**Multimedia Appendix 3**Use, obtain information, interest receiving information, and interest in asking a physician through ICT types by gender.

	Male	Females		Total				
	(n=111)	(n=389)	P value	(n=500)				
Internet	45.9%	42.4%	.516ª	43.2%				
Owning								
Cellphone	64.9%	77.3%	$.010^{a}$	74.5%				
Smartphone	60.8%	80.5%	$.008^{a}$	75.7%				
Use of ICT type (at least once a week)								
SMS	66.7%	62.9%	.740ª	63.8%				
Facebook	52.9%	71.9%	.016ª	67.4%				
Twitter	3.9%	10.2%	.256ª	8.7%				
YouTube	35.3%	34.1%	.868ª	34.4%				
Email	51.0%	34.7%	$.048^{a}$	38.5%				
Internet	62.7%	59.3%	.745ª	60.1%				
LinkedIn	0.0%	3.6%	.340ª	2.8%				
Skype	0.0%	4.2%	.204ª	3.2%				
WhatsApp	74.5%	76.6%	.851ª	76.1%				
Instagram	19.6%	15.0%	.513ª	16.1%				
Uses ICT to obtain information about disease								
Internet	80.4%	72.5%	.279ª	74.3%				
Facebook	37.3%	16.2%	.003ª	21.1%				
Twitter	17.6%	7.8%	$.060^{a}$	10.1%				
YouTube	41.2%	19.2%	.003a	24.3%				
Email	25.5%	7.8%	.002ª	11.9%				
WhatsApp	25.5%	21.6%	.568ª	22.5%				
Instagram	17.6%	7.8%	.060ª	10.1%				
Interest in receiving information through ICT type (high/some interest)								
SMS	74.5%	56.9%	.032ª	61.0%				
Facebook	43.1%	38.3%	.624ª	39.4%				

Twitter	3.9%	11.4%	.173ª	9.6%			
LinkedIn	0.0%	9.6%	.026ª	7.3%			
Email	66.7%	29.3%	$.000^{a}$	38.1%			
WhatsApp	74.5%	64.1%	.180ª	66.5%			
Interest in asking physician through ICT type (high/some interest)							
SMS	78.4%	59.3%	.013ª	63.8%			
Facebook	39.2%	31.7%	.397ª	33.5%			
Twitter	3.9%	9.6%	.255ª	8.3%			
LinkedIn	0.0%	2.4%	.575ª	1.8%			
Email	47.1%	37.7%	.255ª	39.9%			
WhatsApp	70.6%	72.5%	.859ª	72.0%			

Notes: All data are presented as percentages. Differences in values between the two gender groups are significant at .05 significance level