Functional Investigations of *HNF1A* Identify Rare Variants as Risk Factors for Type 2 Diabetes in the General Population

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Supplementary Figure S1. Analysis of HNF-1A protein variants on DNA binding by electrophoretic mobility shift analysis (EMSA).

Supplementary Figure S2. Measurement of HNF-1A protein level expression.

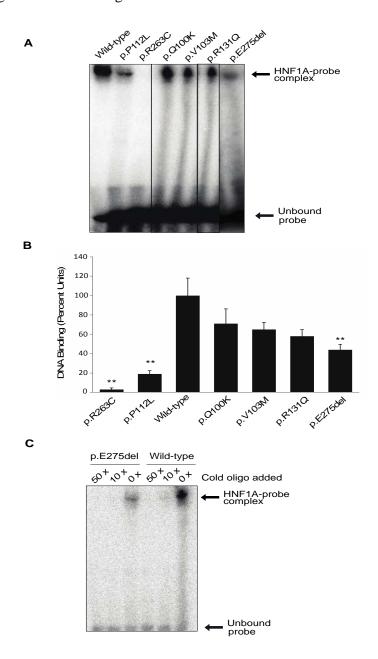
Supplementary Figure S3. Total sample sizes needed to obtain 80% power.

Supplementary Figure S4. Effect sizes (OR) needed to obtain 80% power.

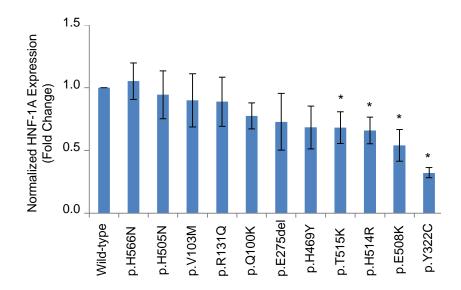
Supplementary Table S1. Allele frequencies of *HNF1A* variants found in the type 2 diabetes genetics database.

Supplementary Figure S1. Analysis of HNF-1A protein variants on DNA binding by electrophoretic mobility shift analysis (EMSA).

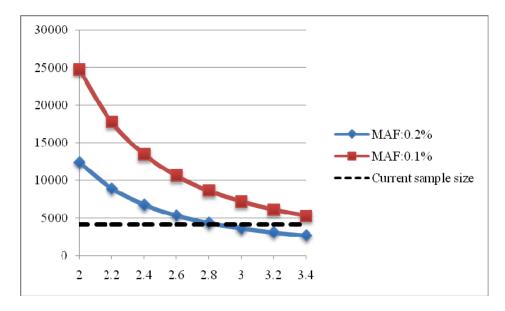
A: Xpress-epitope tagged wild-type and HNF-1A variant proteins were synthesized in vitro in a coupled transcription/translation system and incubated with a radio-labeled DNA fragment containing the HNF-1A-binding site in the ratalbumin promoter. Bound complexes were analyzed by EMSA. Two variants with severely reduced DNA binding, known to cause MODY3 (p.P112L and p.R263C), were included for comparison. B: The quantification of boundsignals. Each point represents the mean of three biological replicates (based on two separate protein expressionreactions, three separate DNA binding reactions and gel analyses)(n = 3). C: Competition assays performed by adding increasing amounts of non-labeled DNA fragment to the binding reaction.



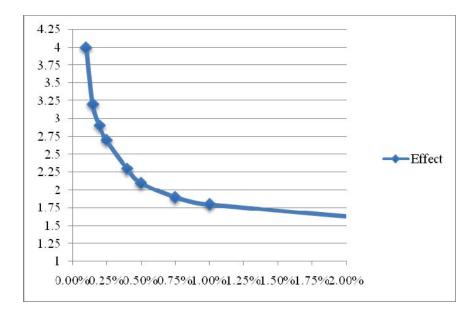
Supplementary Figure S2. Measurement of HNF-1A protein level expression. Protein level expression measured in cell lysate from transfected HeLa cells. Samples were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and immunoblotting, and HNF-1A protein quantitated by densitometric analysis. Each bar represent of mean of 3 readings \pm SD. *P* values were calculated in comparison to wild-type protein expression using paired t test. *P < 0.05.



Supplementary Figure S3. Total sample sizes needed to obtain 80% power. Graph shows sample size at alpha=0.05 for various ORs and minor allele frequencies (MAF) 0.2% (blue) and 0.1% (red), given that 22.5% of the total sample have diabetes (as in the present study). Sample size in the current study is indicated with the black dotted line (n=926 cases and n=3189 controls).



Supplementary Figure S4. Effect sizes (OR) needed to obtain 80% power. Graph shows OR at alpha=0.05 for various minor allele frequencies (MAF), given the current sample size (n=926 cases and n=3189 controls).



Supplementary Table S1. Allele frequencies of HNF1A variants found in the type 2 diabetes genetics database.

	Amino Acid Change	Functional evaluation (this study)			T2D genetics database*	
				DM	No DM	
		Transcriptional activity (%)	DNA Binding (%)	Nuclear Localization (%)	(n=8379) (n/MAF)	(n=8478) (n/MAF)
c.965A>G	Y322C	30	-	-	6 (0.036%)	4 (0.024%)
c.818_820del	E275del	30	44	-	-	-
c.392G>A	R131Q	35	58	-	-	-
c.1522G>A	E508K	40	-	15	44 (0.23%)	8 (0.047%)
c.1405C>T	H469Y	41	-	63	1 (0.006%)	0
c.1544C>A	T515K	46	-	68	2 (0.012%)	4 (0.024%)
c.1541A>G	H514R	51	-	59	14 (0.084%)	6 (0.035%)
c.1513C>A	H505N	54	-	80	0	1 (0.006%)
c. 298C>A	Q100K	57	71	59	1 (0.006%)	0
c.307G>A	V103M	59	65	74	-	-
c.1696C>A	H566N	59	-	57	-	-
c.142G>A	E48K	61		86	1 (0.006%)	1 (0.006%)
c.1360A>G	S454G	64	-	64	-	-
c.1469T>C	M490T	63	-	78	-	-
c.1748G>A	R583Q	63	-	73	2 (0.012%)	5 (0.029%)
c.92G>A	G31D	65	-	75	7 (0.042%)	8 (0.047%)
c.854C>T	T285M	64	-	78	-	-
c.185A>G	N62S	65	-	73	2 (0.012%)	1 (0.006%)
c.1532A>G	Q511R	66	-	78	-	-
c.1729C>G	H577D	69	-	81	4 (0.024%)	1 (0.006%)
c.533C>T	T178I	67	-	87	-	-
c.827C>G	A276G	69	-	70	-	-
c.1165T>G	L389V	68	-	73	17 (0.10%)	16 (0.09%)
c.290C>T	A97V	71	-	74	1 (0.006%)	1 (0.006%)

c.824A>C	E275A	78	-	79	-	-
c.341G>A	R114H	83	-	70	0	2 (0.012%)
c.586A>G	T196A	101	-	79	1 (0.006%)	4 (0.024%)

The variants are ranged based on their functional effect as described in Table 1 (starting with the most impaired variant). *Web site address: http://www.type2diabetesgenetics.org. Data obtained from the website September 2016.

Abbreviations: MAF = Minor Allele Frequency.