											7 1	7									
Streptomyces albus subsp. albus	167	TLLAFE	LTSR	GY V	VATVI	HAY	SVG.	AR	PGGR	MLT	AA	DKY	QDTG	LA	YVAE	GRAK	DVS	FLL	RLTG	P 2	234
Streptomyces sp. NRRL S-495	170	TALGE	LAAR	GYA	VA <mark>AV</mark> I	DHTY	TL-	VEF	PGGR	IEP		GRE	GTDP	DFGA	TASR	VRAA	DLR	FVI	RLTA	P 2	238
Streptomyces sp. XY431	182	TALGE	LAAR	GYAN	VAAVI	DHT Y	TL-	VEF	PGGR	IEP	LVC	GRE	GTDP	DFGA	TASR	VRAA	DLR	FVI	RLTA	Р 2	250
Streptomyces roseoverticillatus	177	TGLGED	LASR	GYAN	VAAVI)HT Y	AP-	VEF	PGGR	IEA	EI	QKY	DLLP		AVVP	NRSK	DIR	FLL	QLIG	P 2	241
Streptomyces sp. MBT76	138	TALGED	LASR	GYA	VAAVI)HT Y	AP-	VEF	PGGR	IET	ET	AKP	DM	A	AVVR	NRAK	DFS	FLL	RLTA	P 2	201
R18	109	TALGED	LASR	GYA	VAAVI)HTY	AP-	VEF	PGGR	IEK	TL	DDS	RMDP	<mark>e</mark>	AVVR	NRAK	DLR	EVL	RLTG	P 1	174
TH2-18	112	TALGED	LASR	GYAN	AL)HTY	AP-	VEF	PGGR	VEP		EKP	DLN-		AVVR	NRAQ	DIR	FLL	RLTG	P 1	175
Streptomyces caatingaensis	136	TALAED	LASR	GYV	VAAL)HTY	SA-	VEF	PGGR	VER	ELC	AKE	DVDN	G	ALVR	NRAE	DIR	FLL	RITG	G 2	201
Streptomyces mobaraensis	158	TSVAEE	LASR	GY V	VAGVI);(T Y	AA-	VEF	PGGR	IEQ	AI	GPE	QRDN	A	AVVR	N <mark>R</mark> AK	DLR	FVL	RLTA	D 2	223

Fig. S1

Conservation of CXXC motif between R18 and its homologous genes. Alignment showing the loop sequence, Cys-143, and Cys-146 on R18. Arrows represent cysteine residues in the CXXC motif.



Fig.S2

Comparison of the loop structures of rR18, rTH2-18, rTH2-18PG, and rR18 Δ PG. Close-up view of the loop structures of rR18 (green) and rTH2-18 (cyan) (A), rR18 and rTH2-18PG (magenta) (B), and rR18 and rR18 Δ PG (yellow) (C). The catalytic triad, Cys-143, and Cys-146 on rR18 are represented as sticks with the oxygen atom in red, the nitrogen atom in blue, sulfur atoms in yellow, and carbon atoms in white.