

Table S1. Source breakdown of carbapenem-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii* from the Taiwan Surveillance of Antimicrobial Resistance (TSAR) biennial program by year

Strata (# of hospitals)	TSAR III (2002)		TSAR IV (2004)		TSAR V (2006)		TSAR VI (2008)		TSAR VII (2010)		TSAR III – VII combined	
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Hospital type												
Regional hospitals (15)	2	33.3	24	53.3	61	64.9	130	64.4	124	59.6	341	61.4
Medical centers (11)	4	66.7	21	46.7	33	35.1	72	35.6	84	40.4	214	38.6
Region												
North (7)	2	33.3	11	24.4	15	16.0	39	19.3	65	31.3	132	23.8
Central (8)	0	0	17	37.8	33	35.1	122	60.4	101	48.6	273	49.2
South (8)	0	0	8	17.8	24	25.5	20	9.9	27	13.0	79	14.2
East (3)	4	66.7	9	20.0	22	23.4	21	10.4	15	7.2	71	12.8
Patient location												
ICU	1	16.7	1	2.2	7	7.4	9	4.5	2	1.0	20	3.6
OPD/ER	2	33.3	26	57.8	46	48.9	93	46	111	53.4	278	50.1
Non-ICU	3	50.0	18	40.0	41	43.6	100	49.5	95	45.7	257	46.3
Specimen type												
Respiratory	3	50.0	32	71.1	48	51.1	120	59.4	127	61.1	330	59.5
Pus/discharge	2	33.3	2	4.4	15	16.0	18	8.9	22	10.6	59	10.6
Blood	0	0	2	4.4	5	5.3	20	9.9	20	9.6	47	8.5
Urine	0	0	3	6.7	16	17.0	29	14.4	25	12.0	73	13.2
Others	1	16.7	6	13.3	10	10.6	15	7.4	14	6.7	46	8.3

Age group ^a	0	0	2	4.4	0	0	2	1.0	7	3.4	11	2.0
Pediatrics	0	0	2	4.4	0	0	2	1.0	7	3.4	11	2.0
Adult	2	33.3	11	24.4	27	28.7	37	18.3	63	30.3	140	25.2
Elderly	4	66.7	31	68.9	67	71.3	146	72.3	135	64.9	383	69.0
Class D carbapenemase genes ^b												
<i>ISAbalbla</i> _{OXA-51-like}	6	100	45	100	81	86.2	62	30.7	33	15.9	227	40.9
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like}	0	0	0	0	4	4.3	124	61.4	164	78.8	292	52.6
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	0	0	0	0	8	8.5	18	8.9	33	15.9	59	10.6
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-58-like}	0	0	1	2.2	0	0	4	2.0	1	0.5	6	1.1

^aData on age of some patients were missing

^bMore than one gene of class D carbapenemases were detected in some isolates.

Table S2. Distribution of *bla*_{OXA} among 40 carbapenem-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii*

isolates carrying multiple carbapenem-hydrolyzing class D β-lactamases genes

Resistance mechanisms	Number
<i>ISAbal</i> - <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like} and <i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like}	23
<i>ISAbal</i> - <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like} and <i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	8
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like} and <i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	4
<i>ISAbal</i> - <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like} and <i>bla</i> _{OXA-58-like}	4
<i>ISAbal</i> - <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like} , <i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like} , and <i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	1

Table S3. Number (percentage) of class D β -lactamase genes in carbapenem-resistant *A. baumannii* isolates from different regions of Taiwan (as shown in Figure 1)

Northern	Before 2004	2006	2008	2010
	N = 13	N = 15	N = 39	N = 65
ISAbal- <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like}	13 (100)	15 (100)	15 (38)	11 (17)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	23 (59)	60 (92)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (2)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-58-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (3)	0 (0)

Central	Before 2004	2006	2008	2010
	N = 17	N = 33	N = 122	N = 101
ISAbal- <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like}	17 (100)	29 (88)	26 (21)	8 (8)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like}	0 (0)	4 (12)	97 (80)	96 (95)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (1)	2 (2)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-58-like}	1 (6)	0 (0)	3 (2)	1 (1)

Southern	Before 2004	2006	2008	2010
	N = 8	N = 24	N = 20	N = 27
ISAbal- <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like}	8 (100)	15 (63)	9 (45)	9 (33)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (5)	4 (15)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	0 (0)	8 (33)	10 (50)	19 (70)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-58-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)

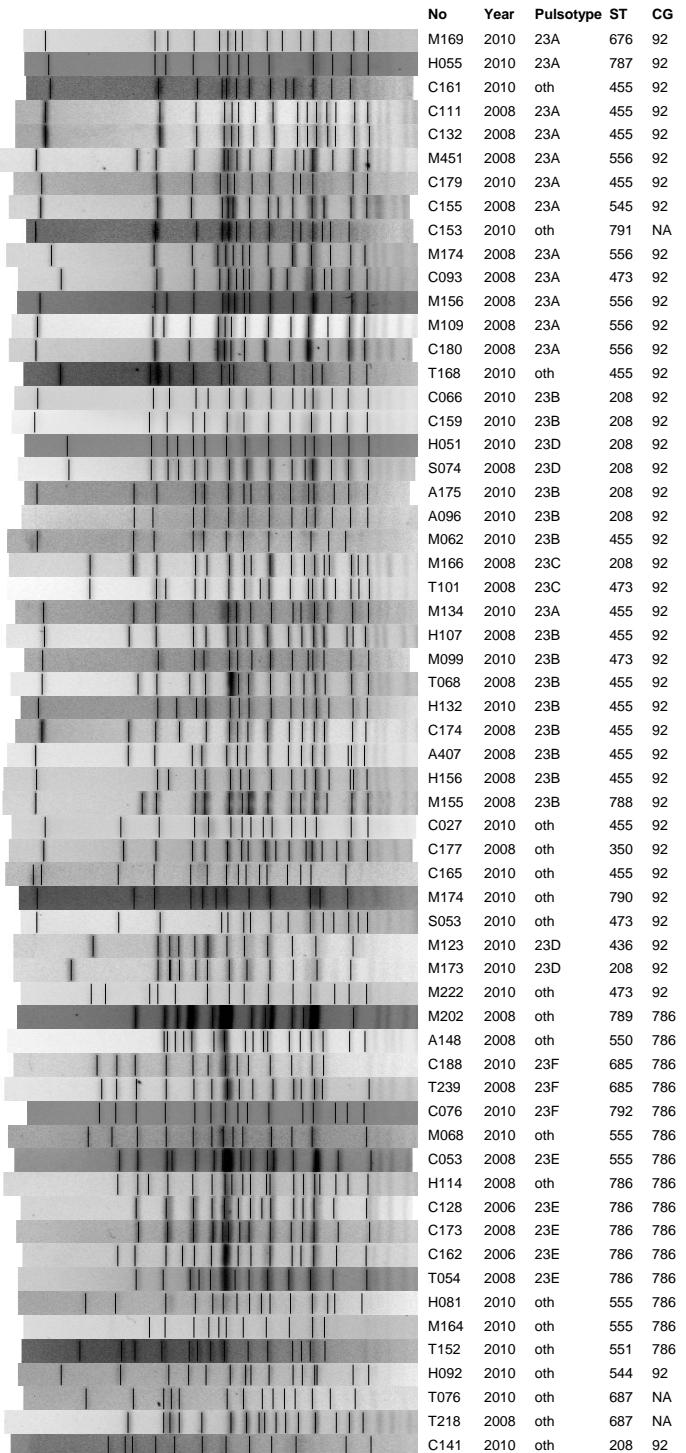
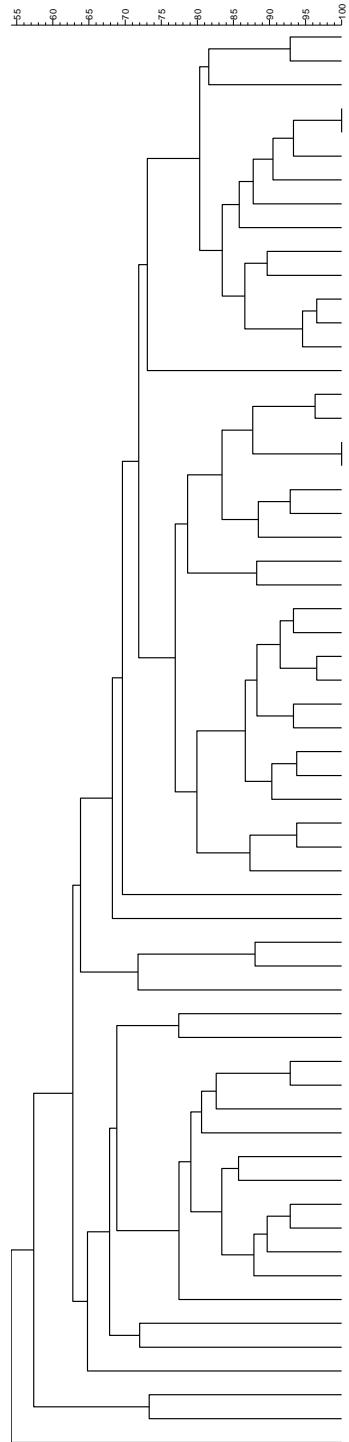
Eastern	Before 2004	2006	2008	2010
	N = 13	N = 22	N = 21	N = 15
ISAbal- <i>bla</i> _{OXA-51-like}	13 (100)	22 (100)	12 (57)	5 (33)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-23-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (14)	4 (27)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-24-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	7 (33)	11 (73)
<i>bla</i> _{OXA-58-like}	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)

Figure S1. Dendrogram based on pulsed-field gel electrophoresis (PFGE), year of collection, multilocus sequence typing (MLST), and clonal group (CG) of selected carbapenem-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii* with *bla*_{OXA-23-like} (a) or *bla*_{OXA-24-like} (b) from the Taiwan Surveillance of Antimicrobial Resistance program, 2002-2010. Pulsotypes were assigned according to the original dendrograms containing 292 and 59 isolates with *bla*_{OXA-23-like} and *bla*_{OXA-24-like}, respectively. Oth, not belonging to major clusters.

(a)

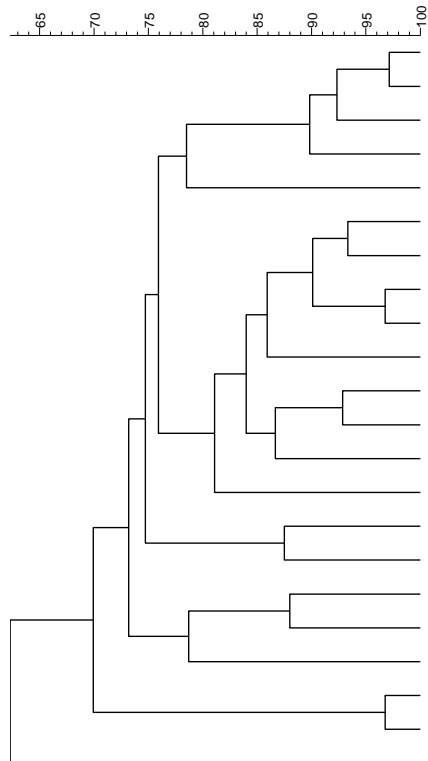
Dice (Opt:1.00%) (Tol:1.0%-1.0%) (H>0.0% S>0.0%) [0.0%-100.0%]
Apa I 24h 1-30s

Apa I 24h 1-30s



(b)

Dice (Opt:1.00%) (Tol 1.0%-1.0%) (H>0.0% S>0.0%) [0.0%-100.0%]
Apa I 24h 1-30s

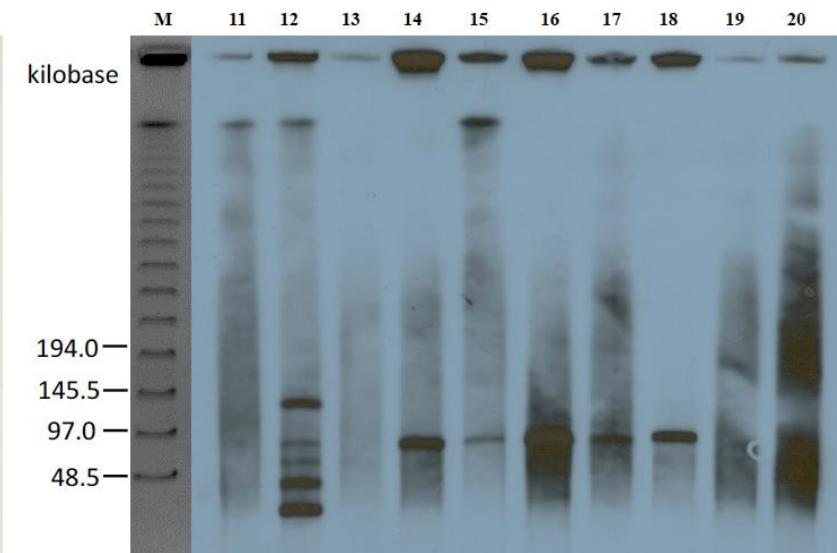
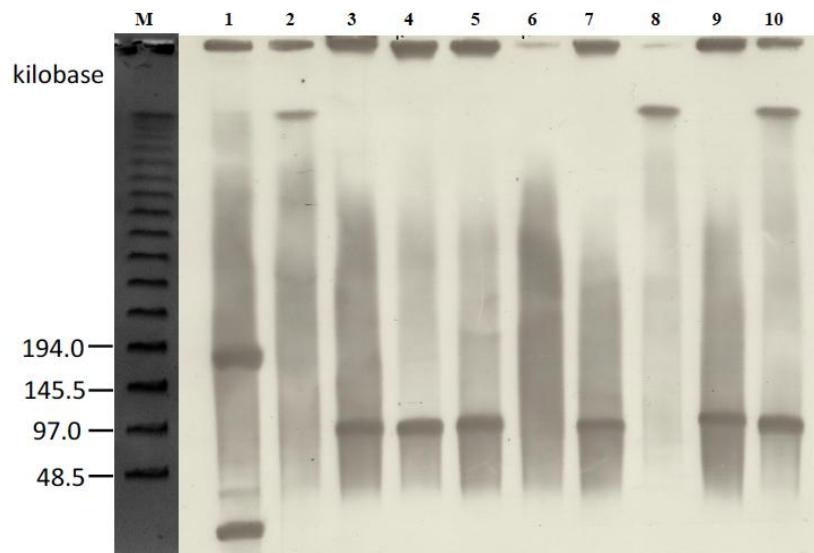


Apa I 24h 1-30s

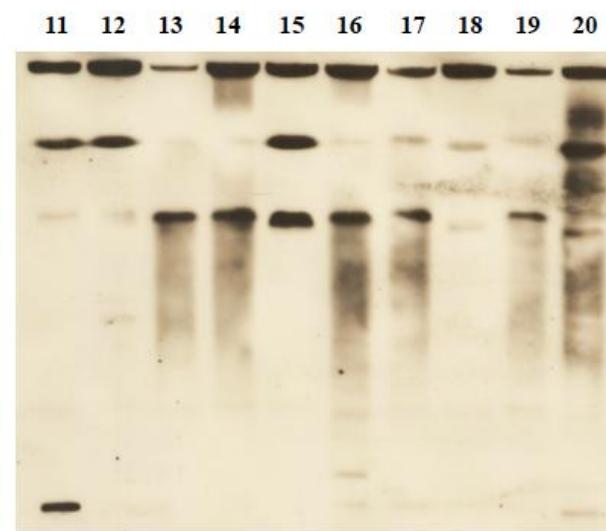
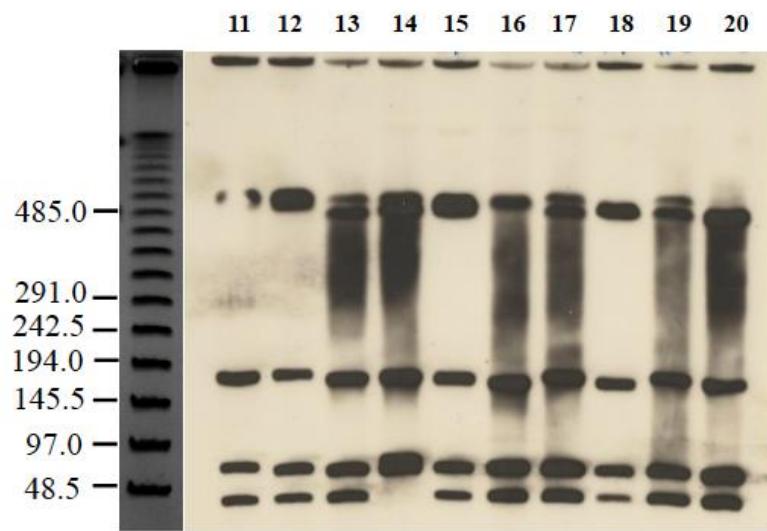
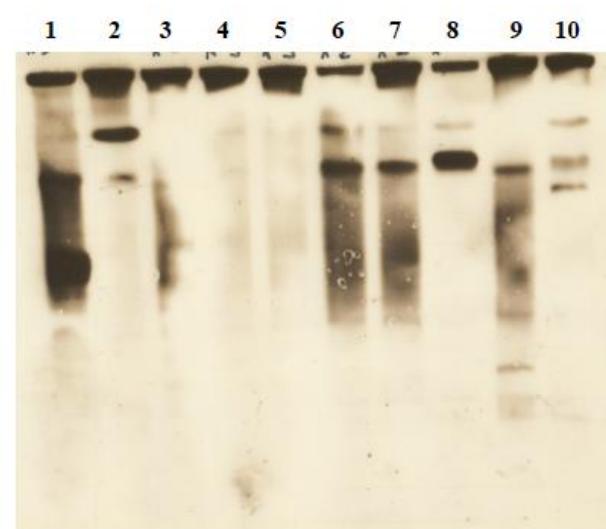
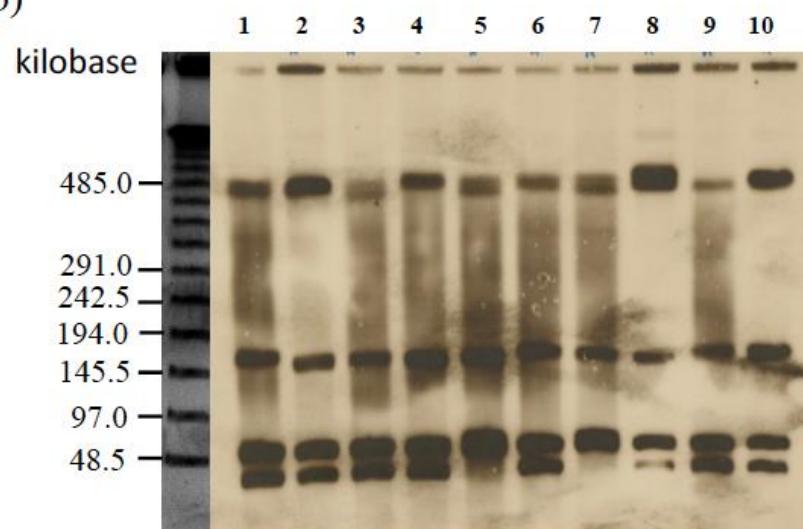
No	Year	Pulsotype	ST	CG
S082	2006	24B	218	92
S090	2008	24B	218	92
L015	2008	24B	218	92
S120	2006	24B	218	92
S081	2010	oth	684	92
P194	2010	24A	218	92
K163	2008	24A	218	92
K122	2010	24A	218	92
K089	2010	24A	218	92
H173	2010	24A	218	92
L145	2010	24A	473	92
M180	2010	24A	218	92
K179	2008	24B	208	92
M179	2008	24A	208	92
S086	2010	oth	473	92
K073	2006	oth	787	92
H151	2006	oth	473	92
S101	2006	oth	218	92
S136	2010	oth	436	92
L157	2008	24C	686	92
K069	2008	24C	686	92
P152	2010	oth	793	92

Figure S2. Localization and genetic environments of *bla*_{OXA-23-like} in *Acinetobacter baumannii*. The S1 nuclease assay (a) and I-CeuI assay (b) showed simultaneous localization of *bla*_{OXA-23-like} in the plasmids and chromosome in some isolates. In figure (b), left panel represents hybridization with 23S rRNA genes and right panel, hybridization with *bla*_{OXA-23-like}. (c) PCR mapping showing *bla*_{OXA-23-like} carried by two subtypes of AbGRI1. More than one AbGRI1 subtypes may be present in each isolate. Only the results of 20 isolates are presented.

(a)

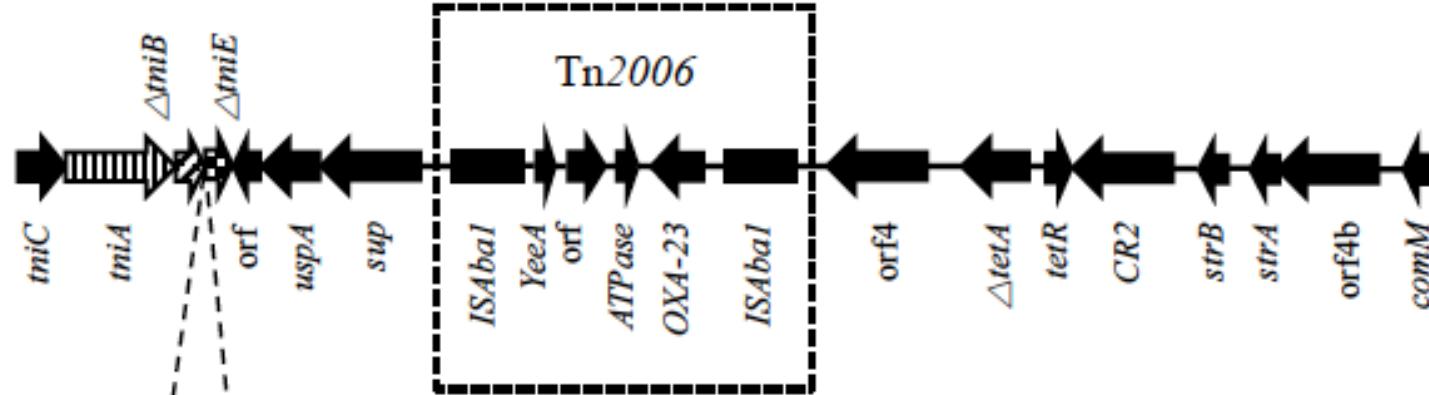


(b)



(c)

Tn6166 ($\Delta tniD$)



Tn6166 (*tniD*)

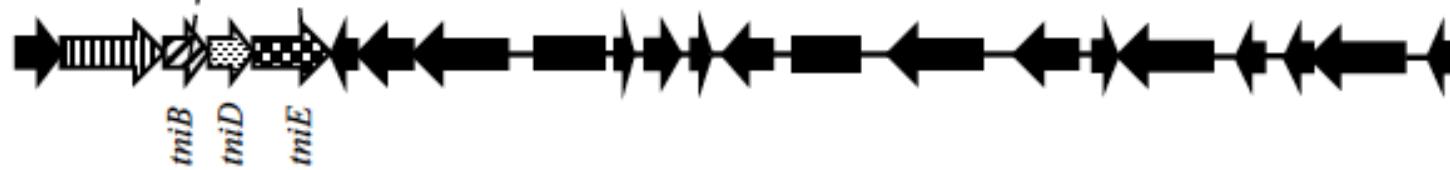


Figure S3. Localization of *bla*_{OXA-24-like} in various plasmids in *Acinetobacter baumannii*. The S1 nuclease assay showed different patterns of plasmids. The Roman numerals above the wells denote the patterns of plasmids.

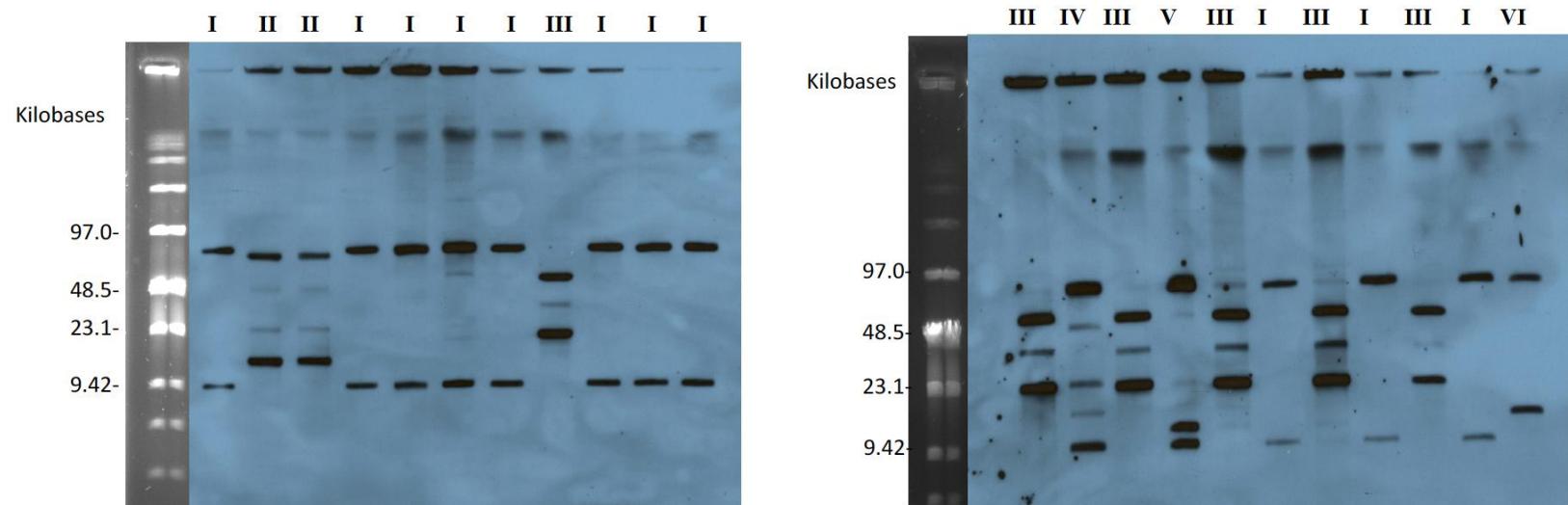


Figure S4. Flow chart of isolate selection and experiments performed in this study.

