Appendix 3 Studies conducted in mainland China that were explicitly labelled as pragmatic trials

We searched PubMed and Chinese Biomedical Literature Database (CBM) to identify studies conducted in mainland China that were explicitly labelled as pragmatic trials, published as a full-text article either in English or Chinese. The following search strategy was used in the PubMed database, and modified in CBM database to find the relevant trials:

((((pragmatic[Title/Abstract]) OR practical[Title/Abstract])) AND ((China[Title/Abstract]) OR Chinese[Title/Abstract])) AND trial[Title/Abstract]

Our search yielded 556 reports, of which 25 were potentially eligible after title and abstract screening. A total of 16 RCTs were eligible upon reviewing full texts.

Reference	Type of study	Study setting	Participants	Interventions	Primary outcome(s)	Follow- up	Funding
Feng <i>et al</i> . (2007) ¹	Three-arm pragmatic cluster RCT	Schools in Chengdu	305 children with at least one visible white-spot lesion	Intervention arms: supervised daily teeth brushing with (1) a sodium fluoride, or (2) sodium monofluorophosphate dentifrice Control arm: supervised daily teeth brushing with a herbal, non-fluoride placebo dentifrice	DeltaQ (product of fluorescence loss and area) at a 5% threshold after 6 months of product use.	N/A	N/A
Wei <i>et al</i> . (2010) ²	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	A general hospital in Henan Province	176 patients with myelodysplasti c syndrome	Intervention arm: Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) formula for clearing away heat and detoxification + stanozolol Control arm: stanozolol + vitamin B ₆	Effective rate at 6 months of follow-up	6 months	N/A
Yu et al. (2010) ³	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	General and TCM hospitals in Beijing, Tianjin, Henan, Hebei and Shandong	300 inpatients with ischemic stroke	Intervention arm: standard care + TCM rehabilitation treatment Control arm: standard care + modern rehabilitation treatment	Change in the National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale (NIHSS) pre- and post- intervention	N/A	The National High Technology Research and Development Program of China (863 Program)
Tian <i>et al.</i> (2011) ⁴	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	General and infectious disease hospitals in Beijing, Guangzhou, Kunming, Guangxi and Xinjiang	153 HIV/AIDS patients with chronic diarrhoea	Intervention arm: Jianpizhixie granule Control arm: Loperamide capsules	Changes in Diarrhea Questionnaire score, total stool volume and frequency between baseline and post- intervention	N/A	National Science and Technology Major Program during the Eleventh Five-year Plan Period

Ye et al. (2011) ⁵	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	Twelve hospitals across China	700 inpatients with acute ischemic stroke	Intervention arm: Kudiezi injection + standard care + TCM rehabilitation treatment Control arm: standard care and modern rehabilitation treatment	Changes in NIHSS score between baseline and 7, 14 and 21 days of treatment	N/A	National Science and Technology Major Program for "Significant New Drug Development", National High Technology Research and Development Program of China (863 Program), independent project topic selection of China Academy of Chinese Medical Science
Li <i>et al.</i> (2012) ⁶	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	Henan Province	50 HIV/AIDS patients who were receiving highly active anti-retroviral therapy	Intervention arm: Chinese medicine dialectical treatment Control arm: Xuezhikang capsules	Changes in lipids between baseline and post- intervention	N/A	National Science and Technology Major Program
Li <i>et al.</i> (2014) ⁷	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	Hospitals in Shanghai	127 patients with chronic kidney disease	Intervention arm: usual care and TCM dialectical treatment Intervention arm: usual care and Losartan	Change in 24-hour urinary protein quantity between baseline and post- intervention	6 months	Special Research Foundation for TCM industry, Three-year Program of Chinese Medicine in Shanghai, Budget Program of Shanghai Municipal Education Commission, Innovative Team in Higher Education of Shanghai Municipal Education Commission

Dong et al. (2014) ⁸	Three-arm pragmatic cluster RCT	Schools in Chengdu	177 school children with at least one visible white-spot lesion	Intervention arms: (1) chew 2 pieces of sugar-free gum for 20 minutes, 3 times per day; (2) chew 2 pieces of sugar-free gum for 12 minutes, 5 times per day Control arm: no gum	Fluorescence loss of white-spot lesions	N/A	N/A
Liu <i>et al</i> . (2015) ⁹	Four-arm pragmatic cluster RCT	Rural counties and urban districts from Heilongjiang, Jiangsu, Hunan and Chongqing	4,292 outpatients with new pulmonary tuberculosis (TB)	Intervention arms: reminders to take medications from text messages via (1) short message service, (2) a medication monitor, or (3) both. Control arm: standard care	The percentage of patient-months on TB treatment where at least 20% of doses were missed as measured by pill count and failure to open the medication monitor box	6 months	Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation
Browning <i>et al.</i> (2016) ¹⁰	Two-arm pragmatic cluster RCT	Community Health Stations in Fengtai district, Beijing	669 patients with type 2 diabetes	Intervention arm: telephone and face-to-face motivation interviewing health coaching in addition to usual care Control arm: usual care	Glycated haemoglobin	12 months	Fengtai Health Bureau, Beijing
Fu et al. (2016) ¹¹	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	General hospitals in Beijing and Henan	260 inpatients with ischemic stroke	Intervention arm: standard care and TCM injection Control arm: standard care	Changes in NIHSS between baseline and 7, 14, 21 and 90 days post- treatment	90 days	Talents Training Plan Project of Beijing Municipal Administration of Hospitals, National Natural Science Foundation of China (NSFC), Beijing Natural Science Foundation, The

Li <i>et al</i> . (2016) ¹²	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	A pancreas centre of a general hospital in Chengdu	140 inpatients with severe acute pancreatitis accompanied with paralytic ileus	Intervention arm: electroacupuncture treatment and usual treatment Control arm: usual treatment	Change in self-reported abdominal distension severity pre- and post-intervention	N/A	National High Technology Research and Development Program of China (863 Program) N/A
Chien <i>et al.</i> (2017) ¹³	Three-arm pragmatic RCT	Psychiatric out-patient clinics in mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan	342 patients with schizophrenia spectrum disorders	Intervention arm: a mindfulness-based psychoeducation Control arms: (1) a conventional psychoeducation or (2) treatment as usual	Changes in duration of re- hospitalizations and mental state between baseline and 1 week, and 6, 12 and 18 months post-treatment	24 months	Food and Health Bureau and The University Grant Council, Hong Kong
Wei <i>et al</i> . (2017) ¹⁴	Two-arm, pragmatic cluster RCT	Township hospitals in central Zhejiang province	28,130 patients at high risk of cardiovascular disease (CVD)	Intervention arm: an intervention package of CVD care Control arm: usual care	Incidence of severe CVD events (i.e., coronary heart disease and stroke) at 36 months of follow-up	36 months	Partly funded by COMDIS-HSD, a research consortium funded by US aid from the UK government
Wu et al. (2017) ¹⁵	Two-arm pragmatic RCT	Endocrinology and Acupuncture out-patient clinics of a general hospital in Beijing	369 male smokers	Intervention arm: a brief physician advice and four brief telephone calls promoting smoking cessation Control arm: a brief physician advice and a telephone call on exercise and healthy diet	Self-reported 6- month prolonged abstinence rate at 12-month follow- up	12 months	NSFC, Beijing Municipal Science and Technology Commission and Chinese PLA General Hospital

Yang et al.	Two-arm	Campus	152 patients	Intervention arm: Moxibustion	Pain relief	3	National Basic
$(2017)^{16}$	pragmatic	advertisements	with primary			months	Research Program,
	RCT	from several	dysmenorrhea	Control arm: conventional			China 973 program,
		universities in		drugs			Education Dept. of
		Chengdu					Sichuan Province,
							NSFC, and Chinese
							Scholarship Council

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