## **Supplementary Information**

## A surfactant polymer dressing potentiates antimicrobial efficacy in biofilm disruption

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## Figure S1. SPD exhibits bacteriostatic properties.

**(A - D)** Shown are graphical representations of absorbance  $(OD_{600})$  and colony forming unit (CFU/ml) measurements from planktonic *P. aeruginosa* PA01 and *S. aureus* USA300 in presence or absence of SPD. Data are shown mean±SD, n=6, \*p<0.05. (E – F) Absorbance  $(OD_{600})$  from planktonic *P. aeruginosa* PA01 and *S. aureus* USA300 in presence or absence of SPD. SPDw indicates withdrawal of SPD after 10h followed by culture for an additional 24h. Data are shown mean ± SD, n=4, \*p<0.0005, † p<0.01, #p<0.01.



**Figure S2. SPD caused metabolic inhibition.** Shown are graphical representations of ADP/ATP ratio from *P. aeruginosa* PA01 biofilm in presence or absence of SPD and antibiotic. Data are shown mean±SD, n=6, \*p<0.01, † p<0.01. au=arbitrary units



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(A - D) Fig 6. 48h static biofilms of (A) P aeruginosa PA01 and (B) S.aureus USA300 were either left untreated or treated for 24h with SPD or antibiotic (tobramycin (tobra) or rifampicin (rifam) respectively) alone or in combination. Shown are representative CLSM micrographs and corresponding live/dead ratio quantitation. The green fluorescence indicates live bacteria while the red indicates dead bacteria. The intensities of red and green channels were quantified using ImageJ. SPD along with antibiotic showed significant decrease in bacterial viability in both strains tested. Data shown as mean±SD, n = 6, \*p<0.05. Scale bar = 40 µM.