## Conformation of methylated GGQ in the Peptidyl Transferase Center during Translation Termination

**Authors:** Fuxing Zeng<sup>1</sup> and Hong Jin<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

Affiliations: <sup>1.</sup> Department of Biochemistry, <sup>2.</sup>Center for Biophysics and Quantitative

Biology, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

\* Corresponding author



**Supplementary Fig. S1** | **Structure determination of the methylated RF2 in the PTC by cryoEM.** Two rounds of 3D classification including an FCwSS step with the mask over P-tRNA and RF2 were performed on the selected 221,911 particles from 2D classification. The resulting 143,372 particles were refined to 3.24 Å. Finally, using a mask over the PTC, a local refinement with partial signal subtraction was carried out to improve the map quality. The final reconstruction over the PTC region has achieved a nominal resolution of 3.10 Å. 50S (blue), 30S (yellow), P-tRNA (lemon) and RF2 (firebrick) are shown.



## Supplementary Fig. S2 | Quality of map and structure determined by cryoEM.

(a) Gold-standard Fourier shell correlation (FSC) curves for the reported cryoEM reconstruction.

(b) Model cross-validation. FSC curves calculated between the refined structural model and cryoEM map (sum, black), with the self-validated (half1, red) and cross-validated (half2, blue) correlations shown.

(c) The structure of the *E. coli* 70S ribosome in complex with tRNA<sup>fMet</sup> in the E- (pink) and P-site (lemon), a nonstop mRNA (magenta), ArfA (density) and RF2 (dark red) in the A-site. Zoomed view (right panel) shows the conformation of important residues in decoding center when a nonstop mRNA binds.

(d) The density map coloured by local resolution in surface and slice views.

(e) Representative maps showing the refined structures of 23S rRNA (cyan), P-tRNA (lemon) and ribosomal protein (teal).



Supplementary Fig. S3 | Quality of map and structure determined by X-ray crystallography.

(a) Overall view of the canonical termination complex shows the structure of the *T. thermophilus* 70S ribosome with E-tRNA (pink), P-tRNA (lemon), mRNA (magenta) and RF2 (dark red) bound on the stop codon UGA. Zoomed view shows the important residues in the decoding center of the ribosome.

**(b)**  $\sigma_A$  weighted  $3mF_{obs}$ -2DF<sub>cal</sub> omit map for GGQ<sup>m</sup> (firebrick). P-tRNA is shown as sticks in grey.

(c) Representative  $2mF_{obs}$ - $DF_{cal}$  maps showing the refined structures of 23S rRNA (cyan), P-tRNA (lemon) and RF2 (firebrick).



**Supplementary Fig. S4** | **Different comformations of the unmethylated glutamine in the PTC reported previously.** Map densities of the unmethylated glutamine indicate conformational flexibility of this residue. Glutamine of the GGQ was shown in termination complexes with RF2 and stop codon UAA (**a**, PDB: 4V67)<sup>10</sup>; RF1 on stop codon UAG (**b**, PDB: 4V7P)<sup>11</sup>; RF1 and stop codon UAA (**c**, PDB: 4V63)<sup>12</sup>; RF2 and stop codon UGA (**d**, PDB: 4V5E)<sup>13</sup>; and RF2 on stop codon UAA (**e**, PDB: 4V5J)<sup>9</sup>.



Supplementary Fig. S5 | Functional importance of the glutamine  $N^5$  methylation.

Observed rates and rate constants  $k_{cat}$  of peptide release catalyzed by RF2 (a) and RF1 (b) in the methylated (RF1<sup>m</sup> and RF2<sup>m</sup>) and un-methylated (RF1 and RF2) states on the cognate stop codon UAA in the *E. coli* ribosome.





An alternative rotamer of Gln, in which the methyl-NH group was placed next to A2451 and carbonyl group near U2506 of 23S rRNA, was fitted into the cryoEM map for the nonstop termination complex (**a**) and the X-ray map for the canonical termination complex (**b**) followed by refinement wth Refmac or Phenix. In both models, the sidechain of glutamine can not fit into the density satisfactorily. 23S rRNA, RF2 and P-tRNA are coloured in teal, firebrick and lemon.

Supplementary Table S1 | CryoEM data collection and model statistics.

	Global refinement	Local refinement over
		PTC
Data Collection		
Particles	143,372	
Pixel size (Å)	0.60	
Defocus range (µm)	-0.7 to -3.0	
Voltage (kV)	300	
Electron dose (e <sup>-</sup> A <sup>-2</sup> )	20	
Model composition		
Non-hydrogen atoms	151,446	15,326
Protein residues	6,702	183
RNA bases	4,717	647
Ligands $(Zn^{2+}/Mg^{2+})$	2/317	0/34
Refinement		
Resolution (Å)	3.24	3.10
Map sharpening B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	-20	-50
FSC <sub>average</sub>	0.8263	0.8736
Rms deviation		
Bond lengths (Å)	0.0053	0.0053
Bond angles (°)	1.0093	0.9826
Validation (proteins)		
Molprobity score	2.31 (99 <sup>th</sup> )	2.08 (99 <sup>th</sup> )
Clashscore, all atoms	4.60 (100 <sup>th</sup> )	6.86 (100 <sup>th</sup> )
Good rotamers (%)	90.23	93.88
Ramachandran plot		
Favored (%)	95.39	94.74%
Outliers (%)	0.41	0.00
Validation (RNA)		
Correct sugar puckers (%)	98.49	98.92
Good backbone conformation (%)	80.87	80.22

Supplementary Table S2 | Summary of crystallographic data and refinement.

Data collection		
Wavelength (Å)	0 9792	
Space group	P2.2.2	
Cell dimensions		
a h c (Å)	$a = 211\ 023$ $b = 452\ 527$ $c = 623\ 443$	
$\alpha, \beta, \nu$ (ii)	$a = \beta = v = 90$	
Resolution (Å)	50.0 - 3.2(3.25 - 3.2)	
$R = \binom{0}{2}$	43.9(311.1)	
$I/\sigma I$	10 29 (1 04)	
Completeness $(\%)$	100.29 (1.04) 100.0 (100.0)	
Redundancy	41 9 (29 8)	
CC1/2 (%)	99.9 (47.9)	
Refinement		
Resolution (Å)	49.0-3.2	
No. unique reflections	970 343	
$R_{wark}/R_{free}$ (%)	22.29/24.74	
No. non-hydrogen atoms		
Macromolecules	308 960	
Ligands	480	
Solvent	19	
B-factors ( $Å^2$ )		
Macromolecules	128.73	
Ligands	75.04	
Solvent	64.49	
R.m.s deviations		
Bond length (Å)	0.004	
Bond angles (°)	1.091	