Supplementary Table S2. Number and Percentage of Women with Treatment-Emergent Adverse EVENTS LEADING TO DISCONTINUATION

Preferred term, <sup>a</sup> n (%)	<i>Placebo</i> (n = 958)	Ospemifene $60  mg  (n = 1242)$
Any TEAE leading to	36 (3.8)	95 (7.6)
discontinuation		
Hot flush	3 (0.3)	13 (1.0)
Muscle spasms	1 (0.1)	7 (0.6)
Headache	2 (0.2)	6 (0.5)
Vaginal discharge	0	6 (0.5)
Diarrhea	3 (0.3)	5 (0.4)
Nausea	1 (0.1)	5 (0.4)
Uterine polyp	1 (0.1)	5 (0.4)
Insomnia	1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)
Rash	1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)
Abdominal pain, lower	Ò	3 (0.2)
Pain in extremity	0	3 (0.2)
Pruritus	0	3 (0.2)
Restless leg syndrome	0	3 (0.2)
Weight increased	0	3 (0.2)
Arthralgia	0	2 (0.2)
Constipation	1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)
Deep vein thrombosis	Ò	2 (0.2)
Drug eruption	0	2 (0.2)
Drug hypersensitivity	0	2 (0.2)
Hyperhidrosis	0	2 (0.2)
Hyperlipidemia	1 (0.1)	2 (0.2)
Pruritus, generalized	ò	2 (0.2)
Syncope	0	2 (0.2)
Abdominal pain, upper	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)
Anxiety	0	1 (0.1)
Cerebrovascular accident	Ŏ	1 (0.1)
Dizziness	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)
Dyspnea	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)
Palpitations	0	1 (0.1)
Dyspepsia	1 (0.1)	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Subjects with >1 TEAE that coded for the same preferred term were counted once for that preferred term.

TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.