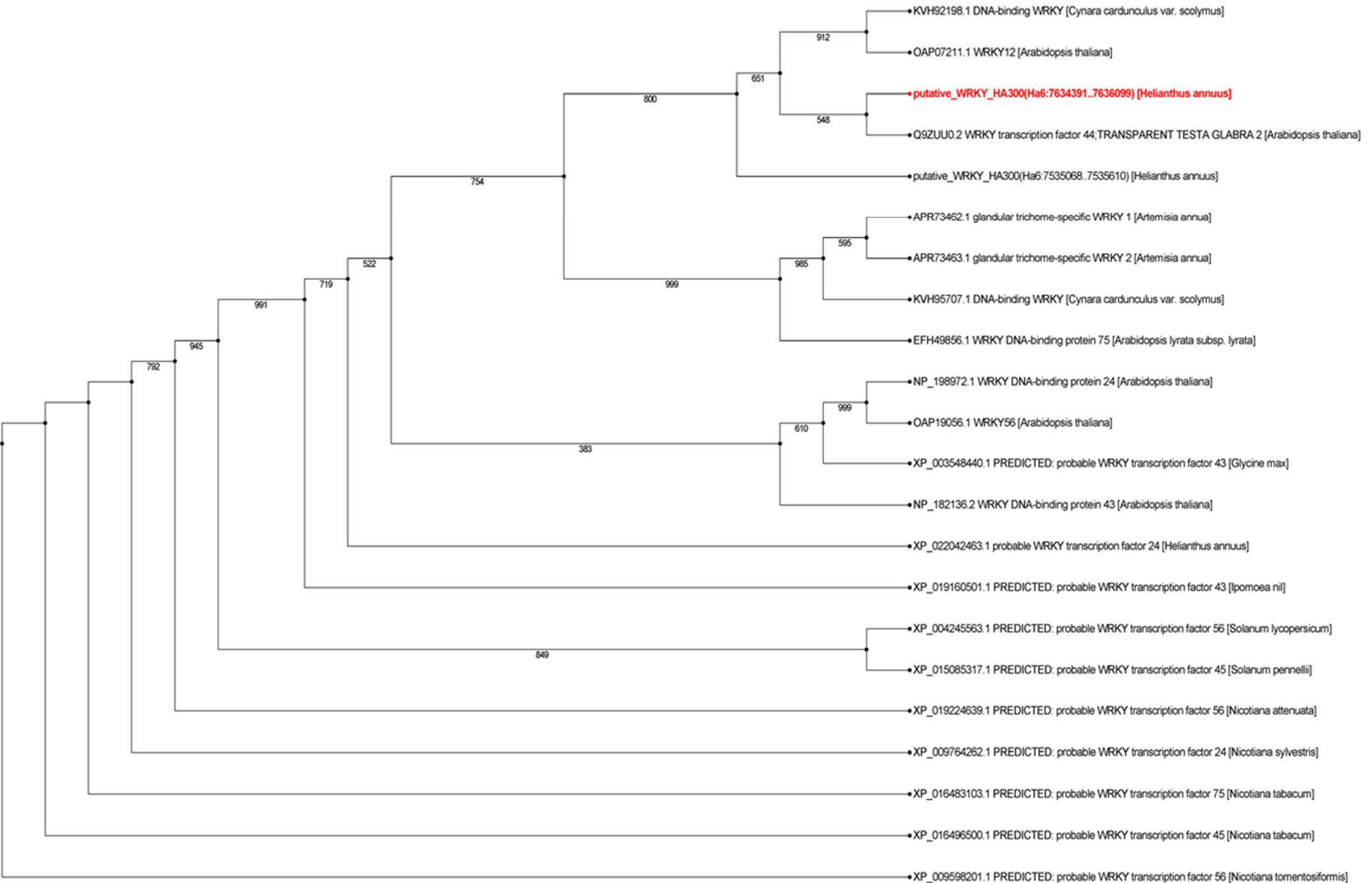


Figure S6. Phylogenetic tree of the *WRKY* gene in plants. Nodes are labeled with their bootstrap support values.