

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### **Structural and functional characterization of shaft, anchor, and tip proteins of the Mfa1 fimbria from the periodontal pathogen *Porphyromonas gingivalis***

Michael Hall<sup>1</sup>, Yoshiaki Hasegawa<sup>2\*</sup>, Fuminobu Yoshimura<sup>2</sup> and Karina Persson<sup>1\*</sup>

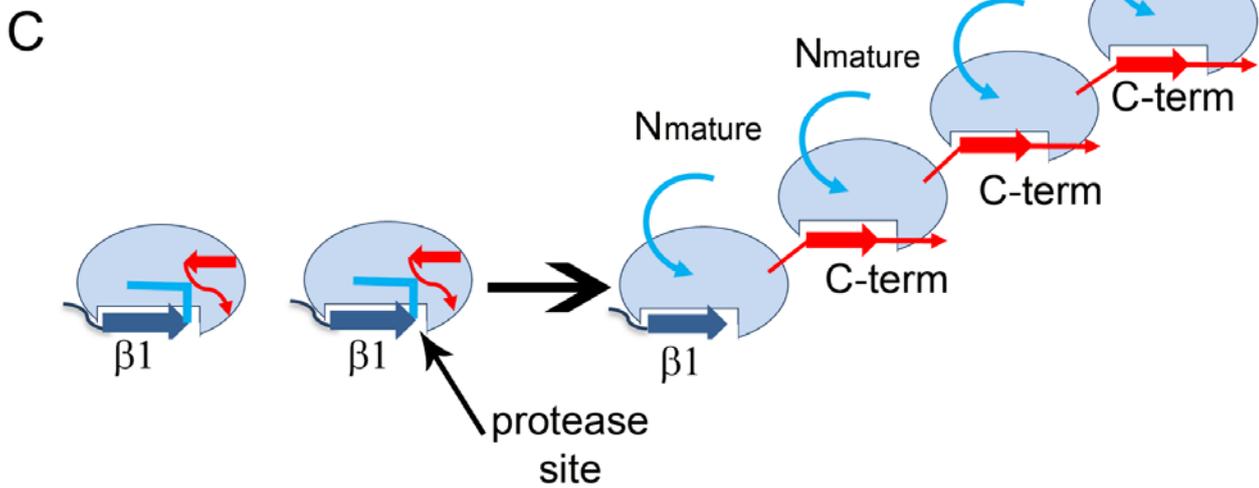
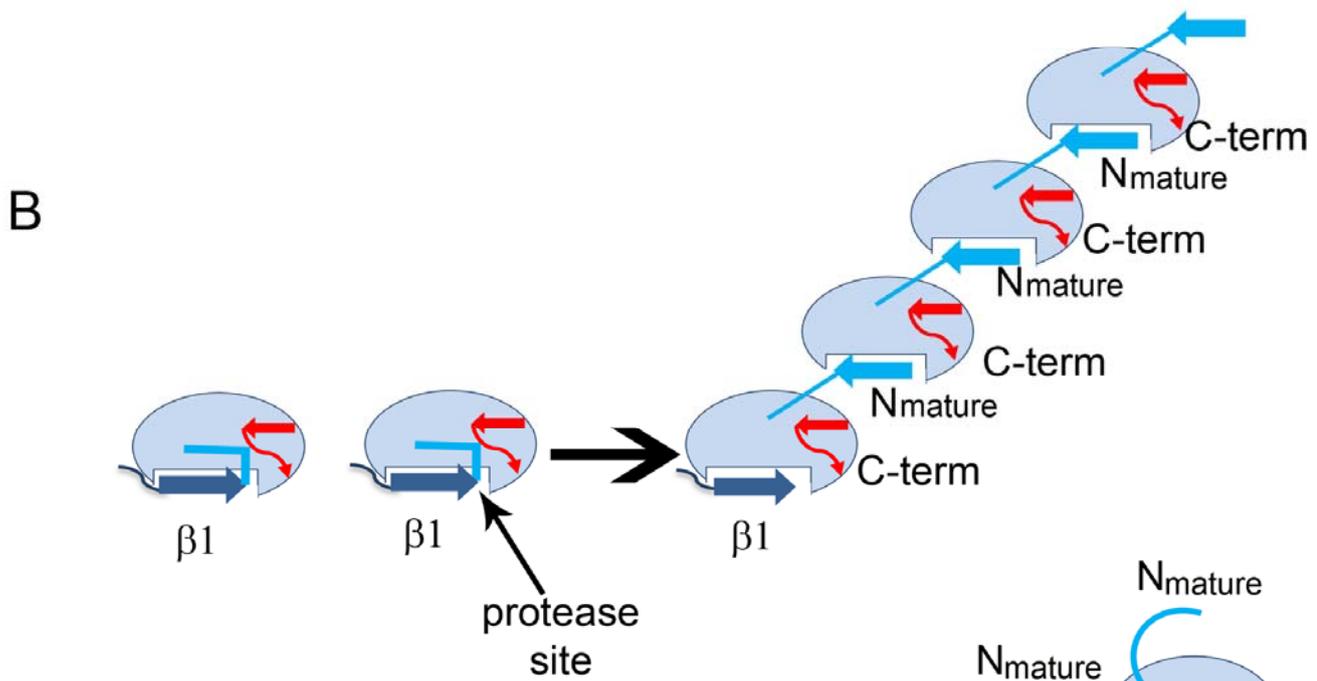
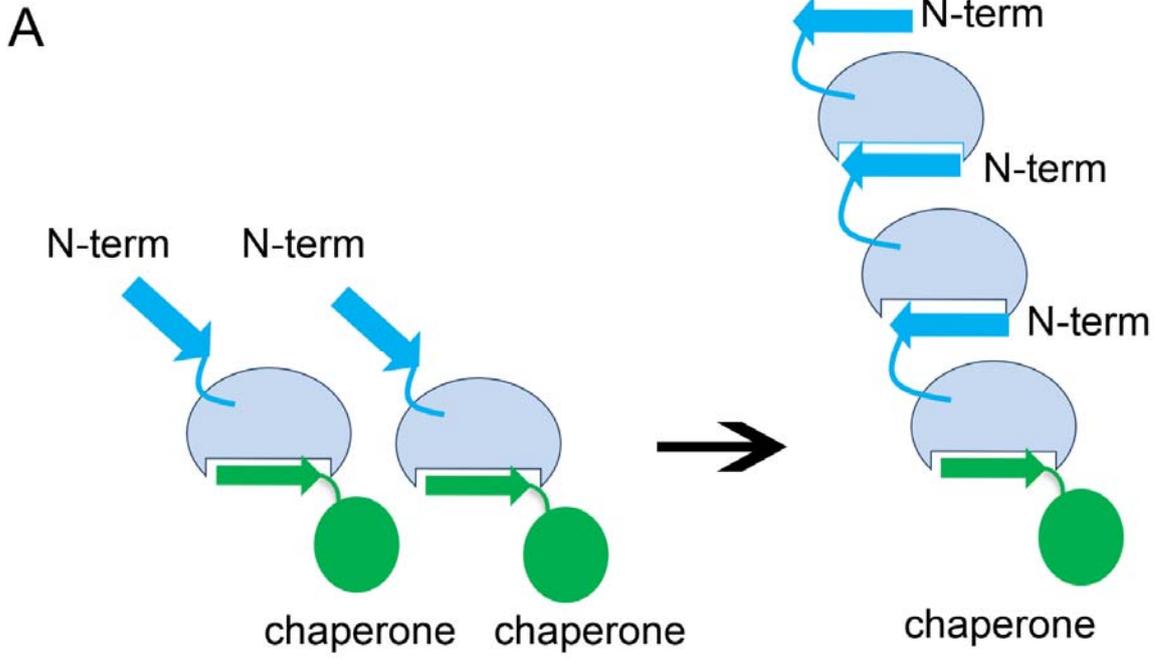
<sup>1</sup>Department of Chemistry, Umeå University, Umeå, Sweden, SE-901 85

<sup>2</sup>Department of Microbiology, School of Dentistry, Aichi Gakuin University, 1-100 Kusumoto-cho, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya, Aichi 464-8650, Japan

\*Corresponding authors

E-mail: [yhase@dpc.agu.ac.jp](mailto:yhase@dpc.agu.ac.jp) (YH)

E-mail: [karina.persson@umu.se](mailto:karina.persson@umu.se) (KP)



**Supplementary figure S1.** Examples of polymerization mechanisms. **(a)** A simplified overview of the chaperone-assisted polymerization of type-I fimbria. Fimbrial proteins are transported to the membrane in complex with a chaperone that donates a  $\beta$ -strand to an incomplete sheet of the fimbrial protein. During polymerization the chaperone  $\beta$ -strand is displaced by an N-terminal  $\beta$ -strand from a neighboring fimbrial protein. Note that the  $\beta$ -strand from the fimbrial protein is oriented in the opposite direction of the chaperone  $\beta$ -strand. The fimbrial protein is depicted in light blue, the chaperone in green and the N-terminal  $\beta$ -strand in turquoise.

**(b)** Hypothetical type-V polymerization, version 1. The fimbrial proteins are expressed with an internal chaperone, the  $\beta$ 1-strand, located in the N-terminal domain. A protease cleaves the loop that follows, creating a new terminus ( $N_{\text{mature}}$ ). During polymerization the  $\beta$ 1-strand is displaced by  $N_{\text{mature}}$  from a neighbouring fimbrial protein. Note that the orientation of the donated strand runs in the opposite direction of the internal chaperone, the  $\beta$ 1 strand, similar to the strand arrangement in type-I polymerization. The fimbrial protein is depicted in light blue,  $\beta$ 1 in dark blue,  $N_{\text{mature}}$  in turquoise and the C-terminus in red.

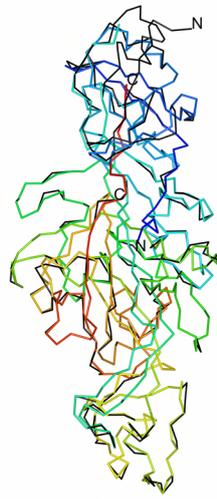
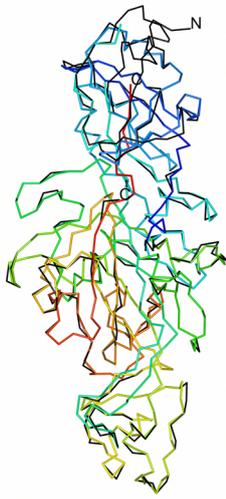
**(c)** Hypothetical type-V polymerization, version 2. As above the protein is expressed with an internal chaperone,  $\beta$ 1 that is cleaved off by a protease. During polymerization, the C-terminal  $\beta$ -strand and the following extended region elongate and form a long donor strand that reaches over both the N- and C-terminal domain. Note that in this model the displacing  $\beta$ -strand runs in the same direction as the internal chaperone,  $\beta$ 1. Coloring as in (b).

**β1β2-loop**

Mfa1	21	SKEGNGPDPDN-AAKSYMSMTLSMFMGSAAGDGGDQANPDYHYV-----GEWAG---KDKIEKVSIIY	79
Mfa2	30	-DKMIYDNYDD--CPRGVYVNFYSQ-----TECA-ENPSY-PAEVARLNVIY	70
Mfa3	22	-DRGVDPQDPDLPQPDVYLLVNAIAAHT-----NGEESINMDAE-----DFEDRVHSLAML	70
Mfa4	20	--SKNNPSEP--VEDRSIEISIRVD-----DFTKTGETVRYEINQGS-AAERLITINLYLL	69
		 	
Mfa1	80	MVPQGGPGLVESAEEDLD-FG---TYENPTIDPATHNAILKPKKGIKVN SAVGKTVKVVVVLNDIAGKAK	145
Mfa2	71	AFDKDGIL-RSANVFED-----VQLS--AA-----KEWLIPL--EKDGLYTI FAWGNIDDHYNI	119
Mfa3	71	VFDSNTGEKVAEHFSSS-IG---SGTSTYV-----F'TVKL--KPGQRDFFFVANIPNM--Q	118
Mfa4	70	LFDQSGAN-PAKYI IAGNTFSGGIWLPDD-----MKV--KLDMTQSEAGERKVVVAVNVDNAV-K	125
		    	
Mfa1	146	ALLAN-VNAADFDAKFKEIIELSTQAQALGTVADGPNPAT-AAGKIAKNGT TDETIMMTC LQP-SDALT	212
Mfa2	120	GEIKIGET---TKQQ--VLMRLKQ--DGK-----W-AT--NID-----GTTLWYA-TSPVVELK	162
Mfa3	119	TAMAS-IVNKS DMNHFMQVFRDL D-----PIHYH--NATNN--NGFPMSR--MYSNQTVT	166
Mfa4	126	TALDA-VA--NESDLQTVKRRTTA-----M-PWSTDIA-----SPFLMSG--NKTHDFL	167
		    	
Mfa1	213	-----IEAAVSEANA IAGIKNQAKVTVEISVARAMVSTKAQSYEIKATTQIG EIAAGSVLA	268
Mfa2	163	NMEDGAD---QYIH-----TRANLREYTNRVTVSVDS-----	191
Mfa3	167	-----IGGTITQPLPF-----KPDGENNVKLOKVVAKLDVNI VE-----G	201
Mfa4	168	-----ANRLL-----DNVPLVRAIAKVELNISL-SEKF-----Q	195
		 	
Mfa1	269	TIT-----DIRWVVAQGERRQYL--SKRGTVPENTWVTPGSGFVPTSSTFHTNATEYYDYAGLWED	328
Mfa2	192	LPH-----PENYEIKL-ASSNGSYRFDGTV-----AKA-----DSTYY-----	223
Mfa3	202	VEN-----LQKIELCNANVHYRL--VPNQ-----SEPI-----QFYGPV-----	233
Mfa4	196	IVPIIVNGSLSEFKFRYVNFDKETIV--VKPT-----TKPD-----NLISS-----A	235
		 	
Mfa1	329	HN---TNEAVISGTQVPTLADYQLQDVTGELANAL-----SGKFLLPN-THKSGANAASSDY	381
Mfa2	224	-----PGETKVVG-----DSTCRAFFTTLKLESGH-----	248
Mfa3	234	-----ELRR-----VGAT-----NQWLGYMPEA-IVESTKWWGNTGN	264
Mfa4	236	NGVWPQIT---DWTVWG--ASLNTSPA--PDAGTGYTL DANGKVTALRIVTYLNER-----DSK	287
			
Mfa1	382	-KRGNTAYVLVRAKFTPKKEAFIDRGKTYSDNTAVPEYVAGEDDFVGENGQFYVSMKSVTDPKVGGVAGM	450
Mfa2	249	---ENTLSVTHKP-----	258
Mfa3	265	AENKPI NFFRLTTRG-----	279
Mfa4	288	---GATVEVALPRV-----DDG	301
			
Mfa1	451	KAHKYVKGVLYYAWLNPST-----TSPDSW-----WNSPVVRNNIYHIHIKSIKGLFNWMLVLPD	507
Mfa2	259	-----TGREIFRTDLVGAILS--SQYAQ-----NINLRCINDFDIRLVAHHCNCPD-----	302
Mfa3	280	-----GLVYDVPIITHEGAI PGGQYLPFAKGLLADKPSYTVYRNRHYIYRIKTLDP-----	330
Mfa4	302	TLPPPEFGPELYRLPLP-----DKILRNHWYKYEVEI-----	333
		 	
		<b>proline rich-region</b>	
Mfa1	508	FDPSNPENPNPNPNPDEPGTVPVPTDPENPLPQDTFMSVEVTVLPK-----	555
Mfa2	303	-----DTYVVVQI WING--ML-----	316
Mfa3	331	-----KIEVKYSICDNIVTNDTYMGYGYNVGVDEQGNV-----	364
Mfa4		-----	
			
Mfa1	556	-----VHSYEVDL--	563
Mfa2	317	-----IHSYEIEL--	324
Mfa3	365	TITNTMQNCDPHVVRLVAKNGAYFGSQPTDTSVEFTELANGASQTFKVNKDAVAVGSAYLEVYYNPD LNA	434
Mfa4		-----	
Mfa1		-----	
Mfa2		-----	
Mfa3	435	TGVVPDKVFIKK	446
Mfa4		-----	

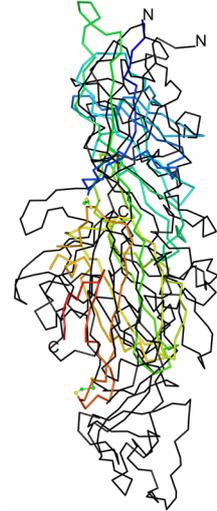
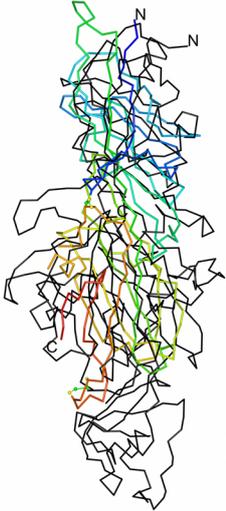
**Supplementary figure S2.** Structure assisted multiple sequence alignment of proteins building up the Mfa1 fimbria performed using PROMALS3D <sup>1</sup>. The alignment is based on the precursor sequences of each protein and the mMfa1, Mfa2, mMfa3 and Mfa4 (pdb code: 5dhm) structural models. Consensus secondary structure features are indicated as cylinders ( $\alpha$ -helices) and arrows ( $\beta$ -strands) below the alignment. Amino acids of specific interest are highlighted red (RgpA/B cleavage site), green (conserved tryptophan), purple (tryptophan interacting residues) and yellow (disulphide forming amino acids in Mfa2).

A



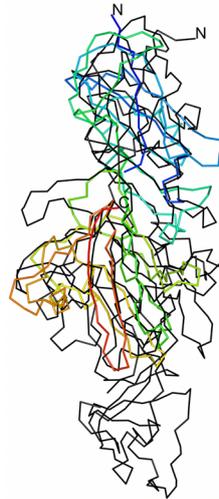
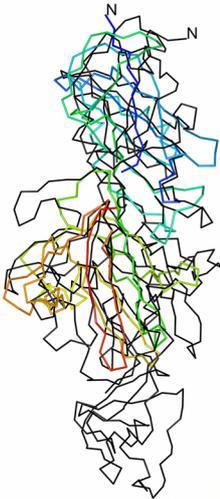
mMfa1/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

B



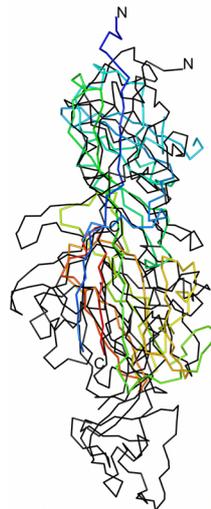
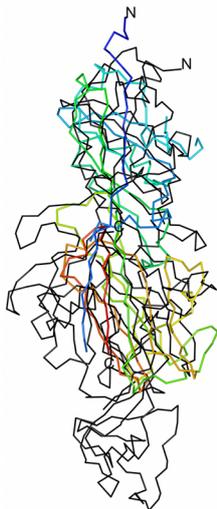
Mfa2/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

C



Mfa3/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

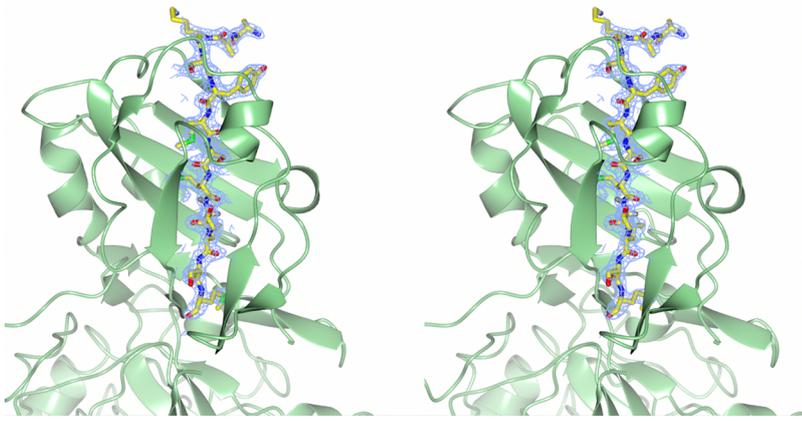
D



Mfa4/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

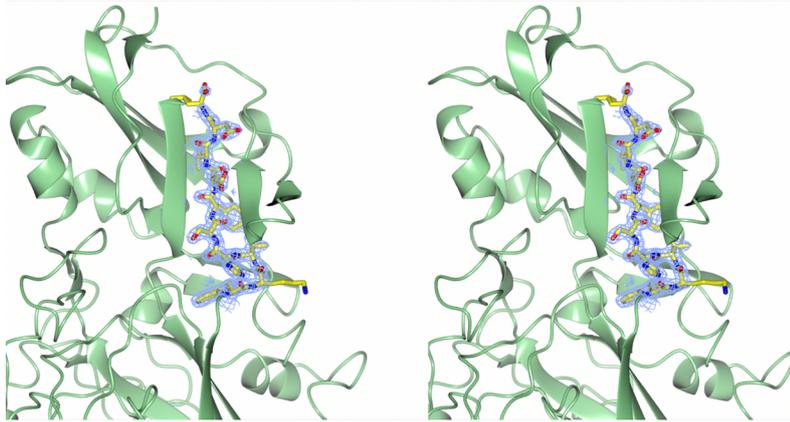
**Supplementary figure S3.** Structural comparison of the proteins building up the Mfa1 fimbria. The structural model of pMfa1 $\Delta$ <sub>9</sub> (shaft) is superimposed on the structures of **(a)** mMfa1 (shaft); **(b)** Mfa2 (anchor); **(c)** Mfa3 (tip) and **(d)** Mfa4 (tip). pMfa1 $\Delta$ <sub>9</sub> is depicted in black and the other structures are blended from the N-terminus (blue) to the C-terminus (red). The overlays are shown as C $\alpha$ -traces in stereo.

A



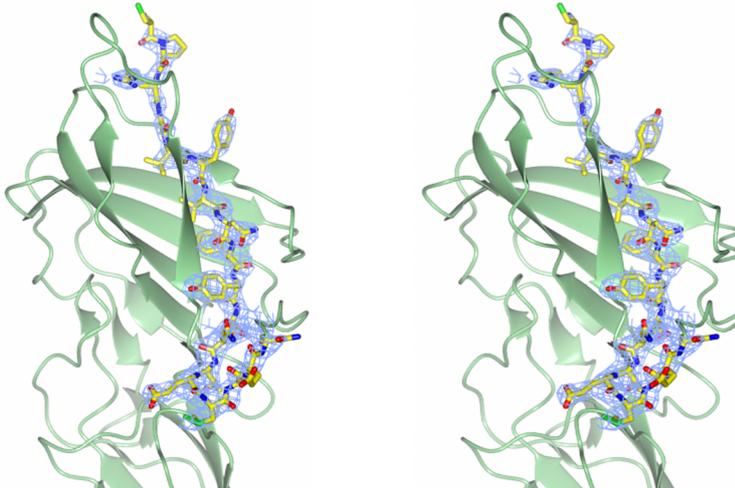
pMfa1 $\Delta$ 9

B



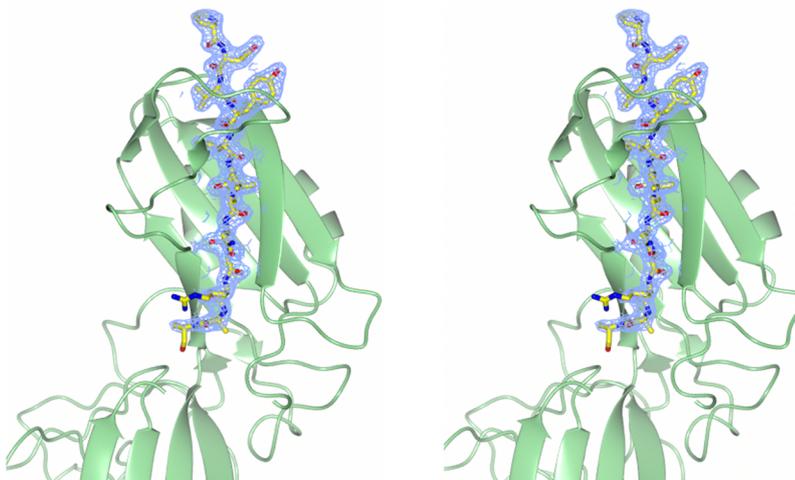
mMfa1

C



Mfa2

D



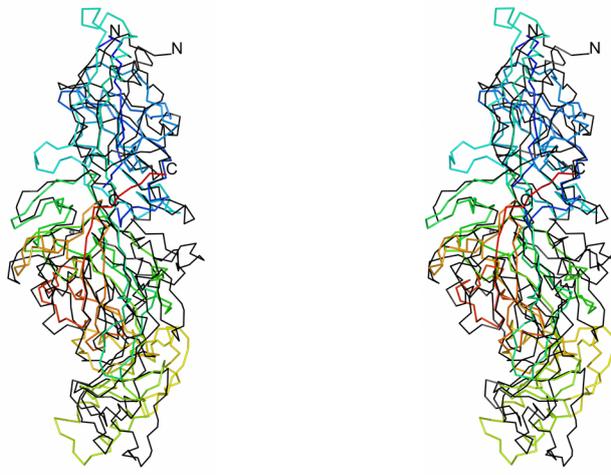
pMfa3

**Supplementary figure S4.** Highlighted N- and C-terminal structural features in  $\beta$ -sheet 1. **(a)** The N-terminal extension of pMfa1 $\Delta$ 9, **(b)** the final strand of mMfa1, **(c)** the N-terminal extension of Mfa2, anchored by a disulphide bond and **(d)** the N-terminal extension of pMfa3. All N- and C-terminal structural features are shown as stick models in a 2fo-fc map contoured at  $1\sigma$  in stereo.



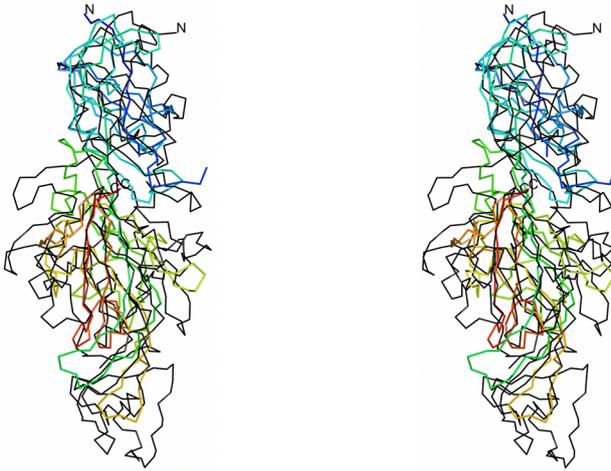
**Supplementary figure S5.** Structure assisted multiple sequence alignment of Mfa1 and the related shaft proteins BovFim3A from *B. ovatus* (pdb code: 4jrf), *P. distasonis* BdiFim3A (3liu), *B. eggerthii* BegFim1A (4gpv) and FimA from *P. gingivalis* strain W83 (4q98) performed using PROMALS3D. Consensus secondary structure features;  $\alpha$ -helices (h) and  $\beta$ -strands (e) are indicated below the alignment.

A



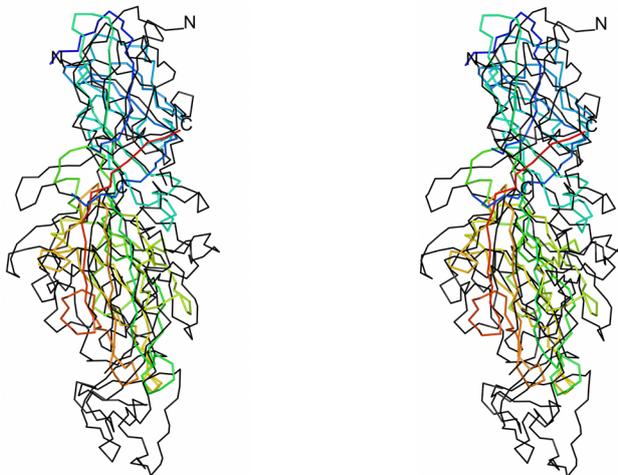
BovFim3A  
(*B. ovatus*)  
/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

B



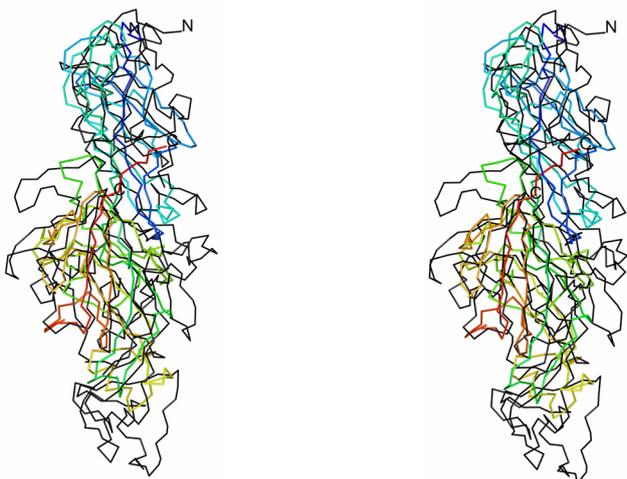
BdiFim3A  
(*P. distasonis*)  
/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

C



BegFim1A  
(*B. eggerthii*)  
/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

D



FimA  
(*P. gingivalis* W83)  
/Mfa1 $\Delta$ 9

**Supplementary figure S6.** Comparison between pMfa1 $\Delta$ 9 and structurally related shaft proteins. pMfa1 $\Delta$ 9 is superimposed on **(a)** fimbrial shaft protein BovFim3A from *B. ovatus* **(b)** *P. distasonis* BdiFim3A **(c)** *B. eggerthii* BegFim1A and **(d)** FimA from *P. gingivalis* strain W83. pMfa1 $\Delta$ 9 is depicted in black and the other structures are blended from the N-terminus (blue) to the C-terminus (red). The overlays are shown as C $\alpha$ -traces in stereo.

```

Mfa2          1  GAMDKMIYDNYDDCPRGVYVNFYSQTECAENPSYPAEVARLNVAFAFDKDGILRSAN-VFEDVQL--SAA- 66
BovFim2B     1  -GSCDSIREDL--PRCELWLEFVFDYNMEYADAFNPQVKSVDVLFVDSDDKLLFTK-SVKVAAL--VGG- 63
BthFim2B     1  -----ECRLSVKFKYDYNMEFADAFHAQVDKVELYVFDKNGKYLKQ-AEEGSALS-TGN- 53
BthFim3B     1  ---DLAP-----CPHGVS LRFIYDYNMEYANAFKVDCLTLLVYDENGNYVDTRRIVTGTTELQDEENY 61
Consensus_ss:          eeeeeeeee     hh eeeeeeee     eeee ee

Mfa2          67  KEWLIP--LEKDGLYTI-FAWGNI---DDHYNIGE----IKIGETTKQVLMRLKQDG-KWAT-NIDGT 123
BovFim2B     64  NRMSLTDELDF-GSYKV-LTVGSL---SDRFRSLDNAGNKLVPGTTTLQQVIVSLKKRETGGVN--FEFQ 126
BthFim2B     54  YLMEV-EELPV-GQYQFMMAWAGA---RDSYDIT-----SLTPGVSTLTDLKLKLRASLIIN--KRME 111
BthFim3B     62  RRMKLD-LKQQ-GNYHF-VAYGGLACNKSSFLMKYTP-----GEGTGYTDLQVELDSEC-LTNPRRKNLH 122
Consensus_ss:          eeee          eee eeee          eee      eeee eeeeeeeeeeee

Mfa2          124  TLWYATSPVVELKNMEDGADQYIHTRANLREYTNRV-TVSVDS----LPHPENYEIKLAS-SNGSYRFD 186
BovFim2B     127  HLYFGEVVEVDHL---PSNTNHKIYPVNLIRDTNRF-NLALMGY-EEN-----QYTFEIQAPENAVYSWE 186
BthFim2B     112  TLWYGEVINVNF-----GTVHQETETINLIRDTKIV-RFGFQSYTGSWTLDMNDYDYEIEIIE-SNGLGHD 174
BthFim3B     123  GLYWGE-LTLAT-----ADLYSEGTVEMMKNTNIRRVVLQOM-NGEPVDDKKFEFEITD-DNILFSYD 183
Consensus_ss:          eeeeeeeeeee     eeeeeeee     ee eeeee     eeeee     ee

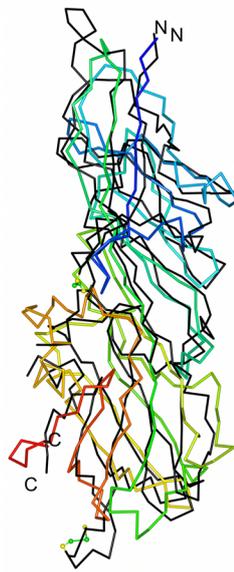
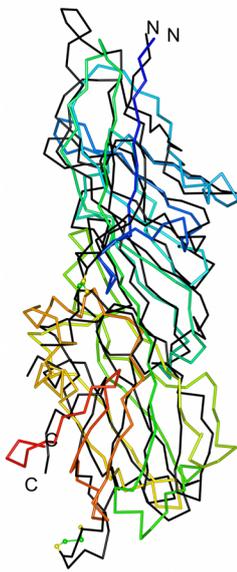
Mfa2          187  GTVAKADSTYYPG-ET-KVVG-----DSTCRAFTTLKLESG--HENT-LSVTHKPTGREIFRTDL 242
BovFim2B     187  NEPTGQGPITYVPYYT-----DVMSARLNTMRLNRSWGDYK-FIIRDANTEAEVWSYNL 241
BthFim2B     175  NSLLDDVLSFRPYMMEQKD-----PATAYVDMNTMRLMED--RKTR-LVLTEKASGKRVFDINL 232
BthFim3B     184  NNLENGMVTYTPWAQ-GQASAGTDEGREVVVAYAEIESTSRMLMVRDWYSPKKLTVRRKADGVEIINIPL 252
Consensus_ss:          eeeeeeeee     eeeeeeeeeeee     ee eeeee     eeee h

Mfa2          243  VGAILSSQYAQNI-----NLRCINDFIRLVAHHCNCPDDTYVVVQIW-IN-GWLIHSYEIEL 298
BovFim2B     242  MTLLSI-ARRPVSRYDGTLPFQYELDRQSEWNLVFTVVEKN--GGGFLQIGIVV--GTWIHWLHGME- 304
BthFim2B     233  IDYLAMMTNAEGK-----NLSTQEYLDROSNYHIIFLSES-----WLLAVQIVVNGWVHRIQENQ- 289
BthFim3B     253  INYLLM-LKSDLY-----ASMSQEFLDRESEWSMIFLSPN-----LEWIKTYIKINDWTVRIN----- 306
Consensus_ss:          hhhhhh h hhh          hh eeeeeeee     eeeeeeee eeeeeeee

```

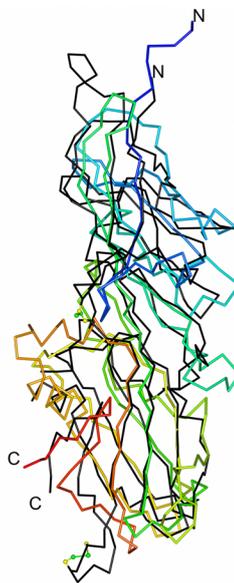
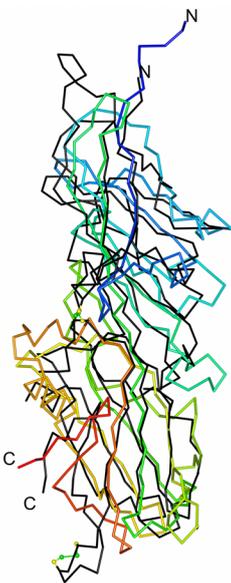
**Supplementary figure S7.** Structure assisted multiple sequence alignment of Mfa2 and the related anchor proteins BthFim2B and BthFim3B from *B. thetaiotaomicron* (pdb codes: 3gf8 and 4qdg) and BovFim2B from *B. ovatus* (3pay) performed using PROMALS3D. Consensus secondary structure features;  $\alpha$ -helices (h) and  $\beta$ -strands (e) are indicated below the alignment.

A



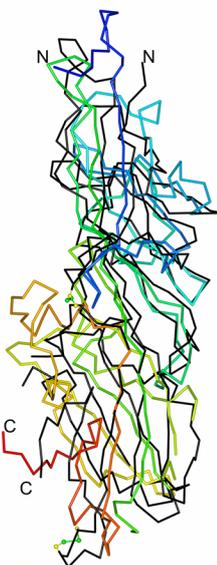
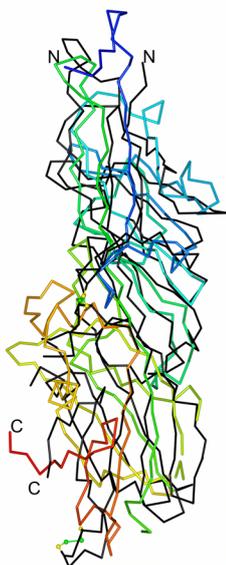
BthFim2B  
(*B. thetaiotaomicron*)  
/Mfa2

B



BthFim3B  
(*B. thetaiotaomicron*)  
/Mfa2

C



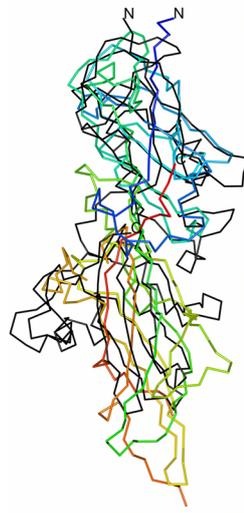
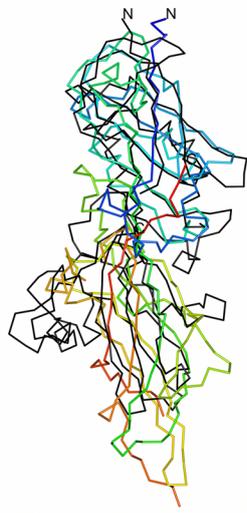
BovFim2B  
(*B. ovatus*)  
/Mfa2

**Supplementary figure S8.** Comparison between Mfa2 and structurally related anchor proteins. Mfa2 is superimposed on anchor proteins from *B. thetaiotaomicron* (**a**) BthFim2B and (**b**) BthFim3B and (**c**) *B. ovatus* (BovFim2B). Mfa2 is depicted in black and the other structures are blended from the N-terminus (blue) to the C-terminus (red). The overlays are shown as  $C\alpha$ -traces in stereo.



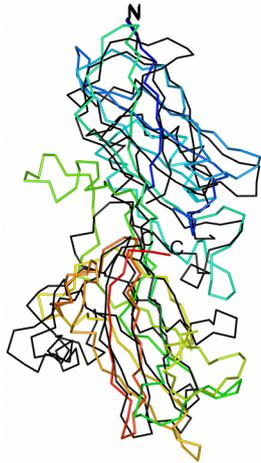
**Supplementary figure S9.** Structure assisted multiple sequence alignment of Mfa3 and the structurally related proteins BdiFim1C from *P. distasonis* (pdb code: 4jg5), BovFim2C from *B. ovatus* (3up6), BdiFim1A from *P. distasonis* (3liu) and FimA from *P. gingivalis* W83 (4q98) performed using PROMALS3D. Consensus secondary structure features;  $\alpha$ -helices (h) and  $\beta$ -strands (e) are indicated below the alignment.

A



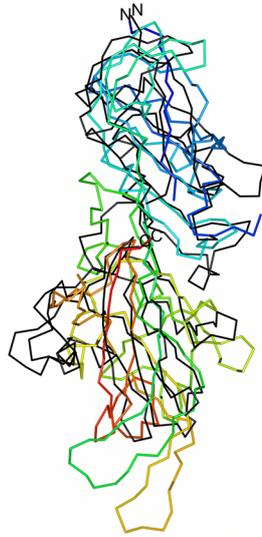
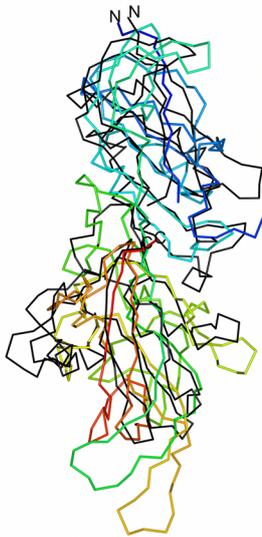
BdiFim1C  
(*P. distasonis*)  
/Mfa3

B



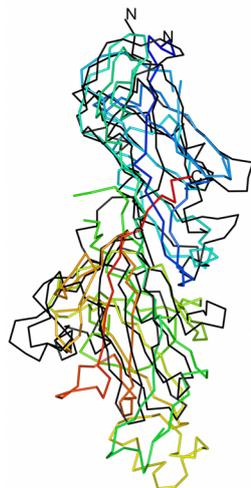
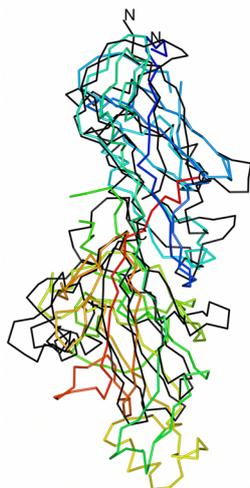
BovFim2C  
(*B. ovatus*)  
/Mfa3

C



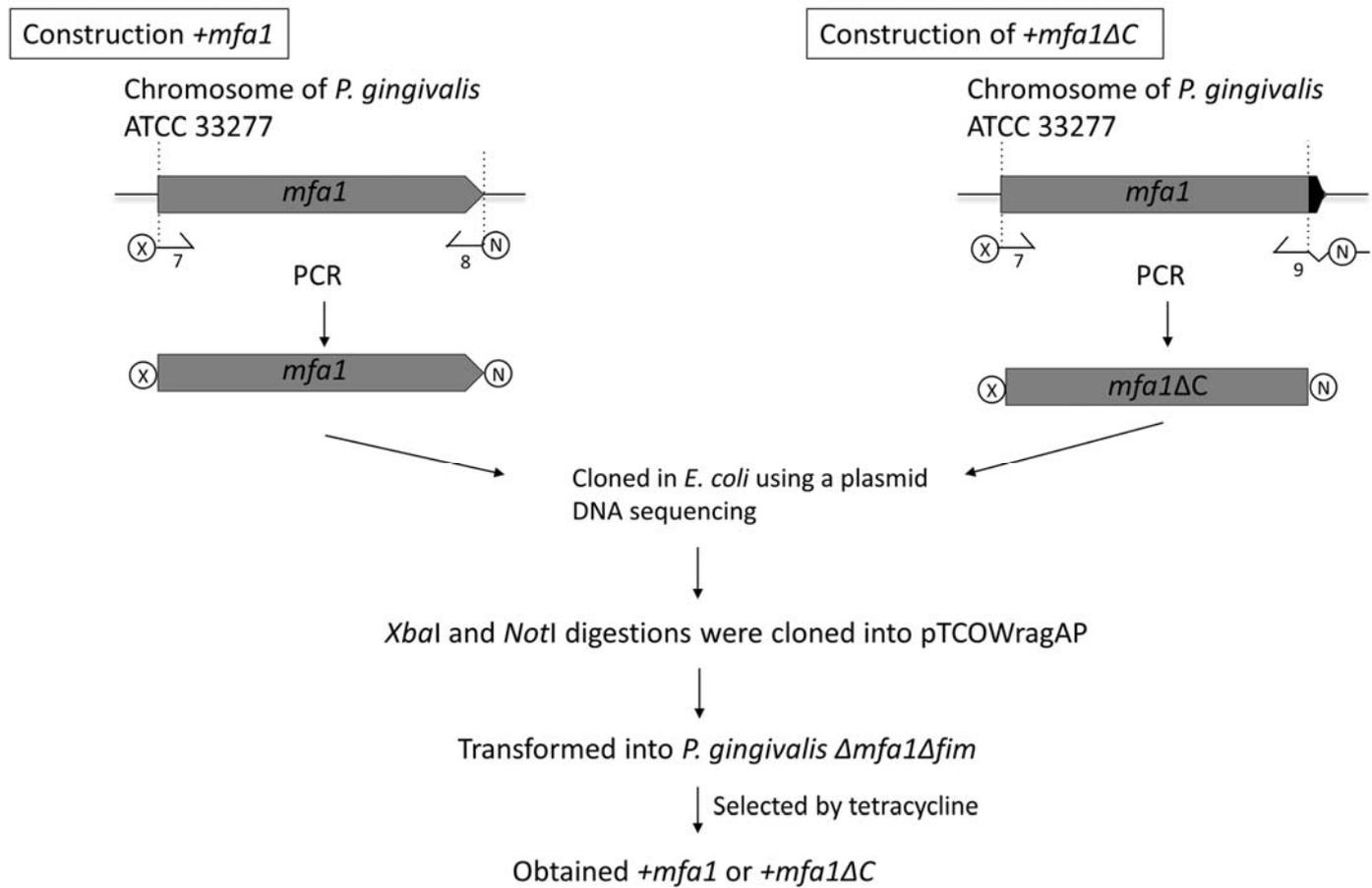
BdiFim1A  
(*P. distasonis*)  
/Mfa3

D



FimA  
(*P. gingivalis* W83)  
/Mfa3

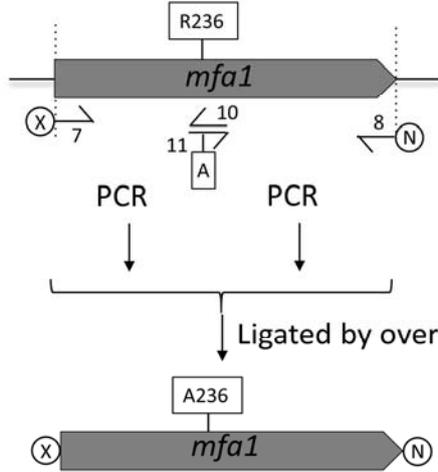
**Supplementary figure S10.** Comparison between Mfa3 and structurally related proteins. Mfa3 is superimposed on **(a)** a tip protein from *P. distasonis* (BdiFim1C ), **(b)** a shaft protein from *B. ovatus* (BovFim2C), **(c)** a fimbrial protein of unknown function from *P. distasonis* (BdiFim1A ) and **(d)** the shaft protein FimA from *P. gingivalis* W83. Mfa3 is depicted in black and the other structures are blended from the N-terminus (blue) to the C-terminus (red). The overlays are shown as C $\alpha$ -traces in stereo.



**Supplementary figure S11.** Construction of +*mfa1* and +*mfa1*ΔC *P. gingivalis* strains. Small arrows indicate the annealing sites of primers. X and N show *Xba*I and *Not*I restriction sites, respectively.

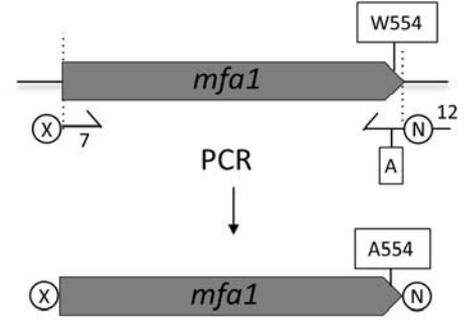
### Construction of *+mfa1R236A*

Chromosome of *P. gingivalis*  
ATCC 33277



### Construction of *+mfa1W554A*

Chromosome of *P. gingivalis*  
ATCC 33277

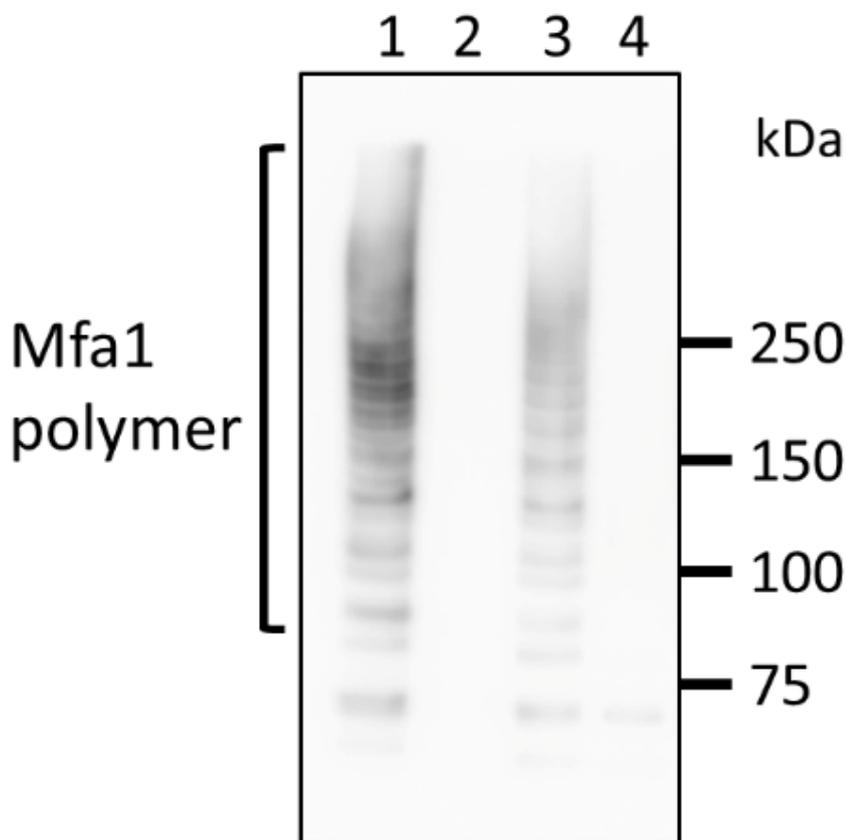


Cloned in *E. coli* using a plasmid  
DNA sequencing

*Xba*I and *Not*I digestions were cloned into pTCOWragAP  
and transformed into *P. gingivalis*  $\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$   
Obtained *+mfa1R236A* or *+mfa1W554A*

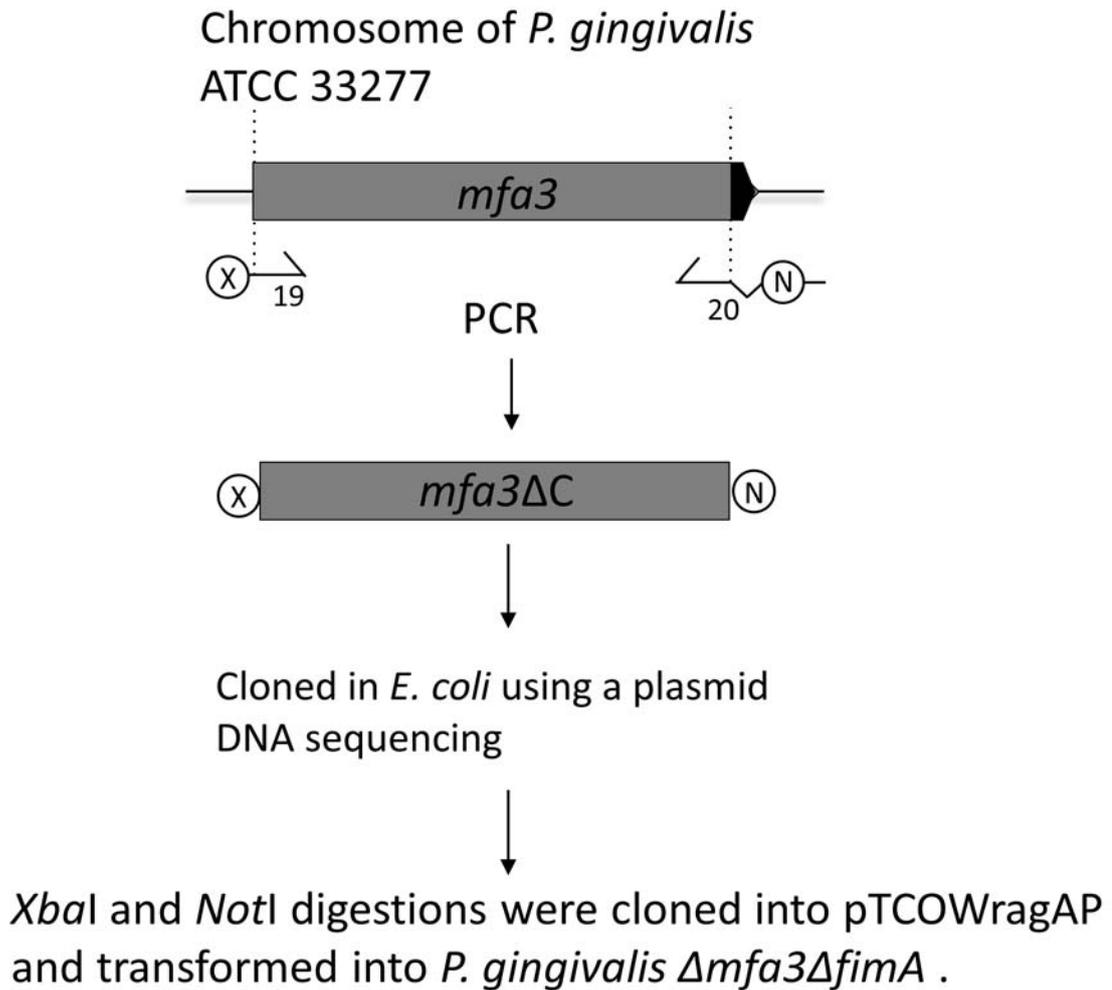
**Supplementary figure S12.** Construction of *+mfa1R236A* and *+mfa1W554A* *P. gingivalis* strains.

Small arrows indicate the annealing sites of primers. X and N show *Xba*I and *Not*I restriction sites, respectively



**Supplementary figure S13.** Analysis of Mfa1 denaturation at 42°C. Whole cell lysates were solubilized in SDS-buffer (containing 2-mercaptoethanol), heated to 42°C for 10 min, separated by SDS-PAGE, blotted to a PVDF membrane and probed with a polyclonal Mfa1 fimbriae antibody. Lanes: 1, JI-1; 2,  $\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$ ; 3, +*mfa1*; 4, +*mfa1* $\Delta C$ .

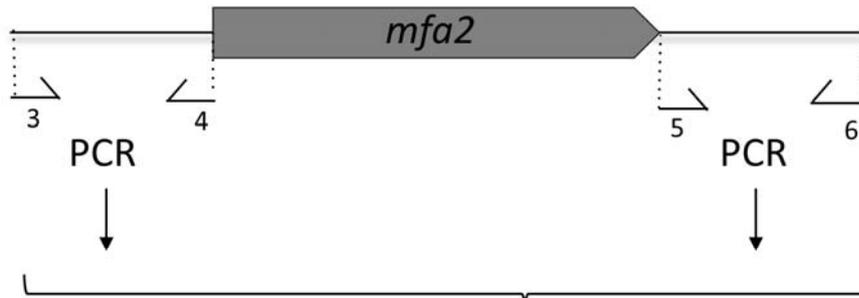
## Construction of *+mfa3ΔC*



**Supplementary figure S14.** Construction of *+mfa3ΔC* *P. gingivalis* strain. Small arrows indicate the annealing sites of the primers. X and N show *Xba*I and *Not*I restriction sites, respectively.

### Construction of $\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$

Chromosome of *P. gingivalis*  
ATCC 33277



Ligated by overlap extension PCR



Cloned in *E. coli* using a plasmid

Transformed *P. gingivalis* KDP98

Selected by chloramphenicol  
DNA sequencing

Obtained *mfa2*-deletion mutant of  $\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$

**Supplementary figure S15.** Construction of  $\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$  *P. gingivalis* strain. Small arrows indicate the annealing sites of primers. *cat* confers chloramphenicol resistance to *P. gingivalis*.

## Construction of *+mfa2*

Chromosome of *P. gingivalis*  
ATCC 33277



PCR

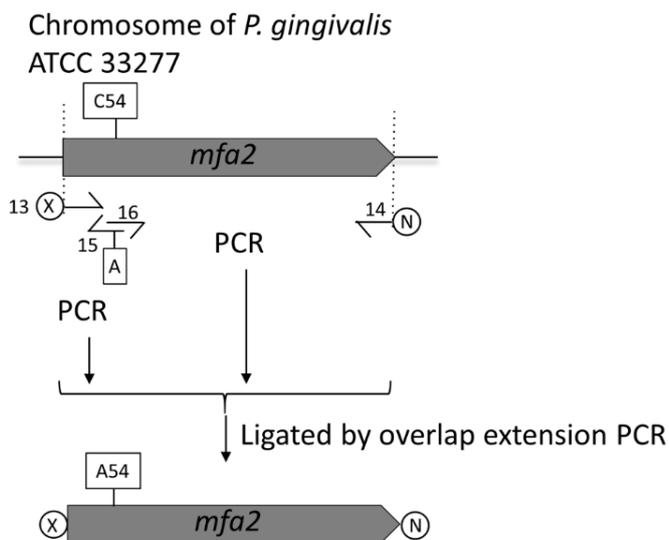


Cloned in *E. coli* using a plasmid  
DNA sequencing

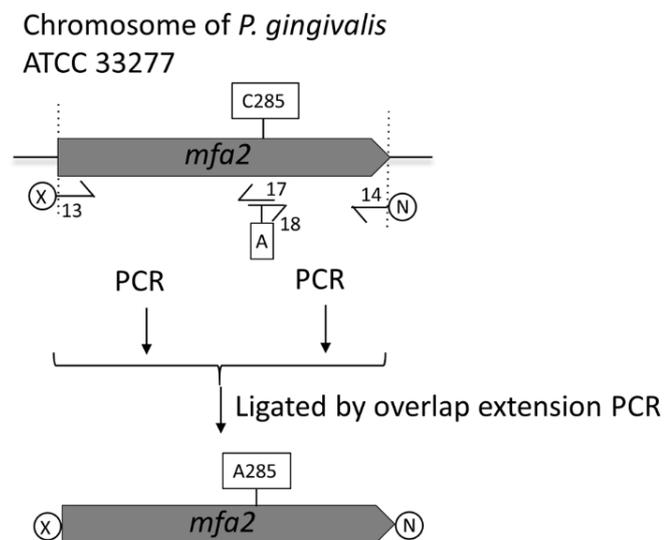
*Xba*I and *Not*I digestions were cloned into pTCOWragAP  
and transformed into *P. gingivalis*  $\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$   
Obtained *+mfa2*

**Supplementary figure S16.** Construction of *+mfa2* *P. gingivalis* strain. Small arrows indicate the annealing sites of the primers. X and N show *Xba*I and *Not*I restriction sites, respectively.

### Construction of +*mfa2C54A*



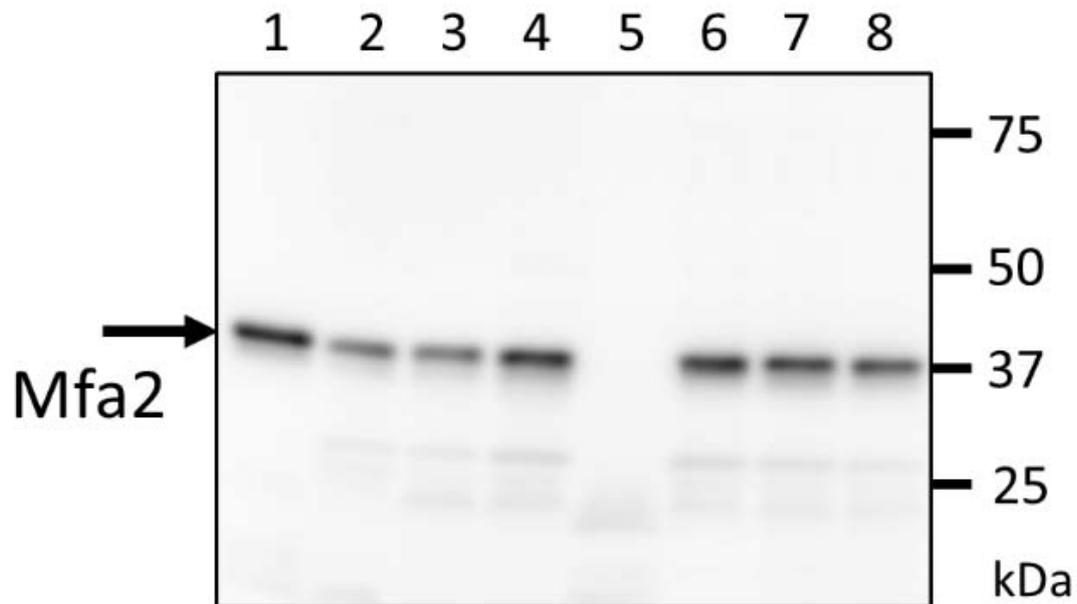
### Construction of +*mfa2C285A*



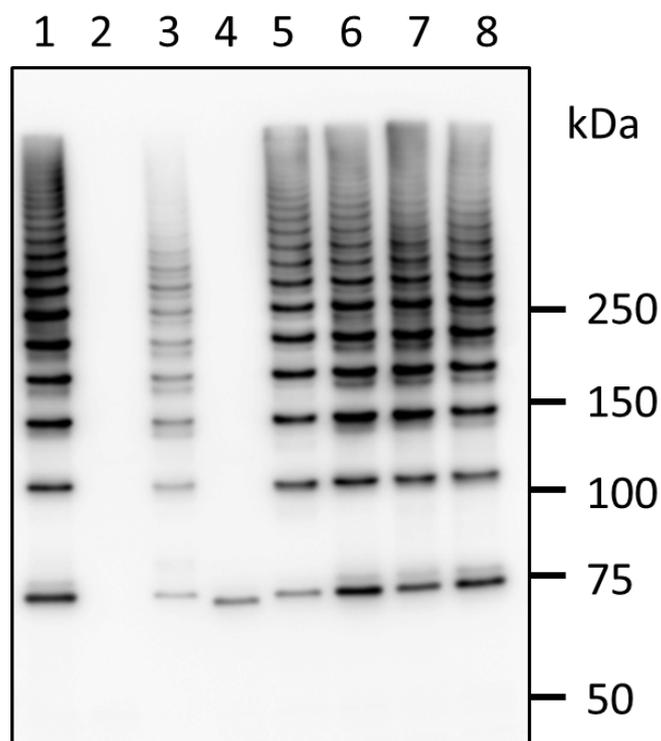
Cloned in *E. coli* using a plasmid  
DNA sequencing

*Xba*I and *Not*I digestions were cloned into pTCOWragAP  
and transformed into *P. gingivalis*  $\Delta$ *mfa2* $\Delta$ *fimA*

**Supplementary figure S17.** Construction of +*mfa2C54A* and +*mfa2C285A* *P. gingivalis* strains. Small arrows indicate the annealing sites of the primers. X and N show *Xba*I and *Not*I restriction sites, respectively.



**Supplementary figure S18.** Confirmation of Mfa2 protein expression in mutant strains. Whole cell lysates were solubilized in SDS-buffer (+2BME), heated at 100°C for 5 min, separated by SDS-PAGE, blotted to a PVDF membrane and probed with a polyclonal antibody against Mfa2. Lanes: 1, JI-1; 2,  $\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$ ; 3, +*mfa1*; 4, +*mfa1* $\Delta C$ ; 5,  $\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$  (negative control); 6, +*mfa2*; 7, +*mfa2C54A*; 8, +*mfa2C285A*.



**Supplementary figure S19.** Immunoblot analysis of Mfa1 polymerization under non-reducing conditions. Whole cell lysates solubilized in SDS buffer (-2BME) were heated to 80°C for 5 min, separated by SDS-PAGE, blotted to a PVDF membrane and probed with a polyclonal Mfa1 fimbriae antibody. Lanes: 1, JI-1; 2,  $\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$ ; 3, +*mfa1*; 4, +*mfa1* $\Delta C$ ; 5,  $\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$ ; 6, +*mfa2*; 7, +*mfa2C54A*; 8, +*mfa2C285A*.

**Supplementary Table S1:** Pairwise structural comparison between Mfa1 and other fimbrial proteins building up the Mfa1 fimbria of *P. gingivalis* ATCC33277. The structures of Mfa1, Mfa2 and Mfa3 and Mfa4<sup>2</sup>.

Structure/PDB aligned with Mfa1Δ9 (shaft)	z-score	lali	nres	r.m.s.d.	% identity
Shaft mMfa1	55.7	470	497	0.4	100
Mfa2, anchor	9.4	211	277	4.5	10
Mfa3, tip	16.3	255	295	3.7	11
Mfa4 (5dhm), tip	13.6	228	287	3.4	15

**Supplementary Table S2:** Pairwise structural comparison between Mfa2 and other fimbrial proteins building up the Mfa1 fimbria of *P. gingivalis* ATCC33277. Statistics were obtained by DALI<sup>3</sup>.

Structure/PDB aligned with Mfa2 (anchor)	z-score	lali	nres	r.m.s.d.	% identity
Mfa1Δ9 (shaft)	9.4	211	277	4.5	10
Mfa3, tip	11.8	212	277	4.9	11
Mfa4 (5dhm), tip	10.3	187	268	4.1	10

**Supplementary Table S3:** Pairwise structural comparison between Mfa3 and other fimbrial proteins building up the Mfa1 fimbria of *P. gingivalis* ATCC33277. Statistics were obtained by DALI<sup>3</sup>.

Structure/PDB aligned with Mfa3 (tip)	z-score	lali	nres	r.m.s.d.	% identity
Mfa1Δ9 (shaft)	16.3	255	295	3.7	11
Mfa2 (anchor)	11.8	212	277	4.9	11
Mfa4 (5dhm), tip	14.4	191	266	2.5	20

**Supplementary Table S4.** Structural comparison between Mfa1 and other fimbrial proteins<sup>4</sup> as obtained by DALI<sup>3</sup>.

Structure/PDB aligned with Mfa1Δ9	organism	z-score	lali	nres	rmsd	% identity
BovFim3A shaft, 4jrf	<i>Bacteroides ovatus</i>	22.6	325	479	3.3	22
BdiFim3A shaft, 3liu	<i>Parabacteroides distasonis</i>	16.0	262	373	3.7	16
BegFim1A shaft, 4gpv	<i>Bacteroides eggerthii</i>	14.6	254	328	3.8	14
FimA, shaft 4q98	<i>Porphyromonas gingivalis</i> W83	14.7	256	357	3.4	18

**Supplementary Table 5:** Proteins structurally related to Mfa2 as obtained by DALI<sup>3</sup>.

Structure/PDB aligned with Mfa2	organism	z-score	lali	nres	rmsd	% identity
BthFim2B anchor, 3gf8	<i>Bacteroides thetaiotaomicron</i>	24.4	262	284	2.7	21
BthFim3B anchor, 4qdg	<i>Bacteroides thetaiotaomicron</i>	23.2	258	302	3.0	16
BovFim2B anchor, 3pay	<i>Bacteroides ovatus</i>	22.7	260	313	2.9	17

**Supplementary Table 6:** Proteins structurally related to Mfa3 as obtained by DALI<sup>3</sup>.

Structure/PDB aligned with Mfa3 (tip)	organism	z-score	lali	nres	rmsd	% identity
BdiFim1C tip, 4jg5	<i>Parabacteroides distasonis</i>	17.8	241	336	3.5	15
BovFim2C unknown,3up6	<i>Bacteroides ovatus</i>	17.6	248	324	3.0	12
BdiFim1A, shaft, 3liu	<i>Parabacteroides distasonis</i>	17.3	246	372	3.5	15
FimA, shaft, 4q98	<i>Porphyromonas gingivalis</i> W83	16.7	231	357	2.7	15

**Supplementary Table S7.** Primers used in this study.

<b>Primer</b>	<b>Sequence (5'-3')</b>	<b>Description of underline</b>	<b>Primer number in supplemental Figs.</b>
<b>Construction of recombinant proteins</b>			
mMfa1F	AAA <u>ACCATGG</u> CGGGTGACGGACAGGAT	<i>NcoI</i> site	
pMfa1F	AAA <u>ACCATGG</u> GTAAGAGGGCAATGGC	<i>NcoI</i> site	
Mfa1R	AAA <u>AGGTACCT</u> TAGAGATCAACCTCATA	<i>Acc65I</i> site	
Mfa1Δ8R	AAA <u>AGGTACCT</u> TACCAAGGCAAAACTGTAAC	<i>Acc65I</i> site	
Mfa2F	AAA <u>ACCATGG</u> ATAAGATGATTTATGAC	<i>NcoI</i> site	
Mfa2R	TTTT <u>GGTACCT</u> TAAAGTTCTATTTTCGTAAC	<i>Acc65I</i> site	
pMfa3F	AAA <u>ATCATG</u> AGAGGAGTTGATCCACAG	<i>PagI</i> site	
Mfa3R	AAAA <u>AGGTAC</u> CCTATTTCTTGATAAAAAC	<i>Acc65I</i> site	
<b>Construction of complemented strains of <i>mfa1</i></b>			
Mfa1WTxbF	TTAATATTAATCCTTTTAAACATTT <u>CTAGA</u> ATGAAG TTAAACAAAATGTTTTTG	<i>XbaI</i> site	7
Mfa1WTnoR	CACCCTCAAAAAGAAAATTTTACAG <u>CGGCCG</u> CCTT AGAGATCAACCTCATAGGAATG	<i>NotI</i> site	8
Mfa1ΔCnoR	CCCACCCTCAAAAAGAAAATTTTACAG <u>CGGCCG</u> C TTAATGAACCTTCCAAGGCAAAACTGTAACC	<i>NotI</i> site	9
Mfa1R236AR	<u>ACCATCGCACGTGCTACAGACGCCTCCACCGTAA</u> <u>CCTTGGCCT</u>	Ala mutation and overlapping region of Mfa1R236AR	10
Mfa1R236AF	<u>AGGCCAAGGTTACGGTGGAGGCGTCTGTAGCACG</u> <u>TGCGATGGT</u>	Ala mutation and overlapping region of Mfa1R236AF	11
Mfa1W554AR	CACCCTCAAAAAGAAAATTTTACAG <u>CGGCCG</u> CCTT AGAGATCAACCTCATAGGAATGAACCTT <u>CGCAGG</u> CAAAACTGTAACCTCAA	<i>NotI</i> site and Ala mutation	12
<b>Construction of <i>Δmfa2ΔfimA</i></b>			
AGU01	ATGGAGAAAAAATCACTGGA		1
AGU02	TTACGCCCCGCCCTGCCACTC		2
Mfa2upF	GTCAGGTGCTAATGCTGCCTCG		3
Mfa2upR	<u>CCAGTGATTTTTTCTCCAT</u> TGTTTTAAAAAATATA GAGGG	Overlapping region of 5' end of <i>cat</i>	4
Mfa2downF	<u>GCAGGGCGGGGCGTA</u> AGAGAAAAAAGACCGGTT CTTC	Overlapping region of 3' end of <i>cat</i>	5
Mfa2downR	GGCCATGGCAGTCTGCATATTG		6

**Construction of complemented strains of *mfa2***

Mfa2WTxbF	TTCTCCCACCCTCTATATTTTTTTCTAGAAATGAACA AACGGAAGCATATGG	<i>Xba</i> I site	13
Mfa2WTnoR	GAAAGCGAGTGAAGAACCGGTCTGCGGCCGCTTA AAGTTCTATTTTCGTA ACTATG	<i>Not</i> I site	14
Mfa2C54AR	<u>ATTTTCGGCAGCCTCAGTCTGAGAATAGAAGTTG</u>	Ala mutation and overlapping region of Mfa2C54AF	15
Mfa2C54AF	<u>GACTGAGGCTGCCGAAAATCCTTCTTATCCTGCG</u>	Ala mutation and overlapping region of Mfa2C54AR	16
Mfa2C285AR	<u>AAGTCATTGATAGCGCGCAAGTTGATATTTTGAGC</u> ATAC	Ala mutation and overlapping region of Mfa2C285AF	17
Mfa2C285AF	<u>CAACTTGCGCGCTATCAATGACTTCGATATAAGGT</u> TGG	Ala mutation and overlapping region of Mfa2C285AR	18

**Construction of +*mfa3*ΔC**

cMfa3F	ATACACTTCTAGAAATGATGCAGCTTAAAAAGAGAT	<i>Xba</i> I site	19
Mfa3ΔCnoR	CACTCGTTAACAACGAGGCATATAACAAATACTTT TTCATGCGGCCGCCTAGACCCCTGTTGCATTCAGA TCCGGGTTATAATAAACCTCC	<i>Not</i> I site	20

---

**Supplementary Table S8.** *Porphyromonas gingivalis* strains used in this study.

Strain	Genotype and Relevant Description <sup>1</sup>	Reference
Jl-1	<i>fimA</i> deletion mutant from ATCC 33277, Cp <sup>r</sup>	5
KDP98	<i>fimA</i> deletion mutant from ATCC 33277, Em <sup>r</sup>	6
$\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$	<i>mfa1</i> and <i>fimA-E</i> deletion mutant, Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup>	7
$\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$	<i>mfa2</i> and <i>fimA</i> deletion mutant, Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup>	This study
$\Delta mfa3\Delta fimA$	<i>mfa3</i> and <i>fimA</i> deletion mutant, Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup>	8
+ <i>mfa1</i>	$\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$ complemented with intact <i>mfa1</i> through pTCOWragAP:: <i>mfa1</i> , Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup> . A control strain for + <i>mfa1</i> $\Delta C$ , + <i>mfa1R236A</i> and + <i>mfa1W554A</i>	This study
+ <i>mfa1</i> $\Delta C$	$\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$ complemented with <i>mfa1</i> deleting C-terminal region (SYEVDL), Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup>	This study
+ <i>mfa1R236A</i>	$\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$ complemented with <i>mfa1</i> point mutation R236A, Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup>	This study
+ <i>mfa1W554A</i>	$\Delta mfa1\Delta fim$ complemented with <i>mfa1</i> point mutation W554A, Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup>	This study
+ <i>mfa2</i>	$\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$ complemented with intact <i>mfa2</i> through pTCOWragAP:: <i>mfa2</i> , Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup> . A control strain for + <i>mfa2</i> C54A and C285A.	This study
+ <i>mfa2</i> C54A	$\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$ complemented with <i>mfa2</i> point mutation C54A, Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup>	This study
+ <i>mfa2</i> C285A	$\Delta mfa2\Delta fimA$ complemented with <i>mfa2</i> point mutation C285A, Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup>	This study
+ <i>mfa3</i>	$\Delta mfa3\Delta fimA$ complemented with intact <i>mfa3</i> through pTCOWragAP:: <i>mfa3</i> , Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup> . A control strain for + <i>mfa3</i> $\Delta C$ .	8
+ <i>mfa3</i> $\Delta C$	$\Delta mfa3\Delta fimA$ complemented with <i>mfa3</i> deleting C-terminal region (VPDKVFIKK), Cp <sup>r</sup> Em <sup>r</sup> Tc <sup>r</sup>	This study

<sup>1</sup> Cp<sup>r</sup>, chloramphenicol resistance; Em<sup>r</sup>, erythromycin resistance; Tc<sup>r</sup>, tetracycline resistance.

<sup>2</sup> ATCC, American Type Culture Collection.

1. Pei, J., Kim, B.H. & Grishin, N.V. PROMALS3D: a tool for multiple protein sequence and structure alignments. *Nucleic Acids Res* **36**, 2295-300 (2008).
2. Kloppsteck, P., Hall, M., Hasegawa, Y. & Persson, K. Structure of the fimbrial protein Mfa4 from *Porphyromonas gingivalis* in its precursor form: implications for a donor-strand complementation mechanism. *Sci Rep* **6**, 22945 (2016).
3. Holm, L. & Rosenstrom, P. Dali server: conservation mapping in 3D. *Nucleic Acids Res* **38**, W545-9 (2010).
4. Xu, Q. et al. A Distinct Type of Pilus from the Human Microbiome. *Cell* **165**, 690-703 (2016).
5. Hasegawa, Y. et al. Anchoring and length regulation of *Porphyromonas gingivalis* Mfa1 fimbriae by the downstream gene product Mfa2. *Microbiology* **155**, 3333-47 (2009).
6. Watanabe-Kato, T. et al. Isolation and characterization of transposon-induced mutants of *Porphyromonas gingivalis* deficient in fimbriation. *Microb Pathog* **24**, 25-35 (1998).
7. Nagano, K. et al. *Porphyromonas gingivalis* FimA fimbriae: fimbrial assembly by fimA alone in the fim gene cluster and differential antigenicity among fimA genotypes. *PLoS One* **7**, e43722 (2012).
8. Hasegawa, Y. et al. Localization and function of the accessory protein Mfa3 in *Porphyromonas gingivalis* Mfa1 fimbriae. *Mol Oral Microbiol* **28**, 467-80 (2013).