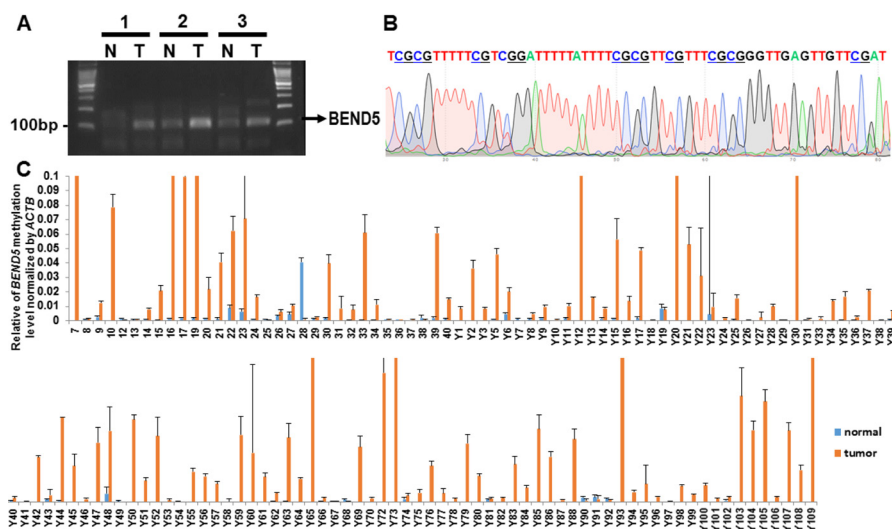
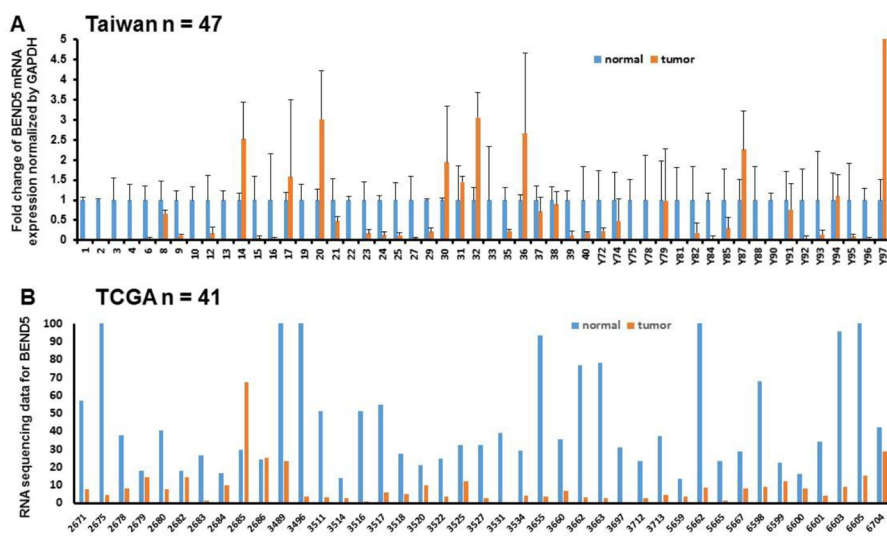


## Hypermethylation of *BEND5* contributes to cell proliferation and is a prognostic marker of colorectal cancer

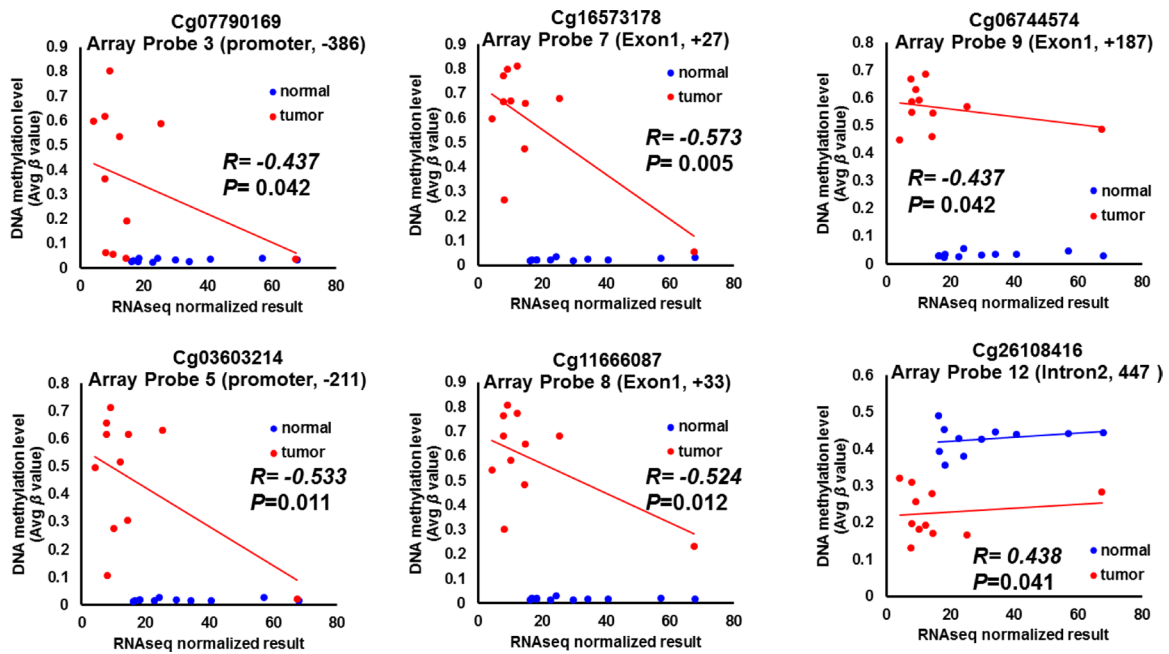
### SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS



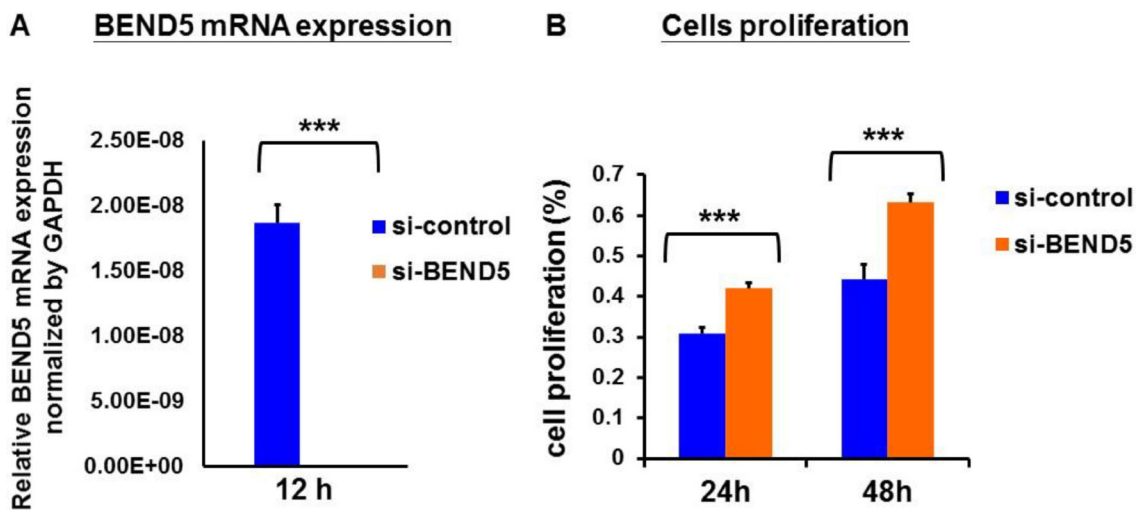
**Supplementary Figure 1: Hypermethylation of the *BEND5* promoter gene was analyzed in CRC patients.** (A) The end products of *BEND5* QMSP were run in the gel shown on the right molecular weight. (B) Bisulfite sequencing was performed to verify the specificity of the *BEND5* QMSP assay. (C) Raw data for the *BEND5* QMSP assay in 133 CRC patients. The data are presented as means  $\pm$  s.d. The experiments were performed with at least three technical replicates.



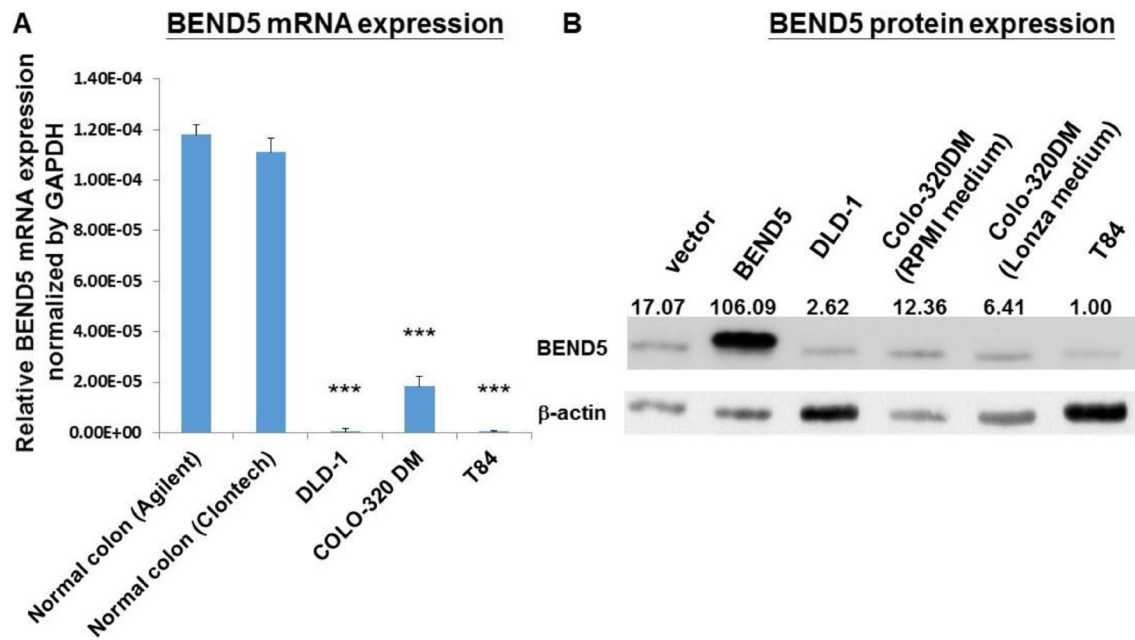
**Supplementary Figure 2: The *BEND5* mRNA expression levels were analyzed in CRC tumors and paired normal colorectal tissues.** (A) The *BEND5* mRNA expression levels were analyzed using real-time RT-PCR in 47 patients in Taiwan. The data are presented as means  $\pm$  s.d. The experiments were performed with at least three technical replicates. (B) The *BEND5* mRNA expression levels were analyzed through the RNA sequencing of paired tissues from normal controls and 41 paired CRC patients from TCGA.



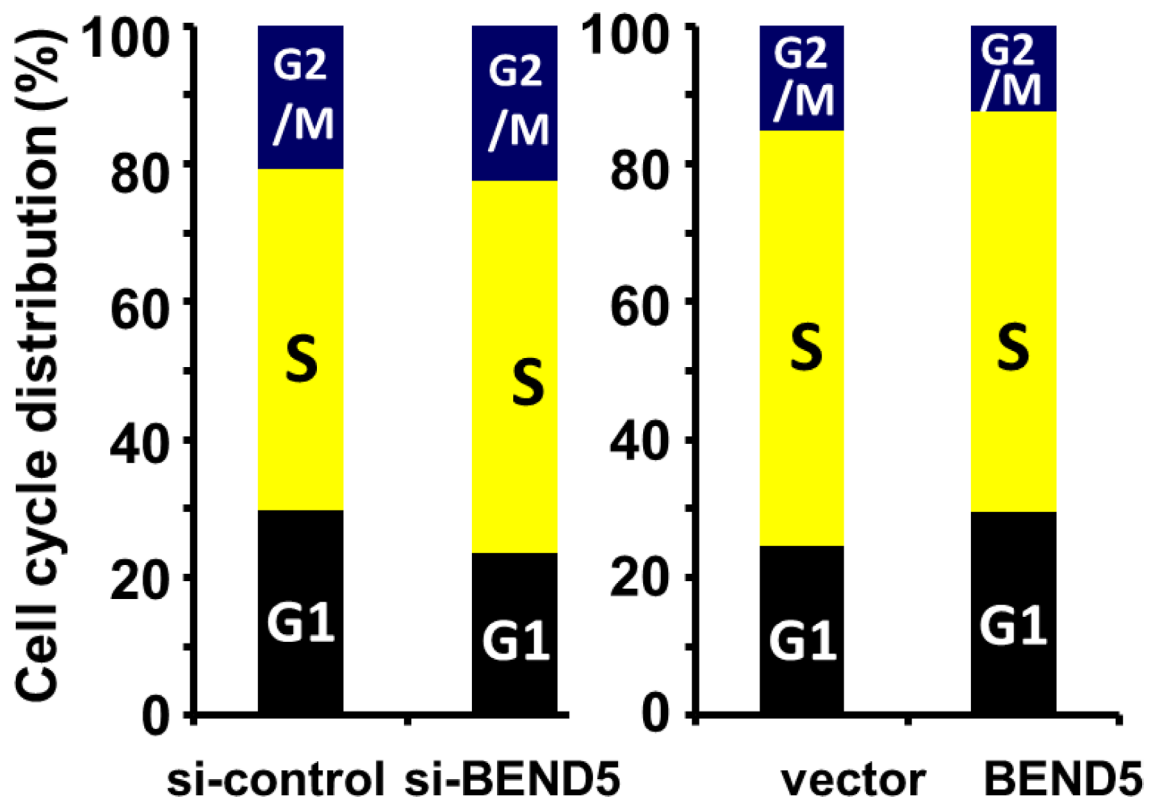
Supplementary Figure 3: Pearson correlation analysis of tissues between DNA methylation and RNA sequencing in 11 normal controls and 11 paired CRC patients.



Supplementary Figure 4: Knockdown of endogenous BEND5 mRNA expression induced proliferation of DLD-1 CRC cells. (A) BEND5 mRNA expression analyzed using real-time RT-PCR. (B) Cell proliferation was analyzed using the SRB assay. The data are presented as means  $\pm$  s.d., \*\*\* $P \leq 0.001$ . The experiments were performed with at least three technical replicates.



**Supplementary Figure 5: BEND5 mRNA and protein expression analysis in normal tissue and cells.** (A) BEND5 mRNA was highly expressed in normal colon tissues but was not expressed in CRC cell lines. The data are presented as means  $\pm$  s.d.,  $***P \leq 0.001$ . The experiments were performed with at least three technical replicates. (B) The BEND5 protein expression annualized by Western Blot in CRC cell lines and BEND5 plasmid transfected DLD-1 cell lines.



**Supplementary Figure 6: Cells were analyzed using flow cytometry for cell cycle distribution.**

**Supplementary Table 1: The clinical parameters of 26 paired CRC patients who analyzed by Illumina Infinium HumanMethylation450 BeadChip array assays**

Characteristics	Total
	<i>n</i> (%)
<b>Total</b>	26
<b>Clinicopathological parameters</b>	
<b>Age</b>	
< 60	8 (30.8)
> 60	18 (69.2)
<b>Sex</b>	
Male	18 (69.2)
Female	8 (30.8)
<b>Tumor type</b>	
Adeno	21 (84.0)
Mucinous	1 (4.0)
Others	3 (12.0)
<b>Tumor stage</b>	
Early (stage I and II)	16 (61.5)
Late (stage III and IV)	10 (38.5)
<b>Primary tumor</b>	
Submucosa	1 (3.8)
Muscularis propria	5 (19.2)
Subserosa	17 (65.4)
Penetrate the visceral	3 (11.5)
<b>Regional lymph nodes</b>	
No regional lymph node metastasis	17 (65.4)
Metastasis in regional lymph nodes	9 (34.6)
<b>Distant metastasis</b>	
No distant metastasis	24 (92.3)
Distant metastasis	2 (7.7)
<b>Differentiation grade</b>	
Well	3 (11.5)
Moderate	18 (69.2)
Poor	5 (19.2)
<b>Location</b>	
colon	20 (76.9)
Rectal	6 (23.1)

**Supplementary Table 2: BEND5 protein expression in relation to clinical parameters for CRC<sup>a</sup>**

Characteristics	Total <i>n</i> <sup>b</sup>	BEND5 protein		<i>P</i> -value
		Low <i>n</i> (%)	High <i>n</i> (%)	
<b>Overall</b>	94	82 (87.2)	12 (12.8)	
<b><u>Clinicopathological parameters</u></b>				
<b>Age</b>				
< 65	66	58 (87.9)	8 (12.1)	0.740
> 65	27	23 (85.2)	4 (14.8)	
<b>Sex</b>				
Male	68	58 (85.3)	10 (14.7)	0.500
Female	26	24 (92.3)	2 (7.7)	
<b>Tumor type</b>				
Adeno	83	71 (85.5)	12 (14.5)	0.402
Mucinous	10	10 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	
Small cell	1	1 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	
<b>Tumor location</b>				
Colon	74	63 (85.1)	11 (14.9)	0.450
Rectal	20	19 (95.0)	1 (5.0)	
<b>Differentiation grade</b>				
Well	19	17 (89.5)	2 (10.5)	0.845
Moderate	57	48 (84.2)	9 (15.8)	
Poor	6	5 (83.3)	1 (16.7)	
<b>Tumor stage</b>				
I	3	3 (100.0)	0 (0.0)	0.407
II	42	34 (81.0)	8 (19.0)	
III	34	31 (91.2)	3 (8.8)	
IV	15	14 (93.3)	1 (6.7)	
<b>Primary tumor</b>				
Submucosa	0	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0.417
Muscularis propria	7	6 (85.7)	1 (14.3)	
Subserosa	80	71 (88.8)	9 (11.3)	
Penetrate the visceral	7	5 (71.4)	2 (28.6)	
<b>Regional lymph nodes</b>				
No regional lymph node metastasis	50	41 (82.0)	9 (18.0)	0.130
Metastasis in regional lymph nodes	44	41 (93.2)	2 (6.8)	
<b>Distant metastasis</b>				
No distant metastasis	79	68 (86.1)	10 (13.9)	0.683
Distant metastasis	15	14 (93.3)	1 (6.7)	

<sup>a</sup>These results were analyzed by the Fisher's exact test.

<sup>b</sup>For some categories, the number of samples (*n*) was lower than the overall number analyzed because clinical data were unavailable for these samples.

**Supplementary Table 3: Cox proportional hazard model of clinical parameters and BEND5 methylation levels associated with 5-year overall survival in patients with colorectal cancer from TCGA data set**

Variable	Multivariate analysis <sup>a</sup>		
	HR	95% CI	P-value <sup>c</sup>
Sex	1.216	0.635–2.327	0.556
Age	1.036	1.008–1.065	0.012*
Tumor type	2.674	1.145–6.244	0.023*
Race	1.103	0.454–2.679	0.829
Stage	2.836	1.864–4.314	< 0.001***
BEND5 <sup>b</sup> methylation	2.042	1.061–3.933	0.033*

<sup>a</sup>These results were analyzed by the Cox regression model.

<sup>b</sup>BEND5 was considered hypermethylated at an average  $\beta$  value of > 0.5.

<sup>c</sup>\* $P < 0.05$ ; \*\* $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\* $P < 0.001$ .

**Supplementary Table 4: The predicted BEND5 binding sites in promoters of genes**

Gene name	Sequence (5' to 3')
<i>BCL2</i>	TTAATCAGAAGA
<i>CCNB1</i>	TCCAATTGCTGA
<i>CCND1</i>	CCAATTAGGAA
<i>CCND2</i>	TCCTTAATAACGAGA
<i>PCNA</i>	CCAATGGGAG
<i>CDKN1A</i>	TATTCAGGAGA

**Supplementary Table 5: List of primers sequences and their reaction conditions used in the present study**

Real-time RT-PCR <sup>a</sup>		Sequence (5' to 3')	Probe	T <sub>m</sub> (°C)	Size (bp)
<i>GAPDH</i>	Forward	AGCCACATCGCTCAGACAC	#60	60	66
	Reverse	GCCCAATACGACCAAATCC			
<i>BEND5</i>	Forward	AGCCACATCGCTCAGACAC	#1	60	95
	Reverse	GCCCAATACGACCAAATCC			
<i>BCL2</i>	Forward	ACAGAGGATCATGCTGTACTTAAAAA	#6	60	96
	Reverse	TTATTTTCATGAGGCACGTTATTATTAG			
<i>CCNB1</i>	Forward	ACATGGTGCACCTTTCCTCCT	#18	60	103
	Reverse	AGGTAATGTTGTAGAGTTGGTGTCC			
<i>CCND1</i>	Forward	GACCTTCGTTGCCCTCTGT	#49	60	105
	Reverse	CTCAGGTTTCAGGCCTTGC			
<i>CCND2</i>	Forward	GGACATCCAACCCTACATGC	#49	60	71
	Reverse	CGCACTTCTGTTCCCTCACAG			
<i>PCNA</i>	Forward	TGGAGAAGCTTGGAAATGGAAA	#69	60	95
	Reverse	GAAGTGGTTCATTCATCTCTATGG			
<i>CDKN1A</i>	Forward	TCACTGTCTTGTACCCTTGTGC	#32	60	128
	Reverse	GGCGTTTGGAGTGGTAGAAA			
<i>ACTIN</i>	Forward	CCAACCGCGAGAAGATGA	#64	60	97
	Reverse	CCAGAGGCGTACAGGGATAG			
<b>Quantitative methylation-specific PCR</b>					
<i>ACTB</i>	Forward	TGGTGATGGAGGAGGTTTAGTAAGT		60	132
	Reverse	AACCAATAAAACCTACTCCTCCCTTAA			
	TagMan probe	ACCACCACCCAACACACAATAACAAACACA			
<i>BEND5</i>	M-Forward	GTTTGGGTTTTGGGGAGTC		63	109
	M-Reverse	GATCGAACAACTCAACCCG			
	TagMan probe	CGAAAATAAAAATCCGACGA			
<i>GAPDH</i>	Forward	GGT AGT TGT TAG GAA AGT TTG TTG G		60	138
	Reverse	TAA TCT AAA AAA AAC ATC ACC CAA A			

<sup>a</sup>RT-PCR: reverse-transcriptase polymerase chain reaction.