

## **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

### **Divergent roles for antigenic drive in the aetiology of primary versus dasatinib-associated CD8<sup>+</sup> TCR-V $\beta$ <sup>+</sup> expansions**

Anna Lissina<sup>1\*</sup>, James E. McLaren<sup>2\*</sup>, Mette Ilander<sup>3</sup>, Emma I. Andersson<sup>3</sup>, Catherine S. Lewis<sup>1</sup>, Mathew Clement<sup>2</sup>, Andrew Herman<sup>1</sup>, Kristin Ladell<sup>2</sup>, Sian Llewellyn-Lacey<sup>2</sup>, Kelly L. Miners<sup>2</sup>, Emma Gostick<sup>2</sup>, J. Joseph Melenhorst<sup>4</sup>, A. John Barrett<sup>4</sup>, David A. Price<sup>2\*</sup>, Satu Mustjoki<sup>3\*</sup>, Linda Wooldridge<sup>1\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Bristol, Biomedical Sciences Building, Bristol, UK

<sup>2</sup>Institute of Infection and Immunity, Cardiff University School of Medicine, Heath Park, Cardiff, UK

<sup>3</sup>Hematology Research Unit Helsinki, Department of Clinical Chemistry and Hematology, University of Helsinki and Helsinki University Hospital Comprehensive Cancer Center, Helsinki, Finland

<sup>4</sup>Stem Cell Allogeneic Transplantation Section, Hematology Branch, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, USA

\*These authors contributed equally to this manuscript.

Correspondence: Dr Anna Lissina, Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Bristol, Biomedical Sciences Building, University Walk, Bristol BS8 1TD, UK.

E-mail: a.lissina@bristol.ac.uk

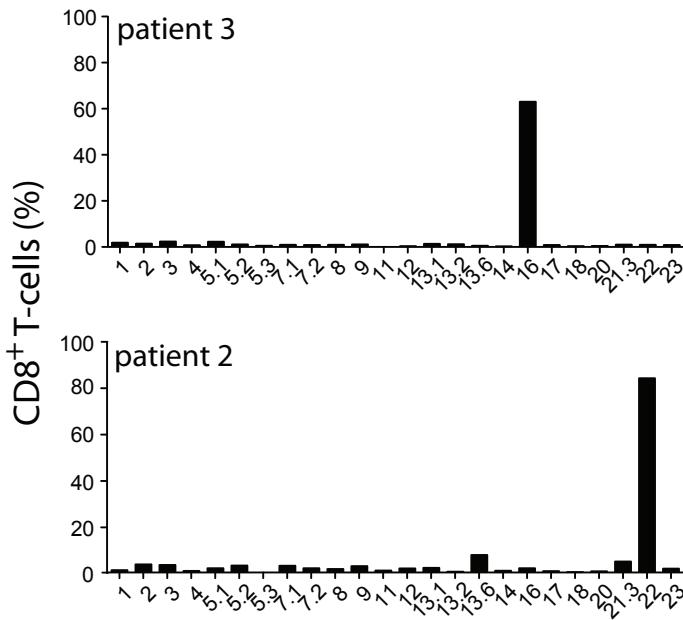
## Supplementary Figure Legends

**Supplementary Figure 1.** Identification of dominant CD8<sup>+</sup> TCR-V $\beta$ <sup>+</sup> expansions in T-LGLL and dasatinib-treated CML patients. Representative anti-TCR-V $\beta$  screening profiles are shown for the indicated T-LGLL (left panel) and dasatinib-treated CML patients (right panel).

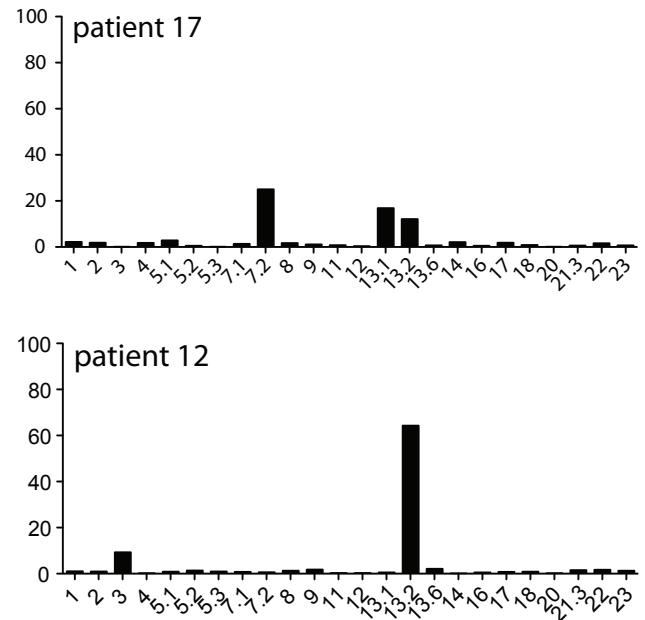
**Supplementary Figure 2.** Clonotypic analysis of dominant CD8<sup>+</sup> TCR-V $\beta$ <sup>+</sup> expansions in T-LGLL patients. **(A)** Percent frequencies of expanded (TCR-V $\beta$ <sup>+</sup>) CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cell clonotypes sorted directly *ex vivo* from T-LGLL patients. **(B)** Percent frequencies of expanded (TCR-V $\beta$ <sup>+</sup>) CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cell clonotypes restimulated twice *in vitro* over a period of 1 month after sorting from T-LGLL patients. Gene usage and CDR3 $\beta$  amino acid sequences are listed, and dominant *ex vivo* clonotypes are highlighted in color.

# Supplementary Figure 1

T-LGLL



Dasatinib-treated



TCR-V $\beta$  antibody

## Supplementary Figure 2

**A**

*Ex vivo*

Patient ID	TRBV	CDR3 $\beta$	TRBJ	Freq (%)
	9	CASSVGIGHEQY	2-7	100.00
3	TRBV	CDR3 $\beta$	TRBJ	Freq (%)
	14	CASSLGQQWSPLH	1-6	100.00

**B**

*After *in vitro* culture*

Patient ID	TRBV	CDR3 $\beta$	TRBJ	Freq (%)
	9	CASSVHSSTYEQY	2-7	25.00
1	9	CASSEGTSDDTDTQY	2-3	14.71
	9	CASSVEGYNEQF	2-1	13.24
	9	CASSISGSGEQF	2-1	11.76
	9	CASSTSTGTNQPQH	1-5	10.29
	9	CASSVDTSNQPQH	1-5	7.35
	9	CASSTSGQALEAF	1-1	7.35
	9	CASTGGLNYGYT	1-2	4.41
	9	CASSVGQQQETQY	2-5	2.94
	9	CASSVGQQQETQY	2-5	1.47
	9	CASSGYSNQETQY	2-5	1.47
3	TRBV	CDR3 $\beta$	TRBJ	Freq (%)
	14	CASSQDLGTRFEVQY	2-4	64.20
	14	CASSQAPRNPNYGYT	1-2	13.58
	14	CASSQGFNEQF	2-1	9.88
	14	CASSQTSRRLNEQF	2-1	3.70
	14	CASSHPRNPGGGNTGELF	2-2	2.47
	14	CASSLESDDTDTQY	2-3	2.47
	14	CASSQVGDEQF	2-1	2.47
	14	CASSPGRTDTQY	2-3	1.23

Patient ID	Leukemia type	Dominant TCR-V $\beta$ expansion (Arden)	CD8 $^{+}$ TCR-V $\beta$ $^{+}$ T-cells (%) before dasatinib	CD8 $^{+}$ TCR-V $\beta$ $^{+}$ T-cells (%) 1 hour post-dasatinib	Lymphocyte count ( $\times 10^9/L$ ) before dasatinib	Lymphocyte count ( $\times 10^9/L$ ) 1 hour post-dasatinib	CMV serostatus
12	CML	13.2	66.4	69.2	0.88	2.64	Positive
13	CML	14	14	13.3	1.39	3.94	Positive
14	CML	3	10.3	10.7	3.09	4.96	Positive
15	CML	3	11.5	13.2	1.68	5.39	Positive
16	CML	5.3	1.2	23.7	0.85	0.78	Negative
17	CML	7.2	25	26.5	2.49	4.81	Positive
18	CML	2	13.1	15.1	1.88	6.12	NA
18	CML	8	12.6	12.6	1.88	6.12	NA
19	CML	22	10.8	12.6	1.85	3.05	Negative
19	CML	23	9.6	10.9	1.85	3.05	Negative
20	CML	2	8.6	11.8	2.7	5.6	Negative
21	CML	14	11.6	14.1	1.19	4.05	Positive

**Supplementary Table 1A:** Additional clinical details of dasatinib-treated CML patients. NA: not available.

Patient ID	Leukemia type	Time of sampling relative to dasatinib administration	CMV IgG (aU/mL)	CMV serostatus
12	CML	-	107	Positive
13	CML	0 hours (before dasatinib)	44	Positive
14	CML	2 hours post-dasatinib	70	Positive
15	CML	1 hour post-dasatinib	102	Positive
16	CML	1 hour post-dasatinib	0	Negative
17	CML	NA	72	Positive
18	CML	2 hours post-dasatinib	NA	NA
19	CML	1 hour post-dasatinib	<4	Negative
20	CML	1 hour post-dasatinib	<4	Negative
21	CML	NA	>250	Positive

**Supplementary Table 1B:** Time of sampling relative to dasatinib administration for patients shown in Supplementary Table 1A. NA: not available.