

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

**Protein biomarkers for insulin resistance and type 2 diabetes risk in two large community cohorts**  
Nowak *et al.*

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**Supplementary Table 1. Insulin resistance genetic risk score components and association with lnHOMA-IR**

SNP	Gene	Chromosome	Position (Genome Reference Consortium Human Build 38)	IR increasing allele	other allele	SNP score - lnHOMA-IR association in MAGIC*
rs4846565	<i>LYPLALI</i>	1	219548762	G	A	$\beta = 0.012 \pm 0.001$ , F=71.619, P = 2.6E-17
rs10195252	<i>GRB14</i>	2	164656581	T	C	
rs2943645	<i>IRS1</i>	2	226234464	T	C	
rs17036328	<i>PPARG</i>	3	12348985	T	C	
rs3822072	<i>FAM13A1</i>	4	88820118	A	G	
rs6822892	<i>PDGFC</i>	4	156813523	A	G	
rs4865796	<i>ARL15</i>	5	53976834	A	G	
rs459193	<i>ANKRD55/MAP3K1</i>	5	56510924	G	A	
rs2745353	<i>RSPO3</i>	6	127131790	T	C	
rs731839	<i>PEPD</i>	19	33408159	G	A	

F - F-statistic associated with the regression coefficient, IR - insulin resistance, P - P-value, SNP - single nucleotide polymorphism  $\beta \pm SE$  indicates the per-allele effect on lnHOMA-IR \*SNP effects based on data from PMID 20081858

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**Supplementary Table 2. Instrumental variable analysis for insulin resistance causally affecting biomarkers**

<b>Biomarker</b>	<b>Association of IR genetic risk score with biomarker in PIVUS/ULSAM*</b>		<b>IV estimator***</b>	
	<b><math>\beta \pm SE^{**}</math></b>	<b>P-value</b>	<b><math>\beta \pm SE</math></b>	<b>P-value</b>
<b>Leptin</b>	-0.017 $\pm$ 0.012	0.174	-1.450 $\pm$ 1.081	0.180
<b>t-PA</b>	0.037 $\pm$ 0.014	0.008	3.207 $\pm$ 1.271	0.012
<b>Renin</b>	0.005 $\pm$ 0.014	0.687	0.473 $\pm$ 1.174	0.687
<b>IL-1ra</b>	-0.025 $\pm$ 0.014	0.079	-2.141 $\pm$ 1.245	0.085
<b>HGF</b>	0.010 $\pm$ 0.014	0.482	0.852 $\pm$ 1.216	0.483
<b>Cathepsin D</b>	0.011 $\pm$ 0.014	0.410	0.991 $\pm$ 1.207	0.412
<b>FABP-4</b>	-0.015 $\pm$ 0.013	0.243	-1.308 $\pm$ 1.130	0.247

FABP-4 - fatty acid binding protein 4, HGF - hepatocyte growth factor, IL-1ra - interleukin-1 receptor antagonist, t-PA - tissue plasminogen activator\*all 10 IR-risk SNPs were directly genotyped with the Illumina Cardio-MetaboChip array in PIVUS and ULSAM \*\* $\beta \pm SE$  indicates the per-allele effect on normalized protein expression value of biomarker (SD-unit) \*\*\* $\beta \pm SE$  indicates the causal effect of one unit change in lnHOMA-IR on normalized protein expression value of biomarker (SD-unit)

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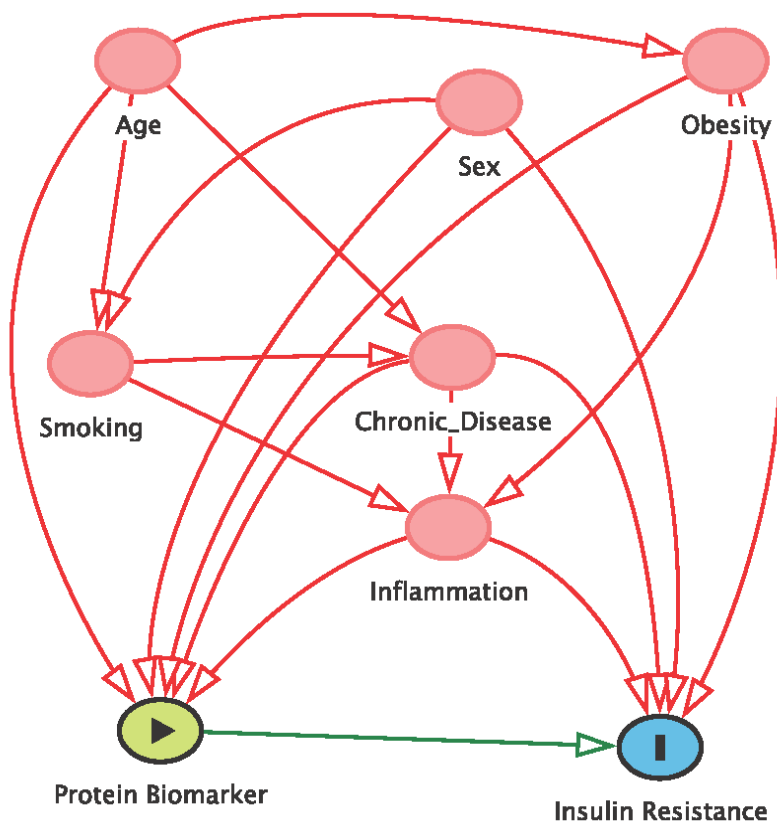
**Supplementary Table 3. Instrumental variable analysis for biomarkers causally affecting insulin resistance**

Biomarker	Genetic instrumental variable						SNP - Biomarker association			SNP - lnHOMA-IR association		IV estimator		
	SNP	chr	pos	Closest gene	EA	other allele	$\beta \pm SE^*$	P-value	r <sup>2</sup>	$\beta \pm SE^{**}$	P-value	$\beta \pm SE^{***}$	P-value	
Published GWAS <sup>†</sup>	IL-1ra	rs4251961	2	113116890	<i>IL-1RN</i>	T	C	0.082 ± 0.009	2.8E-21	NR	0.001 ± 0.004	0.818	0.012 ± 0.051	0.812
		rs6759676	2	113078771	<i>IL1F10</i>	C	T	0.075 ± 0.009	1.7E-17	NR	0.002 ± 0.004	0.658	0.024 ± 0.053	0.653
		Combined score						0.079 ± 0.006	5.9E-35	2.0%	0.001 ± 0.003	0.624	0.018 ± 0.037	0.624
	HGF	rs5745687	7	81729735	<i>HGF</i>	C	T	0.099 ± 0.011	3.6E-19	2.1%	0.016 ± 0.008	0.062	0.162 ± 0.083	0.051
	t-PA	rs9399599	6	147382163	<i>STXBP5</i>	T	A	0.032 ± 0.004	2.9E-14	0.3%	0.001 ± 0.004	0.821	0.028 ± 0.125	0.822
		rs3136739	8	42347562	<i>POLB</i>	A	G	0.063 ± 0.010	1.3E-09	0.2%	0.003 ± 0.012	0.801	0.046 ± 0.191	0.809
rs7301826		12	130806556	<i>STX2</i>	C	T	0.027 ± 0.004	1.0E-09	0.3%	0.002 ± 0.004	0.694	0.059 ± 0.152	0.697	
Combined score						0.032 ± 0.003	7.0E-32	0.8%	0.001 ± 0.003	0.633	0.042 ± 0.087	0.633		
PIVUS/ULS AM GWAS	Cathepsin D	rs17571 <sup>¶¶</sup>	11	1761364	<i>CTSD</i>	G	A	0.708 ± 0.059	9.49E-33	7.0%	-0.006 ± 0.008	0.426	-0.009 ± 0.011	0.425

GWAS - genome wide association study, HGF - hepatocyte growth factor, IL-1ra - interleukin-1 receptor antagonist, NR - not reported, t-PA - tissue plasminogen activator, chr - chromosome, pos - position (Genome Reference Consortium Human Build 38), EA - effect-allele (biomarker-increasing allele), r<sup>2</sup> - variance explained. <sup>†</sup>References: IL-1ra - PMID 24969107, HGF - PMID 25552591, t-PA - PMID 24578379. <sup>¶¶</sup>proxy-SNP (r<sup>2</sup> > 0.8) for rs55861089 (position 1783757, chromosome 11, effect/non-effect alleles A/g). \* $\beta \pm SE$  indicates the per-allele effect on protein concentration (ln-transformed for HGF and t-PA, log<sub>2</sub>-scaled normalized protein expression value for cathepsin D) \*\* $\beta \pm SE$  indicates the per-allele effect on ln-transformed HOMA-IR \*\*\* $\beta \pm SE$  indicates the causal effect of one unit change in biomarker (ln-transformed for HGF and t-PA, SD-unit for cathepsin D) on lnHOMA-IR

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**Supplementary Figure 1.** Hypothetical causal diagram of the relationship of protein biomarkers and insulin resistance.



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**Supplementary Figure 2. Forest plot to explore potential pleiotropy of the genetic IR score to test the effect of IR on t-PA levels.** Insulin resistance-increasing allele counts for each SNP in ULSAM and PIVUS were extracted. Following cohort-, age-, and sex-adjusted meta-analysis, heterogeneity in MR analysis findings based on the individual ten SNPs was assessed by plotting the respective IV estimators and 95% CI. The Forest plot indicates a lack of significant heterogeneity, which makes a violation of the pleiotropy assumption less likely as an explanation of our positive results.

**Sensitivity analysis: Insulin Resistance genetic risk score  
Component SNP beta coefficient for causal effect on t-PA**

