Supplemental Table 3. Characteristics of survivors of childhood DTC versus survivors of other childhood cancers (diagnosed at all ages)

survivors of other childhood cancers (diagnosed at all ages)			
	DTC Survivors	Childhood Cancer Survivors	
	n = 39	n = 350	
			P Value
At diagnosis			
Age at diagnosis, y	15.6 (8.7-18.7)	6.3 (0.0-17.0)	0.001 [§]
Sex, n (%)			<0.001 [‡]
Female	34 (87)	176 (50)	
Male	5 (13)	175 (50)	
At follow-up			
Age at evaluation, y	26.2 (18.8-35.7)	24.4 (17.7-31.1)	0.021 [§] _
Follow-up period, y	10.7 (5.0-25.3)	16.9 (6.2-30.7)	<0.001 [§]
Employment, n (%)			0.338^{\dagger}
Employed and/or student	38 (97)	318 (91)	
Not employed and no student	1 (3)	27 (8)	
Missing	0 (0)	5 (1)	
Completed education, n (%)			<0.001 [‡]
Low level	7 (18)	113 (32)	
Medium level	15 (39)	167 (48)	
High level	17 (44)	54 (15)	
Missing	0 (0)	16 (5)	
Marital status [¶] , n (%)			n.a.
Relationship	24 (62)	-	
No relationship	15 (38)	-	
Marital status [¶] , n (%)			n.a.
Not married and not living	_	234 (67)	
together		` ,	
Married or living together	-	104 (30)	
Missing	-	12 (3)	

[†] Fisher's Exact Test ‡ Chi square test § Mann Whitney U test. \parallel n = 350, three childhood cancer survivors diagnosed with thyroid cancer were removed for analyses (two had thyroid carcinoma as primary malignancy, one had thyroid cancer as second malignant neoplasm); ¶ answer options regarding marital status of two different questionnaires were non-mergeable, therefore these are shown separately. Missing values were excluded for statistical testing (pairwise deletion). Continuous variables are presented as median (range). P Values in bold indicate a significant difference (P < 0.01). Abbreviations: DTC, differentiated thyroid carcinoma; n.a., not applicable.