

## *Supplementary Material*

# **Cerebral Artery Diameter in Inbred Mice Varies as a Function of Strain**

Baogang Qian<sup>1,2,†</sup>, Robert F. Rudy<sup>1,2,†</sup>, Tianxi Cai<sup>3</sup>, Rose Du<sup>1,2,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Neurosurgery, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, MA, USA

<sup>2</sup>Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA

<sup>3</sup>Biostatistics, Harvard T. H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, MA

<sup>†</sup>These authors contributed equally to this work

\*Corresponding Author

### **Address for Correspondence:**

Rose Du, MD, PhD

Department of Neurosurgery

Brigham and Women's Hospital

75 Francis Street

Boston, MA 02115, USA

Email: [rdu@bwh.harvard.edu](mailto:rdu@bwh.harvard.edu)

Phone: 617-732-6600

Fax: 617-734-8342

## **1 Supplementary Methods**

### *Power Calculation*

The *pwr* package in R was used to perform power calculations<sup>1</sup>. Assuming a difference in vessel diameters of 35  $\mu\text{m}$  and a standard deviation of 10  $\mu\text{m}$ , we have a power of 0.89 for  $n=3$  per group for a significance level of 0.05.

## 2 Supplementary Figures and Tables

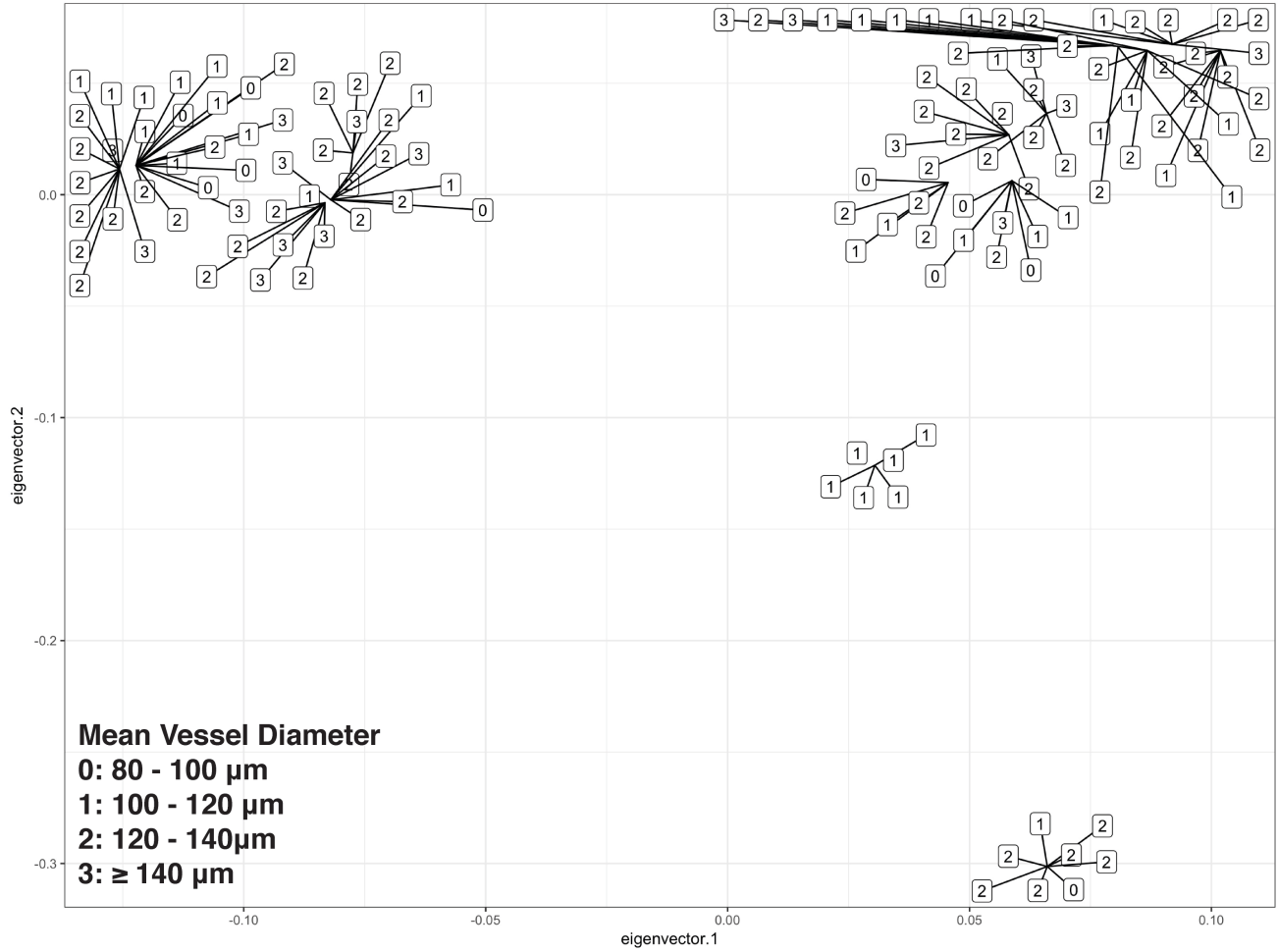
**Supplementary Table 1.** Spearman correlation between vessel 1 and vessel 2. The Benjamini-Yekutieli procedure was used to obtain adjusted P values. P values <0.05 are bolded.

Vessel 1	Vessel 2	Spearman coefficient	Raw P value	Adjusted P value
R ICA	R M1	0.72	<0.001	<0.001
R ICA	R A1	0.71	<0.001	<0.001
R ICA	R PCoA	0.52	<0.001	<0.001
R M1	R A1	0.58	<0.001	<0.001
R M1	R PCoA	0.50	<0.001	<0.001
R A1	R PCoA	0.49	<0.001	<0.001
L ICA	L M1	0.74	<0.001	<0.001
L ICA	L A1	0.75	<0.001	<0.001
L ICA	L PCoA	0.46	<0.001	<0.001
L M1	L A1	0.55	<0.001	<0.001
L M1	L PCoA	0.50	<0.001	<0.001
L A1	L PCoA	0.46	<0.001	<0.001
R ICA	L ICA	0.55	<0.001	<0.001
R PCoA	L PCoA	0.53	<0.001	<0.001
R M1	L M1	0.77	<0.001	<0.001
R A1	L A1	0.24	<b>0.004</b>	0.060

**Supplementary Table 2.** Number of mice per strain with observed P1 segment of posterior cerebral arteries.

<b>Strain</b>	<b>R Unilateral P1</b>	<b>L Unilateral P1</b>	<b>Bilateral P1</b>	<b>No P1 Observed</b>
129S1/SvImJ	0	2	2	0
A/J	0	0	4	0
AKR/J	0	0	7	0
BALB/cJ	2	1	1	1
BTBR T+ tf/J	0	1	0	3
BUB/BnJ	0	1	2	0
C3H/HeJ	1	1	2	0
C57BL/10J	0	0	5	0
C57BL/6J	0	0	1	2
C57BLKS/J	1	1	6	0
C57BR/cdJ	1	1	1	1
C57L/J	1	1	1	1
CBA/J	0	1	4	0
CE/J	0	0	4	0
DBA/1J	1	0	2	1
DBA/2J	0	0	5	0
FVB/NJ	0	0	4	1
I/LnJ	0	1	2	0
KK/HIJ	1	1	2	0
LG/J	0	1	2	1
LP/J	0	1	3	0
MA/MyJ	0	1	2	1
MRL/MpJ	2	1	0	4
NOD/ShiLtJ	0	1	2	1
NON/ShiLtJ	2	1	1	0
NZO/HILtJ	1	0	2	0
NZW/LacJ	1	2	1	0
P/J	0	0	4	0
PL/J	1	0	2	0
RIIS/J	1	0	0	2
SJL/J	2	0	2	0
SM/J	0	1	3	0
SWR/J	0	2	5	0

**Supplementary Figure 1.** First two components from a principal component analysis of SNPs across mouse strains. Mean vessel diameters across all vessels using only mice with complete vessel data are coded as follows: 0:  $\geq 80$  -  $<100$   $\mu\text{m}$ , 1:  $\geq 100$  -  $<120$   $\mu\text{m}$ , 2:  $\geq 120$  -  $<140$   $\mu\text{m}$ , and 3:  $\geq 140$   $\mu\text{m}$ . Lines indicate where dataset lies on the plot, drawn to avoid overlap.



## **Supplementary Reference**

1. Champely S. Pwr: Basic functions for power analysis, r package version 1.2-0. 2016