## **Diagnostic value of WIF1 methylation for colorectal cancer: a meta-analysis**

## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

	CRC Normal			al		Odds Ratio		Odds Ratio			
Study or Subgroup	Events	Total	Events	Total	Weight	M-H, Fixed, 95% Cl	Year	M-H, Fixed, 95% Cl			
1.5.1 Asian											
Qi Jian 2007	61	72	9	58	11.6%	30.19 [11.59, 78.68]	2007	_ <b>_</b>			
Bo Bin Lee 2009	180	243	3	148	7.4%	138.10 [42.49, 448.82]	2009				
Gao Bo 2010	19	27	0	8	1.7%	39.00 [2.01, 755.45]	2010	———•			
Samaei NM 2014	52	125	0	125	2.2%	179.29 [10.90, 2947.74]	2014				
Hu Zhang 2014	29	48	1	30	3.7%	44.26 [5.55, 352.79]	2014				
Fang Yuan 2014	13	14	2	16	1.0%	91.00 [7.35, 1126.89]	2014	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Guangyue Yin 2016	30	50	2	32	7.4%	22.50 [4.83, 104.86]	2016				
Subtotal (95% CI)		579		417	35.1%	64.33 [35.34, 117.09]					
Total events	384		17								
Heterogeneity: Chi <sup>2</sup> = 6.62, df = 6 (P = 0.36); l <sup>2</sup> = 9%											
Test for overall effect: Z = 1	13.63 (P <	< 0.000	01)								
1.5.2 European											
Aurelien Amiot (2) 2014	31	247	2	157	16.3%	11.12 [2.62, 47.17]					
Aurelien Amiot (3) 2014	26	247	2	157	16.7%	9.12 [2.13, 38.98]					
Aurelien Amiot (1) 2014	18	247	1	157	8.6%	12.26 [1.62, 92.80]					
Árpád V. Patai 2015	14	17	2	15	2.9%	30.33 [4.35, 211.49]	2015				
Subtotal (95% CI)		758		486	44.4%	11.83 [5.06, 27.64]		-			
Total events	89		7								
Heterogeneity: Chi <sup>2</sup> = 1.04	, df = 3 (F	P = 0.79	l); I² = 0%								
Test for overall effect: Z = 9	5.70 (P <	0.0000	1)								
1.5.3 African											
Rania AD 2014	73	83	17	43	20.5%	11.16 [4.54, 27.47]	2014				
Subtotal (95% CI)		83		43	20.5%	11.16 [4.54, 27.47]		-			
Total events	73		17								
Heterogeneity: Not applica	able										
Test for overall effect: Z = 9	5.25 (P <	0.0000	1)								
								•			
Total (95% CI)		1420		946	<b>100.0</b> %	30.10 [19.48, 46.50]		•			
Total events	546		41								
Heterogeneity: Chi <sup>2</sup> = 18.8	6, df = 11	(P = 0	.06); l² = 4	42%							
Test for overall effect: Z = 1		decrease risk increase risk									
Test for subgroup differences: Chi <sup>2</sup> = 15.37. df = 2 (P = 0.0005). l <sup>2</sup> = 87.0%											

Supplementary Figure 1: Subgroup meta-analysis by ethnicity of WIF1 methylation in CRC.

	CRC	:	Norm	al		Odds Ratio	Odds Ratio			
Study or Subgroup	Events	Total	Events	Total	Weight	M-H, Random, 95% Cl	Year	M-H, Random, 95% Cl		
1.4.1 Tissues										
Qi Jian 2007	61	72	9	58	14.1%	30.19 [11.59, 78.68]	2007			
Bo Bin Lee 2009	180	243	3	148	11.9%	138.10 [42.49, 448.82]	2009			
Fang Yuan 2014	13	14	2	16	4.5%	91.00 [7.35, 1126.89]	2014			
Samaei NM 2014	52	125	0	125	3.8%	179.29 [10.90, 2947.74]	2014			
Rania AD 2014	73	83	17	43	14.8%	11.16 [4.54, 27.47]	2014	_ <b>_</b>		
Árpád V. Patai 2015	14	17	2	15	6.7%	30.33 [4.35, 211.49]	2015			
Subtotal (95% CI)		554		405	55.8%	43.45 [15.38, 122.73]				
Total events	393		33							
Heterogeneity: Tau <sup>2</sup> = 1.01	l; Chi <sup>z</sup> = 1	5.31, 0	lf = 5 (P =	0.009)	); l² = 67%	)				
Test for overall effect: Z = 3	7.12 (P <	0.0000	1)							
1.4.2 Feces and Serum										
Aurelien Amiot (3) 2014	26	247	2	157	9.6%	9.12 [2.13, 38.98]				
Aurelien Amiot (2) 2014	31	247	2	157	9.7%	11.12 [2.62, 47.17]				
Aurelien Amiot (1) 2014	18	247	1	157	6.3%	12.26 [1.62, 92.80]				
Gao Bo 2010	19	27	0	8	3.5%	39.00 [2.01, 755.45]	2010			
Hu Zhang 2014	29	48	1	30	6.1%	44.26 [5.55, 352.79]	2014			
Guangyue Yin 2016	30	50	2	32	9.0%	22.50 [4.83, 104.86]	2016			
Subtotal (95% CI)		866		541	44.2%	15.81 [7.74, 32.26]		-		
Total events	153		8							
Heterogeneity: Tau <sup>2</sup> = 0.00	); Chi² = 2	2.35, df	= 5 (P = (	0.80); P	'= 0%					
Test for overall effect: Z = 1	7.58 (P <	0.0000	1)							
Total (95% CI)		1420		946	100.0%	27.03 [14.83, 49.26]		•		
Total events	546		41							
Heterogeneity: Tau <sup>2</sup> = 0.42	2; Chi <sup>2</sup> = 1	8.86, c	lf = 11 (P	= 0.06)	; l² = 42%	,				
Test for overall effect: Z =	10.77 (P <	< 0.000	01)				-	voure experimental. Feveure control		
Test for subgroup differences: Chi <sup>2</sup> = 2.47. df = 1 (P = 0.12), l <sup>2</sup> = 59.6%										

Supplementary Figure 2: Subgroup meta-analyses by sample type of *WIF1* methylation in CRC.



Supplementary Figure 3: Forest plots of sensitivities, specificities diagnostic odds ratio (DOR), and summary receiver operating characteristic (SROC) curves of *WIF1* hypermethylation as a diagnostic biomarker for CRC in tissues. AUC stands for area under the curve.



Supplementary Figure 4: Forest plots of sensitivities, specificities diagnostic odds ratio (DOR), and summary receiver operating characteristic (SROC) curves of *WIF1* hypermethylation as a diagnostic biomarker for CRC in feces. AUC stands for area under the curve.



Supplementary Figure 5: The expression value changes with and without 5AZA treatment in CRC cell lines (HCT116 and PKO) derive from the GEO database (GSE32323). *WIF1* expression profiles for two CRC cell lines were measured by Affymetrix HG-U133 Plus 2.0 arrays. And the normalized gene expression levels were presented as log2-transformed values by robust multi-array average. 5AZA: cell line with 5-AZA-deoxycitidine treatment.

Supplementary Table 1: QUADAS assessment for the eligible studies

Item	Qi et al	Yin et al	Gao et al	Fang <i>et al</i>	Rania <i>et al</i>	Amiot et al	Árpád et al	Samaei <i>et al</i>	Hu et al	Lee et al
1. Was the spectrum of patients representative of the patients who will receive the test in practice?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2. Were selection criteria clearly described?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3. Is the reference standard likely to correctly classify the target condition?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4. Is the time period between reference standard and index test short enough to be reasonably sure that the target condition did not change between the two tests?	Yes	Not clear	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Not clear	Yes	Yes	Yes
5. Did the whole sample or a random selection of the sample receive verifcation using a reference standard?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6. Did patients receive the same reference standard regardless of the index test result?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7. Was the reference standard independent of the index test (i.e., the index test did not form part of the reference standard)?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8. Was the execution of the index test described in sufficient detail to permit replication of the test?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9. Was the execution of the reference standard described in sufficient detail to permit its replication?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
10. Were the index test results interpreted without knowledge of the results of the reference standard?	Not clear	Not clear	Yes	Not clear	Not clear	Not clear	Not clear	Not clear	Yes	Not clear
11. Were the reference standard results interpreted without knowledge of the results of the index test?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12. Were the same clinical data available when test results were interpreted as would be available when the test is used in practice?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
13. Were uninterpretable/ intermediate test results reported?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
14. Were withdrawals from the study explained?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes